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MONDAY EVENING, JANUARY 4, 1892.

PER COPY.

NO. 9141.

NEWS IN A NUTSHELL.

An Old and Trusted Postal Clerk in Trouble.

A Murderer Confessed His Guilt—Two Men Killed on the Lake Shore Road.

Rev. H. J. Haviland has accepted the unanimous call of the Ancaster Baptist Church.

The resignation of the pastor, T. J. Gannon, of the Baptist Church, Wilkesport, took effect Jan. 1.

Sir Hector Langview suffers from jaundice, but was better Saturday.

The Herchmer Commission will sit at Maple Creek, Port McLeod, Lethbridge, Calgary and Prince Albert after completing the inquiry now in progress at Regina.

A miser, while prospecting on John Perry's farm in Harry township, Frontenac, discovered a cave of unknown extent containing silver stannates, which he has since beaten into rings. The ore in sight is very valuable.

W. Beamish, of the Belleville, Ont., customs officer who was missing, has been written from Chicago stating he will not return. His books are all correct, and no reason can be assigned for his action. He was 35 years in the service.

A postal mail clerk named Hayden, one of the oldest on the line between Montreal and Toronto, has been suspended on suspicion of being implicated in the disappearance of some registered letters. He has been in the service for over nineteen years.

When the Common Pleas Divisional Court at Toronto gave judgment quashing the habeas corpus in the case of Henry Jarbutt, and remanding him for extradition to Texas on the charge of forgery, an order was made staying proceedings for one month to allow the prisoner to appeal to the Court of Appeal. Notice has now been given, and the prisoner will make another effort for his liberty.

Charles Haft of Freemansburg, Pa., died Saturday of aggravated hiccoughing. He hiccoughed for eleven days.

Two unknown men were killed by a West Shore train near West Point, N. Y., Friday. Supposed to be Italians.

Roswell B. Mason, who was mayor of Chicago at the time of the great fire, died at midnight Friday. He was 86 years of age.

Governor Russell has issued an appeal to the people of Massachusetts asking them to come to the aid of the famine sufferers in Russia.

Two Bedford, Mass., boys, aged 11 and 13 years, while skating Saturday broke through the ice and were drowned. They were sons of N. A. Evers.

President Harrison has issued a proclamation announcing the signature of a reciprocity agreement between Salvador and the United States to take effect Feb. 1 next.

At Sheboygan, Wis., Sunday night, Edwin Fairchild shot and killed daughter, Arloline Johnson, and then turned the revolver on himself with fatal effect. The girl will probably live. A family quarrel was the cause.

An unknown persecutor, persists in writing letters to Jay Gould, demanding \$10,000 for injuries received by the writer's father and mother while traveling on a railroad controlled by Mr. Gould years ago. The writer states that unless the money is forthcoming Mr. Gould renders himself liable to be blown up.

A Denver (Col.) dispatch says a man named Demarcus surrendered himself to the police there yesterday, saying that two years ago he had killed Mr. and Mrs. Greenwood at Colfax, Cal., for the purpose of robbery. The chief of police at San Francisco confirms the man's story.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN.

Sir James Redhouse, the Oriental scholar, is dead.

Nearly Forty Persons Lose Their Lives.

A British Bank Run Down and Fifteen Lives Lost—Several Other Mishaps.

PANAMA, Jan. 4.—A frightful steamboat accident is reported from the Cauca River, by which Don Jose Maria Mejia and most of a party of 40 persons lost their lives.

CUT DOWN AND SUNK.

A steamer, believed to be the Red Star liner Nordland, which sailed from Antwerp for New York, ran down the British bark Childwell, off the Wieringen Lightship, and cut her to pieces. The bark sank and fifteen of her crew were drowned. The steamer continued on her voyage without stopping assistance. The Great Eastern Company's steamer Ipswich rescued the captain and the remainder of the crew, who were found clinging to the only remaining mast.

DISABLED.

New York, Jan. 4.—The steamer City of Paris, from Liverpool, states that on Dec. 27 she fell in with the Landfall City, from New York to Bristol, with her engine striking a fence. I found him using St. Jacobs Oil. He used it freely all over his back, and saw him next morning at work. All the blue spots finally disappeared, leaving neither pain, nor swelling. C. K. Newman, M.D. Why should it be so often repeated that it is the best, when doctors are surprised?

