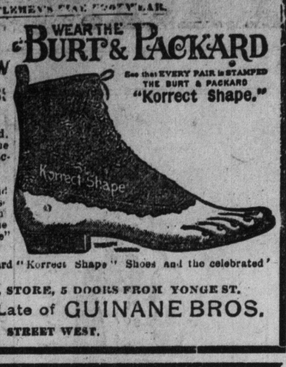
EXCLUSIVELY GENTLEMEN'S FINE FOOTWEAR.

Prize Winners At the Horse Show

A BOON TO OUR BUSINESS

WEAR THE BURT & PACKARD

See that EVERY PAIR is STAMPED THE BURT & PACKARD "Korrect Shape."



Yesterday was the best day on record. More of our shoes to be seen at the Horse Show than all other manufacturers combined.

Why?

Because they are the most stylish and best made shoes in America. These styles and shapes in all the different shades are only to be found in the Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape" shoes.

Sole agents for the Burt & Packard "Korrect Shape" Shoes and the celebrated "Lily" $4.75 Shoes.

GUINANE'S—ONLY KING-ST. STORE, 5 DOORS FROM YONGE ST.

JOHN GUINANE, Late of GUINANE BROS.

Open till 10 p.m. 15 KING STREET WEST.

HAMILTON NEWS

THE CANADIAN CLUB DINNER.

A Pleasant Festive Occasion at Newport's.

FIFTH ANNUAL BANQUET

Attended by One Hundred and Fifty Representative Canadians.

Mr. Benjamin Russell, Q.C., M.P., Paid a Tribute to the United States, but Spoke Strongly Against Annexation—Mr. Sanford Evans Spoke on the Future of the Dominion, and Said We Were on the Threshold of a Crisis—All Sorts of News from the Ambitious City.

Hamilton, April 29.—From The World Staff Correspondent.)—One hundred and fifty representative Canadians sat down to dinner at the fifth annual banquet of the Canadian Club to-night at Newport's. President Martin occupied thee hair. The banquet hal was appropriately decorated.

The toast of the Quen was received with rousing enthusiasm and the strains of the National Anthem in loyal unison. The toast of aCnada caleid to his feet Benjamin Russel, Q.C., M.P. Mr. Russell paid a glowing tribute to the United States, and though he deplored some of the recent actions of the public men of the Republic, he said it would not be in the interests of aCnada that the eRpublic should sink from her high place among the nations of the earth. Mr. Russell spoke eloquently against annexation and asserted that history and sentiment were both opposed to any such destiny for this Dominion.

W. Sanford Evans, one of the founders of the club, and its first president, came from eNw York to attend the banquet, and also responded to the toast of Canada. Mr. Evans spoke on the future of the Dominion. The country was on the threshold of a crisis in Canadian history, it was demanding a more definite place in the world than we have heretofore occupied. Only by the exercise of a dominant energy can we ever expect to become a great people. "The Canadian Militia" was replied to by Lieut.-Col. Moore and Surgeon Lieut.-Col. G. S. Ryerson; "Art and Literature," by J. H. Long and Very Rev. Dean Harris; "The Ladies," John Crearar.

They Were Not Married.

The World owes an apology to Mr. Allie Lynch-Staunton and Miss Maude Evans for the paragraph which appeared in the Hamilton news of yesterday's date, headed 'Are They Married?' We are informed on good authority that there is no truth in the reported rumor that they were married at Grimsby. We sincerely hope that the foolish paragraph sent to The World by our Hamilton correspondent has not injured the feelings of Miss Evans or Mr. Lynch-Staunton. It is certainly nobody's business whether they were married or not, and an apology to these young people is openly and sincerely tendered to each of them.

Anti-Cruelty Society.

There was a large attendance at the annual meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, held in the Y.M.C.A. parlor this afternoon. Mr. Adam Brown presided. Major McLaren presented the financial report, showing a balance on hand of $64.04. The following officers were elected for the ensuing: President, Adam Brown; vice-president, Major Mason; secretary-treasurer, Major McLaren. The Committee of Management is Mesdames Day-Smith, J. Billings, B. E. Charlton, and A. B. McKay; Misses Domville and Sanford, Rev. George Forneret, S. F. Lazier, Rev. Father Holden, James Dixon, C. K. Domville, Ed. Martin, George Roach, Rev. Dr. Fletcher, J. C. McKeand and Dr. E. O'Reilly.

Board of Works.

The sub-committee of the Board of Works held a meeting to-day over the Kramer-Irwin street paving difficulty. It was decided to offer $1500 in settlement, or in case of refusal, to arbitrate. The latter is the company's proposal.

A Stolen Stearns.

