General News.

—Woodstock, N. B. has collected $1550 for violations of the Scott act.

—The cargo taken to London by the York City was valued at $77,000.

—The steamer Longfellow, of the Annapolis and Mount Desert line, made the run from Mount Desert ferry to Digby, on her last east bound trip, in 10 hours and 45 minutes—145 miles.

—Capt. T. W. Churchill, formerly master of the Yarmouth ship Jessie Burrill, has been presented with a gold watch by the American government for rescuing the crew of the Jennie Morton, abandoned at sea in 1882.

—A man named Dube, was brutally murdered in Terrebonne, a village near Montreal, on the 8th inst., by a drunken carter named Brillier and three other men, the first named being the ringleader. Jealousy of Dube's strength was said to be the cause.

—William Starratt, of Liverpool, has passed away at the age of eighty-two years. He was a native of Annapolis county, but resided in Queens for over half a century. He leaves a widow and several children. His son William is the master of a mail steamer plying along the coasts of India.

—Dr. I. S. Johnson and Co., of Boston, Mass., will send by mail, postage paid, a quarter of a pound sample pack of Sheridan's horse and cattle powders on receipt of 25 cents. These powders are worth their weight in gold to make hens lay, and will prevent all manner of diseases common to hens, hogs and horses, including hog cholera.

A SUBMARINE EARTHQUAKE.—*St. John's, Nfld., Jan.* 8.—The bark "Isabel" arrived to-day from Cadiz. She reports having on Dec. 18th, experienced a terrific earthquake, the shock lasting 15 minutes. The thunderous submarine roaring was appalling. The ship was shaken in every fibre, and the crew, paralyzed with fear, broke through all discipline and cut the boats loose. Cessation of the shock restored tranquility. The weather was calm and fine at the time.

—Mrs. Pulitzer, wife of Joseph Pulitzer, the editor of the New York *World*, invited 110 boys and the same number of girls, ranging from three to ten years of age, to Florence hall, in that city recently and distributed $1,500 worth of overcoats, shawls, toys and sugar plums among them. They were all children of poor parents, living in the Tenth, Eleventh and Seventeenth wards, on the east side of New York city.

THE EGYPTIAN MUDDLE.—*Paris, Jan.* 7.—It is stated that France and Germany, have come to an agreement in regard to Egypt. France will next make a reply to the English proposals respecting Egyptian finances, stating her objection to them and presenting a scheme of her own. England, it is expected, will refuse to accept the French scheme, and Prince Bismarck will thereupon propose a conference of the powers.

—A note has been received at Korti bearing Gordon's seal; it was not an inch square. The paper was rolled up about the size of a pin and sewn in the seam of one of the messenger's garments. Gordon estimates the Mahdi's forces at from 20,000 to 30,000 men. The messenger refuses to return to Khartoum. He says the journey is too dangerous. General Stewart arrived at Korti on the 5th, having made the march to Gakdul and return in one week. He left the Guards at Gakdul in a strongly fortified position, with a plentiful supply of water and provisions. A few of the Mahdi's men were captured. The march completely surprised the desert Arabs.

VANDERBILT'S GENEROSITY.—*New York, Jan.* 11.—Wm. H. Vanderbilt has presented to Mrs. U. S. Grant as her separate estate, the debt and judgment he holds against Gen. Grant; also, all mortgages upon which he holds, coupled only with the condition that the words, commissions, medals, gifts from the United States, states, citizens, foreign governments, and all articles of historical value and interest, shall at the general's death, and if at Mrs. Grant's decision sooner, be presented to the government at Washington, where they will remain as perpetual memorials of his name, and of the history of his time. The judgment amounts to nearly $150,000.

—The petrified wood which is so abundant in Arizona, Wyoming, and Rocky Mountain regions, is utilized in San Francisco, where there is now a factory for cutting and polishing those petrifactions into mantle pieces, tiles, tablets, and other architectural parts for which marble or slate is commonly used. Petrified wood is said to be susceptible of a finer polish than marble or even onyx, the latter of which it is driving from the market. The raw material employed comes mostly from the forests of petrified wood along the line of the Atlantic and Pacific Railway. Geologists regret the destruction of such interesting primeval remains, and some steps ought to be taken to preserve certain tracts in their original state.—*Scientific American.*

GRACE GREENWOOD'S NEW BOOK.—"Stories for Home Folks, Young and Old," is the attractive title of a pretty volume by this famous author, just published. It starts out with "A true Story of President Lincoln," which with other war reminiscenes that follow will waken a patriotic glow in the hearts of readers both old and young; there are stories of travel in this and other lands, stories of famous people, of "My First Love-Letter," "Almost a Ghost Story"—in all twenty-nine stories, which being written by Grace Greenwood, who is so well known as one of the most graceful and captivating writers, will find joyful listeners everywhere. The volume is equivalent in size and appearance to the authors other works heretofore sold at $1.25, but being published by the "Literary-Revolution" John B. Alden, 393 Pearl Street, New York, it is sold for 50 cents. Mr. Alden sends a 100-page catalogue, descriptive of his immense list of standard and popular works, free to any applicant.

