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FIFTEENTH YEAR — TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 23 1894 — ONE CENT.

GAVE HIS LIFE FOR HIS LOVE.

The Humber Floater Proves to Be a Suicide.

HE IS FRED. BACON OF AGINCOURT.

His Sweetheart Had Married Another and He Took His Life.

A Romance Which Had Its Beginning in Far-Off Norfolk, England, and Culminated in the Waters of Lake Ontario—How The World's Enterprise Resulted in the Positive Identification of the Suicide.

The body which Johnnie and Joseph Price discovered on the lake shore, near the Swansea Bolt Works, while en route to Sabbath school Sunday afternoon, was yesterday positively identified as that of Frederick Bacon, aged 22, a farm laborer, who disappeared from Agincourt on Dec. 27 last.

The circumstances which came to light yesterday also served to show that the presence of the body where it was discovered was neither the result of accident or murder, but of deliberate suicide, due to unrequited love.

People who are inclined to sneer at disappointed love as a thing that is easily got over and that just requires to be left alone may possibly, after reading the romance in connection with the "taking-off" of Fred Bacon, arrive at the conclusion that the distracting influence of love is not a matter to be lightly disregarded.

Where the Romance Had Its Genesis.

Six years ago two families named Bacon and Thaxter resided in Norwich, England, almost under the shadow of the famous cathedral. They were very intimate and the children attended school together. Fred Bacon, then a lad of 16, but albeit he was a twin, as strapping a lad as he was ever raised on Norfolk dumplings, became enamored of Emily Thaxter, then a petite young girl of 12. The two seemed to be inseparable. A year later the mother of young Bacon died, and his father in course of time re-married. The children did not get along with their stepmother and their relations were anything but harmonious.

The first Mrs. Bacon had a sister residing at Uxbridge, Ont., Mrs. John McGuire by name. In their trouble the children naturally turned to their aunt for sympathy and wrote her of their troubles. She decided to bring the entire family of six, four boys and two girls, to Canada, among the number being the twins, George and Fred. This was four years ago. The parting between Fred Bacon and his girl sweetheart, Emily Thaxter, was very affectionate, but each promised to be true to the other.

Mrs. McGuire secured positions for the four boys as farm laborers, and their earnings were funded, the intention being to save sufficient with which to buy a farm and settle down together.

A year or two ago George, one of the twins returned to Norwich and induced the Thaxters to come out to this country. They settled near Agincourt. Fred Bacon, who was then employed with Mr. John Wood, in the same vicinity, embraced the opportunity to renew his intimacy with the family. He was very reserved in his demeanor, and while he often called and chatted with his old love Emily, now blossomed into a comely young woman of 17, and even took her to church on occasions, he does not seem to have ever given expression to his feelings. Mrs. Thaxter, whose husband is a day laborer, did young Bacon's washing for him, and he frequently made a call for his laundry an excuse for visiting the house to be near his sweetheart.

The Successful Wooer.

There was another young man in the neighborhood named Thomas Beckett, a laborer in the employ of Mr. Jas. Gibson in the Kennedy-road, who also became smitten with the charms of Miss Thaxter, and he determined to win her. He was more persistent in his wooing than was Bacon, and in course of time the youthful exchange of love-tokens between the latter and the girl became to her more like a tradition than a reality, and she yielded to Beckett's persuasions and agreed to marry him. In blissful ignorance of the engagement, young Bacon continued to call upon the young woman whom he expected one day to call wife.

When Bacon entered the employ of Woods he agreed to work for a year for $165. Towards the middle of December, his time being about up, he commenced to look for a new job. He had an engagement to enter the employ of Mr. Walter Gould, banker of Uxbridge, in the spring, but desired a position for the intervening three months. He mentioned the fact to his rival, Thomas Beckett, and the latter told Bacon that he was leaving Gibson's for Box Grove, where he intended to cut wood, and perhaps Bacon could get a situation there. This just suited the young man, as he would be nearer his lady love, and he saw Gibson and completed arrangements to go to work.

Tuesday night, Dec. 5, he visited Mrs. Thaxter's premises and paid her $6 for the year's washing. Next morning he dropped around again, and while conversing Mrs. Thaxter remarked to him: "This is a poor day for the wedding." "What wedding?" said Bacon. "Why, Emily's marriage to Tom Beckett," was the rejoinder.

Like a Thunderbolt From the Blue.

Bacon looked up suddenly at the blue sky as if he had received a summons from the eternities, staggered and fell back a few paces. The announcement came to him like a thunderbolt from the blue. Finally, he recovered himself and shortly afterwards took his departure.

As a matter of fact, the wedding of Emily Thaxter and Tom Beckett took place the same day, Rev. Mr. Brown performing the ceremony.