Bessey's bicycle livery reported to the police to-night that a Stearns bicycle, No. 227, was stolen to-day. The wheel was hired for an hour this morning by a stranger, who said his name was Livingston.

A Butcher's Trouble.

Early this evening Wesley Van Sickle, a Lynden butcher, got into an argument with Peter Benson in Condon's Hotel. He struck Benson and Condon took his guest's part and felled the big butcher. Van Sickle went out and returned with his father, but in the meantime the police were called in.

An English Waif in a Row.

Mary Rodgers, an English waif, got into a row with her boarding mistress, Mrs. Clarkson, King William-street, this evening. P. C. Johnson was called in and saw Mary strike Mrs. Clarkson. He interfered and the girl stabbed the officer in the arm with a big hat pin. She is in the cells now.

Y. M. C. A. Annual Meeting.

The thirtieth annual business meeting of the Hamilton Y.M.C.A. was held to-night under the chairmanship of President Joseph Greene. The reports of the various departments were read. The physical culture statement showed that 22 outside basket ball matches were played during the season, ten of which were lost. The baseball team tied for first place in the City League. The cycling club has now a membership of 79. The membership committee reported 501 members, or a gain of 105 over last year. The treasurer's statement looks for freedom from debt by the end of this year. The secretary makes an appeal for further endowment of the educational work being done. The following were to-night chosen directors: A S Briggs, G Rutherford, W J Aitchison, F Clarlingbowl, W Woods, W H Ballard, J M Eastwood. Choice refreshments were served by the Ladies' Auxiliary.

Minor Notes.

Good & Co., the well-known contractors, sued the T., H. & B. Railway for $108.20 to-day before Judge Armour, on account of work done for the railway between the city and Welland. The defendants claim that the contract was not lived up to. Judge Armour reserved judgment.

The annual Provincial Art School exams. began this morning in the Hamilton Art School, with 118 candidates.

Wright's band and the S.O.E. will hereafter be known as the Sons of England Band. The new organization will take part in the Jubilee celebration.

Colonel J. A. Studdard, secretary of the Hamilton Homestead Loan & Savings Society and a well-known resident of the city, died early this morning from an attack of apoplexy. Colonel Studdard served during the American Civil War, working his way up from the rank of private.

Barister J. G. Gauld of Nesbitt & Gauld had a bad spill from his wheel to-night at the corner of Hughson and King-streets.

At an "At Home" tendered last night at the convention of the Anglican Missionary Societies of Niagara District by the Ladies' Auxiliary of St. Thomas Church tonight, an excellent program was tendered.

A Scotch concert was given by the Ladies' Aid Society of the James-street Baptist Church this evening. The program was contributed by George Hore, Miss Edgar, George Clark, Mrs. MacArthur, Miss Emma Kay, James Jardine, Miss G. A. Wrey, D. J. Campbell and Rev. J. S. Gilmour. At the close of the program Miss Emma Kay, the soloist of the choir of the church, who is going to Toronto to reside, was presented with a gold-headed umbrella and a gold pin by the choir.

The Wabash Railroad.

If you are contemplating a trip to the gold mining country, please consider the merits of the Wabash Railroad, the short and true route, via Detroit, Chicago and St. Paul, to all points in the Kootenay district. Passengers leaving Toronto and points west by morning trains reach St. Paul next day at noon, where direct connections are made for all points in the gold fields. Quickest and best route to Hot Springs, Ark.; Old Mexico, California, and all western points. Tickets and time-tables of this great railway from any railroad agent, or J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, northeast corner King and Yonge-streets, Toronto.

Have Located the Bullet.

Chatham, Ont., April 29.—The doctors have located the bullet in Detective Mahoney and find it over the right thigh and not in the lungs, as supposed. The crooks come up for trial next Monday before Squire Houston.

A company with a capital of $15,000, in which the Erie & Huron Railway and prominent Chatham citizens will take stock, is being organized to provide transportation service between Cleveland and Rondeau.

Saloon Keeper Shot Dead.

Chicago, April 29.—Emil Sohlern, a saloon keeper at 197 Wells-street, was shot and instantly killed just before midnight last night by one of three men who had entered the saloon for the purpose of robbery. Twenty men were in the place at the time drinking, but none of them made any effort to capture the robbers or offer resistance, and the murderer and his companions escaped.

Queen Regent Christina Ill

Madrid, April 29.—The Queen Regent, Maria Christina, is indisposed. Her Majesty is suffering from nervous prostration.

ADAMS ADZ

Blue Flame Oil Stoves

No smoke, no smell, costs only one-half cent per hour.

Gas Stoves

All styles and sizes, $2 up.

Happy Home Ranges

Are our especial pride. They are sure workers; guaranteed.

Japanese Mattings

In neat patterns, from 15c per yard.

Toilet Sets

All prices. Start them at $1.75.