—A gentleman, the representative of a Moncton manufacturing firm, says the *Times*, while in Nova Scotia recently, was the witness of circumstances which tend to confirm the opinion already entertained by some that Benjamin Trefry, who mysteriously disappeared from East River, near Yarmouth, about three months ago, was not murdered as many suppose, but is still in the flesh, alive and well. It appears that the gentleman in question while travelling in an out of the way district in one of the upper Nova Scotia counties, had his curiosity excited by the suspicious actions of a stranger, at a place where he was stopping temporarily. The stranger, who had only reached the place a few days before, avoided the presence of the Moncton gentleman, so much so as to make his actions particularly noticeable. Some days after, while in another section of country, the Yarmouth mystery came up for discussion and the Moncton man learned that the description of Trefry's appearance corresponded very closely with that of the mysterious stranger. His suspicions were then aroused and as a reward of $500 is offered for information that will lead to the discovery of Trefry's whereabouts, he wrote to the proprietor of the house where he had been stopping, making enquiries. He was informed that the mysterious individual before referred to, had reached the place a short time before in search of work, had given his name as Ricker, and had left a day or two after the Moncton man.

Advice To Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, their is no mistake about it. It cures dysentry and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces the inflammation and gives tone and energy to the whole system. MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle.

Recreation and Duty.

(By T. M. Lewis, G. D. Lecturer.)

THE NORTH MOUNTAIN AND DIGBY NECK.

"I love the awful and sublime, the beautiful and wild."

So said the poet. What a subject for contemplation is that marvelous formation of nature, known as the North Mountain, extending as it does from the Basin of Minas away out into the Bay of Fundy for a distance of one hundred and forty miles or thereabouts, commencing at Blomidon and ending at Brier Island. Oh, who can tell its history, who can recite the time when it appeared, how it came, and why it came? It would take away part of the sharpness of dying if we could be assured that in a future state while pausing for a single moment over the wonders of the one infinite and transcedent act by which the like of us could there in peace, we could be permitted to explore the mighty works of creative energy; standing as they do second only to redemption in matchless might, and intelligence. The earth was once a molten mass. That point is proved—demonstrated; even now the interior part of it is supposed to be a cauldron of liquid fire. Away in the distant ages of eternity, where the North Mountain and Digby Neck now stand, a breach was made in the earth's external crust—for there may have been and are now many crusts—and therefrom poured forth molten rock, or lava, or basalt of which the formation consists. I once read that Proctor reckoned the age of the earth at 525 millions of years. It may have been that the terrible eruption of which we write took place 400 millions of years ago, more or less, in that great "beginning" spoken of in Genesis at the first verse, and concerning which it may be said no mortal has a plumbing line sufficient to sound it. How staggering the contemplation of the "eternal years of God." As Byron has substantially said "an age shall fleet like earthly years" "His years as moments shall endure," and a familiar poet tells us that "a thousand ages in his sight are like an evening gone." But at all events in some by-gone period the burning, belching bowels of old Earth poured or spouted forth their contents in the place where the North Mountain now exists. We may not be able to find out what was the axis or pole of this orb at that time; but it is certain that while the *North* is volcanic the *South* Mountain is an entirely different formation of primary rock. As—in my temperance perambulations—I stand near Digby and look upon this soul-inspiring formation, and in the feebleness of my finite intellect, and amid all the ignorance with which I am enshrouded, scan its multiplied points of interest, I am constrained to resort to that which is most homely and commonplace in order to illustrate my ideas of its make-up and present appearance. Will the reader pardon me when I say that this formation may be compared to a row of pancakes—the pan containing them being the Bay of Fundy, and the cakes, not made of batter of flour and water, but of another kind of mixture consisting of molten rock or lava, and not poured into the pan from above, but forced up from beneath through a crack in the bottom. All cooked and cooled there they are found to-day. Take your position near Digby for a starting point and then go north or south, and you can count these cakes of molten lava by the score or hundred. There they stand and there they will stand, monuments of the power of God, until time shall be no more. As in making pancakes, sometimes they do not touch each other in the pan,—while often and almost always they do—so these lava ones of the North Mountain, while generally in contact one with the other, yet in a few instances did not touch. This is the secret of the gap called Digby Gut. It was simply a case of two pancakes made of lava batter running toward each other and not quite touching. So at the Petite Passage and at the Grand Passage as well. Long Island is a large oblong cake of melted rock—Brier Island a smaller one. At Sandy Cove the batter just touched and that was all. A small amount of labor would put a canal or passage through the neck at this point. Sandy Cove is one of the most beautiful and interesting places in Nova Scotia to visit, and many fine people reside there. Query: Did not all this uprising take place under water, when the "earth was standing out of water and in the water," and does not this view account for the disposition of these basaltic formations to crack and break off in columnar sections like Fingal's Cave, the result of the action of water upon a hot substance? All over these parts the rock seems inclined to shiver and split, and the presence of the soil or earth now lying on the mountain and making the foundation of the nice farms existing there, and the numerous wave washed stones lying over the face of the County, would seem to indicate an alluvial deposit. The whole was probably submerged once, and then bulged up by some invisible internal convulsion. Dr. Gesner's book of fifty years ago on these formations, is a most interesting thing. But while he believes that Digby Gut was bulged through the mountain by the force of the water filling the basin, and while he believes that the basalt pillars or rock which once filled the passage may be found to this day on the bottom just outside the Gut; yet I submit that it is more reasonable that when the rock cooled originally, the formation as it now appears came into being. You can look in dozens of places up and down that mountain from north to south, and see where the same thing was threatened—that is, an opening through,—and at Petite and Grand Passage it is obvious that it actually occurred. With all its interesting mystery I leave the subject.

