Selling unaubilsome provisions. Penalties: amercement: pillory; fine; imprisonment; abjuration of the town,

(2.) Offences against the public police and economy or domestic order of the kingdom, are, 1. Those relating to clandefine and irregular marriages. Penalties: judgment of felony, with and without clergy. 2. Bigamy, or (more properly) pslygamy. Penalty: judgment of felony .- 3. Wandering, by soldiers or mariners. 4. Remaining in England, by Egyptians; or being in their fellows/bip one month. Both these are felonies, without clergy. 5. Common nuifances, 1st. by annoyances or purprettures in highways, bridges, and rivers; 2dly, by offensive trades and manufactures; 3dly, by disorderly houses; 4thly, by lotteries; 5thly, by cottages; 6thly, by fireworks; 7thly, by evesdropping. Penalty, in all; fine.—8thly, By common fcolding. Penalty: the cucking stool. 6. Idlenefs, disorder, vagrancy, and incorrigible reguery. Penalties: imprifonment; whipping; judgment of felony. 7. Luxury, in Penalry, discretionary. Gaming. Penalties: to gentlemen, fines; to others, fine and imprisonment; to cheating gamesters, fine, infamy, and the corporal pains of perjury. 9. Destroying the game. Penalties: fines, and corporal punishment.

## SECT. XIV. Of homicide.

- (1.) CRIMES especially affecting inglividuals are, 1. Against their perions. 2. Against their habitations. 3. Against their property.
- (2.) Crimes against the persons of individuals, are, 1. By bomicide, or destroying life. 2. By other corporal injuries.
- (9.) Homicide is, 1. Justifiable. 2. Excusable. 3. Felonious,

- (4.) Homicide is juftifiable, 1. By necessity, and command of law. 2. By permission of law; 1/t. for the furtherance of public justice; 2d/y, for prevention of some forcible felony.
- (5.) Homicide is excufable. 1. Per infortunium, or by misadventure. 3. Se defendende, or in felf-defence, by chance-medley. Penalty, in both: forfeiture of goods; which however is pardoned of course.
- (6.) Felonious homicide is the killing of 2 human creature without justification or excuse. This is, 1. Killing one's self. 2. Killing another.
- (7.) Killing one's self or felf murder is where one deliberately, or by any unlawful malicious act, puts an end to his own life. This is felony; punished by ignominious burial, and forfeiture of goods and chattels.
- (8.) Killing another is, 1. Manflaughter. 2. Murder.
- (9.) Manflaughter is the unlawful killing of another, without malice, express or implied. This is either, 1. Voluntary, upon a sudden heat. 2. Involuntary, in the commission of some unlawful act. Both are selony, but within clergy; except in the case of slabbing.
- (10.) Murder is when a person, of sound memory and discretion, unlawfully killeth any reasonable creature, in being, and under the king's peace; with malice asorethought, either express or implied. This is felony, without clergy; punished with speedy death, and hanging in chains, or dissection,
- (11.) Petit treason (being an aggravated degree of murder) is where the servant kills his master, the wife, her husband, or the ecclesiastic his superior. Penalty in men, to be drawn