through holes in the uprights; the latter are kept firm by light string pieces near the top. By these contrivances the roof is gradually raised as the hay is filled in, and lowered as it is taken out, and so being always near the hay the latter is quite safe from the weather. One of these cheap buildings in each field of the farm would be found very convenient occasionally, for the use of the grain crops as well as hay.

Where neither barns nor barracks are possessed for the use of the produce of the hay field stacking must of course be resorted to; by building the stack compactly, and having it thatched neatly, the crops will be perfectly secure till required for use.

The *aftermoth*, or *fog* of the meadow, is usually depastured, or sometimes ploughed under as a green crop to enrich the land.

Ecclesiastical Intelligence.

CANADA.

DIOCESE OF TORONTO.

MISSIONARY FUND.

Collections in the several Churches, Chapels, and Missionary Stations throughout the Diocese of Toronto, to be applied to the Fund for the support of Missionaries,—15th May, 1849, 5th Sunday after Easter:—

	£	s.	d.
Previously announced in No. 112, am'ting to	188	17	2
Eight Mile Creek £1 12 0			
Queenston 1 3 0			
—per Rev. Dr. Lundy	2	15	0
St. Philip's, Markham, per Rev. G. S. J. Hill...	0	12	6
Warwick, per Rev. J. Mockridge.....	0	16	6
Port Burwell, per Rev. T. B. Read	0	5	0
Stone Chapel Sydenham, —per. Rev. R. J. Macgeorge.....	0	11	10½
Brock, per Rev. R. Garrett	0	12	6
St. Mary Magdalen's, Napanee... £1 5 0			
Christ's Church, Tyendinaga ... 0 10 0			
—per Rev. S. Givens.....	1	15	0
St. James's, Louth £0 15 0			
St. John's do. 1 5 0			
—per Rev. G. M. Armstrong	2	0	0
Christ's Church, Amherstburgh per C. W....	1	0	0
Burford..... £0 16 7			
Norwich 0 6 7			
Station 0 1 10			
—per Rev. A. St. George Caulfield.....	1	5	0
Georgina, per Rev. J. Gibson	1	4	7½
128 Collections, amounting to.....£201	15	2	

T. W. BIRCHALL,
Treasurer.

Toronto, 18th July, 1849.

The Treasurer has also to acknowledge the receipt of £5 10 0 from the Rev. John Grier, a collection made on behalf of the Bishops Student's Fund.

C. S. D. T.

Parcels sent.—July 17,—Ven. Archdeacon Bethune, D.D., Cobourg, (per steamer;) July 17,—Mrs. Merton, Hamilton, (per steamer.)

Parcels Remaining.—Rev. R. C. J. Taylor, Peterborough; Messrs. Lawrason & Chisholm, London.

DIOCESE OF QUEBEC.

CHURCH SOCIETY.

The Annual General meeting of the Church Society of the Diocese was held in this city on Wednesday last, at two o'clock, when some proposed alterations in the By-Laws of the Society were disposed of. The meeting afterwards adjourned till half-past six, at which hour the chair was taken by the Right Rev. the President of the Society. His Lordship having opened the meeting with prayer, explained the objects of the society, and enforced the duty of supporting it, and afterwards called upon the Secretary to read the Annual Report. The Report we regret to say, was not so favourable as could have been desired, as far as relates to the amount of pecuniary contributions, owing to the extraordinary depression of commercial affairs. Upon the whole, however, it was satisfactory, and the details given of the operations of the society, will be read with interest when the report is published.

The report having been read it was moved by the Hon. W. Walker, seconded by the Rev. L. Doolittle, and Resolved—

1. That it be received and adopted, and printed under the direction of the Central Board.

It was then moved by the Rev. C. Bancroft, seconded by the Hon. J. M. Fraser, and Resolved—

2. That this meeting desires to acknowledge with devout thankfulness to Almighty God, the measure of success which has attended the labours of the society during the past year.

Moved by the Hon. A. W. Cochran, seconded by the Rev. J. P. White, and Resolved—

3. That this meeting desires to recognize the claim which lies upon the Church in Canada, to relieve in part at least, the Church of England of the burden of her support, that she may have to give to those that are in greater spiritual need.

Moved by Wm. Bennett, Esq., seconded by the Rev. J. Simpson, and Resolved—

4. That the objects embraced by the constitution of the society present so wide, and at the same time so varied, a field of christian usefulness, as to afford to every member of the church an appropriate channel for the exercise of christian liberality.

Moved by John Bonner, Esq., seconded by the Rev J. Pyke, and Resolved—

5. That this meeting desires to express its satisfaction at the continued prosperity of the Sister Societies in the British North American Colonies.