Young Bacon made no comment. Saturday night he went to Uxbridge, where he remained over Christmas with his cousin, Mrs. William Low, wife of a furniture dealer there. Always quiet, he appeared to be even more reserved than usual, but showed no signs of despondency. He even told of his plans for the future—of his intention to work for Mr. James Gibson until the spring and then to enter the employ of Mr. Walter Gould at Uxbridge.

Bacon's Disappearance.

He returned to Agincourt on Wednesday, 26th, and remained over night at Gibson's. Next morning he answered the breakfast bell at 6 o'clock and worked steadily all day. After tea he removed his frock and sat down in the kitchen. He ate a couple of apples, chatting unconcernedly the while. Suddenly about 7 o'clock he arose from his seat and remarking "I think I will do down to Tom's (meaning Thaxter's) for a time," he left the house. That was the last seen of him alive. The Thaxters claim that he never called there and investigations made by County Constable F. M. Frankish of Uxbridge, who was engaged to look after the case by relatives, and Detective John Hodgins prove that on reaching the sideline before coming to Thaxters he turned up the road and went to Milliken's Corners, a flag station on the C. P. R. Here he boarded the 8.20 train. He purchased a ticket for Toronto on the train from Conductor Riley and chatted pleasantly en route to the city with an acquaintance named Pearson. From that hour until his dead body was found on the beach Sunday no trace of Bacon can be discovered, although John Douglas, an ice cutter, claims to have seen a man answering Bacon's description, together with a companion, passing along the lake shore, near Grenadiers' Pond, on Monday, Jan. 8.

How Bacon Was Identified.

Detective Hodgins had been furnished a description of the missing man. According to his testimony at the inquest before Coroner Cotton at Nurse's Hotel yesterday, when he picked up The Toronto World at breakfast time Monday morning and saw a portrait of the dead man and a fac-simile of the key found in his possession he at once came to the conclusion that the floater and Bacon were identical. He had fitted a key of his own in the lock of Bacon's trunk and found that such a key as that outlined in The World would fit the trunk. Detective Hodgins at once wired Bacon's cousin, Mr. William Low at Uxbridge. He also had seen the portrait in The World and, while the profile looked familiar, could not swear positively to the identity. He came to the Humber and viewed the body and expressed the belief that the corpse was that of Bacon. The build and height were identical with that of the missing man, but the features had become so discolored that they could not be identified.

Later, however, the body was positively identified as that of Bacon by Frank Magee of New Toronto, who formerly worked with Bacon.

Evidently Deliberate Suicide.

Bacon had several hundred dollars to his credit. In accordance with the arrangement made by the brothers he had handed his savings for three years to his aunt, Mrs. McGuire, who had banked it in Uxbridge. When he entered the employ of Wood at Agincourt he agreed to work for a year for $165. Of this sum he drew only $25, and this but a few days before Christmas. He made purchases to the extent of $6 or $5, and when his trunk was searched $17 and Bacon's watch was found therein. There is still due him the balance of $140 on his year's wages from Mr. Wood. There is abundant evidence that he had less than $1 in his possession when he disappeared, and 65 cents was found on his body.

Everything tends to show that, brooding over what he, justly or unjustly, considered his jilting by Miss Thaxter he decided to end his life, believing perhaps, that if not in his career at least in his mode of ending it the young woman would have cause to remember him. His decision to select the spot he did may have suggested itself by the fact that a few months ago John Sneddin took his life in the same place.

Jumped In at the Mouth of the River.

The opinion of Mr. Nurse, who recovered the body, is that Bacon jumped into the water at the mouth of the river, was washed out into the lake and then washed back by the current to the shore, where it became lodged in the ice banks and finally became frozen in the sand. The condition of the head, the hair on the back of which was almost completely washed off, showed that the corpse must have been buffeted by the continued action of waves and ice for a period of two or three weeks at least; while the manner in which the body (which had been protected from the ice by the clothing) was ballasted with sand, bore additional testimony to the fact that it had lain there all through the recent storms. The body could not have come from Toronto Bay, as all floaters therefrom invariably land off Vanevery's Point. So everything pointed to the fact that the body entered the river near where it was found.

There were several peculiar features which, it was thought, should be cleared up by a post mortem. The foamy mouth and froth at the nose, which are generally present when a drowned person is removed from the water, were totally absent, and the body did not become swollen or discolored after being removed from the water, as is generally the case. The possibility that an indenture found on the right side of the forehead might not have been caused by the floating ice, but by a blow before death, and, perhaps, more than anything else, the testimony of Mr. Charles Nurse that in all his experience—and he has had a varied one at the Point—he never saw the body of a drowned man like this, afforded ample reasons why Coroner Cotton should thoroughly enquire into all the details. Besides, his cousin, Furniture Dealer Low, is firm in the conviction that Bacon was lured away and murdered.

