And when the painful necessity for discipline arises, Price's speech—he said this mode of an address to Of the origin of this disastrous fire we know nothing subscriptions, so that to secure the whole of this pub- Bench to restrain the issue of a monition requiring the with the same delicacy and consideration, and with greater to General Assemblies, where hundreds of ministers have

The Confession of Faith declares, that "to the officers by absolution from censures, as occasion shall require." Rome itself has scarcely a more terrific form of anathema than that which Knox, the reformer, devised, nor a more oothing absolution than the two, which the curious in tion, but first deemed himself perfectly in order in such matters may see in the Liturgy which he prepared for the adoption of the Presbyterians in Scotland, but which ultimately fell of course, into disuse. But, now, the individual, thus assailed by a church censure, may of inconsistency and illiberality. What business had those gifted individuals, that, not two centuries ago would tion, they were immersed by a Baptist preacher, and re-ceived triumphantly to the communion. A few years afterward, the same individuals were excommunicated by their new brethren, and became, and are now, members of the Campbellite sect, "in good and regular standing" Thus are the keys so held among the sects, that as one door of the kingdom is shut, another may be immediately opened.

This result of sectarian discipline is not varied, by enatque rotunda—equally pure; equally scriptural; equally competent to hold the keys; and with plenary right and plenary power, to originate a ministry, and celebrate sacraments, as valid as if the twelve apostles had risen from their graves, and had laid on them their consecrating hands

SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES IN THE CITY. St. James's*.. { Rev. H. J. Grasett, M. A. Rect. r.} | 11 o'c. 3½ o'c. | laughter). The mover of these Resolutions had dis-St. Paul's Rev. J. G. D. McKenzie, B. A., Incum 11 " 4 " Trinity Rev. R. Mitchele, M. A., Incumbent. 11 " 63 " St. George's .. Rev. Stephen Lett, LL.D., Incumbent 11 " 7 "

† In this Church the seats are all free and unappropriated.

ТНЕ СИГКСИ.

Resolutions, in a speech which occupied nearly two out the country. hours and a-half. He defended the course which the Mr. Malcolm Cameron.-What took place at the sure, and the course which he had taken in proposing House? these Resolutions respecting the Clergy Reserves on Col. Prince.—He would, as the hon. member had rethe anticipated harvest,—these will be spolia opima indeed. Doubtless Mr. Price was perfectly satisfied the Romish Church holds its endowments. If this man doubtless is, we would rather believe that he had perial Act which sanctioned the tenures of the Roman ternative, that our own recollection of his statement lics assisted our enemies, they could not expect our had deceived us; we would much rather indeed assume aid or sympathy if ever their own endowments should some mistake to ourselves than be necessifated to im- be attacked. peach the honourable member's veracity or his arith- We regret that time does not allow us to proceed metic. In the course of his details a member on the with the account of this debate in our present number. ford and Drummondville, Thorold. opposite side reminded him of the heavy charge of The attendance of members, and the dense crowd in 40 per cent, which had been laid upon the Re- the part of the House appropriated to strangers indi- Sandwich, Moore and Sombra. serve funds for expenses, &c. This elicited from cated the great interest felt in the questian. The Mr. Price some retorts upon the inconsistency of House adjourned at half after eleven. honorable members in their political career. It re- The debate was continued last night, when Messrs. called to his mind the perversions of three men celebrated in English Parliamentary history, Sir T. Leth- Mr. Boulton of Norfolk moved an amendment, to the bridge, Sir Francis Burdett, and Sir Charles Wetheral. effect that it was impolitic and immoral, not to make Two of these had been thorough-paced Radicals, such questions gevernment measures, which was lost; and had struggled with all their powers and talents to the further consideration of the main question was burgh, (Mountain, Finch & Winchester) Cornwall. the Tory party, lost all their influence, and became mere cyphers in the political arena. The other had been as zealous an anti-Reformer, afterwards changed sides, and also became a no-body even with his new party. Two of these men, he believed, were now no