LECTURING VISITATIONS.

My visit to the different Divisions of our order on Digby neck was soul-inspiring. Strong in numbers, loyal in their allegiance, faithful to our principles, they gave me a hearty welcome; not seeming to think that it made any difference to them that the agent of the Grand Division appeared to them without plumes being neither a "Gen.," or a "Col.," or a "Dr.," or a "Prof," provided he gave them sound doctrine and fair logic, coupled with good common sense. Capt. Wellington Morrell, Deputy of "Tyro" Div., is a man who has seen much of the world—an intellectual and moral hero, a temperance companion. I could have obtained quite an intellectual re-garnishing from this brother, had I have found time to remain with him for something more than part of a day. "Tyro" Division is twenty-six years old, and has six active chamber members in its ranks so I was told; who can beat this? Freeport is remembered largely for the interest taken in the singing at the church. Tiverton, where I occupied the church of the "Disciples", Little River, where the new Sons of Temperance Hall is nearly finished; Centreville, where a remnant of the elect are contending for the faith of L. P. & F.; Sandy Cove, where I had the honor of putting "St. Mary's" Division on its legs again, were all duly visited and will not soon be forgotten. Solomon Dakin, Kelsey Denton and C. W. Moore, Deputies, all co-operated in my movements.

Round Hill, Dec. 1884.

The New Orleans Exhibition.

THE COLOSSAL PROPORTIONS OF THE BUILDINGS—THE AGRICULTURAL DISPLAY.

No persons visiting the Exposition will be disappointed in the size of the buildings. They are colossal, covering sixty acres of ground. It is more than one day's work to walk through the aisles and galleries. The buildings are of cheap construction and will not when completed probably cost over one third of the $5,000,000 expended on the buildings at the Philadelphia Centennial Exposition. They are not such substantial structures but they look well and will fully serve the purpose of the Exposition when thy are made waterproof. So far there has been great complaint from leaks, and the exhibits in the Woman's Department were not sooner placed in position because of the leaky roof. The buildings are scattered over too much ground, 247 acres, unless some way is provided for getting about. There is need of a circular railroad such as that at Philadelphia. An electric road is promised and probably it will come in time. There is no particular ornamentation [illegible] live oak tree [illegible] ish gray m[illegible] tropical clim[illegible] an attraction [illegible] tors. There [illegible] plants, a f[illegible] other inter[illegible] The design [illegible] flora of Mex[illegible] and Cal for[illegible] lakes and [illegible] lemon, ma[illegible] Before coml[illegible] believe that [illegible] tation was [illegible] No doubt it [illegible] over, with [illegible] oak trees [illegible] Spanish gra[illegible] nothing attr[illegible] fact, until the [illegible] a persod cu[illegible] the mis[illegible] to avoid.

Since the C[illegible] there has bee[illegible] the deprtmen[illegible] This is to fu[illegible] resent busi[illegible] ther things [illegible] te splendidly [illegible] There a[illegible] ve towers, [illegible] d by iet stan[illegible] ingle el[illegible] 000 candle-p[illegible] cape ore. Th[illegible] rain and [illegible] lake. Other [illegible] the brill[illegible] and the [illegible] The buildings [illegible] electricity.