The relatives of the dead man in this country are Miss Lily Bacon, Uxbridge; Miss Alice Bacon, Lindsay; Wheeler Bacon, Zephyr P.O., and Thomas Bacon, Claremont. As previously stated, his twin-brother George returned to England.

This is the jury empanelled to hear the evidence: William Burgess, foreman; John Callahan, James Ball, Charles Kirby, Patrick Boland, William Head, William Harris, William Barton, Robert Dutnell, George Thompson, William Gilman, George Armstrong and James Todd.

"TIRED OF LIFE."

Suicide of a Young Man By Inhaling Gas in a Hotel.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 21.—A young man who has been stopping at the New Haven House since last Friday under the name of J. E. Lawrence of Utica, N.Y., committed suicide at the hotel last night by inhaling illuminating gas. Before completing his arrangements for the deed he had collected his letters and other papers, placed them on a salver and burned them. A few that he had accidentally missed were afterwards torn into bits and tossed in a corner. He, however, overlooked a little book which contained a number of his cards and a letter. The letter had been addressed to Gaston E. St. Lawrence, at a Springfield, Mass., hotel. The cards are inscribed, "Gaston E. St. Lawrence." This is undoubtedly his name, but where he came from is still a mystery. In the little case in which the cards were found was a note which read as follows: "Tired of life; please excuse for not paying bill, for I am dead broke. Don't come from Utica. Please bury at the expense of the town."

CAMPBELL'S BODY EXHUMED.

The Inquiry Into the Georgetown Mystery to be Continued.

GEORGETOWN, Jan. 22.—The body of Daniel Campbell was exhumed on Saturday and a postmortem held by Drs. Roe and Fotheringham. The arms and body were found to be badly bruised, and a clot of blood was found upon the brain. The medical testimony will be given at the adjourned inquest on Thursday.

MYSTERIOUS DISAPPEARANCE.

The Treasurer of Many New York Concerns Missing.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—William T. Zell, treasurer of the New York Athletic Club, of the Lehigh Valley and Wilkesbarre Coal Company, the Lehigh Coal and Iron Company, the Lehigh Valley Car Company, and the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, is missing. He is probably one of the best known patrons of athletic games in the city.

He left home Friday morning ostensibly to go to his office.

FROM LONDON TO NEW YORK.

The Son of the Archbishop of Canterbury Makes a Hit—His Books All the Rage.

The appearance of a new book by the author of "Dodo" will be hailed with delight by those who have learned to appreciate this new star in the literary firmament. In "A Double Overture," which is on sale by John P. McKenna, 80 Yonge-street, some of the characters of "Dodo" reappear. These characters are all conspicuous Londoners and are well known in London clubs and drawing rooms, and to the young son of the Archbishop of Canterbury, E. F. Benson, the brilliant author of these two novels. Benson is undoubtedly the most-talked-of author today in London and New York society.

To improve and strengthen the voice use Adams' Horehound Tutti Frutti. Sold by druggists and confectioners, 5 cents.

Clarets from the celebrated house of Jules Merman & Co., Bordeaux, at $3.50, $4, $4.50 and $5.50 per dozen quarts. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

THE C.P.R. LAND SUBSIDY.

AUSTRALIANS MAKING ENQUIRIES FOR CANADIAN GOODS.

Allotment of the Balance of the Land to Which the C.P.R. Is Entitled Soon to Be Made—Trial Shipment of Canadian Canned Goods to Go to the Antipodes.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan. 22.—President Van Horne, Solicitor Clarke and Mr. Tait of the Canadian Pacific Railway had an interview to-day with the Minister and Deputy Minister of the Interior on matters relating to the land subsidy of the company. It may be mentioned in this connection that since Mr. Daly took charge of the Department of the Interior he has applied himself with great vigor to the allotment of these lands and that out of about 18½ millions of acres to which the company remained entitled, after part of its original grant of 25 million acres had been re-purchased by the Government, nearly 14½ millions have been allotted and accepted by the company. The conference to-day was to some extent a continuation of a conference held some weeks ago, just prior to his departure for England, by Mr. Hamilton, land commissioner for the company, with officers of the Department of the Interior, and these two conferences are likely to result ere long in the allotment of another quantity of land.

Canadian Canned Goods For Australia.

When the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell left for Australia he took with him a quantity of information relating to Canadian trade, prices current, trade circulars, etc., which were judiciously distributed in the various parts of Australia he visited. The seed thus sown is already beginning to bear fruit in the way of correspondence between Australian dealers and Canadian manufacturers, and some orders for Canadian goods have been placed, while a number of Canadian manufacturers are preparing trial shipments for the Australian markets. Amongst these is Mr. Boulter of the Bay of Quinte Canning Company, who is preparing a consignment of Canadian fruits and vegetables which are likely to find a good market in Australia.