Moved by Revd. Official Mackie, D. D., seconded by J. Maclaren, Esq., and Resolved—

6. That this meeting rejoices in the erection of a see in Rupert's land, as evincing on the part of the Church a becoming interest in the spiritual welfare of the Aborigines of this Continent.

Moved by N. Freer, Esq., seconded by James A. Sewell Esq., M. D. and Resolved—

7. That the thanks of the Society be given to its officers and those of the different District Associations for their zealous and efficient discharge of their respective duties during the past year.

Moved by Rev. R. G. Plees, seconded by H. N. Patton, Esq., and Resolved—

8. That the following gentlemen be requested to accept office as Vice-Presidents of the Society for the ensuing year. The Honourable Messrs. Justice Aylwin, Bowen, Day, Gale, and Pyke, Baldwin, Cochran, Gerrard, Badgley, Fraser, Hale, Moffatt, Molson, Pangman, Pemberton, Sheppard, Stewart, and Walker, Colonels Chandler and Wilgress, Major Campbell and the Revds., Official Mackie, D. D., Dr. Bethune, and S. S. Wood. M. A.

Moved by T. Cary, Esq., seconded by the Rev. J. Torrance, and Resolved—

9. That the following gentlemen be requested to act as members of the Central Board for the ensuing year in addition to the ex-officio members—The Revds. W. Agar Adamson,, W. B. Bond, A. W. Mountain, J. H. Nicholls, and J. P. White, and Stanley Bagg, W. Bennet, T. Burnet, T. Cary, A. Campbell, W. H. A Davis, J. Gill Forsyth, N. Freer, A. Heward, A. F. Holmes, M. D., H. Jessopp, T. Kains, D. Lindsay, W. D. Lindsay, H. LeMesurier, John Lovell, J. Maclaren, W, Macrae. W. Mactavish, Justice McCord, C. N. Montizambert, E. L. Montizambert, W. Petry, James A. Sewell, M. D., H. S. Scott and W. Wickes, Esqrs.

The doxology was then sung by the meeting which was afterwards dismissed with the benediction by the President.

The attendance upon the occasion was by far the most numerous we have seen at any previous meeting, the National School Room being completely filled with a large and respectable assembly, who manifested throughout the greatest interest in the proceeding.—Several of the movers and seconders of the different Resolutions, spoke with much feeling and effect. It was gratifying to observe persons at the meeting from every class of the community an evidence of the general interest which is felt in the prosperity of undertakings such as those which the Church Society contemplates.

Letters were received by the Secretary from the following gentlemen containing expressions of regret at inability to attend the meeting at which they had been expected to take Resolutions. The Honourables C. Moffatt, G. Pemberton, and E. Hale, the Revds. Dr. Bethune, Jas. Reid, and W. Bond, and Colonel Wilgress.

The Bishop of Montreal returned to this city on Wednesday morning last, from his tour through a portion of the Diocese, made for the inspection of the missions and the confirmation of the young. His Lordship came last from Bishop,s College at Lennoxville, where he attended the Annual Meeting of the College Corporation, as well as the Annual Examination of the College Students. The examination was held on three consecutive days. The portion of the examination conducted in writing, consisted of English Essays, Latin Compositions, and answers to critical questions in Latin and Greek, with papers upon theological subjects, including Church History, founded chiefly upon the writings of Standard English Divines. The *vivevoce* examination comprised selections taken at pleasure from some parts of the writings of Virgil, Horace, Cicero and Tacitus, in Latin: Thucydides, Xenophon, Euripides and Aristotle, (besides the book of Deuteronomy in the Septuagint and the New Testament,) in Greek questions arising out of the book of Genesis, in English: Euclid, Algebra, Trigonometry and Mechanics, in the Mathematical Department: Logic and Rhetoric.

The result, considering he circumstances of the country and the still infant stage of the institution, was exceedingly creditable and satisfactory, and the proceedings closed, upon the last day, by the delivery of several theses and disputations, composed by the students, some of which were spoken memoriter. Much interest was excited by a valedictory address delivered in this way by Mr. Baker, a native of the townships, who has gone through the whole of the College course, and who is designed for the profession of the law The students at the close of the term were 16, of which number 11 or 12 are in preparation for the Holy Ministry.

The Prize Essays founded by the Rev. Official Mackie, D.D., were awarded this year, respectively, to Messrs. Carry and Roe; the subject of the one being "the types of the Old Testament," and of the other "Colonization."

The Offices of the College are at present filled as follows:—

Rev. Jasper H. Nicolls, M.A., Principal and Professor of Divinity.
H. Miles, Esq., M.A., Professor of Mathematics and Physics.
E. Chapman, Esq., B.A., Professor of Classical Literature.
Rev. Isaac Hellmuth, Professor of Hebrew and Rabbinical Literature.
C. S. Sewell, M.D., Professor of Chemistry, including Agricultural Chemistry and Experimental Philosophy.
Rev. L. Doolittle, Bursar.
French Teacher, Mr. De La Mare.