In one [illegible] eclipse all o[illegible] in its d[illegible] ducess live [illegible] implements [illegible] and horticul[illegible] ment has [illegible] ture of the [illegible] exhibit with [illegible] and one or [illegible] pretty full dis[illegible] of the farm [illegible] and machine[illegible] manufacturing [illegible] ment display from [illegible] ture includes [illegible] about a farm exceptin[illegible] and live stock [illegible] ories scientifically [illegible] average farmer can [illegible] A chemist exhibits [illegible] hum, a botani[illegible] grasses, a mic[illegible] the fungi fam[illegible] ous, an entomologi[illegible] of insects, and a [illegible] pictured out on chart[illegible] crops, consumption [illegible] duction, etc. [illegible] exhibit are [illegible] make a scien[illegible] standard of [illegible] These State, Govern[illegible] displays are now [illegible] and agricultural buildings.

To give an idea of their character it may be stated that Texas shows 300 varieties of grasses, and such things as 40 pound cabbages and 58 pound water-melons; Wisconsin exhibits [illegible] New-Englanders by exhibiting 70 varieties of beans, and such small things as 72 pound beets; California shows 150 varieties of European wheat spelts, barley [illegible] oats and rye successfully cultivated in that State, with such trifles as a 22½ pound pumpkin and a section of a tree 17 feet in diameter, and 96 samples of almonds; Michigan shows 600 varieties of potatoes; North Carolina displays many kinds of tobacco, and Florida 2,000 varieties of woods worked into a single table. These merely illustrate what the States show.

The live stock display is a thing of the future, as the barns are not yet complete. There are stalls for 1,000 horses and 500 head of cattle, six distinct buildings for horses and for cattle. There is a regulation half mile track adjoining the live stock structures. Over $125,000 has been appropriated by the management for premiums, etc., to encourage the live stock display. Different dates have been fixed upon for the display of each variety of stock. This feature ought to be a great success, as it is projected on a scale beyond anything of the kind before attempted. The difficulty is found in the great distance which breeders will have to bring their stock. But the South Dakotas claims to some fine stock farms and this will be its opportunity to make a display.

The Horticultural building is also included under the head of agriculture. This is a very good building but as yet the display is very incomplete. There is room for improvement in this building. Cash premiums to the amount of $22,000 are offered in the horticultural exhibit. For the agricultural exhibit, including premiums and $100,000 for cost of the horticultural hall, etc., under the management, $400,000 have been appropriated. That is a generous sum, and should and no doubt will obtain the finest display of the kind in the history of the world, as no other country can produce an exhibit of the same extensive character. From all present indications this is to be the chief feature of the Exposition, in respect differing from the Centennial Exposition.—*New Orleans Letter.*

The Fisheries Treaty.

For the Boston Herald.

One may say many grounds for finding fault with the present fisheries treaty without stricting the future wishes of the fishermen who met last week in convention at Gloucester. The majority of the members who composed the Halifax tribunal were manifestly actuated by a desire to secure for the benefit of Canada a grossly disproportionate sum of money for the benefits the United States had obtained, or was to obtain, while the third member, our representative, was for reasons which may now be passed over, in no condition to sustain our cause. No one would dream of renewing the treaty on the basis then established, but as we understand it, the fishermen do not complain of the monetary award; their grievance is found in the Canadian fishermen obtaining fish to our markets free of duty. They wish to have the privilege of fishing off the coast of Canada, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland, and at the same time have the Canadian fishermen prevented from disposing of their catch in this market in competition with them. We do not believe that any large number of our people sympathize with them in this desire, but anything that tended to artificially reduce the price of fish—which is one of the necessities of life—would be a wrong to millions of people, for whom can ill afford to pay more than they are now paying for their daily food. More than this, there is no such an arrangement which would be presented if practised on the other fishing grounds. Suppose that the best fishers on the Atlantic coast were to be found in Cape Cod bay, Massachusetts or Long Island sound. Does any one think that our fishermen would willingly give up the free use of these waters to the Canadian fishermen, particularly if the latter were excluded the fish that we caught in Canadian waters? On the contrary, it is certain that every sort of a cry would be raised against such permitting the case, it seems to us, if another country favors us, not extend if the situation. If we can obtain the right to use the Canadian fishing grounds we shall purchase it fairly, we do it by allowing the free entry of Canadian fish as an equivalent.

News from London

The repeated story that Putnam's Hair Extractor is the best, least harmful and certain and prompt of all preparations offered for the removal of dandruff, is now confirmed by Callard, London, to be nothing over introduced in satisfaction that Putnam's Hair Extractor has. "We remove all traces of cheap or poisonous imitations. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. Poison Corners, Kingston. Always safe, sure.

—W. M. Forsythe, Esq., Stipendiary Magistrate for this District writes as follows, to the Halifax *Chronicle*, in correction of his share in the Scott Act affair that took place in this town; as reported in the untruthful and misleading item published in that paper.:

To the Editor of the Chronicle:

SIR.—I see in your issue of the 3rd inst., the report of a "disgraceful row," which took place on the street in Bridgetown on Wednesday, the 31st inst. And as I happen to be the "stipendiary magistrate" referred to in the report, I cannot, in justice to myself, allow it to go unanswered.