the contempt which political tergiversation deservedly

although it be for sins that should not be named, Congregational Presbyterianism invests the whole body of communicants—male and female—young men and maidens—the wise and the unwise—the silent and the gossipping—with the ministers to brig in a Bill—nor of the House to brig in a darpenter's shop, and the ministers to brig in a Bill—nor of the House to bright of the sign of this disastrous fire we know nothing further than what is supplied in the Montreal papers. It commenced, it is stated, in a carpenter's shop, and the ministers to brig in a Bill—nor of the House to brig in a Bill—nor of the House to bright of the the equal right of investigating and pronouncing; while a numerous eldership, according to the theory of Presbyterians proper, neutralizes but a portion of this evil. How whit he same deficacy and consistence on the same deficiency of rectifying mistakes, up to the Bishop; returned to this Legislature on that account. At the open Presbyterians, it must be dragged into open Presbyteries, and thence to Synods, and thence again vernment passed the existing Act, in its main features because of the bouseless poor. The rich must contribute to the lost hundreds of days, in adjusting some petty wrong, or in adjusting a neighbourhood-quarrel in some remote and miserable village. And any attempt, such as an eminent resolutions as a measure which had been incessantly will wholly exhaust the bounty of the benevolent, and make these poor people who have lost their earthly based upon their owt. The honorable member laud- wants of their necessitous neighbours, and we fear that divine among them has suggested, to arrest these appeals at the lower courts, is but an interference with the liberties of the people, and a departure from the Presbyterian theory. We shall not in this place notice that feature from the Presbyterian theory. We shall not in this place notice that feature from the Presbyterian theory. no expression of any discontent on the part of the than those who dwell around them for aid to rebuild ture of Presbyterianism, which all jurists have established as the definition and essence of tyranny, and which places the sword, the sceptre, and the purse in the same hands; and combines the legislative, the judicial, and the executive opinion he affirmed was with him and his friends in the sword, the sceptre, and the purse in the same hands; and combines the legislative, the judicial, and the executive functions, in the same body; so that the General Assembly for example, is, at the same moment, legislature, jury, feelings, all religious animosity, and would be, it too humble to afford any stipend to their elergyman. of the Church the keys of the kingdom of heaven are committed, by virtue whereof they have power respectively to retain and remit sins, to shut that kingdom against members towards effecting this. There were Protectively to retain and remit sins, to shut that kingdom against members towards effecting this. seemed, in the speaker's opinion, a grand panacea for The church, moreover, was in debt to the full amount all social evils. He daimed the aid of Lower Canada of the insurance (£125 0s.) and therefore to rebuild, the impenitent sinners, by the ministry of the gospel, and testant Reserves to some amount in Lower Canada also, and they also suffered under the same injustice.

the individual, thus assailed by a church censure, may laugh at the elders for their pains, and "join" some other of the sects which lie so numerously about his door. What is to prevent him? They are all "churches"—standing on the same basis of private judgment—equally pure; equally spiritual; equally free. Every day this evasion is actually practiced. I once knew a man, who, having lost a sum of money, was induced to consult one of cal turncoats in the English Parliament? It was an ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH—OPENING OF THE nominations. It was he (Mr. Boulton) himself who have graced the stake or the gallows upon the shores of Massachusetts Bay. The good lady gave him information certainly very remarkable, and ventured some predictions, afterward most singularly verified. With this, however, my story has nothing to do. But out of the occurrence, an offence grew up, which made it necessary for the Presbyterian clergyman to excommunicate some two or three persons. The very day and hour of their excommunication, they were improved by a Positive section of the condemned in the most unequivocal terms the manner in which the measure now before the House had been brought in. It was a piece of unprincipled political clap-trap, on the part of Mr. Price and the ministry. On his part to curry favour with his constituents; on their part, that they might appear to fall in with a popular outcry, and yet not run decidedly This result of sectarian discipline is not varied, by enlarging the sphere of its operation. For, within a few years, we have seen whole synods, embracing sixty thousand communicants, "exscinded" from the Presbyterian church, and forthwith investing themselves anew with all the prerogatives of a Church of God. An ejected Presbytery, a Presbytery still; an exscinded Synod, a Synod still; an exscanded Synod, a Synod still; an excommunicated Church, a Church still; standing on the conceded basis of private judgment—totas teres arms returned every honest man. Mr. Price thought this measure would be for the good of the country. Yes, and Mr. Price also thought it for the good of the country that he should keep in office as long as possible.

The Hon. gentleman was followed by Col. Prince, on the same side. He also, was convinced that the measure was brought up merely to make political capital. The Ministry feared that if they made it a cabinet measure, then their tenure of office as a cabinet, would be staked upon the issue, and if not carried, that they would be expected to resign; but the ministry had not the virtue of resignation-(much coursed eloquently upon the rights of conscience, and that these rights were invaded by the Imperial Act. Holy Triuityt.. { Rev. H. Scadding, M. A., Incum. } 11 " 64 " He (Col. Prince) did not consider that the existing Act in any way injured men's liberty of conscience He (Col. Prince) did not consider that the existing The Reserve question had been settled by law, and in a way with which this House had no right to interfere. This Parliament had found itself incompetent to deal The Holy Communion is administered an unappropriated.

With the subject, and had sent home a bill to that effect, a bill passed by a majority of eight, a very restate Church the Holy Communion is also administered at eight A. M., on the last Sunday of each month. Parliament had legislated upon the matter, with the intention that the settlement should be final. The right honourable C. Poulett Thomson had congratu-The mover had spoken of the proposed measure being THE DEBATE ON MR. PRICE'S RESOLUTION. thought this an exaggeration. In the large section This important debate was opened on Tuesday, which he had the honor of representing, he knew there 18th. After the routine business before the House had was no such sentiment, and he felt satisfied that there been disposed of, Mr. Price rose and introduced his was no general dissatisfaction on the matter through-

ministry had taken in not making this a cabinet mea- meeting in Essex? Would Colonel Prince tell the

