

New German Attack Crushed

Australian-American Brigade Carry Their Line Forward.

Name of Germany Will Be Loated Says Bonar Law. French Check Enemy in Lorraine. Turkey's New Sultan Proclaimed.

WAR REVIEW.

While there has been local encounters of more or less importance along the battle line in France, there has been activity of significance in its bearing on the general tense situation from the North Sea to Switzerland on the British front. East of Amiens Australian troops with which Americans are brigaded, have pushed forward from the village of Hamel south of the Sois River. The Australians carried their line forward over a front of almost four miles at that point last Thursday in their last assault they have surged ahead at the centre of the new front which they created last week. The operation was successful in that the objectives were reached and the positions taken are being held by the men from the Antipodes. Further north along the southern side of the Lys salient there has been quite heavy artillery, especially in the Hinges sector where during the fighting in April when the Germans had pushed far ahead in the Flanders area. The battle north and east of Hinges was one of the most desperate in character, the village of Loon being the scene of repeated combats in which the German attacks were crushed by the British defences. In the French sectors in the Oise, Soissons and Rheims regions only patrol encounters have been reported. The Americans and French have been quite active near Chateau Thierry where the French have made some advance in the neighborhood of Hill 204 on the north side of which the Americans attacked and captured the village of Vaux last week. The French report some measure of success in this fighting, while the German assaults were repulsed with heavy losses. Austrian troops have been pushed across the stream. During the offensive last fall they crossed the new channel of the river and pushed forward for some distance toward the old river bed. In the abortive offensive last month they made the further progress there and across the hills there and were forced back by the Italians. Since the collapse of the Austrian drive the Italians have been steadily forging ahead in this region. Positions on the west bank of the river have been abandoned. This restores to the Italians the west bank of the Piave from north-west of the Montebellato Plateau to the sea and writes the final chapter in the story of the Austrian drive in that sector of the Italian front. In the mountains the Italians have held all the ground they have won in recent fighting east and west of the Brenta River. There seems to be some inclination that fighting of a serious character may be impending on the west end of the line where it passes through Albania. Vienna reports a heavy attack there by French and Italian troops.

THE FATEFUL HOUR UPON US.

LONDON, July 6. The coming German blow will not be less dangerous because of the time employed in preparing for it, but it is comforting to know that the men responsible for the command of the Allied armies are confident of the result. Andrew Bonar Law declared last night at a dinner to the delegates of the Parliamentary Commercial Conference. It is impossible to foresee the future, he said, but I do believe that the fateful hour is upon us, and if in another three months our enemies have won no strategic object, then their campaign will have failed, and it will, I hope, be a decisive failure. The Germans possessed the most perfect military machine that ever existed, but the Chancellor said he believed that when the history of the war was written it would seem that Germany had made greater military mistakes than any other Power. He instanced the submarine warfare which had brought the United States into the war. He doubted whether Germany would get as much out of Russia as she expected. Wherever the German soldier had planted his foot the name of Germany will be loathed for generations. Mr. Bonar Law said he trembled to think what would have been the position of the Allies after Russia went out of the war but for the help of the United States. He had not despaired of Russia, who was like a patient in a delirium. It was impossible, however, to tell what the future might bring. The population of the enemy Powers was 154,000,000, that of the Entente Alliance 1,200,000,000. That in itself was a league of nations with a mili-

tary force that was terrible, but the economic force also was strong. One thing, he said, there was no doubt that just as the Allies were standing together now, so would they stand when the war was over to repair the ravages of the war. The Chancellor concluded: I see no immediate hope of peace, there is no road to it, I fear, except the rugged road through victory. It will be fatal to the world and fatal to the Germans themselves if they are not taught the lesson that war does not pay.

NEW POLICY ADOPTED.

WASHINGTON, July 6. Increasing man-power and rapidly extending control of the air have permitted the adoption of a new policy by General Foch, supreme commander of the Allied armies on the western front is the opinion of many observers here. They believe the sequence of hard local blows that have been struck recently by the French, British, American and Italian troops show that a new major operation on any part of the front the situation was found favorable is possible.

MUST ACCEPT WILSON'S TERMS.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE BRITISH FRONT, July 6. (By the Associated Press.)—If Germany does not accept the conditions laid down by President Wilson, she cannot have peace, and she can have peace to-morrow if she accepts them. David Lloyd George, the British Premier, gave this message to the American troops in training on the British front after he had seen them at review to-day. The arrival in France of one million American soldiers had made the German Emperor realize that his defeat was certain. The Emperor, the Premier said, had many an illusion regarding the war. One of these was that the new American troops would not be capable of meeting those of Germany trained to the minute. Premier Lloyd George reiterated forcefully that the Allies do not covet a single yard of German soil and do not desire to dispossess Germany of her rightful inheritance, or the German people of their legitimate rights.

ADVANCE THEIR LINES.

