

opinion that the defendants shall have sustained any by reason of this order which the plaintiffs ought to pay, and also undertaking to accept four days' notice of motion to discharge this order or the injunction hereby granted.

This Court doth order that the defendant company and its directors and officers be restrained from holding the extraordinary general meeting of shareholders at Copper Canyon claim, Copper Canyon, Chemainus district, B.C., at the registered office of the company on Wednesday, the 24th day of September, A.D. 1902. And this Court doth further order that the defendant company and its directors and officers be restrained from holding any meeting of the company in any place other than in the City of Victoria, after said meeting has been duly called, until further order.

BY THE COURT.

"G. H."  
C. J.

The effect of this injunction was to bring Mr. Dier very speedily to time with the result that he consented to sign the following agreement:

6. No sale, or agreement for sale, of the undertaking, or any part of the undertaking of the company, will be binding on the company unless ratified by special resolution.

In witness whereof the said parties have hereunto set their hands and seals the day and year first above written:

Signed, Sealed and Delivered  
in the presence of

F. J. JONES.

W. A. DIER.  
R. T. ELLIOTT.

The moral teaches that Mr. Whittaker Wright was wise in selecting London rather than British Columbia as a field of operation. Meanwhile we may have some further disclosures to make later.

A "British Mining Engineer" writes to protest against certain statements attributed to Mr. B. T. A. Bell, the secretary of the Canadian Mining Institute,



Arrival of Party of British Journalists at Ymir.

Photo by Widdowson, Ymir.

Memorandum of agreement made in duplicate this 20th (twentieth) day of September, A.D. 1902. By and between William Alfred Dier, of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, and Richard Thomas Elliott, of the City and Province aforesaid, who now hold a controlling interest in the share capital of The Mounts Sicker and Brenton Mines, Limited, the parties of the first part and the said The Mounts Sicker and Brenton Mines, Limited, the parties of the second part—Whereby it is agreed as follows:

1. This agreement may be acted upon and under and enforced by any member of the said company and shall remain in full force and effect so long as the said parties of the first part, or their legal or equitable representatives, hold the said controlling interest:

2. For the purpose of such enforcement this agreement shall be deemed and taken to include and contain all necessary negative stipulations and covenants:

3. That the Victoria minority interest shall be entitled to nominate two (2) directors upon the board:

4. All meetings of the shareholders shall be held in the City of Victoria:

5. No special resolution shall be submitted for the approval of the shareholders unless first approved by Mr. E. V. Bodwell, K.C., and Mr. A. E. McPhillips, K.C.:

by an interviewer at Winnipeg to the effect that "all the paying mines in B. C. were either owned by Canadians or Americans, and that these mines were managed by men of either Canadian or American birth and training." Further, "that English companies made the mistake of sending out young, untrained School of Mines men, who while perhaps having knowledge of coal, iron or tin mining, were quite without experience as regards copper, lead or gold mining." Our correspondent asks Mr. Bell what proof he has in support of these contentions, and adds "I fail to bring to mind an instance in B. C. where the London School of Mines man has yet had an innings." Yet it is worthy of note that the bigger mines owned by American and Canadians are being successfully managed by British engineers, while on the other hand, English companies are employing