his own responsibility and in his own right as an in- quested. The hon member not long ago, had been on dividual member of that House. There existed a a sort of political peddling tour through the Western difference of opinion, he admitted, between himself districts, accompanied by the member for Montmorenci and some of his colleagues, as to the expediency of (we understood him to say), to talk to the Frenchmen bringing forward this measure at present, but he did settled near Sandwich, for the purpose of getting up not see why this difference should preclude him from an excitement on this subject. Well, the two co-agitaking that independent course which his own conscientious view of the subject pointed out to him as it was intended to be, took place, in reality, a small imperative for the peace and welfare of the country. gathering of the mobility of the neighbourhood, who The honourable member occupied much time in his swallowed with gaping mouths the harangue of the justification of himself and colleagues, before he entered honourable itinerant member; a more ragamuffinly upon the merits of the question. His arguments, as sansculotte assemblage he never saw,—the very realifar as we could gather them, seemed to be-first, of zation of Falstaff's ragged regiment. Not a step was course, the standard one, that the Reserves had been taken at the meeting in support of the honourable a source of continued dissatisfaction; that their aboli- member's object,—not a single resolution was passed. tion was called for by the voice of the country; that The same thing was tried at another place. He (Col. a deep rooted aversion to the system pervaded the Prince) with a few friends attended also,—he liked to whole community, which would never cease as long as travel in the wake of the honourable member on such the Reserves existed. In the next place he objected occasions, to see that he did no mischief,—and here to the system as an enormous tax upon the public, for also was the like miserable turn out and the like failure. the support of a comparatively small body of clergy He had now told the House about these meetings, and namely, those of the Churches of England and Scot- would return to the question. He would call on the land. We cannot give the series of statistical details, Lower Canadian members not to vote for taking away by which the honourable gentleman arrived at his con- the Protestant Reserves, but rather to sustain them clusion, viz: that the Reserves would yield eventually uninjured. They should beware lest the measure an annual revenue for 12000 clergymen at the rate of now sought to be carried to the detriment of Protes-7s. 6d. a head for every soul that was under their tant endowments might be taken as a precedent by spiritual cure. We congratulate the ministry upon some future Parliament, who might consider itself of the correctness of his calculations, but we think his Provincial Legislasure may set aside, or bring about figures will have to stand a pretty close scrutiny before the setting aside of the Act of the Imperial Governal already sent. other people will be convinced of their correctness.— ment by which the Protestant Reserves were estab-Honest and conscientious as the honourable gentle- lished, it will have an equal right to set aside the Imtripped somewhere in his arithmetic, or as another al- Catholic ecclesiastical estates. If the Roman Catho-

TERRIBLE CONFLAGRATION IN MONTREAL.

One of the most terrible conflagrations which has ever devastated Montreal broke out on the afternoon more, and had gone down to the grave not crowned of Saturday last, nor was it subdued until one hundred Canada who wish to enjoy all the advantages which it with the laurels which an upright, manly consistency, and fifty houses, and the pretty Church of St. Ann's, on either side, would have earned for them, but with Griffintown, were reduced to ashes.

The destruction, we regret to say, was not confined jusures. Oh! Mr. Price, in lashing your opponents, to property only, but it was also attended by some ries of illustrations of Washington Irving's well-told you forgot your new ally and recent recruit from the loss of life; several children are missing, and the body West; of course you did not mean any of this for the of one person (Mrs. Livingstone) has been discovered Society publish a Monthly Bulletin, which is sent only honorable member for London. But to return to Mr. among the ruins.

much more likely to be salutary are the private "admonistered. The Provincial Act of 1840, sent tions" and "repellings" of Episcopal regimen, if an appeal be taken, it is conducted with the same delicacy and consideration, and with greater the salutary at taste for them amongst the mass of the treatment of the Royalassent with the same delicacy and consideration, and with greater the provincial Act of 1840, sent the same delicacy and consideration, and with greater the provincial Act of 1840, sent the same delicacy and consideration, and with greater the provincial Act of 1840, sent the salutary at taste for them amongst the mass of the treatment of the Royalassent with the same delicacy and consideration, and with greater the provincial Act of 1840, sent the salutary at taste for them amongst the mass of the reference Court have been stayed ad interim now administered. The Brossovich with the Arches Court have been stayed ad interim now administered. The reserved with the Arches Court have been stayed ad interim now administer.

The salutary at taste for them amongst the mass of the treatment of the Royalassent with the Arches Court have been stayed ad interim now administered. The Brossovich is the Arches Court have been stayed ad interim now administer.

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The Isosovich the Arches Court have been destroyed and interim now administer.

The Isosovich the Arches Court have been stayed ad interi returned to this Legislature on that account. At the effort to be made by the wealthier people of our sister

We are happy to hear that, by the exertions of the Rev. Dr. Adamson and the Hon. George Moffatt, who The Hon. H. J. Boulton spoke against the Resoluwere happily near the spot when the fire occurred, the small Organ, and the valuable Sunday School Library, the latter of which had been collected with great industry and pains by the Rev. Mr. Ellegood, the Incumbent, were saved.

NEW ORGAN.

It was with much gratification we received the announcement that there would be full choral service at St. George's Church, on Thursday, the 6th instant, on the occasion of opening the New Organ, not only as renewing old associations, but as going a step towards fostering a taste in the Church in Canada for this most impressive mode of celebrating divine service.

