

ORDER III. LYCOPODIALES**IV. LYCOPODIACEÆ. CLUB MOSS FAMILY**

Low-growing moss-like plants with branching, trailing or erect stems; leaves small, lanceolate, persistent, entire; sporangia solitary in the axils of the leaves, or on their upper surface. Isoporous.

I. LYCOPodium. L.

1. *L. annotinum. L. Stiff Club Moss.*
2. *L. clavatum. L. Creeping Club Moss.*
3. *L. Selago. L. Fir Club Moss.*
4. *L. alpinum. L. Alpine Club Moss.*
5. *L. sitchense. Rupr. Arctic Club Moss.*
6. *L. complanatum. L. Trailing Christmas Green.*

V. SELAGINELLACEÆ. SELAGINELLA FAMILY

Small, leafy terrestrial plants with branching stems; leaves scale-like, many-ranked, uniform; sporangia one-celled, solitary, axillary or borne at the base of the upper surface of the leaf. Heterosporous.

I. SELAGINELLA. Beauv.

1. *S. selaginoides. (L.) Link. Small Selaginella.*
2. *S. rupestris. (L.) Spring. Rock Selaginella.*

DIVISION II. SPERMATOPHYTA

(SEED-PLANTS, PHANEROGMIA, OR FLOWERING PLANTS)

Flowers with stamens, or pistils, or both. Normal reproduction by seeds containing an embryo or minute plant.

SUBDIVISION I. GYMNOSPERMÆ**ORDER IV. CONIFERALES****VI. TAXACEÆ. YEW FAMILY**

Trees or shrubs; sparingly resinous; leaves evergreen or deciduous, linear, spreading in two ranks; flowers dioecious, or rarely