I will, therefore, give you a description of the affair from my point of view, and perhaps before I get through your correspondent will find I am not, when justice requires it, "a passive looker on."

While sitting in my office on the day in question, about two o'clock p. m., my attention was drawn by a noise on the street. I immediately went out, and on approaching a crowd which I saw gathered, I found Mr. W. J. Glencross, of the Grand Central hotel, and Constable Armstrong, of Granville Ferry, both holding a horse detached from a waggon. Mr. Glencross ordered Mr. Armstrong to let go his horse, which he (Armstrong) refused to do. Mr. Glencross then demanded by what authority he, (Armstrong) held his horse? Mr. Armstrong replied that he held the horse under a warrant. Mr. Glencross requested Mr. Armstrong to produce the authority, when he (Armstrong) produced from his pocket a written document, professedly a warrant, Mr. Glencross then, without asking to have the document read, quietly let go his hold of the horse in question, and without any further remark, to the best of my memory, walked away.

In regard to the roughs mentioned in your report I would say I saw none, unless, perhaps, it was one of the parties mentioned by your reporter, who, without any provocation so far as I could see, shook lustily over the head of Mr. Glencross the butt of a heavy dutch whip, or, Mr. Sub-inspector Parker, who insultingly waived his hand as he and Mr. Armstrong illegally drove away in the very team they had taken under a "warrent of distress."

This, Mr. Editor, is a full description of what I saw on the occasion, and is I think very different from the report of your correspondent, who had better in future be careful to report correctly. Thanking you for space in your valuable paper,

I remain,
Yours very sincerely,
STIPENDIARY MAGISTRATE,
District No. 2. County of Annapolis,
Bridgetown, January 5th, 1885.

A Secret Society of Dynamiters.

A PROBABLY HIGHLY IMAGINATIVE STORY—WHAT "DETECTIVES" HAVE DISCOVERED.

WESTMORLAND, Penn., January 7.—A rumor is current here to-night that English detectives have obtained evidence that a powerful secret society of dynamiters exists within the boundaries of this county, and that the society is directly responsible for the recent explosions and assassinations in England. Detectives have been on the track of the society for several months, and found it well and thoroughly organized, somewhat under the plan of the Mollie Maguires. Some of the recent explosions have been traced directly to this country, as well as a number of assassinations committed in England. The headquarters of the brotherhood is suggested to be at Irwin, a small mining town west of this place. Resident Irishmen have been shadowed to England and return by detectives. It is ascertained that large numbers of tickets have been purchased to and from Europe during the past year at Irwin. It is said that these secret spies have mingled with the suspects for over a year, and have become so to speak, of their number. Agents have departed with evidence for Washington, where they will lay the facts before the English authorities. It is claimed that evidence in possession of the detectives will show beyond doubt that citizens of this county have been and are now engaged in sending to England trusted men with large quantities of dynamite, and men who have the nerve to use it after it is there. Several Irish-Americans were seen to-night who hooted at the idea. They say such a thing would be impossible here.

The Novelist,

The Novelist is the characteristic title of a new paper just started in New York, by John F. Alden the "Literary revolutionist." The price is also characteristic,—only $1.00 a year. It is not intended to enter into competition with the high-priced, but low-character, story papers which darken the county like a pestilence, but will be devoted almost entirely to high-class fiction, such as finds place and welcome in the best magazines of the day and the purest homes in the land; making the paper an unrivaled (as to cost, certainly,) source of mental recreation for the weary, and of entertainment for all. During the year there are promised serial stories by William Black, Mrs. Oliphant, James Payn, Hugh Conway, B. L. Farjeon, and others—certainly a good variety as well as a good quantity for the dollar. It is printed in large type, and is a handsome paper. For free specimen copies address the publisher John P. Alden, 303 Pearl street, New York,

TELEGRAPH NOTES FOR THE WEEK

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 8.—About a month ago a man named King assaulted another named Wilson on board the barque Pacific Slope. Wilson in his dying deposition, taken last night, says the cause of the assault was the discovery that King was concerned in the Phœnix park murder, and had shipped under an assumed name.

London, Jan. 12.—It is officially stated that a messenger arrived at Khartoum on the 27th, bearing a letter from Gen. Wolseley to Gordon. The messenger left Khartoum on the 28th, but was captured and beaten. Papers entrusted to him by Gordon were taken from him, with the exception of a small note, which was sewn in his clothes and which said all was well at Khartoum. The messenger says he saw five steamers with troops on board, and that they were engaged in seizing supplies for the Khartoum garrison.

New York, Jan. 9.—Catherine Brown, aged twelve years, the daughter of respectable people at Hicksville, L. I., gave birth to a child yesterday. She declared that her uncle, Eugene Thompson, a married man in the village, was the father of her child. Thompson was arrested. He denied his guilt, and said that it was a put up job to injure his character.'