In this, however, there was an unavoicable disanpointment, as the gentleman who was to have in toned the service was detained at his mission by important Parochial duties. Nevertheless we Lesitate not to say that we seldom have joined the service of our Church when we were more edified or more thororoughly impressed with the beauty of our incomparable Liturgy. At the appointed hour, Mr. Strathy played a voluntary on the Organ, in which he did ample justice to the instrument, at one time bringing forth its full power, and then sinking into the soothing tones of its most subdued notes. With the soft stops we were particularly delighted, but we perceived in the

St. Mary Magdalene's, Church Lloydloud organ a deficiency of Bass; the defect, however, can easily be remedied. On the whole, this organ, rnanufactured entirely in our City, does much credit to
Toronto, and might well compete with several we have
heard in the observed of the E. 1 th several we have heard in the churches of old England.

they been selected specially for the service. They St. George's Church, Kingston, were chanted in excellent time, antiphonally, by the St. Paul's Church, Kingston ... £1 4 2

The service was Ebdon's much admired Composition in C.; the Nunc dimittis was given with as much St. George's Church, Goderich,

forcible sermon on the subject of music as applied to St. Paul's Ch., Fredericksburgh 0 14 11 the service of the Almighty; giving a concise but -per Rev. S. Givins lucid history of sacred song as found in the Bible.

The anthem after the third collect was Kent's favourite composition " Hear my prayer," the duett was taken by a lady, a member of the choir and Mr was taken by the same lady with much effect. The recitative was given by Mr. Arthurson while the choir united in full chorus. Before the Sermon, the Recitative and air, "Rend

your hearts and not your garments" from the oratorio of Elijah, were sung by Mr. Arthurson, who kindly afforded to the choir the benefit of his invaluable assistance on the occasion, and whose aid was so efficiently rendered throughout the musical portion of the Service. After the sermon was sung a new anthem, the 23rd Psalm, by Dr. McCaul, and both in style and effect we feel this composition surpasses his previous works, notwithstanding their undoubted excellence.—
We trust the learned Doctor will publish this anthem, which with those he has already written, would form a way. The day was spent most agreeably, the children border, and the name of the School, St. George's, emblazoned on silver on each side: the head of the pole was surmounted by a mitre and cross. The way. The Rev. John McIntyre and William Bleasdell led the way. The day was spent most agreeably, the children valuable addition to our Choral Music.

It commences with a characteristic trio, for soprano enor and bass, which is succeeded by an expressive air admirably suited for the developement of the singularly attractive peculiarities which mark the singing of the vocalist, by whom it was executed, and who on this occasion seems to have exceeded all former efforts. The solo"Yeathough I walk through the valleyof the shadow of death" which elicited the deep and solemn tones of a powerful and rich bass, strikingly contrasted with he joyous expression of sure confidence in the trio. I will fear no evil," into which it merged.

One of the principal features of the anthen was a tenor solo, of the execution of which it is sufficient to College, at Lennoxville, (appointed as Assistant Minister say it was sung by Mr. Humphreys, who fully sustained the high reputation he has so justly acquired. The chorus, "Thy loving kindness and mercy," was executed with a precision and effect which we have rarely heard equalled.

The collection amounted to £25.

CHURCH SOCIETY REPORT.

We have been requested by the Secretary of the be no delay in forwarding those which have not been

Home District: Thornhill, Etobicoke, Weston, Georgina, Scarboro, Lloydtown, and Bolton Simcoe District: Barrie, Innisfil, Tecumseth and West Gwillimbury, Penetanguishene, Orillia, Mono (2). Gore and Wellington District: Brantford and Hawley's ettlement, Hamilton, Paris, Mohawk and Tuscarora,

Elora, Guelph, Travelling Mission. Niagara District: Louth, St. Chatharines, Grimsby. Dunnville, Niagara, Niagara (Military), Chippawa, Stam-

London, Western, and Huron District: Amherstburgh, Brock District: Woodstock, Huntingford. Newcastle District : Grafton and Colborne.

Midland and Victoria District: Kingston (St. George's), Barriefield, Pittsburgh (McLean's School House and Franklin's), Sydenham, (Portland, and Storrington,) Sheffield, Sydenham, Port Trent. Prince Edward District : Carrying Place. Johnstown Deanery District : Williamsburgh Edwards-

AMERICAN ART UNION.

We much regret not having been able to notice the publications of this Society at an earlier period, more offers must pay to Mr. Rowsell their subscription of £1 5s. before the 24th of this month. The plate re-

the Imperial Government, was the only mode left open further than what is supplied in the Montreal papers. lication the subscription must be paid at the beginning Bishop to induct Mr. Gorham to the living of Bampford

maid to religion, we watch with pleasure the progress the proceedings in detail, his Lordship said that the arguof these institutions.

Communication.

what is called secular education is to act? Is the eighth Commandment, "Thou shalt not steal," to be expunged from the Ragged Schools? Are orphan children to be the victims of chance instruction of the Divine attributes? Are children who have careless or infidel parents to be deprived of Divine knowledge in our schools, or merely to gain it if chance favour them? In short, is the Bible be the text-book to raise the mind from temporal affairs to the higher requirements for eternity or not? It is a fine thing to make florid speeches about secular instruction a convergence of the requirements for eternity or not? It is a fine of opinion that the right of appeal to the Upper House of A Moss. step to religious reverence, but we know it will fail if the eeds of religion are not sown in infancy and tended with steeds of religion are not sown in finding and tender with the greatest care up to manhood. If I may use a natical simile, florid speeches are like firing broadsides with un-shotted guns. Atheism and Infidelity, the great enemies of Christianity, must be grappled with by a well disciplined religious education, (or Socialism, as in France, with its prototype, Thuggism, in India,) and fought with hard to hand, or the whole fabric of society will be upset. The superior allegory of honest John Bunyan would instruct the worldly wisemen of the present day a little of the uecessity of religious preparates. essity of religion in moving along our Christian path of ife. What would John Knox, John Wesley, Isaac Watts, and a host of others, all seceders from our Church, as not being evangelical enough for them, think of their followers making religion of secondary importance in the science of tuition for our youth? They would weep and say you give your children stones for bread. Toronto June 8 1850

Ecclesiastical Intelligence.

