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administers. In its first two years the program has established a pattern of action which should serve it well in future years. UNEP headquarters are in Nairobi, Kenya, and the third meeting of the Governing Council was scheduled to be held there in April 1975.

Canada became a full member of the ECE in May 1973 at a time when the environmental work of the Commission had been accorded greater importance through the formation of a subsidiary body, the Senior Advisers to ECE governments on Environmental Problems. The ECE provides a valuable forum for the exchange of environmental information and experiences among industrialized nations with differing political systems.

Canadian experts and officials have continued to participate actively in the environmental activities of the OECD and the NATO Committee on the Challenges of Modern Society. Of particular significance was a meeting of environmental ministers of OECD countries in November 1974 at which Canada was represented by Jeanne Sauvé, Minister of the Environment. The meeting agreed that action should be taken on a series of proposals regarding the management of environmental affairs within and among member states.

As part of Canada's expanding relations with Europe, discussions have proceeded with the EEC on co-operation and exchanges of information with the Commission on scientific and environmental matters. The outcome is expected to be an agreement establishing a formal and continuing framework for such co-operation.

*The Future of the Oceans—the many changes in nations and technology over past decades have greatly affected the public order of the oceans.*