The charge of the classical school established at Lennoxville. under the auspices of the College, has been resigned by Professor Miles, in order that he may be at liberty to devote himself exclusively to his college duties. The School has now passed to the hands of the Rev. J. Butler, who for some years conducted an endowed establishment of the same description in England, and is furnished with testimonials of a very pleasing character, referring to his execution of the charge. The number of scholars is between 40 and 50, several of them being from the cities of Montreal and Quebec.

The Bishop upon the day of his return attended the morning and evening meetings of the Anniversary of the Incorporated Church Society in this city, of which an account is given above.

On Thursday evening his lordship, accompanied by the Rev. A. W. Mountain, one of his Chaplains and Secretary of the Church Society, and by several other gentlemen of the clergy, again left Quebec to attend the meetiug of the Central Board of the same Society, held according to the principal of alternation, at Montreal, on Friday. His lordship returned home on Saturday morning.

Arrival of the Niagara.

New York, July 13.

The Steamer *Niagara* arrived at Halifax yesterday.

The *Niagara* brings 89 passengers, and her freight list is set down at £8,000. About midnight of the day on which Capt. Ryrie left Liverpool (June 30,) exchanged signals with a large steamer, then off Holyhead, supposed to be the Europa that left Boston on the 20th.

The cities of Liverpool and Havre are to be connected by a line of first class steamers, under the direction of Mr. McIver, the agent of the Cunard steamers.

Baron Rothschild, having been elected by the city of London has already accepted the Chiltern Hundreds, and made an appeal to the electors. His election is considered certain.

The house of Commons has affirmed the second reading of the marriage bill, which is to render valid marriage with the sisters of deceased wives.

The affirmation bill, which has recently completed its passage through the Commons has been rejected in the House of Lords by a large majority.

The Smith O'Brien transportation bill is now an act of Parliament, but is said to contain a fatal blunder, and it is supposed the approaching visit of Her Majesty to Ireland will be signalized by extending her royal pardon to the Irish state prisoners.

Advices from Paris to Tuesday evening state that the city was perfectly tranquil, and business in the Bourse was steady. Prices had an upward tendency. Five per cents closed at 80.

In the course of the debate in the assembly on Foreign Affairs, the Minister declared there was no danger of war. M, de Tocqueville said that after having more carefully considered the subject he had been unable to discover the slightest trace of the new "Holy Alliance" of which honourable members had expressed such jealousy. In the course of his speech M. de Tocqueville talked of the "frankness of the Russian government," an expression that was received with shouts of derision and laughter. During the debate, Cavaignac made a most important speech which may be considered the "resume" of the principles of that section of the Republican party which while it decides peace, is prepared for war; and which, while it supports order, insists on progress. The new law against Clubs has been already put in force. On Monday the ministry introduced into the assembly a bill for regulating the press, and Odillon Barrott stated that it was merely as a temporary measure to regulate the position of the press, until the organic law on the subject should be passed. The new law is nearly the same as the law of Louis Philippe, and powers are given for the temporary suppression of any journal attacking the constitution or making an appeal to arms.

The number of persons arrested in Lyons as implicated in the late attempted insurrection, is said to amount to over two hundred. The bickerings which have been carried on between the President and the Ministry are rapidly approaching an issue which it is supposed will lead to the certain retirement of some of the leading members of the Cabinet. The principal cause of discord is the anomolous fratricidal policy in Italy. After a severe bombardment three squadrons of the French army succeeded in establishing themselves within the outer walls of Rome, on the 22nd ultimo. They have since been occupied with operations for acquiring possession of the outer bastions of defence, and up to the 23rd or 24th, they had not made much progress. Every inch of ground was stoutly defended by Garibaldi.

India.—Advices from Calcutta to the 8th, and from Bombay to the 21st May, have been received, and are satisfactory in the extreme. The country is restored to perfect quiet, and the commercial report says that at the close of the business season only small stocks of goods were left at Bombay and in the interior markets.

Consols, which opened at 92½ @ 92¼, receded to 91⅞ @ 91¼. The London money market is remarkably easy, and discounts for respectable paper are easily obtained. The stock of bullion in the Bank of England is now about £15,000,000 sterling.—There has been a good deal of business transacted in American stocks this week.

Liverpool, June 30.

Western flour brought 24s. @ 25s.

White corn being scarce is worth 34s. @ 35s. 6d, and yellow in liberal supply at 34s. @ 35s. Corn meal 16s. @ 17s per bbl. Wheat 6s. 1d. @ 7s. 4d.

Provisions.—Beef demand limited, without change in value Pork, demand for lowest quality, only Western has gone off at irregular prices. Bacon, arrivals large and holding firm. Hams scarce and inquired for. Shoulders a fair demand at 15s. 6d. @ 22s.