Wanted—Dyspeptics, the world over, to test K. D. C. Free sample mailed to any address. K. D. C. Company, New Glasgow, N. S.

W. T. Strong, druggist, 184 Dundas Street, keeps a full line of toilet articles.

FROM ACROSS THE ATLANTIC.

A Distinguished Explorer Wipes Two Big Lakes Off the Map of Africa.

Royal Wedding Plans and Other High Life Matrimonial Developments—Tremendous Week at the London Postoffice—A Naval Scare—Rebellions in Various Lands—A Craze for a Fortune—Nine Years of Captivity—Great Preparations for War by Russia.

LONDON, Jan. 4.—When visiting the continent next spring the Queen will go to Portsmouth to Cherbourg, in the royal yacht "Victoria and Albert," and journey from that port direct to Hyeres. On leaving the Riviera, her Majesty will go to Germany, traveling by way of Genoa, Milan, the St. Gothard tunnel and Basle to Darmstadt, where the Queen will be the guest of the Grand Duke of Hesse for two days before going to Cronburg on a visit to the Empress Frederick. The Queen will stay at Cronburg ten days, and is likely to be pleased by her visit, for at the end of April the Tannus country is usually in great beauty.

THE EMPEROR WILLIAM has been most pressing in his invitations to the Queen and appears to have set his heart upon her Majesty visiting him at Potsdam. The Queen does not wish to encounter the bustle and fatigue of a state visit to the Prussian court and a sojourn at Potsdam that would inevitably produce embarrassing questions of etiquette and precedence. A few days' stay at Coblenz would suit the Queen much better, although such an arrangement would fail to satisfy the Emperor. Whatever arrangements may ultimately be made her Majesty will return to England by the Flushing and Port Victoria route.

THE ROYAL WEDDING is to take place at Windsor only because it has been found impossible to arrange for an adequate place in Buckingham Palace. The wedding is to be a semi-state affair, and the ceremony will be arranged by the Prince of Wales, who intends to take the management of the function into his own hands. It is not the case that the honeymoon will be spent at Osborne, as according to arrangement the bride and bridegroom will proceed to Sandringham.

ROYAL SUPPER FOR WORKINGMEN. The King of Belgium has won golden opinions from his subjects by the manner in which he inaugurated the new glass banquet hall at Laeken. Instead of giving a court dinner, as was generally anticipated, he invited the 500 workmen employed in the restoration of the palace to a supper, and after a short time to be conducted through the whole of the winter gardens, which were magnificently lighted for the first time by electricity. On leaving each guest was presented with a bottle of wine, a case of sweetmeats and a purse of money. This has done more to conciliate the workingmen than a hundred political lectures.

ANTI-DISSEMINATION. A large anti-dissemination meeting is to be held in Edinburgh on Jan. 15, under the auspices of the Lyceum League and the presidency of the Duke of Argyll. Leading lay members of the Church of Scotland have promised their support, and among the speakers will be found Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Lord Moncrieff and the Lord Advocate. It is expected by the promoters that the result of the meeting will be to put back the question of disestablishment of the Church of Scotland to a very dim and distant future.

SOME INTERESTING DISCOVERIES. The Royal Geographical Society will have Elinor Fuchs's detailed report of his wanderings with much interest. It is reported that he has discovered the ultimate source of the Nile in the River Kifu, but he has certainly not been as far south as four degrees, where that stream is said to rise. It is accepted that he has traced the Nile to Lake Edward. This is itself a great change, in the geography of Central Africa, as now known. It sweeps away the possible Lake Kifu, and probably Stanley's Victoria Nyanza. There are other streams than the Kifu entering Lake Albert Edward from the South, and some of them may extend farther south than the Kifu. In fact, Stanley believed in 1876 that the Shioerje was the true source of the Nile.