Prof. Robertson At Ingersoll.

Professors Robertson and Fletcher of the Central Experimental Farm leave for Ingersoll to-morrow, where they will address the Dairymen's Association of Western Ontario, which commenced its annual session there to-day.

BLAKE'S APPEAL EVOKES SARCASM.

London Press Comments on the Request for Funds.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Hon. Edward Blake's appeal in The Toronto Globe is causing sarcastic comments here. The Graphic says that from the annual balance sheet which the "American Paymasters" had addressed them, it costs £9000 yearly to keep the McCarthyites in Westminster. The Times says that Mr. Blake's curious appeal for funds shows that the field is left open for his opponent. The Standard and other papers comment in a similar manner on Mr. Blake's appeal.

LOBENGULA AGAIN IN THE FIELD.

Recruiting His Forces For a March On Buluwayo.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A news agency in this city has a despatch from Cape Town stating that the latest advices from Buluwayo are to the effect that King Lobengula is recruiting his forces along the Zambesi River. The despatch adds that many of the Matabele, who were scattered in many directions by the British, have rejoined their tribesmen, and that it is Lobengula's intention to reopen the conflict. It is said that he is determined to march upon Buluwayo, his former capital, which is now occupied by the British. The defences at Buluwayo are not of sufficient strength to allow the British there to hold the place against an attack by the Matabele in force.

PREMIER RHODES FEELS BITTER

At the Manner in Which English People Have Criticised Him.

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 22.—In addressing the volunteer troops at Buluwayo just before his departure, Premier Cecil Rhodes spoke bitterly of the manner in which they had been vilified by a large section of the English people at home.

"Such treatment," he said, "is calculated to alienate the affection of the loyal colonists. It is a manifestation of the spirit by which England lost her American colonies."

Return of the Sofa Expedition.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—A despatch from Freetown, Sierra Leone, states that the British expedition under command of Col. A. B. Ellis, which was sent out against the Sofas, returned to Freetown yesterday, the work of the expedition having been accomplished. The interior of the country is now quiet.

"Betsy," by Trinity Dramatic Club.

SUING AN ALLEGED THIEF.

F. W. Fearman Seeks $1500 Damages From an Employe.

HAMILTON, Jan. 22.—F. W. Fearman's solicitors have issued a writ against Harry Woodcock, one of the dishonest employes now in jail, claiming $1500 damages "for that the defendant wrongfully possessed himself of certain property of the plaintiff, to wit, hams, pork, bacon, lard and provisions, and converted the same into money, to wit $1500, and therewith purchased certain lands in the city of Hamilton, to wit, lot 13, Burton-street." The plaintiff claims a lien on the property and to have the land conveyed to him, and for an order to distrain the defendant from disposing of it.

In the long run Beaver is cheap.

A Week of Unusual Brilliance.

This week has brought a revival of spirit and energy among people in society. The most important event will of course be the cricketers' ball, which promises to be the largest, swellest, jolliest and gayest dance of the season. There are many new gowns in course of construction for this sprightly function, and we venture to say that quinn will sell more of those one-fifty up-to-date English full dress shirts than he has sold for many a day.

"Betsy," Grand Opera House, Jan. 26th and 27th.

George W. Childs Better.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 22.—Mr. George W. Childs' condition was more favorable to-day than it was last night and his fever had abated somewhat.

Reward of $1000

to any person who will prove that the clear brand Alberta 5c cigar is not made of pure, long Havana filler. For sale everywhere. 153

Have you seen "Betsy"?

Champagnes for champagne cup, first-class quality, at $15 and $16 per dozen quarts. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Other medicines fail, Coughicura never.

Important Notice.

Blight Bros., stationers, have removed from The Globe Building, corner Yonge and Melinda-streets, to 65 Yonge-st. 246

TO DISCUSS ONTARIO POLITICS.

A Monster Mass Meeting To Be Held in the Auditorium at an Early Date.

The Young Conservatives' meeting in Shaftesbury Hall last night was chiefly remarkable for the large number of motions that were presented. The meeting was almost unanimously of the opinion "That it is essential to the success of any plan for the union of the British Empire to recognize the right of the people in the colonies to direct representation in the Central Government until such a time as a Parliamentary body for the whole empire may be created." The motion was fostered by Mr. Van Somers and was spoken to by Messrs. C. F. Gallagher, W. H. Hariton, Casimir Dickson and W. B. Newsome.

Despite the eloquence of Dr. R. J. Wilson, his motion favoring freer trade with the Mother Country, Australia, and if possible with the United States was lost by a large majority.