Lard.—100 tons sold at steady prices.

Ashes.—100 barrels New York pots and pearls, sold at 26s. @ 26s. 6d.

France.—The remarks of Gen. Cavaignac, are quoted in the report, in reply to M. Aguim who adverted at much length to an alleged monarchical constitution. France was to be the victim. The House showed its sense of his opinions and of Gen. C's views by voting the simple order of the day—the majority being 191.

On the next day the Assembly discussed the late attempt at insurrection, or pretended, on a motion the state seige declared annulled. This was also met by a vote to proceed to the order of the day.

Germany.—The insurrectionary forces of Baden have been routed. It is said the army under the command of the Prince of Prussia, Manhim and Piedenburgh were taken. The insurgents were dispersed or it rapid retreat. A revolt had broken out at Wurtemberg, joined by many soldiers.

Austria.—The battle between the Hungarians and Austrians, reported to have issued unfavourable to the former, appear not to have been engaged between the two armies, but partial affairs only, in which a few battalions were engaged.

Rome.—Most of the journals concur in regarding the progress already made as important, but anticipate a farther and obstinate resistance, as the news of the failure of the Red Republican movement in Paris, instead of inducing the Triumvirs to capitulate, appears to have had the effect of adding to their exasperation against the French movement from Toulon.

Letters give accounts from Rome to the 19th of June, from which it appears that the loss sustained in their different sorties had been terrible—amounting, it is said, to 1000 killed, wounded and taken prisoners.

The Pope remitted the sum of 20,000 francs for the relief of the distressed in Ireland.

The latest intelligence received by the French government from the expeditionary campat Rome, states that Gen. Oudinot had so far succeeded in his operations upon the outworks that the city was at his mercy, to spare which, and the horrors of a frightful carnage, he had offered terms to the Tirumvirate through M. Corcollas, which it is thought would be accepted.

It is said that the English Government had presented a friendly remonstrance against the bombardment of Rome, and has urged on the French Government the necessity of coming to an accomodation with the Romans.

The Queen has been pleased to contribute the munificent sum of £500 towards the subscription for the relief of the Irish people. Several of the Ministers and members of both Houses of Parliament have followed the Sovereign's example, and nearly £2,000 has been contributed.

We find there are 520 survivors of Waterloo at this moment among the commissioned officers of the army. They comprise 2 field-marshals, 6 generals, 20 lieutenant-generals, 43 major-generals, 64 colonels, 79 lieutenant-colonels, 31 majors, 61 captains, 117 lieutenants 10 paymasters, 44 quartermasters 41 medical officers, and 2 veterinary surgeons.—*United Service Gazette.*

Frankfort, June 13.—Last night, as the Prince of Prussia posted through a village called Ingelbiem, the first station between Mayence and Kreuzzach, an attempt was made upon his life by some ruffians, who must have been hid among the vineyards adjoining the place. Four or five muskets were discharged from behind the hedges, and one of the postillions dropped from his horse severely wounded in the thigh. One of the Prince's Chasseurs rushed immediately forward, mounted the horse, which was violently plunging, and the carriage moved on as rapidly as before. The assassin has since been arrested.

Information has been received of a most terrible fire at Rotterdam. It broke out on the 9th ult., in the sugar refinery of Messrs. Tromp, Sairmondt, and Co., and very speedily destroyed property to a great amount. In fact, it is said that Rotterdam never was visited with such a calamity in the shape of fire. The total loss of merchandize, &c., is estimated at £300,000.

A Roman spear has been found, eight feet from the surface, in Locha, Moss, near Dumfries.

Carlisle has been visited by an earthquake shock. It has always been understood that there is a connection between the volcano of Mount Hecla, in Ireland, and the ranges of hills in this part of Britain; for when that mountain has been in a state of eruption, the effects of it have been felt in this direction. —*English Paper.*

Maynooth College, Ireland, at present consists of nineteen superiors and professors, and 515 students.

Banderali, a celebrated professor in the Royal Academy at Paris, has died of cholera.

Jenny Lind has recently left Paris for Sweden, her native country, in consequence of the cholera. She sang lately at a party given by the Swedish Ambassador at Paris.

Colonial.

Horticultural Society.—The third Exhibition for this year took place at the Normal School Grounds. The display was not so large as we had expected. The Fruit and Vegetables were good, but the Flowers were not of that superior character which are usually seen on such occasions. The character of our Gardens, both private and for the market, would we think be greatly underrated if it was to be supposed that the samples shewn yesterday were the best that could be exhibited.

His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased to grant Licences to the following persons, to practice Physic, Surgery and Midwifery, in that part of the Province formerly Upper Canada, viz.:—

George Calaghan Cotter, of Toronto; William Markland Lyons, of Niagara; Augustus Jukes, of Toronto.

