

rated by the large collection of morbid preparations in the University Museum, and by fresh specimens contributed by the Demonstrator of Morbid Anatomy.

The College possesses an extensive series of Anatomical plates illustrative of the histological and anatomical appearances of disease, and the wards of the General Hospital afford the lecturer ample opportunities to refer to living examples of very many of the maladies he describes, and to give the results of treatment.

8 Clinical Medicine.—[Prof. Ross.]—Attendance is given in the Medical Wards of the Montreal General Hospital on three days of every week. Accurate reports of all cases are kept by duly appointed clinical clerks, and are systematically read before the class. Instruction is given by the bedside, and special inducements are offered to every pupil to take part in the physical examination of patients. The mode of conducting investigations, the use of the microscope, the value of the thermometer and ophthalmoscope, etc., in Medical Diagnosis, are all explained and illustrated. Senior Students are called upon in rotation to examine new cases before the class, and to be examined thereon as to their general knowledge. In addition, one weekly Clinical Lecture is delivered, bearing upon some case or cases of importance which may happen to be under observation at the time. Special attention is directed to Medical Anatomy, and candidates for the degree will be examined thereon.

9 Surgery.—[Prof. Fenwick.]—Divided into Principles and Practice, including Surgical Anatomy and Operative Surgery, exhibited on the subject. The various surgical instruments and apparatus are exhibited, and their uses and applications explained and practically illustrated.

10 Clinical Surgery.—[Prof. Roddick.]—This course is eminently practical, consisting of bedside instruction and lectures delivered weekly, illustrative of Surgical cases actually present in the wards of the General Hospital. The class is taken charge of by the Teacher on alternate days, when the reports of the Clinical Clerks are read and criticized, and fresh cases examined by the senior Students. Surgical dressings are, as much as possible, reserved for these occasions, so as to give all present an opportunity of participating in the application of splints and dressings, dressing of wounds, minor operations, etc. Major operations are performed in the spacious theatre attached to the Hospital, which is so admirably constructed that the most distant can generally obtain a fair view of the operation. It is also used as a Lecture Room by the Clinical Professors. All of the recently introduced appliances for the treatment of Surgical disease have been introduced into the Hospital, prominent among which is a complete outfit of Lister's Antiseptic apparatus, so that this excellent method of treating wounds is now almost universally adopted.

11 Midwifery.—[Prof. McCallum.]—Including diseases of women and children, illustrated by a series of drawings on a large scale, by humid preparations, models in wax, by the use of the artificial Pelvis, and by cases in the wards of the Lying-in-Hospital.