A TERRIBLE CAPTIVITY. Telegrams have been received here from the Congo which confirm the statements made by Father Orswalder, the priest of the Sudan, Austria mission who was taken prisoner by the Mahdists some nine years ago, but who recently escaped from Omdurman and made his way to Korosko. Father Orswalder, who was accompanied in his flight from captivity by Sisters Chinciarini and Venturini, said 40 Europeans are still in the hands of the Mahdists at Omdurman. He added that they are loaded with manacles and cruelly beaten. They are so closely watched that they had lost all hope of escaping. Among the prisoners are 10 Greeks, 8 Syrians, 8 Jews, 2 Austrian missionaries and Slatin Bey and Herz Noubil. They describe Khartoum as all destroyed excepting only the Austrian Church and Gen. Gordon's palace, and they say that vegetation is covering the sites of the houses. During two years famine and smallpox ravaged the Sudan. Malaria reigned to such a degree that the soil was food is plentiful and cheap. According to Father Orswalder, Darfur is nearly deserted by the Dervishes. Late advices corroborate Father Orswalder's report of the waning power of the dervishes in the southwestern part of the Sudan. They state that frequent conflicts have occurred between the Mahdists and the native chiefs, and that the latter have been often victorious. Disensions are weakening the power of Mahdism, and the people generally would welcome any change bringing relief from its tyranny.

STILL ANOTHER REBELLION. Dispatches from Sydney announce that there has been further trouble in Samoa.

Information has just been received to the effect that another bloody war among the natives is imminent. It is said that the King Malietoa Laupepe, the monarch who was referred to power Nov. 9, 1889, at the head of about 200 followers, was, as the news referred to left Samoa, in the act of attacking Luma, where the Matsafas were in garrison. The rebels were said to be short of ammunition, and a complete victory for King Malietoa was anticipated.

A BISHOP'S PAY STOPPED. The French Minister of Public Worship, M. Fallieres, has stopped the salary of the Bishop of Carcassonne because the latter recently visited Rome without first obtaining permission from the Minister of Public Worship, in accordance with the order issued shortly after the Pantheon disturbance in that city. The Bishop of Carcassonne in reply says he went to Rome to fulfill his spiritual duty in a manner similar to that of previous years, when he had not asked permission to do so, and had not incurred the slightest blame. From this it is inferred that the Bishop either was not received or heard of Fallieres' famous circular, or that he has misinterpreted its meaning.

MOROCCO IN SERIOUS TROUBLE. Advice received at Gibraltar from Tangier, the diplomatic capital of Morocco, report a serious state of affairs in the vicinity of that city. No explanation is given of the trouble, but it is said that the tribes in the neighborhood of Tangier are in open rebellion against the Sultan of Morocco. The British are taking prompt and energetic steps to protect British interests in Morocco. One of the important points in that country in possession of the British is Cape Juby. A British gunboat has already started from Gibraltar to protect the British residents at that place, and the battleship Thunderer is preparing to follow the gunboat. The Thunderer is a twin-screw, gun turret ship, armed with 9,300 tons and 7,000 horse-power. She mounts four guns.

THE PLOTS AGAINST THE CZAR. Advice from St. Petersburg are that the illness of the Czarina is partly due to worry over the plot against the Czar, in which the highest court and imperial personages are suspected of being involved. Private letters state that some of these plots are aimed at obtaining a divorce, a coronation, the nobles and landholders will appoint members of an assembly.

THE SEAL FISHERY DISPUTE. Sir George Baden-Powell will return to Washington next week for the purpose of drawing up the report of the Behring Sea commission. The report will be made jointly by the commissioners of Canada, Great Britain and the United States, and will be submitted to the Court of Arbitration. It is expected that that body will be appointed the latter part of this month. It will be composed entirely of jurists.

MATRIMONIAL BOOMS. The marriage of Miss Mitchell, daughter of Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, to the Duc de la Rochefoucauld, occurs in the early part of February. It is learned that the couple have been secretly engaged six years, but have deferred the wedding because of the opposition of the Duc's family. The opposition grew out of the fact that the Senator was not rich enough to provide a dowry satisfactory to the family of the bride. The Duc himself is far from rich, but he has a good reputation, and is a much more desirable "catch" than many of the titled gentlemen who have obtained American wives during the last few years.

THE LATEST BETROTHAL in which Americans are especially interested is that of Lawrence Lawrence, brother of Charles Lawrence, of Boston, to Miss Violet Mills, daughter of Lord Hillsborough, who is a partner in the famous banking house, of which Glynn Mills is the head.

