

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session opened at 2.30 P.M.

Reports from delegates of the following affiliated organizations were received:-

Women's Association of Chalmer's Church; Quebec Women's Institutes; Women's Canadian Club; Quebec Provincial W.C.T.U; Dominion United Church; and the Catholic Women's League of Canada.

These delegates representing organizations having sustaining memberships in the Society gave encouraging reports and assurance of continued support.

Mr. Philip Foran, Secretary of the Ottawa Branch, outlined briefly what the Branch had done during the past year.

Miss Isabel Armstrong read the report from the Toronto Women's League of Nations Association pointing out the splendid work that is being carried on in Toronto under their auspices and emphasizing the suggestion of the Association that there be an Interdenominational Committee formed of representatives of the National Boards of various churches.

The Chairman called on Mr. Sykes, Chairman of the Resolutions Committee to present his report.

Mr. Sykes submitted the following report of the Resolutions Committee:-

RESOLUTION 1.

WHEREAS:-

Frequently crimes are committed within the territory of a state against nationals of a foreign state which tend to disturb good relations between two such states,

and whereas this matter has been under consideration by the International Federation of the League of Nations Societies.

BE IT RESOLVED:

That the National Council be requested to investigate the feasibility of establishing an International Court for the trial on request of those charged with such crimes; the procedure to be followed in such a court, if established; the laws to be applied and the method of carrying out decisions of such a court.

The above Resolution was not approved by the Resolutions Committee but the Committee saw no reason why the Resolution could not be passed on to the incoming National Council for their consideration. Agreed.

RESOLUTION 2.

WHEREAS:

- (a) The general arbitration treaty with the United States expired in 1928 and has not been replaced and
- (b) The Bryan Treaty of 1914 only provides for investigation and report, leaving the parties free, after one year, to act as they will in any given dispute and
- (c) The Briand-Kellogg Pact, excellent as far as it goes, provides no positive plan for arbitration and