

Cuts, Bruises, Stiff Joints, Swellings, Sore Throat, Colds, Bowel Troubles—both outward and inward ailments are cured by

**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE Liniment**

Be prepared for emergencies. No other liniment so effective, no other has such a record. Sold by dealers everywhere. 25c and 50c Bottles.

**I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.**

## New Christmas Jewelry

A fine new line including Cuff Buttons, Brooches, Hairpins, Beauty Pins, Necklets, Pendants, Lockets & Rings. A fine pair of solid gold Cuff Buttons in leatherette case only \$4.00, Sterling Silver Cuff Buttons \$1.00 per pair. Your gentleman friend will appreciate one of our dainty little Scarf Pins. They are the best value we have seen yet at the prices asked. If you are interested in Diamonds, I have the latest quotations from the cutters and can give you a very close price on first class stones. My Watch, Clock and Jewelry repairs give good satisfaction.

**ROSS A. BISHOP**

## Prices On Flour and Feed Are Advancing

We are having arrivals daily. The early customer gets the benefit

Granville Street **C. L. PIGGOTT,** Bridgetown N. S.



### Faultless Shoemaking

A PERFECT FIT AND A CAREFUL SELECTION OF THE BEST STYLES ARE THE FEATURES THAT CHARACTERIZE OUR WOMEN'S HIGH SHOES.

The Extra High Cut Shoes, the new Knob Toes, Cuban Heels, High Arches, and Short Vamps are some of the Attractive Features of our New Fall Models.

**SHOES AT \$2.25, \$3.75, \$4.00**

WE TAKE GREAT CARE IN FITTING YOU. **C. B. LONGMIRE**

**THOROUGHNESS IN CONSTRUCTION INSURES**

**Gourlay Pianos**

Against Loss of Tone, and tone is the most important factor in any piano. In every Gourlay Piano the expert knowledge of its builders and the determination to use **NOTHING BUT THE BEST** either in labor or material, produces a sympathetic richness of tone that is unmatched among Canadian pianos.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES

**J. H. POTTER, MANUFACTURERS' AGENT, MIDDLETON, N.S.**

**SAWDUST CONCRETE.**—cases the customary proportions for mixing are one part cement, two sand and two and a half sawdust. A greater proportion of sawdust would make it too absorbent.

A novel application of sawdust concrete has recently been made in the new Public Library building in Springfield, Mass. It was employed there as a base on which to lay the cork carpet covering the floor. The object was to obtain a layer into which nails could be driven and which at the same time would hold the nails.

The company that laid it states that it accomplished both purposes. After several experiments with different mixtures it was found that a 1:2:3 mix—three-fourths of a part of sawdust—gave the desired effect; and 5,000 square feet of this mixture was laid. The thickness of the layer was one inch, and after four months of service indications are that the material is a success.

### Minerals of Newfoundland

Valuable Purple and Grayish Green Slate at Trinity Bay—Beautiful Marble Near Bay of Islands—Extensive Garnet Deposit in St. Michael's Bay.

(U. S. Consul James S. Benedict, St. John's)

The slate deposits of Newfoundland for roofing and other purposes are at Trinity Bay, about one hundred and twenty miles by rail and steamer north of St. John's. They are six hundred to eight hundred feet in width and extend for miles; seventy-five per cent of the slate is a bright purple, and the remainder of an attractive grayish green. They belong to the same geological formation (Cambrian) as those of North Wales.

A large deposit of marble occurs within a few miles of one of the arms of Bay of Islands, on the west coast of Newfoundland. The deposit is two hundred and fifty feet or more in width, and extends at least two miles in length. The marble is of a beautiful cream color when polished and has been pronounced by competent marble workers to be equal to the best Italian.

A garnet deposit of exceptional possibilities has been discovered on an island situated in St. Michael's Bay, southern Labrador (part of Newfoundland's domain), about thirty-five miles north of Bella Isle in the straits. The island is about a mile long, half a mile wide and two hundred feet in height. The vein occurs on the south side of the island near the edge of the cliff, and is exposed for about three hundred and thirty feet in length and eleven feet in width. It is composed of crystals of garnet about the size of large oranges, with sufficient matrix (a fine quartz and mica) to hold them together. On the north side, about sixty feet from the solid vein and running parallel with it, are smaller crystals, but much farther apart. Beyond the three hundred and thirty feet in length the rock is covered with soil, and it is assumed this soil covers the extension of vein. Over the south side of the cliff, which is almost perpendicular, the large garnets are profusely exposed down to about sea level. This shows that the supply is almost inexhaustible and that they can be quarried at a minimum cost.