LONDON, July 6. The Australian troops advanced their line northwest of Villers-Bretonneux last night, on a front of two thousand yards, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from British headquarters in France. A successful raid was carried out by Lancashire troops near Linges in which several prisoners were captured, the statement adds.

ASSASSINATED AT MOSCOW.

BASIL, July 7. (By the Associated Press.)—General Count Von Mirbach, German Ambassador to Russia, was assassinated to-day at Moscow, according to a despatch received here.

DRIVEN TO LEFT BANK OF PIAVE.

ROME, July 6. After five days' of uninterrupted struggle, says a late official communication, the enemy was completely driven on to the left bank of the new Piave Saturday afternoon. The recapture of all the coastal zone which the enemy had occupied and held since November brilliantly crowns the victory gained by us in the first great battle of our recovery and enlarges the zone of protection for Venice.

ITALY'S WAR BOOTY.

ROME, July 6. (Official.)—Altogether since the 15th of June 523 officers and 23,911 of other ranks have been made prisoners. We also

captured 63 guns, 65 trench mortars, 1,824 machine guns, 3,700 rifles, two airplanes, 5,000,000 rifle cartridges and many thousands of shells of all kinds and a large quantity of telephone equipment and recovered our artillery and material which in the advanced zone had to be abandoned during the first phase of the struggle.

A NAVAL SCRAP.

AMSTERDAM, July 6. An Austrian official statement received here says a detachment of our torpedo boats encountered a superior enemy torpedo force on July 7th. A violent engagement occurred at short range. A large enemy destroyer was set adrift, another was severely damaged. The enemy retired swiftly. Our vessels were little damaged. A few men were slightly wounded.

DUNKIRK ATTACKED.

PARIS, July 7. Several enemy aerial attacks occurred on Dunkirk last night but no bombs were dropped on the city. One of the planes was brought down by aircraft guns. A number of enemy machines also flew over Cologne and its vicinity. They dropped bombs or aerial torpedoes, resulting in the wounding of three civilians, one of whom suffered severe injuries.

CANADIAN TROOPSHIP ASHORE.

OTTAWA, July 6. It is officially announced through the office of the Chief Press Censor, that the "City of Vienna," a Canadian troopship, having troops on board, has gone ashore on the Atlantic coast during a dense fog. The troops and crew have all been safely landed, and it is thought that the ship herself may become a total loss.

RESCUING BODIES.

PEORIA, Ill., July 6. With the break of day divers went down into the sunken steamer bringing up bodies of the one hundred or more victims of the disaster, believed to be between the crushed decks of the boat. Almost at the same hour hearses began arriving from Pekin from the scene of the disaster, bringing the first of the bodies. All known victims were residents of Pekin or neighboring villages.

SILVER WEDDING.

LONDON, July 6. To-day is the twenty-fifth anniversary of the marriage of King George and Queen Mary. The popular rejoicing with which such an event would ordinarily be celebrated was refrained from in consequence of the war, and the only public ceremony commemorating the event in which the Royal couple participated took the form of a special thanksgiving service in St. Paul's Cathedral. This was followed by a visit to the Guild Hall, where a congratulatory address and a gift from the City of London was received.

THE WEEK'S CASUALTIES.

LONDON, July 6. British casualties during the week were divided as follows: Killed or died of wounds officers 140, men 21,596, wounded or missing officers 413, men 14,187. These figures show a considerable falling off in the rate of British casualties reported as compared with those of the weeks after the attacks during May and June, when the effects of the heavy German attacks on the British front were revealing themselves in the casualty list. The June casualties reported, for instance, averaged approximately 35,000 a week. For the last eight days in June they were more than

37,000. The total casualties reported during May were 166,802, or an average of more than forty thousand a week.

NEW YORK'S FORMER MAYOR KILLED.

LAKE CHARLES, La., July 6. Major John Terry Mitchell, former Mayor of New York City, and an officer in the army aviation service, was instantly killed this morning at Gristner aviation field here, while flying in a scout machine.

SEIZING ARMS.

LONDON, July 6. A Press Association despatch from Dublin says that the police of Ballisloe, County Galway, have raided farm houses within a radius of fifty miles, seizing hundreds of guns and arms of various descriptions.

Coddling the Hun.

For knocking down a German prisoner who was one of a party being marched to work on the land at Long Ashton, near Bristol, Charles Ridge, a seaman, was bound over and ordered to pay 4s. and costs.

Ridge said that when he saw the Germans they were singing and one was smoking a cigar. He asked the soldier in charge if any of them spoke English, and one being pointed out he inquired whether he remembered the Lusitania.

"Bah!" replied the German and spat in his face.

The soldier said he did not see the German spit.

The German was brought into the police court at Long Ashton, but Ridge objected to a German giving evidence against an Englishman, and as the summons was for disorderly conduct on the high road the magistrates agreed not to call the German.