On Wednesday last, the 11th inst., Capt. Craig's Company of Volunteer Artillery, was inspected by Lieut.-Col. Dalton, commanding the Royal Artillery in Canada West. Their proficiency in the art of gunnery was tested by practice at a target, placed at a range of 1,200 yards, in the lake, opposite the Old Fort. Lieut.-Col. Dalton was pleased to express himself highly gratified with the precision of their practice.—*Colonist.*

We see by Montreal papers, that Mr. Thomas McGrath, tried for assaulting Mr. Wilson, was found guilty. Sentence, fine £12 10s.

A young man, carrying Orange Lillies in his hand, was assaulted in Notre Dame Street, Montreal, on the 12th instant, by three men, and severely beaten; he was rescued by other parties, who inflicted just punishment on the aggressors.

Branches of the League have been formed at Barton, Tyendinaga, Thurlow, and Williamsburg.

A man named Smith, from Richmond Hill, was accidentally drowned whilst bathing off Yonge Street wharf, on Saturday evening.

Riots in Montreal.—A rencontre took place this evening, July 12th, between the Orange party and their opponents, in Notre Dame-street. We learn some heavy blows were exchanged by the belligerents. A meeting of Orangemen was subsequently held at the Rechabite Hall. The excitement continues unabated, and some farther disturbances to-night are apprehended.

Mr. Collins, of the North American Hotel, Dundas, lately shot a rattlesnake in that neighbourhood, that measured 3 ft. 10½ inches in length.

About 1 o'clock on the morning of the 4th instant, a destructive fire broke out in the premises of John Stinson, tavern-keeper, St. Catharines, and before it could be extinguished a great amount of property was destroyed. The principal sufferers were Messrs. Homes & Greenwood, Sibley, Clyde, Dougan, Robinson, Stinson, &c.—*Colonist.*

A petition from Glengarry, for the recall of Lord Elgin, has been received in town, signed by over one thousand five hundred men.—*Montreal Transcript.*

From New Brunswick.—We learn from the St. John's N. B. papers of the 2nd inst., that the work on the telegraph between St. John's and Halifax is to be commenced immediately; the posts are already on the line, and two gangs of men, twenty-five in each, were to commence at once. The line is to be put in working order by the first of September. The most gratifying accounts are given of the crops in the Province—the late rains having exerted a very beneficial influence. The fires in the woods have been subdued. —*Colonist.*

From the published report of the Colonial Land and Emigration Commission, dated May 17th, 1849, we observe great increase of emigration to America since the year 1846, when the number of emigrants amounted to 129,851, whereas in 1847 it rose to 258,270 persons, and in that year was 219,298, of these 188,233 proceeded to the United States, and only 31,065 to the British colonies. Of the emigrants to America, 50,675 went from Ireland, and 129,576 (also Irish) from Liverpool, making a grand total of 189,251 Irish emigrants. —*Ibid.*

Telegraphic reports reached this city yesterday with the melancholy information that, on occasion of an Orange procession on Thursday, a collision had taken place between the Orangemen and a body of Roman Catholics, in which twelve lives had been lost, and many persons were wounded. The troops were called out, and put down the disturbances.—*N. Y. Albion.*

On the 5th inst., a cab-driver, in Montreal, named James Doolan, accidentally fell from his cab, the whole of which passed over his stomach and caused death in a few hours after.—*Ibid.*

At a meeting of the Directors of the Great Western Railroad Company, on the 3rd instant, W. H. Harris, Esq., was elected President, and G. S. Tiffany, Esq., re-elected Chairman of the Company for the ensuing year.

On the night of the 6th instant, Captains Ermatinger and Sweeney's troops, in Montreal, were kept saddled up and ready for action during the whole night. The Montreal papers wonder what can be the cause of this strange procedure on the part of the government.—*Ibid.*

The accounts of the crops in the Province of New Brunswick are very favourable.

It is said that Mr. Inspector General Hincks is to be the Post Master General, and that Benjamin Holmes, Esq., one of the Members for the City of Montreal is to be Inspector General.—*Hamilton Gazette.*

Riot and wanton Destruction.—Last night about nine o'clock persons to the number of about 2000, riotously disposed, assembled in front of the Police Barracks in Champlain Street—the Customs Building—and without ceremony entered and demolished, yelling and hooting all the time, everything that could be broken, doors, partitions, stair-railing and windows; the few policemen who were lodged in the house were compelled to make a speedy retreat. The military were not turned out; the police could not prevent the destruction; the Police Magistrate was in Montreal obtaining information concerning a riot which occurred in that city; Mr. Symes, J.P., interfered, in the hope of checking the destruction, but we regret to learn was assaulted and severely cut and injured about the head.