This garnet has been tested for abrasive work and pronounced superior for that purpose to any found elsewhere. It is also thought that slabs of any size and thickness can be cut and polished. If so, it will be interesting to building trades, as they would be exceedingly handsome, durable, attractive and new for both inside and outside ornamental work.

### COLD SORES AND ULCERS ARE HEALED BY ZAM-BUK

Cold sores, chapped hands, ulcers, and winter eczema are common troubles just now, and for all these, Zam-Buk will be found the surest and quickest remedy. Sometimes cold sores arise from chilblains on the toes or fingers, and in the former case, where colored socks are worn, there is a danger of blood-poisoning from the dye. Zam-Buk being so powerfully antiseptic removes the danger as soon as applied and quickly heals.

Mr. W. J. Halliday, of Ash Grove, Ont., says: "I had my little finger frozen, and it cracked at the first joint, causing a bad sore, which discharged freely and would not heal. The pain was very bad, and the whole of my hand became swollen and in bad shape."

"A friend advised me to try Zam-Buk and I soon found that Zam-Buk was altogether different to any prescription I had ever tried. In a very short time it healed the sore."

Miss Lillie May, of Stony Creek, Ont., says: "A few weeks since several nasty, disfiguring cold sores suddenly broke out on my lips, which became much swollen. Seeing my condition, a friend advised me to try Zam-Buk and leave all other preparations aside. This I did, and was much pleased after a few applications of the balm, to see every sore healed."

Zam-Buk will also be found a sure cure for eczema, blood-poison, varicose sores, riles, scalp sores, ringworm, inflamed patches, babies' eruptions and chapped places, cuts, burns, bruises, and skin injuries generally. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price. Refuse harmful imitations and substitutes.

### FOUR BOYS WERE SENTENCED TO DEATH.

And Two Others Got Life Imprisonment for Murder in Chicago.

Chicago, Nov. 28.—Four boys were found guilty of murder in the first degree and sentenced to death, and two others were sentenced to life imprisonment, by a jury tonight for the murder of a truck farmer on the outskirts of the city a month ago.

Thomas Fyche, the well-known banker, died in Montreal on the 25th ult. aged sixty-four years. He was manager of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax, for twenty-two years, and went to Montreal in 1897 to take charge of the Merchant Bank of Canada. He is survived by three sons and three daughters.

### THOUGH IT'S "ONLY A COLD"—STOP IT BEFORE IT STOPS YOU

Have you ever heard of a case of catarrh, bronchitis, inflammation of the lungs, or pleurisy that did not start with a common cold? Every cold you catch has in it the makings of one or other of these diseases, if it can break down your defences. And even if it does not develop into something more dangerous, it will keep you thoroughly miserable for a week or two at least.

The wise course, as soon as you feel the cold coming on, is to start taking Na-Dru-Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne, and keep it up till the cold is knocked out completely. This splendid cough syrup will do the trick quickly and thoroughly.

You can feel perfectly safe in taking Na-Dru-Co Syrup of Linseed, Licorice and Chlorodyne, or in giving it to your children. We'll gladly give you your physician a list of its ingredients if you like. Your Druggist can supply either 25c or 50c bottles. The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited. 117

### Agricultural Report

Ottawa, Nov. 16.—The report to the Census and Statistics office for the month ending October 31 shows that the total area in potatoes, roots, fodder crops, hay and clover this year was 9,007,492 acres, with a total products value of \$219,055,000. This is \$1,600,000 more than last year, and there is a decrease of \$3,120,000 in hay and clover. The largest increase is shown in potatoes, which is nearly \$6,000,000 more than last year, although the product is less by 8,000,000 bushels—the average selling price being 20 cents per bushel as compared with 45 cents a year ago. The value of this year's product of hay and clover and fodder corn is \$159,065,000, which is less than last year's value by \$2,038,000. Potatoes, turnips and other roots and sugar beets have a value of \$59,990,000, being more than last year's value by \$4,212,000. The quality of all the crops this year is 99 per cent and over excepting sugar beet, which is 88 per cent, and last year all crops excepting potatoes, turnips and other roots were over 90. The values of all root and fodder crops this year by provinces were \$3,751,000 in Prince Edward Island, \$12,228,000 in Nova Scotia, \$12,596,000 in New Brunswick, \$7,315,000 in Quebec, \$99,468,000 in Ontario, \$3,583,000 in Manitoba, \$3,790,000 in Saskatchewan and \$6,321,000 in Alberta.