Dinner Sets

A 97-piece set, good, sound, painted ware, worth $7.50 to $5.75.

See our special Baby Carriages.

Get our Terms.

THE ADAMS FURNITURE Co. LIMITED 179 YONGE ST. C. S. CORYELL, MGR.

S. Ackerman, Commercial Traveler, Belleville, writes: "Some years ago I used Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil for Inflammatory Rheumatism, and three bottles effected a complete cure. I was the whole of one summer unable to move without crutches, and every movement caused excruciating pains. I am now out on the road and exposed to all kinds of weather, but have never been troubled with rheumatism since. I, however, keep a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Oil on hand, and I always recommend it to others as it did so much for me." ed

IT WILL CLOSE TO-DAY.

Continued from Page 1.

disposed to accept the tariff, but there were some things he must bring to the notice of the Government. He was not in a position to agree to everything that had been done. He took exception to the duty on agricultural implements. He held that protection had not done the West any great service, and it was a matter for regret that the new tariff should do more for the manufacturer than the old tariff, because the duty on agricultural implements had been retained. Continuing, he claimed that the freight on coal oil from Petrolea to Lethbridge, $6.66 per ton, was three times what ought to be a fair rate, so that the reduction of one cent per gallon was but a slight relief. However, the people of the Northwest did not want to destroy the Petrolia industry, and if the Government would but allow the coal oil to go through in tank cars, that would be equivalent to a reduction of 5 1-2 cents. He also wanted the duty reduced on implements and fruit. The people of the Northwest were pretty well satisfied with the tariff, recognizing that it was but an instalment. He could understand the Opposition's vexation because their policy had been scooped from them. [Hear, hear.] If England took our surplus agricultural products we should take English manufactured goods, if they were better and cheaper than we could make in Canada.

Mr. N. Clarke Wallace replied that if, as the hon. gentleman boasted, the Government had scooped the Conservative policy, it meant that their tariff was largely protective, and how did the honorable gentleman's satisfaction with that square his own and his friends' campaign speeches? [Hear, hear.] But Mr. Wallace did not agree that the tariff was wholly a protectionist one; neither did it fulfil the pledge of free raw material. For instance, there was the duty on coal, and the duty of over 100 per cent. on uncleaned rice. What the Government ought to do was to impose an export duty on saw logs and pulp wood. Then the ex-Controller proceeded to analyze the tariff changes. Where were the free raw materials promised by the Liberals? They had increased the duty on unshelled rice from 75c to 81c per hundredweight. The duty had been retained on bituminous coal and there was a prospect of a duty being placed on anthracite. The Government had placed corn on the free list, thus giving the United States that measure of benefit without providing for reciprocity Free corn for free barley had been the Conservative policy. The Government boasted of its preferential treatment of British goods, but what had it really done? Simply added 25 per cent. to the tariff and then reduced it by 12 1-2 per cent. to Great Britain. They reminded Mr. Wallace of the fake shopkeeper who marked his 15c goods up to 25c and then advertised "Great reduction from 25c to 20c." [Laughter.] That was just what had been done in the case of linens, which chiefly came from Great Britain, and would continue to come from that country. Of linens, brown and bleached, flax and flax thread, etc., we imported in 1896 a total of $1,360,000, of which $1,292,000 worth came from Great Britain, and on this class of goods the Government had actually increased the tariff from 16 2-3 per cent. to 25 per cent. It might be asked why then did the Conservatives complain? They complained because of this class of goods not a dollar's worth was made in Canada, and for that reason the duty had been kept down to the revenue basis of about 20 per cent. Of cottons, printed, dyed and colored, we imported in all $2,600,000 worth in 1896; of which 80 per cent. or about $2,000,000, came from England. The remainder, some small special lines, were imported from the United States and would continue to be. Well, before the Government made the preferential cut of 12 per cent. on this class of goods, they added 16 2-3 per cent. Of other cotton goods we imported from Great Britain last year three and one-quarter millions out of $4,000,000 worth, so that we could not do a much greater business with the Old Country in these old lines than we were doing. In the matter of woolens the Government made a great boast of having removed the specific duties, but in every case where they abolished specific duties they have destroyed a Canadian industry and they really collect the most revenue on specific duties of all. On the five leading articles of revenue, yielding $11,639,000, the revenue was still collected by specific duties. If specific duties were such a monstrous thing, why had the Government retained them on wines, spirits, sugar and tobacco? Mr. Paterson, in his speech, declared that these specific duties were levied to disguise taxation. But Mr. Wallace contended that the specific duty was the only one the consumer really did understand. What did they know of cost in England upon which ad valorem duty was levied? The value of woolens, upon which specific duty was collected, was $873,000—the duty being 5c a pound and 25 per cent., equal to 32 1-2 per cent. The new duty is 35 per cent. Why should the protectionists complain of the increase? They complain because on goods costing 60c per yard and up, on which the duty was 18 1-2c, it is now 3c more. On goods costing 50c a yard the protection is 2c more. And these are the rich man's wear, upon which the protection is increased. But what of the poor man's wear—the goods made from wool, the product of Canadian farms? (Why, on all goods costing under 40c per yard and weighing 12 ounces to the yard the protection is less than formerly, by 25 per cent. The manufacturer who makes from the finer grades of imported wools is more highly protected; the manufacturer who uses the coarser home-grown wools has had his protection reduced and will have to shut down. [Hear, hear.] And then the result will be, said Mr. Wallace, that we will have the lower-priced English shoddy goods imported instead of the honest Canadian woolen stuff. [Cheers.]