The design of the Board of Health to convert the house into an hospital for Cholera patients was the cause of the destruction.

This riot is to be regretted and strongly censured; the end contemplated by the Board of Health was a good one, the preservation of life by providing as convenient a place as could be obtained, for the reception of poor people suddenly afflicted with sickness; we do not mean to say that there might not have been a better situation for an hospital, but certainly there could have been none more convenient for the Champlain Street population. The riot is not excusable on any grounds, though we may attribute it to a fear of the disease spreading in the vicinity of a Pest House. But facts are against this supposition. Some of the London Hospitals are in the heart of the city, and the inmates of the surrounding houses are seldom, if ever, afflicted with epidemic diseases; they seem to be peculiarly exempt; we merely allude to the fact; the exemption may be accounted for philosophically, or it may be an arrangement of Providence.

The destruction is to be regretted on other grounds. The city must *pay* for the damage. The inhabitants of Champlain Street had a right to remonstrate against the intended use of the Customs Building, and had a remonstrance been made in the proper quarter, we are sure both the Board of Health and the City Council would have attended to a *just* complaint.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

WORKINGS OF THE MORAL AGENCY.

St. Catherines, July 12, 1849.

To the Editor of the Patriot.

Dear Sir,—As you have already devoted some space to the exposure of the political Romish Priest, retained as an agent by our contemptible government at an expense to the country of £200 per annum, I would again direct your attention to some late specimens of the working of the *Moral Agency.*—You must know then, that there is a regularly organized *Ribbon Lodge* composed of the members of his congregation. This secret society meets regularly in a large room over our Post Office, and from what has come to light concerning their proceedings, their meetings, are certainly not *Prayer Meetings.* However, from various symptoms of preparation, during the past week, among the members of this gang of conspirators, and from various threats thrown out against the loyalists of the town, it was seriously dreaded by many that the 12th would not be suffered to pass without disturbance. These vague apprehensions were turned into fears, when it was found that the conspirators had procured a barrel of gun-powder, and a large quantity of lead.

Information of this having been laid before the magistrates, it was deemed expedient to send to Niagara for a Company of the Rifles, which Company arrived here this morning. During the whole of those proceedings, the Orangemen acted with the most praise worthy forbearance. They determined not to walk, nor display any banners or ribbons; but merely to meet and celebrate the day by a dinner. Last night, however, waggons came pouring in from the country, filling the town with the "moral-agents's" flock, from the most distant parts of the canal, as well as from the parts close at hand. —The ruffians were for the most part armed with guns and pistols, and paraded the town a great part of the night. Seeing that there was a regular conspiracy to murder them, the Orangemen determined to take arms with them to their dinner, so that if they should be attacked they might defend themselves.

The whole of the morning the streets were crowded with these Romish desperadoes. About 2 o'clock they all assembled at the "moral agent's" house, and ranged themselves like a military force in front. From this point they proceeded down to Slab Town, about 2½ miles from St. Catharines; the Rifles evidently being a check upon their movements in town. In Slab Town 15 Orangemen were peaceably holding their Lodge meeting; the Romish force approached, and in passing, some of them fired into the house; the fire was returned by the Orangemen, and three of the Romanists fell mortally wounded, while three or four more were slightly hurt. The Romish party then took to their heels, and got back to town much more hastily than they went. Were it not for the determined spirit shewn by the Orangemen, in all probability they would have been all murdered. The shops in St. Catharines have been closed the whole afternoon—groups of the runaways were gathered here and there in the streets, vowing vengeance and occasionally examining their pistols, while the Rifles were drawn up in a central part of the town ready to march at a moment's notice.

Now, Sir, is it not a most infamous and disgraceful piece of business, that the Priest—the main-spring of all this mischief—the man responsible for the blood of the wretched creatures who have been shot—the *minister* of peace who suffers a gang of conspirators to be formed and organized in his congregation, should on account of his political services receive £200 per anum, from the revenues of the country. How much longer is the Province to be insulted by such an absurdity.

I remain, Sir, Yours, &c.,
K.

Sudden Death of Mr. Wilson the Distinguished Vocalist.—It is with feelings of deep regret we announce the very sudden death in Quebec on the 9th inst., of Mr. Wilsen, the distinguished and far famed Scottish vocalist, who so very recently afforded so much amusement and delight to our music loving citizens. It appears that Mr. Wilson was engaged on the 8th inst., fishing on Lake St. Charles where he was taken ill and was immediately conveyed to Quebec, where he died on the following morning.—*Colonist*

We believe that the forest must be on fire to a very considerable extent, some fifty or sixty miles from Montreal. for although no reflection of flames was visible in the sky, yet there was an evident, and indeed, strong smell of burning wood perceptible in the air on Thursday night, and during the whole of yesterday. There is a report that the woods are on fire in the neighbourhood Beauharnois.—*Montreal Courier.*

SPINAL COMPLAINTS, CURVATURE OF THE SPINE.