The area sown to fall wheat this season is 1,067,909 acres, being 797,200 acres in Ontario and 300,700 in Alberta. This is 2.93 per cent less than a year ago.

The per cent of fall ploughing completed ranges from 72.57 in Ontario to 90.40 in Prince Edward Island for the eastern provinces, and from 18.73 in Alberta to 34.12 in Manitoba for the western provinces, which is less than the averages of last year at the same date. For summer following the average in all the provinces is well over 90 per cent for each of the three years 1909-11.

### WAS BORN IN TORBROOK, N. S.

Rev. Dr. Whitman Dead in Seattle—Had Brilliant Career.

(Canadian Press.)

Boston, Nov. 27.—Rev. Dr. Bonahay Langley Whitman, who died today in Seattle, was born in Torbrook, N.S., Nov. 21st, 1862. His parents moved to Mariboro, Mass., and he joined them in 1877. He was graduated from Worcester Academy, Brown University and the Newton Theological Institute. In 1890 he became pastor of the Free Baptist church in Portland, Maine.

Two years later he was chosen as the successor of Mr. Small as president of Colby University, Waterville, Maine. After three years of work there he assumed the office of president of Columbia University at Washington, being inaugurated November 19th, 1895. In January, 1900, he resigned to accept the pastorate of Calvary Baptist church, Philadelphia.

"I had been troubled with constipation for two years and tried all of the best physicians in Bristol, Tenn., and they could do nothing for me," writes Thos. E. Williams, Middleboro, Ky. "Two packages of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets cured me." For sale by all dealers.

The Dominion Coal Company is planning big things for the future. In the past ten months it has increased its output 422,296 tons over the same period last year. It now proposes to operate twenty collieries instead of fourteen, the number now in commission. Several millions more money is needed for the purpose, and a group of British capitalists are prepared to put up the cash in return for a given. A full meeting of the board of directors was held this week when the whole matter was fully discussed.

When your feet are wet and cold, and your body chilled through and through from exposure, take a big dose of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, bathe your feet in hot water before going to bed, and you are almost certain to ward off a severe cold. For sale by all dealers.

### Forestry Press Bulletin

Ottawa, Nov. 29th.—An interview with an engineer given recently in a western paper to the effect that there is abundant timber on the line of the Hudson Bay Railway is an illustration of misapprehension in regard to this matter that exists in the public mind. Because there are large areas of land in the north on which there is timber of some kind, this conclusion is reached that it is all of present value and that the country has an unlimited supply. As a matter of fact a careful inspection of the timber along the line of the Hudson Bay Railway made in the years 1910 and 1911, by the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior, shows that there is not enough mature timber along the line of that railway to build the road. There are no prairie districts of any extent along the route, there are trees everywhere, but owing to repeated fires the forest is, except on the nearest fraction of the area, too small for commercial purposes and unless it can be protected from fire until it reaches maturity, will never be of any use to the country. Explorations in other parts of the northern forested districts tell the same tale. Everywhere fire has worked havoc, and the forest is a mere wreck of what it might have been if fires could be prevented. And unless adequate measures are taken now to protect the young and immature forests which form the major part of the stand, the outlook for the future is none too good.

If the northern forests are to continue to be a permanent source of wealth to the country, it is absolutely necessary that the fire ranging system should be extended and the proper methods of management of the forest should be applied, and public education to the value of the forest is even more necessary.

In Sweden, which has large extents of northern forest, practically uninhabited, similar to those in northern Canada, has about eliminated the danger in such districts mainly by educating her people to the value of the forests.

### TO ECZEMA SUFFERERS

If you are suffering from skin troubles of any kind you should be very careful not to let them grow worse. Some of the most dreadful and disgusting diseases began with a simple rash which might have been cured very easily. The best recommended cure for all skin troubles is a wash made of Oil of Evergreen. They also the ingredients, according to the prescription of Dr. J. D. Dennis, the famous skin specialist.