The rules were suspended to allow Mr. J. L. Church to move, "That the Executive Committee be requested to arrange for a large public meeting of the citizens of Toronto in the Auditorium at an early date to discuss the public questions of the day and to protest against any delay in the reforms promised last session by the Government regarding the representation of the city in the Local House and that Mr. W. R. Meredith, Mr. E. F. Clarke, Dr. Ryerson and the leaders of the Opposition in the province be invited to deliver addresses." After the meeting had deliberated and voted in favor of the motion, Mr. G. Prior Deacon gave notice of a motion which has in view the reconstruction of the Conservative party on purely provincial lines, and with a view to initiate the reform Mr. Deacon asks that a committee be appointed to confer with the leader and candidates. He named the following gentlemen: President W. D. McPherson, E. F. H. Cross, A. G. McLean, Dr. R. J. Wilson, J. R. L. Starr, J. A. Ferguson, J. Fawcett, F. F. Henry, A. S. Wigmore.

DAVID MILLS, HIS SPEECH.

Constitutional Questions Discussed Before the Young Liberals.

A good-sized audience, including a number of ladies, assembled in Richmond Hall last evening to listen to an address by Hon. David Mills. Hon. Timothy Warren Anglin was there, and must have been startled into a keen recollection of the old days when Mr. Mills, forgetting himself in the rapid flow of his own talk, began a sentence with the words "Mr. Speaker." Mr. Joseph Tait, M.L.A., was present also, the only one of his colleagues observed as present being Mr. James Conmee of Algoma. Hon. John O'Donohoe occupied a front seat. Among others present were: M. G. Cameron, W. D. Gregory, A. F. Jury, J. K. Stewart, Rev. Dr. Parker, Archibald Blue, John Kennedy, R. S. Clarke, George Evans and J. B. Jardine.

President Pedley made just the right kind of speech in introducing Mr. Mills, making a sufficiently lengthened and eulogistic reference to the guest's political career to pay a graceful compliment, yet not saying a word too much.

Hon. David Mills spoke for about an hour and a half. The speech must have been very carefully prepared, otherwise it could hardly have excluded so completely everything new and striking. It was thoroughly characteristic in that it dealt almost wholly with constitutional and Parliamentary questions. Early in the evening he spoke of "constitutional law and political ethics," and these abstractions were the burden of the address. He expressed a chastened sorrow that the people would persist in considering questions directly affecting their condition rather than those relating to the right and wrong of Government, the principles upon which the machinery of politics should be worked. He insisted that political reforms were at the basis of any sound movement for fiscal and economic reform. He contended that the people had adopted the National Policy through selfishness and that they had never changed their minds and would support that policy. Enlarging upon this subject, he went into the industrial census of the Dominion, making comparison of the different tables to show that there was not the prosperity in the country which was alleged. In this connection was the only glint of humor in the speech. He ridiculed the census as including among "industrial establishments" the home of the dressmakers, the saw fliers "and that descendant of Jacob who, with his brush and his chemical appliances, is engaged in cleaning clothes and making them look 'so better as new.'" This led him into the deep-worn track followed by all Liberal orators of comparison of the census population figures and, of course, the excuse: "To reform these things certain reforms must be and certain ancient powers of the House of Commons to restrain corrupt practices asserted. "Material welfare cannot be maintained if the material tone is wrong. Even if it were possible to produce a case where the public welfare and the rule of right were at variance it would be better to follow the right. But it is not possible to produce a single instance in which the highest advantages are not perfectly consistent with that which is in itself perfectly just." The moral tone of the people, he contended, had been lowered by protection, and it was maintained by the "gerrymander," the franchise law and the election law, all of which were used to the disadvantage of the Opposition. He was hopeful of success for his party notwithstanding, and said that never since Confederation had the feeling of the country turned so strongly against a government as it had against the present Dominion Administration. He spoke at length upon the Edgar charges against Sir Adolphe Caron and the failure of the House to appoint a committee of investigation, contending that such a course was unprecedented and in opposition to recognized constitutional principle.

A vote of thanks was moved by Mr. W. Russell in a clever speech and seconded by Mr. J. B. Jardine, an old stumper, who roused great laughter by his hits at Dr. Ryerson and Mr. Marter. The vote of thanks being carried, Mr. Wills briefly acknowledged the same.

INDIA'S SILVER MUDDLE.

Calcutta Money Market Almost in a Panic Yesterday.

LONDON, Jan. 23.—The Calcutta correspondent of The Times says: The money market to-day was almost in a panic. It is feared that the Earl of Kimberley may accept any rate offered at the sale of bills. It is virtually certain that he can command fair rates if he holds out a week or so longer.

A despatch to The Times from Hong Kong says: Last phase of the silver crisis has had a deplorable effect upon business there. Both in Hong Kong and Shanghai trade has been paralyzed.