LORD HARTINGTON'S TRANSLATION. Lord Hartington, having become Duke of Devonshire, will have to sit in the Upper House, and the Dissidents are nominally without a leader in the House of Commons. The party will most previous to the commencement of the session, and formally elect a leader, who, of course, will be Mr. Chamberlain. The party will still be led by the new Duke of Devonshire, but the cerebral effect of the change will be to increase Chamberlain's power and enliven the proceedings of the House of Commons. The faded influence of the Duke will find a congenial, fostering atmosphere in the House of Lords, and Chamberlain will be relieved of his restraining presence, against which he has always chafed. Parliamentarians anticipate with delight the spectacle of Mr. Chamberlain attempting to patronize Mr. Balfour. There is no love lost between these two leaders, whose qualities are about as assimilative as oil and water; and if the Government machine is to run smoothly each will have to show a good deal more forbearance than he is known to possess.

There is likely to be some friction also in the House of Lords, where the Duke of Devonshire will have to consider the susceptibility of the Duke of Argyll, the irascible old man who, ever since his son, Lord Lorne, married the Queen's daughter, has regarded himself as "the blood royal," and of the Earl of Derby, who will be more than likely to feel the effect of the unceremonious ejection from leadership which he has held in the Upper House since 1886.

Nobody need quarrel with the tone of the valedictory address to the electors of Rosedale, which the Duke of Devonshire has just issued. It is a temperate, almost dignified vindication of his career in the House of Commons, and it is virtually an appeal to his constituents to endorse his policy on the Irish question by electing the

Liberal Unionist candidate who is now seeking their suffrages. It will not be possible, should the Liberals win Rosedale, as they are likely to do, to deny that the election was not fought on the home rule question. This election, by general consent, will be of exceptional importance, as it will test the feeling of the typical Lancashire industrial community.

The Liberals are full of enthusiasm at the prospect of the fight which they had repeatedly and vainly endeavored to precipitate by calling upon Lord Hartington to resign. Rosedale contains three municipal boroughs—Bacup, Rawtenstall and Haslingden—and the mayor of each is a Liberal. Of the 72 municipal seats 52 are held by Liberals, and at the last county council elections the Liberals were everywhere successful. The Irish vote is estimated at 700 out of a electorate of 11,500, and the indications are that it will be cast solidly for the Liberal candidate. The omens, therefore, are propitious. The contest actively commenced to-day, and the thoroughgoing Liberalism of the party is being estimated from the fact that the Liberal candidate has sent a photograph of himself to every elector.

THE PRINCE OF WALES. The Prince of Wales continues steadily to tread the path of virtue and his rehabilitation will soon be complete. He has just become a "male associate" of the Needlework Guild. But, alas! Society, formed some years ago for the purpose of supplying poor people with clothing. Male associates are expected to contribute annually two articles, but these need not be necessarily of their own needlework. The Prince will probably compound with his conscience by ordering his major-domo to look up a few pairs of cast-off boots and trousers. If the managers of the guild were to propose commercial things for sale by auction. A pair of trousers guaranteed to have been worn by the Prince of Wales, would fetch enough money to furnish a number of men with complete suits. The proprietor of the London Daily Telegraph would certainly be among the bidders, although his name has once more been passed over in the list of New Year's resolutions. The Telegraph turns against Gladstone because its proprietor, Mr. Levi Lawson, yearned for a baronetcy and thought he could more easily get it by serving Lord Salisbury. Mr. Lawson is in open rebellion against the editor of his newspaper, and a sort of enlarged "Court Circular."

A big type editorial is confidently expected to appear in the Telegraph in a day or two, in which the noble example set to a degenerate generation by Colonel B. Hicks, who promptly excused from service on a jury convened to inquire into the death of a certain pauper a gentleman who had the honor to serve in the Prince of Wales's kitchen. "Of course," said the complaisant coroner, "if this gentleman has business to transact in the Prince's household he must be excused."

STRAUSS' NEW OPERA. "Ritter Paganini," was produced at the Imperial Opera House, Vienna, Saturday night, with only moderate success. There was not a single encore, although the opera was several times called before the curtain and was honored with laurel wreaths the compliment was evidently a personal one to the popular idol. The critic says: "Strauss has not given his gloriously which means that in his aspiration to be grand he has sacrificed his special music. The only really successful numbers, judged by the opinion of last night's audience, were the waltz, the aria, and the waltz music in the third act, referred to a week ago. The greatest success of the evening was achieved by Francis Marie Renard in the second act, with an aria in waltz rhythm in E flat major. "Of course," said the complaisant coroner, "if this gentleman has business to transact in the Prince's household he must be excused."