The D.D.D. Prescription is scientifically compounded, and will not harm the most delicate skin. If you want instant relief from that torturing, itching Eczema or would like to have your face freed from unsightly pimples or blotches, write the D. D. D. CO., Dept. B. M., 49 Colborne St., Toronto, and get a free trial bottle. It will relieve you.

### STRIKE THREATENED

Great Britain is having her own troubles at present. Her foreign affairs are exciting great interest at the moment, because it has been found that there was danger a few months ago of the country being embroiled in a war with Germany. But there is one domestic matter of tremendous importance that is giving real cause for alarm, viz., the possibility of a general railway strike in the Christmas season. This would be a real calamity, with results that people do not care to speculate upon even. Railway employees are now voting on the question, and a decision is expected soon after Dec. 5th when all the returns will be in. It will be remembered a Royal Commission, after the strike a short time ago, made a report which was in the nature of a compromise. The men gained some of the demands they made, but failed to win recognition of the trades unions. It was supposed the unions were previously bound to accept the report, but this they deny, and they repudiated the settlement almost as soon as it was made public, and began to agitate for another strike. Of course, the wages question came into the discussion. It has been shown that there were 322,000 men, and boys engaged in the various grades of railway work up to quite lately receiving a weekly wage of from \$9.40 in the case of engine cleaners. The general average was found to be \$6.62 for all grades, with the fact that over 130,000 of these workers were getting no more than \$4.55 a week. The great issue, however, is recognition of the unions, to which the railway companies are bitterly opposed. A strike of the railway employees will, of course, involve other trade unions, with most disastrous consequences, especially should it take place at the Christmas season. Every effort is being made to prevent so serious a labor disturbance, but many of the most powerful labor leaders are bent on bringing on a "strike," and it is feared they will succeed.—St. John Globe.

### The H. & S. W. Railway

(Coast Guard)

In the article published in this issue, on the strategic position of the Shelburne in the development of the South Shore, reference is made to the need of better rail service.

We fully realize that finding fault with the Halifax & Southwestern Railway is so common and widespread that nothing novel in this respect remains to be said.

But we do not often consider that the railway business is not run for the good of our souls, but for the purpose of public accommodation consistent with earning powers.

At present the Halifax and Southwestern can neither make any money, nor accommodate the public, and it cannot be expected that the management is able to do more than is being done. We are receiving the best service we can reasonably expect under present conditions.

But these conditions should not be allowed to exist for any great length of time.

With these few preliminary remarks we would make an observation or two.

First, before we can have faster, safer and more frequent service, the line has to be practically rebuilt.

Rails designed for 20,000 pound-cars are not of sufficient strength to carry 40,000 pound cars. The same may be said of the road bed.

To rebuild the line means a large expenditure of money. The H. & S. W. has the money, nor, we believe the inclination to undertake the task. The provincial government cannot do the work. The government has already been badly bungled, and are now scared at being found out.

Second—To whom are we to look for the expenditure of this money needed to rebuild the road, and for the management in the interests of the South Shore.

We must look to that source that should have built it at the first—the Dominion government. It was the policy of the MacDonald government to build the branch lines in the province, and many millions of dollars was spent by the MacDonald government, notwithstanding a hostile party was in charge at Halifax.

Under the Laurier regime this service was put on the province, with the result that we have a debt of four and a half millions of dollars on account of the H. & S. W., besides a large amount of outstanding liabilities in connection with the now famous notes given the government in lieu of the cash on the bonds.

The Dominion government has now recognized its duty to build the provincial lines, and has undertaken the Dartmouth and Guysboro line.

Therefore we have a good claim on the Dominion government in connection with the H. & S. W. Ry. in three particulars—

First—For the expenditure of money sufficient to put the road in serviceable condition.

Second—By this expenditure to make the road a part of the Intercolonial system.

Third—For a refund of the four and a half millions spent by the province in the initial building.

This means a whole lot. We need the road. We need a good road. And we very much need our money.

We can get all three by concerted, persistent, and aggressive pressing of our just claims upon the Borden government.

Agitate. Again agitate. Then agitate some more.

### CANADIAN APPLES HAVE IMPROVED.

One Cargo From Halifax Which Was Delayed Arrived in Poor Condition.

Ottawa, Nov. 28.—According to a report of the Trade and Commerce Department, the fruit brokers and merchants in Liverpool and Manchester are loud in their praises of the improvement of grading Canadian apples. So far this season there is not in evidence the complaints of many years past, viz., shipping Canadian apples as No. 1 when they are really No. 2.