Beaver chewing is clean. Buy it.

How English Miners Were Sustained.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—The miners' conference came to an end to-day. A report was submitted showing the amount of money that had been received and expended for the relief of the miners during the recent great strike. The sum of £77,562 was subscribed to the relief fund by members of the Miners' Federation and £24,152 by other trades and the general public. This gave a total of £101,714. The expenditures chargeable against this sum amounted to £101,089.

It was also reported to the conference that the general fund income had amounted to £28,000. Of this amount £19,000 had been expended.

Beaver is the gentleman's chew. Ask for it.

P. P. A. Convention.

HAMILTON, Jan. 22.—The P.P.A. convention will be held in Association Hall, and will open to-morrow morning. The delegates will number 400 and will come from all over the province. The convention will last three days.

8000 REBELS ARRIVE IN RIO

WITH GOODLY STORES OF RIFLES AND AMMUNITION.

Alleged Cruelty of Peixoto's Officers to the Men—Fight Between the Nictheroy and Aquidaban Will Not Occur if the Former Can Help It—A United Attack.

LONDON, Jan. 22.—Further details from insurgent sources have been made public regarding the movements of Gen. Saravaiva, who, as reported yesterday, was said to have arrived in Rio Janeiro bay with reinforcements of 8000 troops for the insurgents. This force is said to have arrived at Rio Janeiro on the night of Jan. 15. Before leaving Pagona, General Saravaiva is said to have seized 2134 rifles, 400,000 cartridges, two Krupp guns and ammunition for them and $250,000 in cash. All the seized articles, with the cash, were turned over to Admiral de Mello, who gave Gen. Saravaiva a receipt for them.

Cut Down a Wounded Man.

The following incident, also from an insurgent source, is given to illustrate the treatment accorded government troops by some of their officers: A private in Rio Janeiro was severely wounded by a shell that had been fired from Villegaignon, which is held by the insurgents. As the missile struck him, tearing flesh and crushing bone, the man gave a loud cry, that was heard by an officer standing close to him. The officer, who had his sword in his hand, turned to the wounded man and despatched him. The comrades of the man thus foully murdered sprang upon the officer, and would have killed him had he not been that another shell fell into the struggling crowd and exploded. Five of the men were killed by this shell and the others then returned to their posts.

One Final and Determined Attempt.

PERNAMBUCO, Brazil, Jan. 22.—"Our plan of action," said a prominent officer of the Brazilian dynamite cruiser Nictheroy, "is as follows:

"We have orders to cruise off Pernambuco until we are joined by all the other vessels purchased in Europe and the United States for the loyal navy.

"When those are here and all in commission we shall proceed southward, probably to Bahia, and there join the Tiradentes; thence sail direct to Rio Janeiro and make one final and determined attempt to dislodge Mello and Da Gama's forces from the positions they now occupy there. And we shall win.

"It is not our purpose to fight the Aquidaban or the Republica north of Rio. If either of them come to look for us, why, we'll simply run away from them. The Aquidaban belongs to Brazil and it would be a pity to sink so fine a vessel. We prefer to possess ourselves of Rio Bay first. When we are undisputed masters of that then the Aquidaban will soon surrender to the legal authorities."

RADICALS AND ROYALTY DISAGREE

King Alexander of Servia and Ex-King Milan Request the Radicals to Give Pledges, But Are Refused.

BELGRADE, Jan. 22.—King Alexander and ex-King Milan summoned the chiefs of the parties to the palace last evening for a consultation. Milan reproached the Radical leaders for many alleged misdeeds, and told them it was impossible to allow them to remain in power unless they would give certain pledges. The conditions of their retaining office were submitted to the Radicals this morning. They were: Revocation of the order against Milan's residence in Servia, abandonment of the impeachment proceedings against the Liberal ministers who served under Avakumovic up to the coup of last April 12, expulsion of the anti-dynasts members from the Radical Club. The Radicals declined to accept any of these conditions. The Radical Cabinet members are nominally in power, although the Premier and War Minister General Sav Gruitch was forced to surrender the war portfolio to Col. Milovanovic, who commanded the troops when the regents were deposed. Alexander and Milan are trying to secure a progressive-Liberal coalition from which to obtain a new Cabinet.

A SKETCH OF EX-KING MILAN.