Mr. Wallace here read a telegram from Cobourg, announcing that the woolen mills there, which shut down last year, were offered for sale yesterday and could not be sold.

Mr. Somerville: The old tariff killed it.

"Not so," replied Mr. Wallace, "we had the protection down to the lowest point it would stand, and the prospect of a further reduction killed it."

Of $2,674,000 worth of woolens imported last year, $2,583,000 worth came from England. That was equal to 90 per cent. of the importation. How much more did the hon. gentlemen expect to get under their so-called preferential tariff? Some more would be imported, of course, but it would be of a class that would result in this, that for every 200 men formerly employed in the business here, 100 men would be walking the streets. [Hear, hear.] The duty on coarse yarns had been reduced to 15 per cent., while the manufacturer of carpets, who chiefly used these yarns, would get a protection of 35 per cent. This would wipe out the former. How Mr. McMullen used to weep and wail over the fact that diamonds, uncut, used to be admitted free, while the poor man's foods were taxed from 25 to 35 per cent.! Diamonds are still free, yet Mr. McMullen is satisfied. Perhaps Mr. McMullen is going to wear diamonds after this, said the ex-Controller, whereat the members roared again.

Mr. Wallace next dealt with the duty on spirits. A bushel of corn produced three gallons of proof whiskey. Adding to the cost of the corn, 25 1-2 cents a bushel, the 7 1-2 cents duty, it would make the cost 33 cents, or 11 cents a gallon. The by-products nearly paid the cost of manufacture, but, adding 4 cents, it would make the cost 15 cents a gallon. Now, the difference between the excise and customs was 50 cents a gallon, which represented the protection to the distiller, a protection of 50 cents per gallon, or 330 per cent. The United States excise duty was equal to $1.32 per imperial gallon, against our Customs duty of $2.40, so that on every gallon brought in "underground" there would be a profit to the smuggler of $1 per gallon, or $40 a barrel. The Government had, therefore, he believed, gone beyond the revenue-producing powers of this article.

Mr. Wallace contended that every increase in the duty on tobacco since 1884 had resulted in less manufacture, and he believed the Government had made a mistake in increasing it from 20 to 39 cents a pound, just as the former Government made a mistake in 1886 in increasing the duty from 12 to 20 cents, the reduction in output being due to smuggling. With the United States excise duty at 6 cents per pound the profit to the smuggler henceforth would be 33 cents, which on a caddy of 20 pounds would give $6.60, and this would prove sufficiently remunerative to extend smuggling operations well into the interior of the country. The increased duty on cigars would result in the manufacture of a poorer quality of the ordinary five-cent cigar and would drive the business from Ontario to Quebec, where labor is cheaper.

Mr. Wallace condemned the anti-monopoly clause of the tariff. It was a power that no Government should possess. And how would it be employed? Take a case that came out in the Combines Committee in 1888, when it was shown that 18 manufacturers in a certain line were in a combine, and 40 were outside of it. Would the Government punish combinesters and independents alike by reducing the duty, thus penalizing people who had done no wrong by lessening their protection? Moreover, it had been found that the most oppressive combines were not those of manufacturers. For instance, there was the Wholesale Grocers' Guild. There was no "punishment" those gentlemen would like better than a reduction of duty. The combine in anthracite coal was proven to be oppressive, yet there was no duty on that coal; and what, again, of the insurance companies, the undertakers and the egg dealers? No, the chief use of the anti-combine clause would be, he feared, to enable the Government to put the screws on the manufacturers at a critical period, say, before an election. This matter should be dealt with by the courts, and if the present anti-combine act was not strong enough, let Parliament amend it and have combinesters punished by the law of the land, not left to the caprice of a Government. The power thus vested in the Controller of Customs was one that properly belonged to Parliament; it was greater than the treaty-making power, which was a power that Parliament zealously guarded.