A "CURLED DARLING'S" TROUBLES. The curled darling of the witness stand in the Dublin divorce case, who had to eat his own words under cross-examination with regard to his relations with Lady Clanricthy, is either a very unfortunate man or something else. For the second time some one has used the name of Marmaduke Wood to a check which, on being presented, has been returned marked "No account." Friends in need are friends indeed. As on the last account, a warrant of arrest was actually issued against Marmaduke. The checks found their way into the hands of high class demi-mondaine at the Empire Theatre, and loud are the lamentations of certain ladies on discovery that the checks have been dishonored. "Of course," said the complaisant coroner, "if this gentleman has business to transact in the Prince's household he must be excused."

THE NAVAL SCARE. The predicted naval scare has commenced, and promises well. France has nearly three times as many seamen and marines as England has, and in 1894, even if peace should prevail, it will be impossible to man the new British ironclads which will have been completed by them, "unless something be done in the meantime." Admirals and others to whom money is no object, propose that a naval reserve shall be formed by adding 2,500 marines at £2.50 a week to be employed to garrison dockyard and seaport towns. England's navy already costs over £14,000,000 yearly.

FORTUNE-HUNTING EXTRAORDINARY. If the Italian newspapers are to be trusted, a man named Martini died intestate at San Francisco some time ago leaving a fortune of \$34,000,000. The sum is large, but so also is the Italian imagination. The facts which are beyond question are that Martini is one of the commonest names in Italy, and that from all parts of the country hundreds of letters are received daily at the Italian Consulate in London, from Martini's in all stations of life, some modestly requesting further particulars, and others, who form a large majority, boldly claiming kinship to the alleged millionaire. There is talk of forming "Martini syndicates," and many simple peasants will be swindled of their savings unless the bubble be pricked by somebody in authority in San Francisco.

LONDON BY GASLIGHT. The London Gaslight and Coke Company asserts that it has beaten the record in the line. During Christmas week, when fog and frost reigned for six awful days and nights, on Thursday alone the company's customers consumed 128,000,000 cubic feet

of gas. Thirteen thousand tons of coal were burnt by the company on that day. This company supplies about three-fourths of London with gas, several smaller companies looking after the remaining fourth.

LORD ROSEBURY'S ENGAGEMENT. The engagement of Lord Rosebury to the youngest daughter of Sir Charles Tennant is confirmed. His first wife, one of the Roschids family, died in 1880. Miss Tennant is younger than his lordship, though she is scarcely in the first bloom of youth, and is possessed of a fair fortune. Her father is an ardent Gladstonian, and has at times entertained the Grand Old Man when on his travels. The engagement has caused some little flutter in polite society.

A GREAT POSTAL RECORD. During Christmas week 38,000,000 letters and parcels were posted in London, and 23,000,000 were delivered. Fifteen thousand sorters and postmen were on duty on Christmas Eve within the metropolitan area. If there should be any place in the world where these gigantic figures were equaled, positively or comparatively, Postmaster-General Ferguson would like to know its name.

LATEST CABLE GOSSIP. The London Lyceum will reopen tomorrow evening with a revival of "Henry VIII.," upon which Irving has already won over £1,000, but there is not the slightest fear that he will lose money by it, as the house has already been booked to the middle of February, and people are still sending cash for seats. Ladies who have seen a play at the Lyceum declare that it is at least two of them who will look "a perfect fright."

Penitentiaries of the powers have had a meeting at Brussels and have signed the protocols of the anti-slavery act, which goes into operation 80 days hence.

It is reported in Dublin that the plan of campaign has been extended to Capt. Hill's estate at Gweedore, Donegal, where only twelve out of 800 tenants have paid their rent.

In several provinces of the Russian Empire the Zemstvo, or district assemblies, have decided to issue loans at low rates of interest. The measure is designed for the relief of the famine-stricken peasants, to prevent their selling or pawning their land and farming implements.

Mrs. James Brown Potter and Mr. Kyrie Bellow have sailed on the mail steamer for the Cape for a professional tour through the South African colonies.

The miners of Holzapfel district, near Wiesbaden, have struck. Troops are keeping order.

The Marquis De Penafel, the Ambassador of Portugal to Germany, died at Berlin yesterday of influenza.