King Milan of Servia, on March 6, 1889, issued a decree formally abdicating the throne in favor of his son, now Alexander I. The ex-King is the fourth of the Obrenovitch dynasty, founded by the leader of the war of insurrection against Turkey early in the century. He was born in 1854 and succeeded to the throne in 1868 after the assassination of the uncle, being crowned at Belgrade in 1872. His reign was a stormy one, the Servians taking up arms against Turkey in 1876 and being vanquished, and Austrian and Russian rivalries creating strong factions in his kingdom. At the close of the Russian campaign of 1877-78 he made a fresh demonstration against Turkey in order to obtain territorial cessions when a treaty of peace should be negotiated. In 1885, instigated by the Austrian party, he invaded Bulgaria with a well-equipped army, but was defeated disastrously by Prince Alexander. Subsequently he applied to the ecclesiastical courts of Servia for a divorce from Queen Natalie, daughter of Colonel Keschko of the Russian Imperial Guard, and obtained a decree on Oct. 24, 1888. His only child is Prince Alexander, the present King, born in 1876.

The Ex-King, a tall, singularly handsome and well-built man, spent his early youth in Paris, and studied under M. Francois Huet. He has kept a sincere attachment for the family of the Huets. Both husband and wife were like father and mother to him, and he looks back on the days he spent with them with heartfelt gratitude. On his accession to the throne he at once applied himself to improving the financial condition of the country, and with such success that the revenue, which in 1868 was only 15,000,000, had in 1883 increased to 34,000,000. He was confident that he had not yet obtained the full resources of the land and received the whole benefit of existing taxation. He would no doubt have achieved more important results had not the war broken out and arrested his progress.

Servia is for its extent sparsely populated—it does not boast of more than about 1,820,000 inhabitants, distributed over four millions of acres. The Servians are a hardy, sober, agricultural race, devoting themselves to the raising of cattle and the growing of fruit and grapes.

In 1882, when Prince Milan took the title and rank of King, his civil list was raised from 700,000f to 1,200,000f, and a new palace was erected for him, with high, gaudy, pretentious domes and a somewhat barbaric architecture. It was intended to replace the old residence of the Konak, which was not much more than a one-storied villa, divided by a railing and a small garden from the street, but the rear grounds are shady and well wooded and stretch out into the semblance of a park.

Tax Receipts from Race Associations.

ALBANY, Jan. 22.—The tax received last year from racing associations under the Ives pool law amounted to $21,574.

"Betsy," by Trinity Dramatic Club.

Oak Mantels

In Colonial and other latest designs. Tilings and Brass Goods. W. Millichamp, Son & Co., 234 Yonge-street. e

ONE EGG RUINED.

That bad boy, Johnny Thompson, drops a stone in the McCarthy nest.

HOOPER TO BE TRIED AGAIN

On a Charge of Attempting To Murder His Wife.

MONTREAL, Jan. 22.—Detective Silas Carpenter expects to leave for Joliette tonight to take Hooper to Three Rivers to stand his trial for attempting to murder his wife.

When Hooper heard that the Government had decided to press this part of the charge he was very much depressed, as he thought he was sure to be let go after the Crown had failed to prove the murder charge against him.

The prisoner's father and sister remained over at Joliette till to-day, as they, too, were confident that the accused would be a free man to-day. When they received the news that the prisoner, instead of leaving Joliette a free man, was simply to leave the jail there for the jail at Three Rivers it was more than they could stand, and they wept bitterly.

The case has already cost the prisoner and his father $5000, and it is thought they have but little money left to fight the case over again.

The Crown officers claim that the circumstantial evidence of the attempted murder at Louiseville is so strong that a verdict of guilty is sure to be returned.

On the other hand the lawyers for the defence say that the new action against prisoner on the part of the Government is a petty piece of business and simply shows spite.

They also maintained that no jury, after learning that the prisoner had been acquitted on a murder charge, would convict him on the minor one.

TROLLEYS FOR THE ROCKIES.

Electricity to Supersede Steam on Two Sections of the C.P.R.

MONTREAL, Jan. 22.—In the near future the trolley system of locomotion will be in operation in two sections of the Rocky Mountain division of the Canadian Pacific Railway. Contracts have already been let for the construction of the motors. The power will be developed from water falls in the neighborhood, and the necessary machinery for this purpose has also been contracted for. The trolley is especially adapted for steep grades such as characterize the sections of the C.P.R. on which it is to be adopted. Steam locomotives will be entirely abolished on these parts of the line.

THE ORIGIN OF THE TARIFF.

First Imposed By an Arabian Chief in Spain.

Roderick, the last of the Goths, deeply affronted the commander of the Spanish army in Africa, Count Julian, who in revenge invited the Arabs under Musa into Spain. Musa sent over 100 Arabs and 400 Africans under Tarif to the northern shore. This chief gave his name to Tarifa, where he landed, and thus because of the duties imposed there his name lives in the word "tariff," a word of considerable importance in the commercial world. There's another thing of considerable importance in the commercial world, to wit, the partnership policy of the Manufacturers' Life, which all business men who have seen it declare to be the best, cheapest and most comprehensive policy issued for the insurance of partners. Particulars at head office Manufacturers' Life, Toronto.