Taking the tariff as a whole, said Mr. Wallace, in conclusion, he favored it in so far as it remained unchanged, but whenever changes had been made they would result in the wiping out of Canadian industries that furnished cheap and honest goods to the people. Mr. Laurier could satisfy his free trade supporters by pointing them to the speeches of the Finance Minister and Sir Richard Cartwright; and when his protectionist friends complained, he could point them to the nine-tenths of the Tory tariff left untouched. Because he believed the prosperity of Canada was bound up in a protective tariff, and that when the Government had departed from it they had made a very grave mistake—for those reasons he hoped the resolutions would not pass. [Cheers.]

Mr. Macdonald (Huron) defended the tariff as a great reform of the fiscal system. He highly eulogized Mr. Laurier as a statesman and leader.

Mr. Bennett's Criticism.

Mr. Bennett said that there was a grave commercial crisis in Canada at present, due to the Government's bungling over the tariff. He asked Mr. Laurier what had become of his promise of free coal and free iron. Then he proceeded to discuss the lumber industry and strongly advocated the imposition of an export duty on logs. Existing conditions of trade had closed 80 saw mills in Ontario, throwing out of work nearly 3000 men. He thought the Government should grapple with this question. As to a preferential tariff, he urged that the Government should say if it had an agreement with the home authorities. As to the combines clause, he said it would never pass in this House. The terrors of the Inquisition would be nothing compared to that clause. The Government surely never expected it would go into force. He urged the Government to endeavor to perfect a tariff which would be of real benefit to the country, and he was satisfied they could count on the assistance of the Opposition.

Mr. Bennett made an excellent speech, putting his points clearly and well.

A Voice From Saskatchewan.

Mr. Davis (Saskatchewan) accepted the tariff as a great boon to the Northwest. He was pleased that the luxuries had been taxed. He would have liked to see a duty on tea. He wanted the Government to grapple with the transportation problem. He said the freight on a carload of apples from Seaforth to Prince Albert was $5.18.

Mr. Kendry defended the principle of specific duties, particularly that on woolens. The removal of specific duties would cause Canada to be flooded with cheap shoddy goods from England. The closing of the woolen mills would mean a loss to farmers, as it would deprive them of their market for wool.

Dr. Roche (Marquette) told a story of broken political promises by the Liberals with embellishments, which created great applause among his own friends.

Mr. Wilson (Lennox) in the course of a practical review of the tariff proposals, quoted from the evidence given before commissions and showed that the views of at least two industries—the pork packers and furniture manufacturers—had prevailed with the Government. What the Canadian manufacturer had to dread was surplus manufactures from the United States, which would be disposed of in Canada at slaughter prices. He sympathized with the desire to extend preferential treatment to Great Britain, but not with the tendency of the tariff to discriminate in favor of the United States, and in this connection he protested vigorously against the free corn proposal, as American corn would simply displace Canadian coarse grains in the home market.

Mr. Casey moved the adjournment of the debate, and the House adjourned at midnight.

Visiting Gentlemen.

Gentlemen visiting the Horse Show are specially invited to visit the salesrooms of Henry A. Taylor, draper, the Rossin block. He makes the best clothes for the best dressers in Canada, and would be pleased to have you consult him on styles for the present season.

T. S. Hobbs, M.L.A., London, is at the Queen's.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

GOODS FROM BRITAIN.

Continued from page 1.

L. Tarte and Mme. Tarte, Hon. Charles Fitzpatrick and Mrs. Fitzpatrick, Sir A. P. Caron and Lady Caron, Sir Oliver Mowat and Miss Mowat, Hon. A. G. Blair and Mrs. Blair, Hon. R. R. Dobell and Mrs. Dobell, Mr. Crawford, Mr. Neevy, A.D.C., Hon. William Mulock and Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere.

Personal and General.

A telegram received here to-day reports the safe arrival in New York of Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick. He is greatly benefited by his sea voyage.

Mgr. Merry Del Val will be entertained by Sir Adolphe Caron and Speaker Pelletier next week. He will afterwards go to Toronto on the invitation of Archbishop Walsh. From Toronto he will proceed to Winnipeg.

Mr. Maclean will ask for a copy of Deputy Minister Gourdeau's conference with horse exporters regarding regulations.

As the Hon. George E. Foster was going in the eastern gate this morning on his way to the House of Commons on his bicycle he nearly collided with a horse and rig that was coming out, and in his efforts to avoid an accident the hon. gentleman took a header of the most approved fashion. Mr. Foster was covered with dust, but did not receive any injuries.

Mr. H. J. Wickham, Secretary of the Navy League, lectured to a large audience in the Opera House last night in the interests of the League.

Another Conservative caucus will be held to-morrow, at which it is expected Mr. Foster will introduce a resolution bearing on the tariff.