DIOCESE OF TORONTO MISSION FUND.

Collections made in the several Churches, Chapels, and Missionary Stations, throughout the Diocese of Toronto, to be applied to the Fund for the support of Missionaries. Trinity Sunday, 1850.

Previously announced in No. 57, amount.... £119 5 6 Christ's Church, Hamilton, 0 17 6 -per Rev. J. Wilson 2 17 0 1 6 3 choir to a chant by Mr. Humphreys, the talented out ductor.

The lessons were read from the Lectern, the first by the Rev. Henry Scadding, M.A., and the second by

Materioo

—per Rev. W. Greig

St. Mark's Barriefield

£1 5 0

McLean's School House

0 6 6

0 7 2 1 10 0 Franklin's ... -per Rev. Henry Brent .. hn's, Elora 1 10 0 St. John's Church, Stamford ... £1 10 St. George's Ch. Drummondville 2 0 0 -per Rev. John McIntyre 82 Collections amounting to £158 15 T. W. BIRCHALL, 0 6 3 £158 15 2 June 19, 1850.

SUNDAY SCHOOL FESTIVAL AT PORT TRENT. On the 29th ult., the Annual Sunday School Festival at Port Trent was celebrated. The scholars, after having assembled, were marched in procession from the Church thence to Bleaker's Point, at which place the scholars, being permitted to enjoy themselves in their usual sports and gambols; and those of larger growth being equally delighted by witnessing their cheerful and innocent merriment. The banner was paid for by small contributions, made for the purpose, by the parents of the children

DIOCESE OF QUEBEC.

ORDINATION .- On Sunday last, being Trinity Sunday, ar Ordination was held in the Cathedral Church at Quebec, by the Lord Bishop of Montreal, when the following gentlemen were admitted respectively to the Orders of Deacon.—Mr. Francis E. Judd, late Student of Bishop's

PRIESTS.—Rev. Jacob Van Linge, B. D., of the Univer-

sity of Groningen, (Missionary of West Frampton and Cranbourne, in the District of Quebec.) Rev. W. Merrick, B. A., of Trinity College, Dublin, late Assistant Minister at St. John, (appointed to the Mission of East Frampton and Standon, in the District of

Rev. J. Carry, late Student of Bishop's College, (Chaplain of the Quarantine Station, Grosse Isle, and Travelling Missionary during the part of the year in which he is not

there employed).

His Lordship was assisted in the Ordination by two of his Chaplains, the Rev. Official Mackie, D. D., and the Rev. A. W. Mountain, both Ministers of the Cathedral, and by the Rev. G. Cowell, Chaplain to H. M.'s Forces, and the Rev. Gilbert Percy. Minister of St. Paul's Chaplery. and the Rev. Gilbert Percy, Minister of St. Paul's Chapelry, Quebec. The sermon was preached by Mr. Percy, from 2 Cor. v. 20.— Quebec Mercury.

During the late visit to this City of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Montreal, one of his Lordship's meritorious acts was to enable, by express permission, the Rev. J. A. Devine, M. A., to resume the active discharge of his ministerial functions. Mr. Devine has already, we understand, in quality of Suburban Missionary, entered on his duties at Petite Cote in this neighbourhood.—Montreal Constitu

A meeting of the congregation attending St. George's Church, Montreal, was held on Monday the 10th inst., when it was agreed to present a petition to Parliament, praying for the abolition of all Post office business on Sundays.

UNITED STATES.

WESTERN NEW YORK.—Bishop DeLancey held an ordination on Trinity Sunday, May 26th, in St. Peter's Church at Auburn. The four Deacons, candidates for the Priesthood were the Rev. Noble Palmer, the Rev. Elijah Priesthood were the Rev. Noble Palmer, the Rev. Elijah Weaver Hager, the Rev. George Hamilton McKnight, and the Rev. Mr. Malcolm Douglass. They were presented by the Rev. Mr. Ayrult to the Bishop who ordained them to the Priesthood, the Rev. Messrs. Wilson, Ayrault and Darling of the Diocese of Toronto, uniting in the imposition of hands. The Bishop administered the holy communion assisted in the distribution of the elements by the nion, assisted in the distribution of the elements by the Rev. Dr. Wilson and the Rector.

ENGLAND.