In Spinal Complaints of long standing, and which have given up as hopeless of cure, immediate and permanent relief has been effected by the wondrous Agency of Sherwood's *Galvanic Embrocation.*

For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by LYMAN, KNEESHAW & CO and ROBERT LOVE, Toronto; also by Druggists generally.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, July, 18th., 1849.

	s. d.		s. d.
Fall Wheat, per 60 lbs.	3 9	a	3 10
Spring do.	0 0	a	0 0
Oats, per 34lbs	1 0	a	0 11
Barley, per 48lbs	0 0	a	0 0
Peas	1 3	a	1 6
Rye	2 0	a	2 3
Flour, superfine (in Barrels)	21 9	a	0 0
Do. fine (in Bags)	20 0	a	0 0
Market Flour, (in Barrels)	18 6	a	0 0
Do. (in Bags)	17 6	a	18 0
Oatmeal, per barrel	18 9	a	0 0
Beef, per lb.	0 2½	a	0 4
Do. per 100 lbs.	17 6	a	20 0
Pork per lb.	0 0	a	0 0
Do. per 100 lbs.	0 0	a	0 0
Mutton per lb.	0 2½	a	0 3½
Bacon per 100 lbs	30 0	a	35 0
Hams, do.	35 0	a	40 0
Lamb, per quarter	1 6	a	2 6
Potatoes, per bushel	2 6	a	3 0
Butter, fresh, per lb	0 7	a	0 8½
Do. salt, do.	0 5	a	0 7
Cheese, per lb.	0 4½	a	0 5
Lard, per lb	0 0	a	0 0
Apples, per barrel	0 0	a	0 0
Eggs, per doz.,	0 6	a	0 7½
Turkeys, each	2 6	a	3 9
Geese, do.	0 0	a	0 0
Ducks, per pair	2 0	a	2 6
Fowls, Do.	1 0	a	1 6
Straw, per ton	27 6	a	32 6
Hay, do.	35 0	a	45 0
Fire Wood,	9 0	a	11 3
Bread, per loaf	0 4½	a	0 5
New Potatoes per peck	1 8	a	0 0
Green Peas	0 6	a	0 0

EXCHANGE.

Toronto on London	11½	@	0	per cent.
" " New York...	2½	@	0	"
New York on London....	108¾	@	108¾	"

PRIVATE TUITION.

A YOUNG MAN, residing in the city, who is accustomed to TUITION, is desirous of meeting with Private Pupils, whom their parents wish to be well grounded in the RUDIMENTS, previous to their attending a Grammar School.

Satisfactory References will be given, on enquiry at the *Church* office.

Toronto, July 18, 1849. 51-3i

BRITISH AMERICAN FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the ANNUAL COURT OF PROPRIETORS of this Institution, at which the Election of Directors for the ensuing year takes place, will be held at the house of business of the Corporation, George-street, City of Toronto, on Monday, the 6th day of August next. The chair will be taken at Twelve o'clock, noon, precisely.

By order of the Board:
T. W. BIRCHALL,
Managing Director.

British American Assurance Office, Toronto, July 14, 1848. 51-3i

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATIONS will commence on THURSDAY, the 31st July.

The Exhibition Examinations will commence on SATURDAY, the 4th August.

The Recitations & Distribution of Prizes will take place on WEDNESDAY, the 8th August.

J. P DELAHAYE,
Collector U. C. College.

Toronto, July 15. 1849. 51-2-i

The *Patriot, Colonist, Globe* and *Mirror*, will please give *two* insertions, one in each week.

A GENTLEMAN, a B.A. of the University of Paris is desirous of obtaining a situation as ASSISTANT in a SCHOOL, or as a TUTOR in a Private Family. He would undertake instruction in the FRENCH and LATIN Languages and the Higher Branches of an ENGLISH education.

Address, post-paid, to T. C. F., Church Society's House, Toronto' July 12, 1849. 50-3i

ROBERT MARTIN,
HAS REMOVED TO
No. 60, Victoria Row, King Street,
Next Door to Mrs. Dunlop's.

Toronto, April 20, 1849. 39-tf

BOARD.

A WIDOW LADY, residing in Queen Street, within a short walk of the Upper Canada College, is desirous of taking a limited number of Pupils of that Institution, and under fifteen years of age, as BOARDERS.

Reference may be made to the Rev. R. J. MacGeorge, at the Office of "The Church," Toronto.

January 24. 1849. 26

PEW IN St. GEORGE'S CHURCH FOR SALE.

A FIRST CLASS PEW in St. George's Church for Sale; or the Interest of one in the Cathedral taken in Exchange.

Apply to THOS. D. HARRIS, Thorne's Buildings, Front Street.