The Capital will spend $2000 on the Jubilee celebration.

The Department of Marine and Fisheries have been notified that the sealer Diana, which has been chartered by the Government for the Hudson Bay expedition, has arrived at St. John's, Nfld., and is being prepared for the purposes of the expedition. Commander Wakeham will sail with the Diana for Hudson's Bay about May 20.

Mr. Poupore, M.P. for Pontiac, was to-night presented with his portrait by a number of his friends in Parliament and in the Ottawa Valley on the occasion of his 51st birthday. Speeches congratulating Mr. Poupore were made by Hon. John Costigan, Messrs. Clarke Wallace, M.P., D. C. Fraser, M.P., Senator McKeen, J. W. St. John, M.L.A., Mr. Bennett, M.P., Mr. Hughes, M.P., Mr. Guillet, M.P., Mr. Craig, M.P., Mr. McCleary, M.P. of Lambton, Mr. Ganong, M.P., and others.

Mgr. Mery Del Val occupied a seat to the right of Mr. Speaker Edgar this afternoon. He was the observed of all observers.

The Dominion Wire Manufacturing Company to-day cancelled a $1000 order for boxes with Thorburn & Co., on the ground that the tariff has simply paralyzed their industry.

The attention of shippers of cattle to the United States is drawn to the fact that several cattle have recently been rejected on account of their suffering from actinomycosis (lump jaw). It is in the interest of shippers to see that no animals suffering from this disease are exported, either to the United States or Europe. They run the risk of their animals being seized and destroyed.

The Minister of Railways was not able to be out to-day. A meeting of the Railway Committee was held at his house to hear the application of H. A. Powell, M.P., on behalf of private parties, who desire a central railway to construct certain drawbridges. A decision was not reached.

Investigations are to be continued into sealing life in Behring Sea during the coming summer, with the object of further strengthening the position taken against the American contentions that the herds are being exterminated.

Mr. J. M. Macoun of the geological staff, who performed this service last year, will likely be despatched to Behring Sea as soon as the season is far enough advanced. The other arrangements will be identical with last season, and the United States will probably take the same course.

Premier Laurier will, it is announced, leave for England on June 3. All his arrangements for the trip are about completed. It is said that he expects to find Parliament in session when he returns. This will not be welcome news to legislators.

DESPERATION OF LOVE.

The Hired Man Wanted the Farmer's Daughter, the Old Folks Objected and Three Deaths Followed.

Fresno, Cal., April 29.—A triple tragedy was committed yesterday at Red Banks, a farming settlement 30 miles from here. As a result, Mrs. John Quail and her daughter are dying and their assailant, James Brooks, is dead. Brooks, who was formerly employed as a laborer on Quail's ranch, was discharged for persistently making love to Miss Lulu. He appeared at Quail's yesterday, armed with a shotgun, and shot the girl and her mother. Both took left after setting fire to the house. He then went to a neighboring barn, to which he set fire, went inside and was burned to death.

Drama in St. John's Schoolhouse.

The dramatic entertainment and concert given last night in the school house of the Church of St. John the Evangelist by the members of the choir was one of the most enjoyable and successful yet given in connection with this pretty little West End church. The principal portion of the program consisted of two sketches entitled "Sunset" and "A Kiss in the Dark." The performers took their parts well and reflected much credit on the director, Mr. W. M. Fahey, who had the arrangements in charge. Mr. A. Schofield, in the role of Azariah Stodd, clad in a riding costume, and an unusually bright green coat, caused much amusement. During the intermission Mrs. A. Moir-Dow and Mrs. W. Bentley-Hall rendered the "Garden of Sleep" and "Love's Old, Sweet Song" respectively in a capable manner. Mr. Harry Bennett was in his usual funny mood and delighted his hearers with the Gwynn band and "Allt over the shop." A vocal selection by Mr. C. F. Britton and the reading, "Sam's Letter," by Mr. Thomas Walke, were well received. The proceeds will be devoted to the church funds.

Dyspepsia and Indigestion—C. W. Snow & Co., Syracuse, N.Y., write: "Please send us ten gross of Pills. We are selling more of Parmalee's Pills than any other pill we keep. They have a great reputation for the cure of Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint." Mr. Charles A. Smith, Lindsay, writes: "Parmalee's Pills are an excellent medicine. My sister has been troubled with severe headache, but these pills have cured her." ed

Sword WE CUT FINE

CYCLISTS

Friday Specials

Bicycle Suits, $2.95, $3.50, $4.
Bicycle Suits, $4.50, $5, $6.
Odd Knickers, $1.50, $1.75, $2.
Sweaters, all wool, heavy ribbed, 75c, regular $1.
Sweaters, all wool, fine knit, with roll sailor collar and lace, $1, reg. $1.25.
Special line of high grade English Sweaters, in black, cardinal, navy, heather mix, fawn, etc., in all sizes.
Bicycle Hose, footless, 50c, reg. 75c.
Bicycle Hose, with feet, 45c, reg. 75c.
Bicycle Hose, footless, $1, reg. $1.25.
Bicycle Hose, with feet, 75c, reg. $1.
Special line of Irish Knit Bicycle Hose, with or without feet, something new in fancy knit tops, thin cashmere feet.
Bicycle Caps, 25c, 35c, 50c.
Leather Belts, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c.