The Paris Journal des Debats questions the intentions of the Czarina to visit Paris. The Government has not yet been questioned on the question.

The Sun says it hears that Mrs. Osborne, who figured so disgracefully in the Harrogate scandal some years ago, has been betrothed to a child since her flight from London.

The Pope has agreed in principle to adopt an attitude toward King Humbert and Emperor Francis Joseph which will enable the latter to visit Rome without embarrassment to either.

As an outcome of certain events at the recent court ball at Berlin, Emperor William has suggested to the officers of Potsdam garrison that those unable to dance should attend court balls in future.

The Northumberland miners have amicably accepted a reduction in wages of 5 per cent.

Herr Pfusch, cashier of the Buda-Pesth Savings Bank, committed suicide on Saturday, when a shortage in his accounts was discovered.

Four masons at work upon the new House of Justice at Halle, were killed on Thursday last by the collapse of a portion of the structure.

The Brazilian Government has rescinded the law requiring foreign merchants shipping goods to Brazil to present invoices and bills of lading to Brazilian Consulates for legalization.

East Middlesex Conservative Nominations. The adjourned meeting of the East Middlesex Conservative Association was held Saturday afternoon in the Masonic Temple. After a long and interesting report the attendance got down to business. A motion was made nominating Joseph H. Marshall, M.P., as the standard bearer for the party in the next election. That gentleman was accepted. The usual speeches were made by delegates, the most amusing of which was that of J. E. Moore, of South Norwiche, who announced that the Marshall family had been in the land since Marmaduke Wood reigned.

The speaker hinted at a traitor in the camp, and he was going to write to Reeve Cline about it and get thoroughly mixed up. The Editor of London Township, said he had always been a Conservative, but when the Government allowed any agricultural firm or firms to go to work and form a monopoly for the purpose of raising the price of manure, he was forced to support the farmers' rights, then he would support the Government to do away with the duty on machinery altogether and give them free trade.

His remarks caused considerable amusement, because it was known that the implement combine is in full force to-day. Hon. John Carling's name was not mentioned. The wirepullers met and agreed to switch him off the track, despite the earnest desires by the London Conservative managers that he should be permitted to run in the east riding. Reports from the constituency are to the effect that opposition to Mr. Marshall is as strong as ever.

Entitled to the Best. All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have at least a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to cleanse the system when constipated or bilious. For sale in 75c bottles leading druggists.

A practical cook book containing nearly 1,000 valuable receipts free to housekeepers by calling at STRONG'S drug store, 134 Dundas Street.

It is still on the great 25-cent sale at J. H. Chapman's. Don't miss the chance. Any tie in the store at 25 cents.

K. D. C. the Dyspeptics Life. Why? Because it makes life worth living. Free sample package mailed to any address. K. D. C. Company, New Glasgow, Nova Scotia.

Does not the same reason hold against a lawyer's writing his own will as against a physician's prescribing for himself when sick?

Oriental Rum and Quinine

HAIR TONIC.

Cooling and invigorating to the scalp, prevents the hair from falling out, removes dandruff, prevents itching, imparts a delightful color to the hair.

DIRECTIONS.—Apply thoroughly to the roots of the hair by briskly rubbing every two or three days.

PREPARED BY CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE

PERFUMERS, ETC. 256 Dundas Street, - - London

FATEFUL FLAMES.

An Old Man Burned to Death at Maxwell, Ont.

Four Persons Perish at Sanford, Cal.

Four Persons Crushed to Death by Falling Walls—Great Loss of Property.

MAXWELL, Ont., Jan. 4.—On Friday night, during the absence of Hugh Thompson, his house, situated about four miles from this place, took fire, and his father, an aged and blind man, was burned to death. The house and everything in it was destroyed. The origin of the fire is not known.

FOUR PERSONS PERISH. SANFORD, Cal., Jan. 4.—By the burning of two frame dwellings here yesterday morning four persons lost their lives and six others were badly injured. The fire started by the explosion of a coal oil stove in one of the houses, and spread to the Methodist Church and adjoining dwellings. The inmates of the two dwellings consumed by the flames were killed. The fire broke out, and many of them jumped from the windows, receiving more or less severe injuries. Those burned to death were: Elmer E. Spotted, of Chester, N. H.; U. B. Tucker, Sacramento, and E. W. Foster, of this city. T. C. Hammond, a printer, was badly burned and hurt by jumping, and died a few hours afterward. The injured will probably recover.