Ridge, who is lame, put in his discharge papers showing he has a good service record. He has served in the Mercantile Marine, the Navy and the Army. At Ostend early in the war he saw many mutilated Belgian women refugees. He is suffering from locomotor ataxy, and the magistrates said that but for this fact they would have dealt severely with him.

The chairman said: "While we all have the greatest abhorrence of the crimes committed by the Germans, we must not forget that so long as German prisoners of war are in our midst we must treat them in accordance with the best British traditions."

Ridge: I wish they thought the same.

The Chairman: We intend to see that the German prisoners working in this district shall have the same rights as an Englishman. We shall see that these men are protected, and we are glad the military brought the case into court.

Ridge: If a German spits at me again I shall knock him down.—Daily Mail.

The Sign of the Cross.

Just a little wind-swept mound in Flanders, topped by a cross and open to all the rains of heaven. But within that dust is "a richer dust concealed" for the cross marks the resting place of a soldier who died for YOU. He did not shrink his duty. He took up arms at the call of his country, in YOUR defence. He suffered all the discomforts and hardships of the trenches that YOU might live in ease at home. He was in that charge of July 1st the more recital of which thrilled you and made you glad you were a Newfoundlander and a fellow-countryman of those brave lads to whom death was as nothing to dishonor. He fell. That little grave in far-off France is all that remains to tell where he lies. But that grave and that cross will be forever a symbol of YOUR debt and YOUR obligation to the heroic dead. If you have not done your part to do your part to carry on the struggle in which he fought and fell, that grave and that cross will be a continual reproach to you. Will you desert the dead? Will you disgrace the living, who are now fighting your fight. It is for you to decide. Do so at once. Back up the efforts of our soldiers and sailors by buying Victory Bonds. Help shorten the War. By so doing you save soldiers, ensure your own safety, and help on civilization. Get into the crusade, turn your money into bullets, and do your part in bringing the present struggle to a close.

The Scandal-Monger.

London, July 1.—Having refused to leave the House of Commons when ordered to do so by the Speaker for disorderly conduct, Noel Pemberton-Billing, member for Hertfordshire, was forcibly removed by the officials. The incident arose through Mr. Pemberton-Billing persistently attempting to discuss the question of internment of alien enemies, while other members were before the House. Before his removal, the House had on motion of Andrew Bonar Law, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, unanimously decided to suspend Mr. Pemberton-Billing for the rest of the session. He fought desperately, and outside assistance had to be secured before he was removed beyond the Parliamentary precincts.

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Our Baseball Column.

PLAGIARISED AND OTHERWISE.

(All communications in connection with this Column should be addressed to "Baseball Editor, c/o Evening Telegram.")

BATTING AVERAGES.

As will be seen from the following official batting averages of last Thursday's game between the Cubs and B.L.S., the latter team had twenty-two players at bat and Hall allowed but two safe hits out of that number. This certainly is "Big League" stuff. Perhaps we may yet see here "Hitless" games. While Carew of the B.L.S. allowed eight hits it may be somewhat discounted by the fact that at least four of them, while not classed as "put-outs," ought to have resulted in errors.

B.L.S.	AB.	R.	H.	E.	AV.
French	4	0	0	0	.000
Grace	3	0	0	0	.000
Duggan	3	0	0	0	.000
Williams	3	0	0	0	.000
Power	3	1	1	1	.333
Doyle	2	1	0	0	.000
Carew	2	0	0	0	.000
Brazie	1	1	0	0	.000
O'Reilly	2	0	1	0	.500
Totals	22	3	2	1	.091

CUBS.

AB.	R.	H.	E.	AV.	
Phelan	3	1	2	0	.666
Murphy	3	1	1	0	.333
Duggan	3	1	1	0	.333
Canning	3	1	1	0	.333
Bell	2	0	0	0	.000
Channing	1	0	0	0	.000
Clouston	2	0	0	0	.000
Thomas	2	0	0	0	.000
Hall	2	1	1	1	.500
Totals	21	4	3	7	.281

TO-MORROW'S GAME.

The Wanderers and B.L.S. will try conclusions to-morrow evening. It is said that "Dick" McGrath, that scrappy manager of the Irish clan, will be at his old position at short. Looks to us as if the "green and orange" had-

Fads and Fashions.

Bluebird blues are the latest. Skirts taper toward the feet. It is chic to be plainly dressed. Hats are shaped helmet style. White yarn appears on blouses. Strap slippers are very popular. Every jacket now has its waistcoat.

Parasols are fringed with colored beads.

White artificial silk is in great demand.

Pretty overblouses are laced at the sides.

T. J. EDENS.

From New York to-day, July 6th:

- 30 crates NEW CABBAGE.
- 30 crates NEW ONIONS.
- 30 cases CAL. ORANGES.
- 5 cases CAL. LEMONS.
- 2 cases CANTALOUPE.
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- TURNIP TOPS.
- NEW TURNIPS.

Black Cherries—in tins, ex special.

Peaches, Lemon Cling, 2 1/2 lb. tin, 30c.

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