Toronto, June 21st, 1849. 47-tf

HAGAR & VOGT,
ORGAN BUILDERS,
HAMILTON, C. W.

ORGANS of every size and description made and Repaired, with neatness and skill. Charges reasonable.

Orders thankfully received and punctually attended to.

N.B.—All work done by Messrs. H. & V. will be warranted.

Hamilton, May 10, 1849 41-6m

ARTHUR JOHNSON,
156, YONGE STREET,
GENERAL GROCER, AND DEALER IN WINES, LIQUORS, PROVISIONS &C.
Wholesale & Retail,

WOULD call the attention of Families to his Stock of newly imported

TEAS, COFFEES, FRUITS, FOREIGN WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

which, having purchased in the best markets, he is enabled to offer *on the most favourable terms;* together with a large quantity of PROVISIONS, consisting in part of

250 Hams in Canvass,
100 Smoked do., and
150 Sides of Bacon,

of the best quality, and cured under his own inspection.

Toronto, May 31, 1849. 44-12m

DR. F. A. CADWELL,
Oculist and Aurist,

FROM MONTREAL, begs to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Toronto, that having started on a professional tour through Upper Canada, he will pass a few weeks in the City of Toronto, where he solicits the attention of all those who may be afflicted in any way with Disease of the EYE or EAR.

Dr C. begs leave to state, that being a regular practising physician, and having devoted himself for the last *twelve years exclusively* to the treatment of these delicate organs, he will be found, upon inquiry, to be competent authority for consultation or advice for *any or all diseases* relating to the *Sight or Hearing.* Dr Cadwell has been most extensively and successfully employed, for upwards of *three years*, in Montreal, Quebec, and other parts of Lower Canada, and having numerous testimonials of the highest order from medical gentlemen and others, he earnestly invites the attention, (without delay,) of all those whose misfortune it may be to require so essential and important a service.

Dr. C. will make *no charge* for an opinion, unaccompanied by other advice, and therefore solicits a call from all, however doubtful the case may be. Dr. C. will also insert the *Artificial Eye* without pain, which will be made to *move* with the same freedom as the sound eye, and to bear so close resemblance to it as nearly to defy detection in broad day light.

Squinting, and all other deviations from natural sight, will be completely restored to a natural position in less than one minute.

Dr. Cadwell's Office may be found at No. 68, King Street, in the house recently occupied by *Mr. Chas Rahn*, Surgeon Dentist.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Residence, Phœnix Hotel.

N. B.—The Medical Profession generally, are respectfully invited to call and examine Dr. C's specimens, &c.

June 21, 1849. 47-6i

THOMAS BRUNSKILL,

HAS removed to his new premises, Church Street, where he is receiving,

Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil, warranted first quality.
Paints, Dry and in Oil.
Teas, Tobaccos.
Sugars, viz.: Refined, Crushed, Havanna and Muscovado.
Brandy, Pale and Coloured, vintages, 1848, 1847, 1846 and 1844.
Holland Gin.
Jamaica Spirits.
Wines, a large and general assortment.
White Wine Vinegar.
Whiskey
Raisins, Currants, and Figs.
Salid Oil.
Glass, all sizes, and Putty.
Nails, Tin, Patent Pails.
Pipes, Indigo, Big Blue, London Starch.
Coffee, Cloves, Pepper, Ginger, Mustard.
Together with a general assortment of Groceries.

—ALSO—

100 Casks Port Wine, consigned for sale, on account of the Shippers at Porto.

Toronto, June, 5th 1849. 48-1m.

Imports at New York for Toronto.

JUNE 12th Ex "*Union*," Captain Brea, FROM BORDEAUX.

10 Half pipes Brandy for THOMAS BRUNSKILL. 48-1m.

A CONSIGNMENT OF
CHAMPAGNE,
Brand—"Sillery Mousseux."
For Sale by
THOMAS BRUNSKILL.

Toronto, June 22nd, 1849. 48-1m.

Paper Hangings.

THE Subscriber has just received a large assortment of ROOM PAPER, of the Newest Patterns, which will be sold at LOW PRICES.

J. W. SKELTON,
6, King Street East, nearly opposite Yonge Street.

Toronto, June 29, 1849. 49

EDUCATION.

JAMES WINDEAT, B.A., Master of the District Grammar School at Brockville, and late of St. Peter's College, Cambridge, is desirous of receiving into his Family three or four additional BOARDERS, whom, if required, he will prepare, by a particular course of studies, either for the Exhibitions of the Upper Canada College—the Scholarships of the University—the Previous Examination before the Benchers—or the Theological Institution at Cobourg.

Terms and other particulars made known upon application.

Brockville, Jan. 24, 1848. 22-tf

EDUCATION.

THE REV. H. N. PHILL