THE GORHAM CASE.—COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, MONday.—This long-pending case came on for judgment this morning, and from the crowded state of the court, the decision was looked for with undiminished interest. legend of Sleepy Hollow. In addition to which the Society publish a Monthly Bulletin, which is sent only to those members of the Society who have paid their decision was looked for with undiminished interest. It will be remembered that immediately after the Judicial committee of the Privy Council had reversed the judgment of the Court of Arches, Sir Fitzroy Kelley, as counted to the Bishop of Exeter, applied to the Court of Quene's Bill to "Simplify the Practice of Legal Proceedings in the Cown coming down to the English Parliament with

Speke. The Judges of the Queen's Bench declining to The Art Unions have done much, and will do more do so, the Right Rev. Prelate's counsel renewed the application to the Court of Common Pleas, last Easter Term, ments adduced in support of the application, mainly de-pended upon the construction given to the Act of the 24th Henry VIII., cap. 19, which provided that in all matters affecting the King, appeals could only be made to the Upper House of Convocation, and it was contended that her Majesty in Council could not entertain an appeal of [We deem it necessary to follow the example of the London Church periodicals, and to apprize our readers that we are not responsible for this description. The object of that enactment was to prevent the Abbots and heads of houses from making appeals to Rome, but the Act of the 25th Henry VIII. expeals to Rome, but the Act of the 25th Henry VIII. expressly provided that appeals in ecclesiastical cases, such Rev. Sir,—Having beaten about the four quarters of the globe for more than half a century, I now hear for the first time that religion is to play a secondary part in the shop—from the Bishop to the Archbishop, and from the shop—from the Bishop to the Archbishop, and from the Archbishop to the King in Chancery. No mention was made of appeal to the Upper House of Convocation. The appeal was therefore properly made to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. In all the authorities quoted by the learned counsel who made the application, there was no instance of appeal having been made to the Upper House of Convocation. After commenting at great length upon the cases reported in Bacon, Blackstone, Burn, and the extend the power of said Company; — second reading on Monday next.

On motion of Mr. DeWitt, the time for receiving Petitions for Private Bills, was further extended until this Convocation was limited to matters affecting the Crown, Conceiving that further discussion would only lead to useless litigation, the Court was of opinion that they should not interfere. After having given the case the

> of London is labouring under severe indisposition, so severe indeed, that he has been compelled to postpone for the present the performance of all his episcopal duties. On Trinity Sunday his Lordship was to have held a general ordination in St. Paul's Cathedral, but an intimation was given to the cardinate of t given to the candidates and to the officers of the church that the ceremony would be deferred. We are informed that his Lordship has never completely recovered from the serious attack which he experienced nearly two years since, and which at the time excited considerable uneasi ness and alarm amongst his friends. From inquiries made at the Bishop's residence last might, it was ascertained that although the Right Rev. Prelate was still suffering from extreme illness no immediate danger was apprehended. Dr. Bloomfield was consecrated to the bishopric of Chester in 1824, and was transferred to the diocese of London in 1829.

fullest and most anxious consideration, they could not

grant any rule.

On Taesday morning the ceremony of Churching the Queen was performed in the private Chapel at Buckingham Palace, by the Hon, and Rev. Gerald Wellesley, Her Majesty's domestic Chaplain. His Royal Highness Prince Albert and the Dowager Lady Lyttelton were present. ORDINATIONS.—On Trinity Sunday (May 56) Ordina ons were held by the following Prelates:—

of Salisbury .. Hampden of Ely 13

Provincial Parliament.

EPITOME OF PROCEEDINGS. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Wednesday, June 12. Several petitions were presented. The Speaker laid before the House the Report of the Agricultural Society

of the County of Sherbrooke.

The Bill to amend an Act incorporating the St. Jean Baptiste Society of Quebec, was read the first time, and The Bill to enable the Trinity House of Quebec to place buoys on the north channel of the River St. Lawrence, and the Montreal Registry Act Bill were read a

The Bill to render a written memorandum necessary in certain engagements went through the second reading, ordered to be committed to a committee of the whole House to-morrow.

Thursday, June 13. The Speaker laid some Returns before the House.

The Speaker laid some rectains on the north tide of the Throdoys to make the shoals on the north tide of the River St. Lawrence, passed the third reading.

A Message was received from the House of Assembly, stating that that House had passed the following Bills, inituled "An Act to incorporate the Hamilton Gas Light Company "-" An Act to enable Municipal Insti-tutions to subscribe for Stock in the Great Western and other Railways "-and " An Act to authorise the inhabitants of Saguenay to establish a Municipal Council." Each of these Bills was read a first time, and ordered to

be read a second time to morrow.

Some remarks were made by the Hon. Mr. McKay, Hon. Speaker, and other Hon. gentlemen, on the transactions between the Clerk of the Legislative Council and the Montreal City Bank. After which, the House adjourned.

Friday, June 14. Several petitions were laid before the House.

The Montreal Registry Act Bill was read a third time

A Message was received from the House of Assembly stating that that House had passed a Bill to extend certain Provincial Acts to foreign sailors. It was read for the first time, and ordered for a second reading on Mon-The following Bills were read a second time, and

ordered to be read a third time on Monday next:—The St. Jean Baptiste Society of Quebec Bill, the Bill to enable the inhabitants of the city of Saguenay to establish a Municipal Council, the Bill to enable Municipal Corporations to subscribe for Stock in the Great Western or

The Hamilton Gas Company bill, and the Seigneury Municipal bill were read a third time and passed. The consideration of the Written Memorandum bill was postponed nday next. The Foreign Seamen bill was read a second time, third

The House then adjourned.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY. Wednesday, June 12. The House met at Three, p.m.