The Tichborne Claimant.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7.—The *Examiner* publishes a long interview with Edmund Orton, who returned here on the last steamer from Australia, where he went at the instigation of Miss Georgiana Baring, daughter of one of the Baring Brothers, celebrated London bankers, for the purpose of identifying Arthur Orton, who is confined in the Paramatta lunatic asylum at Sydney, N. S. Wales. Orton states that he identified him as his brother, and therefore thoroughly convinced that the Tichborne claimant, recently discharged from prison in London, is really Roger Tichborne, heir to the Tichborne estate. The real Arthur Orton, now in Australia will be taken to London to further establish his identity.

—The Anglo-Saxon mind is fashioned to enjoy a good stand-up fight, and is aroused to admiration and sympathy for the under dog who fights pluckily. But the settling of quarrels and wreaking of vengeance by dagger thrusts in the dark and from behind, excite only contempt and loathing. This is what the Irish dynamiters are doing. They are not fighting for Ireland, but against her; they are not assailing her enemies, but the innocent and helpless, and very likely her own children.—*St. Louis Globe Democrat.*

A Startling Fact.

Thousands of children have died of diphtheria this winter who might have been saved by a single bottle of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.* It is a sure preventative of diphtheria and will cure nine cases out of ten. No family should be without it a day.

REMARKABLE WINTER.—Mr. Daniel Moore, of Kentville, was ploughing in his field on Thursday last. Mr. Moore is a boy of 86 years and can still turn a furrow with the best of them.—*Western Chronicle.*

Marriages.

BERRY—FADEN.—On the 6th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. D. W. Johnson, A. B., Mr. Thomas W. Berry, of Boston, to Annie, daughter, of Mr. Wm. McFaden, of Bear River.

VROOM—WEST.—At the residence of the bride's father, Dec. 16th, by the Rev. J. L. Reid, Mr George H. Vroom, of Middleton, Annapolis Co., to Miss Laura A. West, youngest daughter of Mr. W. H. West, Esq., of Morristown, King's Co.

MILLER—EATON.—At Boston, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. N. J. Jones, G. C. Miller, of Middleton, N. S., to Evie Eaton, of Truro.

MCCLELLAND—GERMAIN.—At the parsonage, Kempt, on the 1st inst., by Elder J. E. Blakney, J. Howard McClelland of Bear River, to Arvilla, only daughter of Geo. Germain, Esq., of Maitland.

BROWN—DUDMAN.—At Springfield, Mass., (Armstrong) held his horse? Mr. Armstrong replied that he held the horse under a warrant. Mr. Glencross requested Mr. Armstrong to produce the authority, when he (Armstrong) produced from his pocket a written document, professedly a warrant, Mr. Glencross then, without asking to have the document read, quietly let go his hold of the horse in question, and without any further remark, to the best of my memory, walked away.

Deaths.

FREEMAN.—At Middleton, Dec. 20th, 1884, Nellie May, daughter of S. L., and H. W. Freeman, aged 11 years and 10 months.

DODGE.—At Middleton, Dec. 24, Rebecca, beloved wife of Arthur Dodge, Esq., aged 76 years. She leaves a husband, two sons, one daughter and many friends to mourn her loss.

MOSHER.—At Gates' Mountain, Dec. 27th, 1884, George Mosher, Senr., in the 88th year of his age.

DANIELSEN.—At Kentville, Jan. 5th, Mrs. Mary Danielsen, eldest daughter of the late Dr. Leslie, of Annapolis, aged 57 years.

WOODMAN.—On Saturday, the 3rd inst., at Clementsport, of consumption, William Woodman, aged 25 years.

POTTER.—At Upper Clements on Tuesday, 6th inst., of cancer, Capt. Isaiah Potter, aged 70 years.

WITHROOD.—At Annapolis Royal, on the 9th inst., Mr. Samuel Withrington, a native of Carleton, N. B., aged 88 years.

CONNELL.—At Bridgetown, on the 9th inst., Rupert Connell.

SERM.—At St. John, on Sunday, Eleanor, beloved wife of James deWolf Spurr and daughter of the late Hon. Alfred Whitman, aged 49 years. The remains are to be conveyed for interment, at Round Hill cemetery, Annapolis, per steamer this morning.

New Advertisements.

Nova Scotia S. S. COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

1884. : : 1885.

Winter Time Table.

"ANNAPOLIS LINE."

Stmr. Cleopatra

WILL leave Annapolis every TUESDAY, P. M., after arrival of Express Train of Windsor and Annapolis Railway. Returning, will leave LEWIS' WHARF, BOSTON, every SATURDAY AFTERNOON at 3 o'clock; connecting at Digby each way with trains of Western Counties Railway, to and from Yarmouth and Intermediate Stations, with privilege calling at Eastport.