Sigh no more. Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti is an absolute cure for indigestion or dyspepsia. Allow no imitation to be palmed off on you.

The Cricketers' Ball.

Thousands of beautiful and choice roses and lilies of the valley will be found at Dunlop's, 445½ Yonge-street, next Harry Webb's, on Wednesday morning. Please send orders early. Telephone 4192.

"Betsy," Grand Opera House, Jan. 26th and 27th.

Arlington Hotel.

For comfortable bright rooms and combined with reasonable rates and excellent cuisine the Arlington Hotel has not its equal in Toronto and those who desire permanent winter quarters should hasten to make their arrangements before the best rooms are taken. ed

At Grand's.

Commencing at 11 o'clock this morning Messrs. Silver & Smith will sell by auction a few of the choicest carriage horses ever seen in Toronto. Also several drivers and handsome complete turnouts.

Piano Tuning.

Reduced charges, excellent work, 500 city references. Address Jules Normau, Arlington Hotel. Telephone 1586.

ONLY A WEEK,

But Little Time For Those Who Want Bargains in Furs.

Do you know that this is practically the last week of Dineens' famous clearing-out sale? On Thursday next the firm will commence stock-taking, so the sale must conclude on Wednesday next.

Those who have not visited Dineens' since the inauguration of the sale, which has caused so much comment, can have no idea of the bargains offered by the firm. The immense stock of new style, high quality furs has been selling at astonishing prices.

All Dineens' goods were manufactured for this season. In fact, the manufactory is still in operation and the firm's large stock of skins is being turned into garments of the most approved make. Of course, the low prices preclude all idea of profit, but W. & D. Dineen will be satisfied if they turn their fur stock into cash before the end of the month, and of this there is every prospect.

Arrangements have already been made for the spring stock, so it is absolutely necessary that the fur stock shall be out of the way before it arrives in order that space and money may be ready for the reception of the spring goods.

Visit Dineens' now.

Two or three days will make a big difference in the size of the stock and many of the best bargains will be gone.

ABSCONDER BALFOUR CAUGHT.

He Will Be Taken to England From Argentine Saturday.

BUENOS AYRES, Jan. 22.—The Argentina Times says that Jabez Spencer Balfour, Ex-M.P., who is wanted in England for the part he took in bringing about the collapse of the Liberator Society and several other societies of that class, has been arrested at Salta, capital of the province of that name, in the northern part of the Argentine Republic. The arrest was made at the instance of the British Consul there. He will be taken to England on a steamer sailing from Buenos Ayres on Saturday next.

Mr. Stout May Recover.

J. P. Stout of Vancouver, who shot himself recently, continues to progress favorably. He has been suffering from indigestion and catarrh for some time, and it is thought this may militate against his recovery, and that it also may have been the cause of his feeling despondent, although he did not allow his friends to detect the fact.

Poor Blood.

Persons, sick and convalescent, whose *blood* grows poor and thin, who have a distaste for food, whose *members* grow cold and inactive, whose *sleep* is agitated and uneasy, who have no energy and disinclination to work, whose flesh is wasting away, should use Almonia Wine, recommended by all the principal physicians. Gianelli & Co., 16 King-street west, Toronto, sole agents for Canada. Sold by all druggists.

Claret is acknowledged by leading physicians to be an excellent blood-maker. William Mara, 79 Yonge street, has the largest stock of clarets in Ontario, and sells them at 25 per cent. lower than any house in the trade.

Found Dead in Bed.

CLINTON, Jan. 22.—Peter Campbell of Stanley, a well-known and respected farmer, was found dead in bed this morning. Heart disease is the supposed cause.

Cures indigestion when all else has failed—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Allow no imitation to be palmed off on you.

Reduction of Salaries.

The city officials who have been reduced 15 per cent. off their salary can easily make up the deficiency by purchasing their household groceries at Milligan & Co's. Tel. 2408, 662, 2235 or 5363. By leaving your order at Milligan's you save money and get the best articles in the market. 25

Gibbons' Toothache Gum acts as a temporary filling and stops toothache instantly. 246

The New Fish Market.

Much needed in the city, is now established at 77 and 81 Queen-street West. We find prices marked: White fish and salmon 7c, cod and haddock 5c, smoked haddie 7c, oysters 30c per quart. Tel. 2894. 246

Have you seen "Betsy"?

DEATHS.

SINCLAIR—On Monday, Jan. 22, 1894, at the residence of her nephew, John Henderson, 21 Alexander-street, Toronto, Christian Bain Sinclair, aged 79 years.

Wick, Scotland, papers please copy.

LAST WEEK OF TARIFF TALK.

THE SUGAR SCHEDULE OCCUPIES CONGRESS ALL DAY.

**The House Struck Out