All interested in the trade express their appreciation of the thorough manner in which the Canadian follows up those guilty of infraction of the law, and they approve the system of publishing the names of all persons guilty of dishonest grading. These names are freely distributed in the trade, and the results were shown before the end of last season in improved grading which has continued this year. One shipment of about 15,000 barrels which was loaded at Halifax, the steamer calling at another port for general cargo arrived at Liverpool on Oct. 12th in a pretty bad state, the extra delay at port of call did the fruit a lot of harm.

A despatch from Alberta of Nov. 30th says:—The weather conditions are anything but good for the farmers throughout Alberta. A fall of snow, a mild spell and a cold snap came in turn and the threshing will be left until March.

### "The Liver Pills act So Naturally and Easily."

Such a statement, coming from the cashier of a bank, shows what confidence responsible people have in these pills. Mr. A. L. Wilson after trying them wrote:

"I have used Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills and also your Anti-Pain Pills, on myself, with good results. The Liver Pills act so naturally and so easily that I scarcely know that I have taken a pill. Frequently being troubled with headache I take an Anti-Pain Pill and get immediate relief in every case."

A. L. Wilson, Sparta, Ill.

Mr. Wilson was for a number of years cashier of the First National Bank of Sparta.

### Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills

are different from others. Many kinds of liver pills are "impossible" after one trial on account of their harshness. Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills do not act by sheer force but in an easy, natural way, without gripping or undue irritation. They are not habit forming.

If the first bottle fails to benefit, your druggist will return the price. Ask him.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto, Can.

### Interest in Sir Edward's Speech Reached Fever Pitch in Berlin

Excitement Could Scarcely Have been Greater Had Direct Question of War Been at Stake.

Berlin, Nov. 28.—The eager curiosity concerning the looked for speech of Sir Edward Grey, in the British House of Commons, reached a fever pitch last evening. If the direct question of peace or war had been at stake the excitement could scarcely have been greater than it was. The public awaited the newspaper reports of what the British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs said in reference to the recent Moroccan negotiations.

The speech was read with the deepest interest in the newspaper extras which were published.

The tone of discussion, in the Berlin morning papers indicates that they are neither greatly pleased nor greatly disappointed. It is generally admitted that the speech was in calm objective tone, in an obvious attempt to avoid irritating expressions.

The Tageblatt sees in the utterances of its British foreign Secretary that Great Britain arrogated to herself the function of a world judge in mobilizing her fleet to assist France, although no treaty required this. Great Britain says the Tageblatt, must abandon that assumption before the two countries can live on a footing of equality such as Sir Edward Grey hopes for.

The Vossische Zeitung draws attention with satisfaction to the fact that Sir Edward Grey rejects any policy provocative to Germany.

The Boersen Courier misses the broad discussion of Anglo-German relations, which it says, the speech is little calculated to improve.

The Vorwarts says that it was a thoroughly conciliatory speech and will contribute towards the bettering of relations.

The Tagliche Rundschau says that the speech will disappoint all who expected a decisive turn, bringing the two peoples nearer together.

### CRITICISM DISAPPOINTING.

London, Nov. 28.—Over night consideration of Sir Edward Grey's speech of yesterday, on the international situation, has served to emphasize the favorable view taken here of the effect of his utterances. There is some disappointment at the rather acid comment of the German newspapers, but it is realized that their criticisms were written before the full text of the speech had reached Berlin, and it is hoped that a further study of Sir Edward Grey's remarks will lead to a more sensitive reception of Great Britain's proffer of friendship.

### LOST VITALITY

### Caused by Kidney, Stomach and Bowel Disorders

St. John, N. B., Sept. 18th, 1911.—My brother was a great sufferer from Kidney, Stomach and bowel troubles and was given up by two doctors. He was advised to try your Fig Pills, which he did, and after taking five boxes was completely restored to health and is better today than he has been for years. You can't recommend Fig Pills too highly.

J. W. MANVERS.  
At all dealers, 25 and 50 cents or The Fig Pill Co., St. Thomas, Ont. Sold in Bridgetown by W. A. Warren, Druggist.

Use up small pieces of toilet soap by boiling in water until dissolved, then thicken it with corn meal. Excellent for whitening hands.