FOUR PERSONS CRUSHED TO DEATH. NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 4.—Saturday afternoon fire broke out in Webb, Stevenson & Co.'s store on College street, spreading to the adjoining store occupied by A. G. Rhodes & Co., and then into Atwell & Sneed's and Weakley & Warren's seven-story furniture store. The members of the colored fire company were standing across the alley between the three-story building of the Phillips & Buttrick Manufacturing Company, when Weakley & Warren's building suddenly bulged out in the center and fell across the alley. The following firemen (all colored) were crushed to death: Aaron Cockrell, Stoker Allen, Harvey Ewing and C. C. Gowan, the latter the captain of the company. When the Phillips & Buttrick building crashed in it quickly took fire and was completely consumed. The flames swept back towards the Noel block, and a vacant building adjoining Atwell & Sneed's was burned. The Noel block then caught fire and is in ruins. A number of the men were injured by falling walls and explosions that blew out the front of two or three stores. The loss will approach \$500,000.

Other Conflagrations. SEAPORT, Ont., Jan. 4.—The stocks of John Beattie & Co., drygoods, and Jackson Bros., merchant tailors, were completely destroyed by fire and water Saturday morning. Loss fully covered by insurance.

The cause of the fire is supposed to be incendiary. The firemen worked heroically, and saved the best business portion of the town from destruction.

LEWISTOWN, Ont., Jan. 2.—Fire broke out New Year's night in a wagon and blacksmith shop on the west side of Mill street, totally destroying it, together with most of the contents and a large dwelling adjoining. Insurance \$500. Cause unknown.

WYNDHAM, N. S., Jan. 4.—The axe factory of Emery & Waterhouse, North Monmouth was burned Friday. Loss, \$50,000.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 4.—Fire at Harding, Mo., destroyed business houses and dwellings. Loss, \$75,000.

SPRINGFIELD, S. C., Jan. 4.—The Convalescent Home was burned Saturday night. There was no loss of life. Loss, \$50,000. Insurance, \$40,000.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—A fire accredited to spontaneous combustion occurred in Brooklyn last evening, and destroyed the four-story grain elevator of Francis G. Pinto & Sons. Loss, \$100,000.

DETROIT, Jan. 2.—Detroit's need of a fire boat was again demonstrated last night by a big fire on the river front at the foot of Bates street, when W. A. Bourke & Co.'s warehouse was destroyed, causing a loss of \$40,000. During the fire an explosion occurred, resulting in the injuring of Capt. Conklin, Chaplain street; Capt. Harris, of Mount Elliott avenue; Pipeman Wm. Colfax, of Catherine street; Ladimerman Samuel Swain, of truck No. 1, residence not learned. Several other firemen, including Capt. Mathewson, of engine No. 3, and Pipeman McNamara, were also slightly injured during the progress of the conflagration, but were not compelled to leave their posts.

NEW YORK, Jan. 4.—The steamer City of Paris, from Liverpool, states that on Dec. 27 she fell in with the Landfall City, from New York to Bristol, with her engine striking a fence. I found him using St. Jacobs Oil. He used it freely all over his back, and saw him next morning at work. All the blue spots finally disappeared, leaving neither pain, nor swelling. C. K. Newman, M.D. Why should it be so often repeated that it is the best, when doctors are surprised?

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High, ds, hma, nchitis, ar and C

spades for a chronic id. Prior, 25c.

& LAWRENCE

AS STREET

WORK.

9—Fourteen deaths died yesterday. There is the sick list. The St. Lawrence district widespread epidemic of cholera is high.

Archbishop Thibault, on day of influenza.

Officer Dr. T. V. Hutchins, of beef belonging to the city, on the 4th was diseased, and was consumed. The at to the police station and ordered it to the owner to sell it to the Club for their dogs to do so. Otherwise it is said that Mr. cow himself, and that in the city.

London merchant Dr. omment physician city in the seventies. About during the Northwest or Manitoba and was a commercial dealings. He there, as he was here, and was appointed to a Government position. His deeply regret to hear of occurred Friday at Los where he had gone for his Dr. Hagarty married a Dr. Scenlan, who formerly under cure, Mrs. Hagarty now residents at Portage.

Shop. "What those come