BAY LINE.

STMR. DOMINION

Will Leave St. John for Digby and Annapolis every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday morning at 8 o'clock, returning same day.

F. L. CLEMENTS,.....AGENT, BOSTON

C. E. CORBITT,

AGENT, ANNAPOLIS.

jany7tf

NOTICE

Is respectfully given to the public that

Mrs. L. C. Wheelock's

XMAS GOODS,

have all arrived, including a very handsome assortment of

XMAS & NEW YEAR CARDS,

—ALSO—

Picture Frames,
Wall Pockets,
Wisp Holders,
Hand Bags,
Auto, Photo, & Scrap Albums.

SHELLS,
INDIVIDUAL CUPS,
SAUCERS, & PLATES.

&c., &c., &c.

To Loan.

ON first class Real Estate security, $35,000. None but first class security will be taken.

J. G. H. PARKER.

Bridgetown, Dec. 23rd '84.

SALESMEN WANTED

—FOR THE—

Fonthill Nurseries,

415 Acres. The largest in Canada.

Head office, Toronto, Ont. Branch office Montreal, Que.

We want Agents to sell our Hardy Canadian Nursery Stock. Steady employment at fixed salaries to all willing to work. Men and women can have pleasant and profitable work the year round. Good agents are earning from $40 to $75 per month and expenses. Terms and outfit free. Address

STONE & WELLINGTON,
MONTREAL, P. Q.

J. W. BEALL, 54 Counsel Street,
Manager Branch Office.

J. E. LOCKWOOD and DAVID DUNCAN,
Agents for Annapolis County. 813m.

New Advertisements.

COME AND SEE

The superior stock of

CHRISTMAS CARDS,

—AND—

Fancy Goods

For Presents, at

J. W. Whitman's

HATS & CAPS,

at bottom prices. Finest lines Long, Lace and Congress.

BOOTS & LARRAGANS,

at unheard of prices! Select stock of best

GROCERIES

Fruits, Biscuits & Confectionery, for Xmas trade.

Rugs, Robes and Quilts,

very cheap.

J. W. WHITMAN.

FURNESS LINE

Of Steamships,

BETWEEN

Halifax N. S., & London, Eng.

The Only Direct Line.

UNDER CONTRACT

With the Dominion Government.

FROM LONDON.

S. S. Newcastle City.....January, 2
S. S. York City.....27
S. S. Boston City.....February, 10

FOR LONDON.

S. S. Newcastle City.....January 25, '85
S. S. York City.....February 27, '85

Through bills Lading issued from all stations on the W. & A. R.

PICKFORD & BLACK.
Agts., Halifax, N. S.

ADAMSON & RONALDSON,
64 Leadenhall St. London Eng.

or of H. V. BARRETT,
Sole Agent of Annapolis Co.
Office, McCormick's Building, Annapolis.
Oct. 28th, '84. 3m.

APPLES! APPLES!

GENTLEMEN.—At the earnest solicitations of friends, fruit growers and shippers, I have decided to spend the remainder of the present season in London, engaged in the sale of apples. I have secured an office in the centre of the trade, near the auction rooms at Monument Yards, and shall aim to keep my patrons supplied weekly with the most reliable information in reference to the market and its requirements. The best methods of packing, the proper varieties; the proper time of shipping, and such other information as they need, in order to secure the very best returns for the capital invested. I have felt for years that the fruit growers of this valley were losing large sums from the lack of such information as could be supplied by one who has had a long experience in growing and shipping, and is therefore fully competent to advise them.

I trust that the arrangement may prove mutually beneficial.

Correspondence solicited.

I remain yours,

A. H. JOHNSON,

49 Fish Hill, London, E. C.

Dec. 23rd, '84. 373m.

At the BRIDGETOWN DRUG STORE.

Just received, a fine assortment of

CHRISTMAS CARDS,

LADIES' DRESSING CASES,
CELLULOID HAIR BRUSHES,

—ALSO—

Auto., Photo., & Scrap Albums.

PURSES, CARD CASES. A large assortment of TOOTH BRUSHES, HAIR, NAIL, and SHAVING BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, TOOTH PASTE and other Toilet Articles at the

BRIDGETOWN DRUG STORE.

DR. DENNISON.
Physician and Druggist.

Sunday hours for dispensing Medicine 10 to 11 a. m., 2 to 3, and 8 to 9.

APPLES!

APPLES! APPLES!

Charles Donald & Co.,

79, QUEEN ST., LONDON, E C.,

WILL be glad to correspond with Apple Growers, Merchants and Shippers, with a view to Autumn and Spring business. They will also give the usual facilities to customers requiring advances. [aug29m]

Where can I obtain the highest prices for my Apples?