SATURDAY, May 1st and 8th, we will sell any tie in our store for 25c. To the person making the nearest guess to the number of ties sold in the two days we will give the choice of any bicycle suit in the store. Don't forget the date, Saturday next, at 8 a.m. sharp.

55 KING STREET EAST. Phone 282.

AMUSEMENTS.

TORONTO OPERA HOUSE TO-NIGHT. "THE BOYS OF KILKENNY."

EXTRA—NEXT WEEK—EXTRA

MADISON SQUARE OPERA COMPANY 60 Artists

In the Sparkling Oriental Opera Said Pasha

THIRD CANADIAN HORSE SHOW, Armouries, Toronto.

Three performances daily—at 10.30 a.m., 2 p.m. and 8 p.m.

Seats can be reserved at Nordheimers' up to 5 o'clock. Prices: $1.50, 50c, 25c.

A few box seats can be obtained on application.

Matched Pairs

Our stock of Diamonds contains an exquisite assortment of perfectly Matched Pairs. We mount Diamonds to Order in the most artistic designs, guarantee superior workmanship and entire satisfaction. Prices the lowest.

Scheuer's 90 Yonge St.

Second Day of the Horse Show

Shiny Tiles!

One of the sights at the Horse Show was the sea of Silk Hats.

Gentlemen have come to consider that the correct head dress at such functions is the Silk Tile.

Eyes as practised as ours could count hats bought here by the score.

We know Dunlaps and Heaths when we see them, and we know no one else sells them in Canada.

Most American visitors wore Dunlap's Silks and Felts.

Dunlap Silk—$8.00.
Heath Silk—$7.50.
Christy Silk—$5.00.
Fine American Silk—$5.00.

W. & D. DINEEN, 81 Yonge Street. JUST ABOVE KING-ST.

FIRE NOTICE

Notwithstanding the fire which occurred in our premises yesterday afternoon we have not stopped business, and all orders will be shipped promptly as usual.

H. P. ECKARDT & CO. Wholesale Grocers, Toronto.

DIVIDENDS.

FARMERS' LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY
Dividend No. 50.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to R.S.O., 1887, cap. 110, sec. 36, and amending Acts, that all persons having claims against the estate of the said Charles McCaffrey, who died on or about the 25th day of March, 1897, are required to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to Miss C. McCaffrey, 109 Hazelton-avenue, Toronto, on or before the 30th day of May, 1897, their names, addresses and descriptions and a full statement of the particulars of their claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, duly certified, and that after the said day the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

BEATTY, BLACKSTOCK, NESBITT, CHADWICK & RIDDELL, Solicitors for the Executor.
a30,m8,22 Dated this 27th day of April, 1897.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A STEADY YOUNG MAN WISHES EMployment in city or on steamer, having had experience on steamers. Apply Box 6, World.

LOST.

LOST—GREYHOUND BITCH—LIGHT yellow; white head; white spot on shoulder. Reward, 184 Queen east.

Typographers. How is This?

Denver, Col., April 29.—Eugene Taylor, linotype operator on The Denver Times, in eight hours made a record of 101,800 ems. The previous record, 85,000 ems, was held by Baker of Seattle.

Taylor's record was made during the ordinary course of a day's newspaper work and the average copy that is furnished during a day.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion is occasioned by the want of action in the biliary ducts, loss of vitality in the stomach to secrete the gastric juices, without which digestion cannot go on; also, being the principal cause of headache. Parmalee's Vegetable Pills, taken before going to bed for a while, never fail to give relief, and effect a cure. Mr. F. W. Ashdown, Ashdown, Ont., writes: "Parmalee's Pills are taking the lead against ten other makes which I have in stock." ed

William Hendric, sr., Hamilton, is at the Queen's.

M. Burton, Barrie, is at the Queen's.

John D. Pigott, London, is at the Queen's.

Second-hand Typewriters . . .
—Of the following makes
—At very low prices.
Caligraphs, Yost, Hammond, Duplex (new.)
All taken in part payment for new model Remingtons.
SPACKMAN & ARCHBALD, 45 Adelaide St. East, Toronto.
LARGEST DEALERS IN TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES IN CANADA.