The Speaker laid before the House a Statement of the

however, from members, he withdrew his motion.

Col. Gugy, seconded by Col. Prince, moved an Address to His Excellency for refunding certain expenses incurred by F. C. Capreol, Esq., in 1843, by his going to Lewiston in search of the murderers of Mr. Kinnear. The Speaker having stated that the motion was irregu-

lar, Col. Gugy withdrew it.

The House went into Committee of the whole, on the Bill to extend certain Provincial Acts to foreign merchant vessels. The Bill having been reported upon without amendment, it was moved to be read a third time Sir A. N. Macnab moved the third reading of the Bill

to authorise Municipal Corporations to take stock in the Great Western Railway.

On motion of Sir A. N. Macnab, the House went into

the Bill was then read the third time, and passed. An engrossed Bill to authorize the inhabitant house-holders, of the Saguenay, to establish a Municipal Couneil therein, was read the third time and passed.

The Amendments made in Committee, on Monday last, to the Bill to amend the law relating to Slander and Libel,

Upper Canada," viz :- Messrs. Hall, Burritt, Macdonald, (Kingston.) Flint, Seymonr, Richards, Solicitor-General Macdonald, Wilson and the mover. Mr. Sol. Gen. Macdonald moved that the hon. member

by the whole House, viz:-Smith, (Durham) Wilson, Cameron (Kent), Boulton, (Norfolk), Cameron, (Cornwall), Sherwood, (Brockville), and the Hon. Mr. Lafon-

Mr. Boulton, (Norfolk) moved the second reading of his Bill to fix the time and place of meeting of Parliament Several members then spoke on the Bill. The Speaker decided that the Bill could not be received in its preer decided that the Bill could not be received in its present shape; the House having however, been appealed to the Speaker's decision was supported—Yeas, 37: Nays, 15.

An engrossed Bill to empower Municipal and other Corporations to subscribe for stock of the Great Western Railroad Company, and other Railroad Companies, or otherwise to aid in completing such undertakings, was otherwise to aid in completing such undertakings, was read the third time, and passed. The House then ad-

House met at 3 P. M. Fifteen petitions were laid on

Mr. Holmes introduced a Bill to amend an Act to incorporate the St. Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad Company, and other Acts relative to said Company, and to extend the power of said Company;—second reading on

A Message was received from the Legislative Council,

agreeing to the Bill to oblige the Trinity House of Que-bec to lay down Buoys to mark the Shoals in the North Channel of the River St. Lawrence, and to facilitate the Traverse from Cape Tourmente to Isle aux Reaux, with-Hon. Mr. Hinchs presented the First Report of the

Standing Committee on Printing.

Mr. DeWitt introduced a Bill to incorporate a Company for making a Railroad from the Village of Industry to the Township of Rawdon; second reading Wednesday Mr. W. H. Boulton, moved for leave to introduce a

Bill to authorize the business of General Banking.

Mr. Hincks opposed it on the ground, that the government intended to bring in a Bill on the same subject.

The motion was then put and lost. Yeas, 19: Nays, 31.

Mr. De Witt moved for leave to introduce a Bill to regulate the Wharfage Dues of the Harbour of Montreal.

Mr. Hincks wished it postponed for a few days, as the Government had received information from the Commissioner of the Harbour of Montreal on the subject. The motion was then postponed.

To Mr. Robinson's enquiry of the Ministry, whether it is the intention of the Government to pay the awards which may be made by the Commissioners appointed un-

der the Act of last Session, to ascertain losses sustained by the inhabitants of Lower Canada, during the years 1837 and 1838, before the information moved for on that subject during the present Session, is laid before the House?

Mr. Baldwin replied, that the Government were not aware of any thing that would interfere with the Act, and that therefore the awards would be paid. The second reading of the Bill to amend the Acts re-

gulating the measurement of Timber, was postponed for six months, on motion of Mr. Christie—Yeas. 32: Nays, 21 Mr. Flint moved the second reading of the Bill to relieve Wesleyan Ministers from the obligation to obtain licenses for keeping registries of baptisms, &c., in Lower Canada, The Bill was read a second time, and referred

o a select committee.

The Bill to enable Collectors of local taxes in Upper Canada, for the several years between 1830 and 1848, to recover taxes accraed in such years respectively, and remaining due, was read the second time, and committed for Monday next.

Hon. Mr. Boulton moved that the Bill for abolishing

Imprisonment for Debt, be now read a second time. A long and protracted debate ensued, after which, the motion was passed-Yeas 62; Nays, 17. The Bill was read a second time, and referred to a select committee composed of Messrs, Sherwood (Brockville), Macdonald (Kingston), Cameron (Kent), Cameron (Cornwall), and Boulton (Norfolk.)

On motion of Mr. Sol.-General Drummond, the committee was instructed to amend the said Bill, so as to confine its operation to Upper Canada. The House then adjourned.

Friday, June 14. The House met at 3. p.m.

Six petitions were laid on the table. Hon. Mr. Hincks laid before the House the Assessment Returns for Upper Canada, for the year 1849.

A Message was received from the Legislative Council. agreeing to the Bill to extend the period limited for certain purposes in the Montreal Registry Act,

Amendments.