Send them to the

GRANT WAREHOUSE!

where they can always be sold or shipped. Special low rates of freight from

ANNNPOLIS TO LONDON,

Send for particulars.

☞ The loss for six months has never been more than THREE BARRELS in one hundred while other cellars lose from FIVE to TWELVE BARRELS.

Rates of Storage:

One Month, per Barrel.....3c.
Each additional month " .....2c.

One cent for Receiving, Delivering and Sorting.

No greater charge than 10c a barrel for the season will be made.

Apply to

F. C. Whitman,
Agent,

Nov. 10th, '84 3m.
Annapolis Spectator and Kentville Chron.

50 LOVELY Chrome Cards, with name and a price, for 10c and this slip.
A. W. KINNEY, Yarmouth, N. S.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

ANNAPOLIS, S. S.

In the County Court, 1884.

CAUSE:

WILLIAM HOYT FOSTER, Plaintiff.
vs.
RAYMOND FOSTER, Defendant.

TO BE SOLD AT

Public Auction,

by the Sheriff of the County of Annapolis or his deputy, at Buckler's corner, Bridgetown, on

Saturday, February 7th,

next, at 12 o'clock noon,

ALL the estate, right, title, and interest claims, property and demand of the above defendant, or of any person claiming under him, of, in, and to all and whole, that certain piece or parcel of

LAND,

situate, lying and being in Granville, and abutted and bounded as follows: On the west and north by lands of Jarvis Chute, east by lands of the estate of the late Abraham Young, deceased; south by the main Post road, containing eight acres more or less, together with all and singular the easements, tenements and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise pertaining. The same having been levied upon under an execution on a judgment in the above cause, duly recorded more than one year.

TERMS.—Ten per cent deposit at time of sale remainder on delivery of Deed.

J. AVARD MORSE,
High Sheriff,

J. G. H. PARKER, Pliff's Atty.
Bridgetown, Dec. 22th, '84.

NOTICE

—OF—

Assignment!

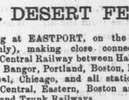
JOSEPH GRAVES of Port Lorne, in the County of Annapolis, Trader, having by deed bearing date the 15th day of December, A. D., 1884, assigned to me all his assets and effects, real and personal, in trust, first to pay all expenses connected with said assignment, and then to pay such of his creditors as shall execute the said deed of assignment within three months from its date, so far as the property assigned shall be sufficient thereto, in order as shown by his schedule of creditors annexed to said assignment.

Notice is hereby given, that the said deed of assignment now lies at my office in Bridgetown, where parties interested in the assignment may inspect the same, and creditors of the said Joseph Graves wishing to participate in said assignment are requested to sign.

All parties indebted to the said Joseph Graves are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

W. Y. FOSTER,
ASSIGNEE.

Bridgetown, 18th Dec. '84. 373m.



1884. 1885

WINTER ARRANGEMENT,

By the Swift Sea-Going

S. S. LONGFELLOW,

Mt. Desert Route.

Short Sea Voyage.

By the Splendid S. S. LONGFELLOW,

Leaving Annapolis 1.30, Digby, 3 p. m., on arrival of the W. & A. R. Express train from Halifax, every

MONDAY & THURSDAY,

—FOR—

MT. DESERT FERRY,

(Calling at EASTPORT, on the Thursday trip only), making close connection with Maine Central Railway between Halifax, Yarmouth, Bangor, Portland, Boston, New York, Montreal, Chicago, and all stations on the Maine Central, Eastern, Boston and Maine, and Grand Trunk Railways.

Baggage checked to destination. For tickets, Apply to

P. INNIS, Manager, W & A Railway.
J BRIGNELL, " W C Railway
JOHN WALSH, Agent, Digby,

and all Station Agents on the W. A. R. and W. C. Railway.

Thos. S. Whitman,
Annapolis, Gen'l Agent for Nova Scotia.
E. CUSHING, Gen. Superintendent, Portland, Me.

Annapolis, Dec 16th, 84. 394m.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

500 MEN

To buy their WINTER SUITS and OVERCOATS at

Morrison's the Tailor,

Middleton, N. S.,

Where they can get a Better Stock of

Cloth and Trimmings

at LOWER PRICES than any other place in the two Counties.

Having a good staff of experienced workmen, I can guarantee satisfaction every time.

A. J. MORRISON'S,

MERCHANT TAILOR, MIDDLETON COR.

September 1, '84.

Notice of Change of Partnership.

The Law Firm of

T. D. & E. RUGGLES,

Office on Granville Street, Bridgetown, N. S., will henceforth be known under the name and style of

T. D. RUGGLES & SONS.

consisting of T. D. Ruggles, Q. C., Edwin Ruggles, B. A., and Harry Ruggles, B. A.

Dated December 16th, A. D., 1884. tf

NOTICE!

TAKE notice that all bills against the