HELP WANTED.

CANVASSERS — "QUEEN VICTORIA: Her Life and Reign," has captured the British Empire. Extraordinary testimonials from the great men; send for copy free. Marquis of Lorne says: "The best popular life of the Queen I have seen." Her Majesty sends a kind letter of appreciation. Selling by thousands; gives enthusiastic satisfaction. Canvassers making $15 to $40 weekly. Prospectus free to agents. The Bradley-Garretson Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont. 6

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN EVERYwhere to conduct business at home; no canvassing; work is simple writing and copying lists of addresses received from local advertising, to be forwarded to us daily; no previous experience required, but plain writers preferred; permanent work for those content to earn $6 or more weekly in spare time. Apply to Publishers, L. M. O'Donnell, 254 Westmoreland-avenue, Toronto.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A BRICKmaker who thoroughly understands his business, to take charge of brick works and who can invest from $1000 to $2000. Address R., World Office, Toronto.

WANTED—FOR PORTAGE LA PRAIRIe, Manitoba, a grocery hand capable of taking charge of grocery department. Apply 76 Bay-street Toronto, from 10 to 12 a.m.

ARTICLES WANTED.

WANTED—TWO BOSS SHINGLE MAchines; send full particulars. H. W. Petrie, Toronto.

LUMBER.

FLOORING, SHEETING, SHELVING, doors and sash, on hand and made to order. Prices to suit the times. The Hathbun Company, Front-street West.

LAND SURVEYORS.

UNWIN, FOSTER, MURPHY & ESTEN, Surveyors, etc. Established 1853. Corner Bay and Richmond-streets. Tel. 1336.

LEGAL CARDS.

BEATY, SNOW & SMITH, BARRISters, solicitors, etc., Confederation Life Chambers, Toronto.

JPARKES & CO., BARRISTERS, McKinnon Buildings, corner Jordan and Melinda-streets. Money to loan.

TUCKER & SPOTTON, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., Owen Sound and Wiarton.

KILMER & IRVING, BARRISTERS, Solicitors, etc., 10 King-street west, Toronto. George H. Kilmer. W. H. Irving.

LOBB & BAIRD, BARRISTERS, SOlicitors, Patent Attorneys, etc., 9 Quebec Bank Chambers, King-street east, corner Toronto-street, Toronto; money to loan. Arthur F. Lobb, James Baird.

R. E. KINGSFORD, BARRISTER, SOlicitor, Notary Public, etc., 10 Manning Arcade. ed

LOANS OF $1000 AND UPWARDS AT 5 per cent. Maclaren, Macdonald, Merritt & Shepley, 28 Toronto-street, Toronto.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

BICYCLISTS—YOU CAN RIDE ALL day on the Singer Hygienic Saddle and not feel seat-sore; best ladies'; examine at 129 Queen west.

SEE OUR NEW WATER FILTER IN operation at 10 King east. Filters one gallon per minute. Clear as distilled water.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

H. S. MARA, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE Licenses, 5 Toronto-street. Evenings, 589 Jarvis-street.

VETERINARY.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE, Temperance-street, Toronto, Canada. Session 1896-97 begins Oct. 14.

EDUCATIONAL.

CENTRAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, TOronto—day and evening sessions; special facilities for shorthand, typewriting and all commercial subjects; correspondence invited. Address W. H. Shaw, Principal.

FINANCIAL.

W. J. WHARIN, ACCOUNTANT — Books posted and balanced, accounts collected, 32 Queen-street east.

MONEY TO LOAN—CITY PROPERTY —lowest rates. Maclaren, Macdonald, Merritt & Shepley, 28 Toronto-street, Toronto.

NEW YORK STOCKS BOUGHT AND sold on margin; new syndicate commission plan, whereby investments protected. J. C. Laidlaw, 14 James Buildings, Toronto.

BUSINESS CARDS.

ENGLISH RIDING SCHOOL—RIDING taught in all its branches; habits not required in school. Capt. C. E. A. Lloyd, 72 Wellesley-street.

OAKVILLE DAIRY—473 YONGE-ST., guaranteed pure farmers' milk supplied; retail only. Fred. Sole, Proprietor.

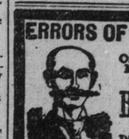
STORAGE—BEST AND CHEAPEST IN city. Lester Storage Co., 369 Spadina-avenue.

THE TORONTO SUNDAY WORLD IS for sale at the Royal Hotel Newsstand, Hamilton.

W. J. WHARIN, ACCOUNTANT—BOOKS posted and balanced, accounts collected. 10½ Adelaide-street east.

PAIR CARRIAGE HORSES FOR SALE. 54 Jarvis-street.

ERRORS OF YOUNG & OLD



Organic Weakness, Failing Memory