Hon. Mr. Lafontaine introduced a Bill to enlarge the Representation of the People of this Province in Parlia-

Hon. Mr. Baldwin gave notice that he would move for a control of the line day formight, to consider the Bill to increase the Representation of the People of this Province in Pauli and Province in Pa

Bill to increase the Representation of the People of this Province in Parliament.

On motion of the Hon. Mr. Lafontaine, the House went into Committee of the whole, to take into consideration the Seignorial Tenure in Lower Canada.

Mr. Prince said that the consideration of this question was of more importance than any other that could come before them, with the exception of religion. [Hear, hear.] It was a question whether the right of private property should or should not be invaded. It was the preliminary of the Clergy Reserve question. He did not attribute to the Attorney General East any idea of making it a political question, but he warned members from Lower Canada not to make it the harbinger of their votes on the question about to be introduced by the Commissioner Canada not to make it the harbinger of their votes of the question about to be introduced by the Commissioner of Crown Lands, to which he would give his most determined opposition. [Hear, hear.] Aye, hon. gentlemen might laugh, but laughter was not argument, and he could assure his hon. friend, that motion was the greatest mistake he ever made, and it would be inevitably defeated if his hon. friends from Lower Canada would be as true to him [Mr. Prince] then, as he would be to them now. to him [Mr. Prince] then, as he would be to them now. [Hear hear.] This resolution had been introduced with a great deal of simplicity, but there was a great deal contained in it, and before he said a word more he should like to ask the Attorney General what right he had to demand from that committee an enquiry into the tenure of private property. He would like to ask him if he knew anything enable the initial and incorporate the Great Western or other Railroads, and the Bill to incorporate the Hamilton Gas Company, were read a second time, and referred to a committee consisting of the Hon. Messrs. Fergusson, Pinhey, and Goodhue.

The House then adjourned.

Monday, June 17.

Monday, June 17.

Monday is posed that he am, as the would ask now that the title to the great Bedford Estates was derived from a grant of Henry the Eighth, in exactly the same form in which these titles were granted by that mighty monarch Louis Quatorze, and he would ask him if he supposed that the House of Commons had a right of dared to appoint a committee to enquire into that title-dared to appoint a committee to enquire into that title-dared to appoint a right to direct a comar he supposed that the House of Commons had a right of dared to appoint a committee to enquire into that title Or did he suppose that they had a right to direct a committee to take steps to deprive the holder of the Bedford Estates of them, by discussing such a resolution as that, for he was bound to believe, from its wording, that was what was intended. [No, no.] He would read the resolution to them, and then defy them to deny it. If he, Mr. L., admitted that, and he could not do otherwise, he would then enquire by what right it was that he took a step then enquire by what right it was that he took a step which no man in the English Commons dare venture on. It was necessary to consider this question step by step, and the first thing to enquire was—how were these Seignories obtained? By grant from Louis 14th, the most accomplished monarch of his day, though he was ready to admit, a little tyrannical at times, in right of conquest to certain gentlemen, who had distinguished themselves in his service either in a military or civil capacity.

A Member on the Ministerial side. Not one was granted by Louis the Fourteenth

The Speaker laid Delote affairs of the St. Lawrence Inland Marine affairs of the St. Lawrence Inland Marine affairs of the year 1849. Also, a Statement of the year ending 1st March, 1850. And a Statement of the Affairs of La Banque du Peuple, to the 5th June, 1850.

Altitions were laid on the table.

The Member on the Ministerial side. Not one was very much mistaken as to the extent of his historical knowledge. However, he did not care what king it was, they were granted by the monarch who conquered the country, and most of the monarch who conquered the country, and most of the monarch who conquered the country, and most of the monarch who conquered the country, and most of the monarch who conquered the country, and most of the monarch who conquered the country, and most of the monarch who conquered the country, and most of the monarch who conquered the country and held their estates by a similar tendence. ure, and in fact so it was in all countries; if a man landed on a desolate island, by the laws of conquest or discovery, by the law of nature he became the owner of that island. These Seigneurs or landlords, as he would term them, and on the other hand he would call the censitaries—tenants, in order that he might be understood by hon, gentlemen-from Upper Canada, received their estates on particular terms; and here he would express his gratitude to the hon member for Rouville, who had paid his side of the house the compliment of speaking in the vulgar tongue generally called English, and he would also express his obligations to the hon, member from St. Maurice, to whom he always listened with great pleasure, for the On motion of Sir A. N. Macnab, the House went into committee of the whole on the Bill. Some amendments having been added, the committee rose, and the amendments made were adopted by the House—Yeas, 40; Nays, 8. The Bill was then ordered to be engrossed, as amended, and read the third time this day. Asy, 8. The Bill was total didered to be engrossed, as amended, and read the third time this day.

The Order of the Day for the third reading of the engrossed Bill to incorporate the City of Hamilton Gas Light Company being read. On motion of Sir Allan Macnab, an engrossed clause was read thrice, and added to the Bill by way of Rider; was attempted afterwards over and over again by men fully as ignorant as the first and the question was referred to a select committee who reported on it as being one of the most vicious resolutions ever introduced into Parliament. Yet those Copy-holds existed from the time of Richard the First, and the tenures still remain in force.

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