

Remarkable Days.

- 1 Ash WEDNESDAY. St. David.
- 2 J. Wesley d. 1791
- 3 Fielding, painter, d. 1855
- 4 Emperor of Russia emancipates Serfs, 1861
- 5 1st SUNDAY IN LENT.
- 6 Kempt, architect Scott's monument, d. —
- 7 Admiral Collingwood d. 1810
- 8 A. H. Layard, M.P., b. 1817
- 9 Cobbett, b. 1762
- 10 Act passed to appoint Sheriff to each County, 1837
- 11 First British Daily Paper, 1702
- 12 2d SUNDAY IN LENT.
- 13 Accident to passengers and couriers crossing Strait, 1855
- 14 J. Russell, first Earl of Bedford, d. 1855
- 15 Mezzofanti, linguist, d. 1849
- 16 Duchess of Kent d. 1861
- 17 St. Patrick
- 18 Princess Louisa b. 1848.
- 19 3d SUNDAY IN LENT.
- 20 Sir I. Newton d. 1727
- 21 R. Southey d. 1843
- 22 Jonathan Edwards d. 1758
- 23 Wm. Shakespeare b. 1564
- 24 Earl Chesterfield d. 1773
- 25 Annunciation of Virgin Mary.
- 26 4th SUNDAY IN LENT.
- 27 James I. d. 1625
- 28 Dr Valpy d. 1836
- 29 Swedenborg d. 1772
- 30 Viscount Hardinge b. 1785
- 31 Riddle, mathematician, d. 1854

THE sun is moving north, and enters the sign of Aries, the Ram: a constellation not very well marked to be sure, but suggestive of sheep and lambs, and the care they require while this is the ruling sign of the zodiac. Most breeders think it is better to have fine woolled sheep drop their lambs in April, some even later; but for mutton sheep and the raising of lambs for market, it is of great advantage to have them

come early, so as to get a good growth before midsummer. They pay for extra care and attention. Breeding ewes should be separated from the flock at yeaning time, if it is practicable, and supplied with well-trodden litter in a stable, rather than open sheds. Do not crowd them. If the lamb is weak, and the dam inclined to be restless, she may be laid down carefully, and the lamb induced to suckle. Sometimes the milk does not come immediately. It may be necessary to give the lamb a meal or two from another ewe, but don't give a lamb the milk of a farrow cow. If a lamb is found chilled and stiff from cold, it may have a bath as warm as the hand can be borne in it, and then rubbed dry. A few drops of rum or gin mixed with the milk have sometimes helped bring up a chilled lamb, but take care not to get the spirit into the wrong mouth.

Finish the various jobs of winter, and commence spring labor in earnest. Examine all tools, and put them in good order. Paint and grease carts and wagons. Examine and replace harrow teeth. Repair hinges of sagging gates, and nail loose boards on fences. Procure and clean grass seed for spring seeding. Examine and obtain a good supply of the best seed of oats, barley, and spring wheat. See that teams are kept in good working order, and if they can be frequently used, half a day at a time, they will become better accustomed to the active labor of Spring. Inspect thoroughly all the barns and out-buildings, and see that every part is in good order. Oil harness, and repair it where necessary for spring work.

Give special care to the cows and calves.