

Weather Forecast:
Fair and Warmer

53rd YEAR. No. 22814

LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

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HOME
EDITION

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Big Falling Out In Losses Through Submarines Compulsion Bill Expected To Pass Thursday

COMPULSION BILL TO PASS THURSDAY IS HOUSE BELIEF

Expected That National and Laurier Amendments Will Be Lost, and Measure Go Through With 60 Majority.

(Special to The Advertiser.)

Ottawa, July 4.—Tomorrow the Nationalist-Conservative sub-amendment to give conscription a six months' hoist will be defeated overwhelmingly, it is believed. It will have only about a dozen supporters. The Laurier amendment, calling for a referendum, will then be put and will be defeated by a normal Government majority of at least thirty. After that, the bill will be carried with about sixty votes to spare. This is the general opinion throughout the House today.

18,000 SOLDIERS, 300 OFFICERS RUSSIAN CATCH IN TWO DAYS

Petrograd, July 4.—In the fighting of Sunday and Monday, 300 officers, 18,000 men, 29 guns and 33 machine guns were captured by the Russians, the war office announces.

FURTHER ATTACKS.

Berlin, July 4.—Via London.—The Russians made further attacks in the region of Brzany, in Eastern Galicia, yesterday, but were unable to advance, the war office reports.

BROKE THROUGH TRIPLE LINE OF HUN DEFENSES

Teutons Unable To Stop the
Smashing Attack of the
Russians.

LATTER'S MEN PICKED

Losses in Officers and Privates
Heavy, but Traditions
Sustained.

London, July 4.—The Morning Post's Petrograd correspondent describes the scene of the main fighting in the Zhitomir region in Galicia, where the Russian army, strongly posted triple lines of trenches in the hills between which flows the Klichka stream, twelve miles northeast of Brzany. The Russians, with a force of artillery exceeding anything yet used on the Russian side, smashed great fields of wire and enemy machine gun positions, and cleared the path for stormers. These were necessarily picked men.

Considerable numbers had been taken to assemble regiments of infantry upon whom more or less reliance could be placed, although the Russians say that even their own officers could not pretend to know what would happen. The trial proved, whatever the case, that the Russian army, that there are at the front men worthy of Russia's great name.

LONDON, July 4.—The losses have been heavy, which is in accordance with Russian tradition, Russian armies holding records for ability to suffer without losing military qualities. Southwest of Brzany the fighting seems to have been even more severe, and success still hangs in the balance. This region is also hilly and wooded. The Germans had special redoubts which required long hammering by the artillery before an attack was possible. These defenses were held by the Germans and Turks—a combination which has always proved formidable.

Many Officers Slain.
After very hard fighting the Russians secured several points and captured 2,000 prisoners. Some points changed hands several times. It was here that the Russian loss in officers was particularly serious.

The general scope of the action indicates that the movement is on an extended scale, and that the battle now begun is likely to take weeks to reach its conclusion. The fighting is in territory which, before the war, belonged to the enemy. The Provisional Government announces that all regiments engaged in this new initiative will be henceforth known as "Eighteenth of June" regiments, that being the old style date of the battle. June 18 has been a memorable day for Russia for more than a century.

REFUSE TO WALK OUT,
FEARING TO EMBARRASS
U. S. WAR ACTIVITIES

New York, July 4.—With about 2,500 metal workers, boiler makers, pattern makers, riveters and blacksmiths employed at the shipyards in this district on strike labor leaders predicted further walkouts during the day unless the employers submit to the men's demands. The strikers ask an increase in wages of about 50 cents a day. Many of the 12,000 men employed in the shipbuilding plants declined to join the strikers on the ground that the doing so would be a blow to the Government's war preparations. These men announced they would finish all Government work despite orders of the union.

FOE AIRMEN RAID ESSEX, KILL EIGHT, SCORE HURT

Harwich Bombed by Fleet of
Fourteen Airplanes.

London, July 4.—From twelve to fourteen German air raiders today dropped bombs on Harwich, a seaport town in Essex, it was officially announced today. Eight persons were killed and twenty-two others were injured.

The text of the official statement follows:

"A squadron of some twelve to fourteen enemy airplanes attacked Harwich from a northeasterly direction about 7:30 o'clock this morning. A number of bombs were dropped, and the latest reports state that eight persons were killed and twenty-two injured. Only slight material damage was caused."

"Fire was opened from the anti-aircraft defenses, and the enemy's formation was broken up, although the low flying clouds rendered the visibility very bad. The raiders also were engaged by our own aircraft, from a neighboring station."

"After dropping their bombs the enemy's squadron turned seaward without attempting to penetrate inland. The whole raid only occupied a few minutes."

SHORT AND SWIFT.

A Town on the Essex Coast, July 4.—The approach of an enemy raiding squadron was made known shortly before 7 o'clock. The morning was dull and heavy, the coast being obscured by a slight mist. Shortly after the warning was given anti-aircraft guns came into action, and almost simultaneously the explosion of bombs in different areas was heard.

Nothing could be seen of the airplanes, the number of which was estimated variously at from five to ten. The Germans, favored by the weather, succeeded in penetrating inland a little distance and dropped bombs promiscuously.

The raid was short and swift. It is believed only slight damage was done. Thus far no casualties have been reported.

GERMANS LAUNCH BANK
TO COMBAT INFLUENCE
OF BRITISH ABROAD

Copenhagen, July 4.—The project for a German export bank to assist in the restoration of trade relations with Central and South America and to promote export trade generally, was launched at a big meeting of trade organizations and Latin-American houses at Hamburg on Monday.

The bank will establish branches abroad, particularly at important centres of trade, Central America, West Indies, East Asia and Australasia. Where German bank representation is inadequate, the export bank will assist German import houses by granting a line of credit on acceptable security.

The necessity of combating American and Japanese efforts in South America and manipulating German firms outside banks, which almost monopolize business in the continent, is given as justification for starting the new bank.

WINGHAM ENGINEER
ROBBED BY GYPSIES

Hensall, July 4.—Engineer Menier of the flour mills, was attacked by two women and a man Tuesday afternoon while engaged in clearing up the engine room. In the struggle they took \$15 from his hip pocket, and made their escape. It is said they belong to a gang of gypsies that has been in this neighborhood for some time.

NO MOVE FOR STRIKE
UNTIL PARL. DECIDES

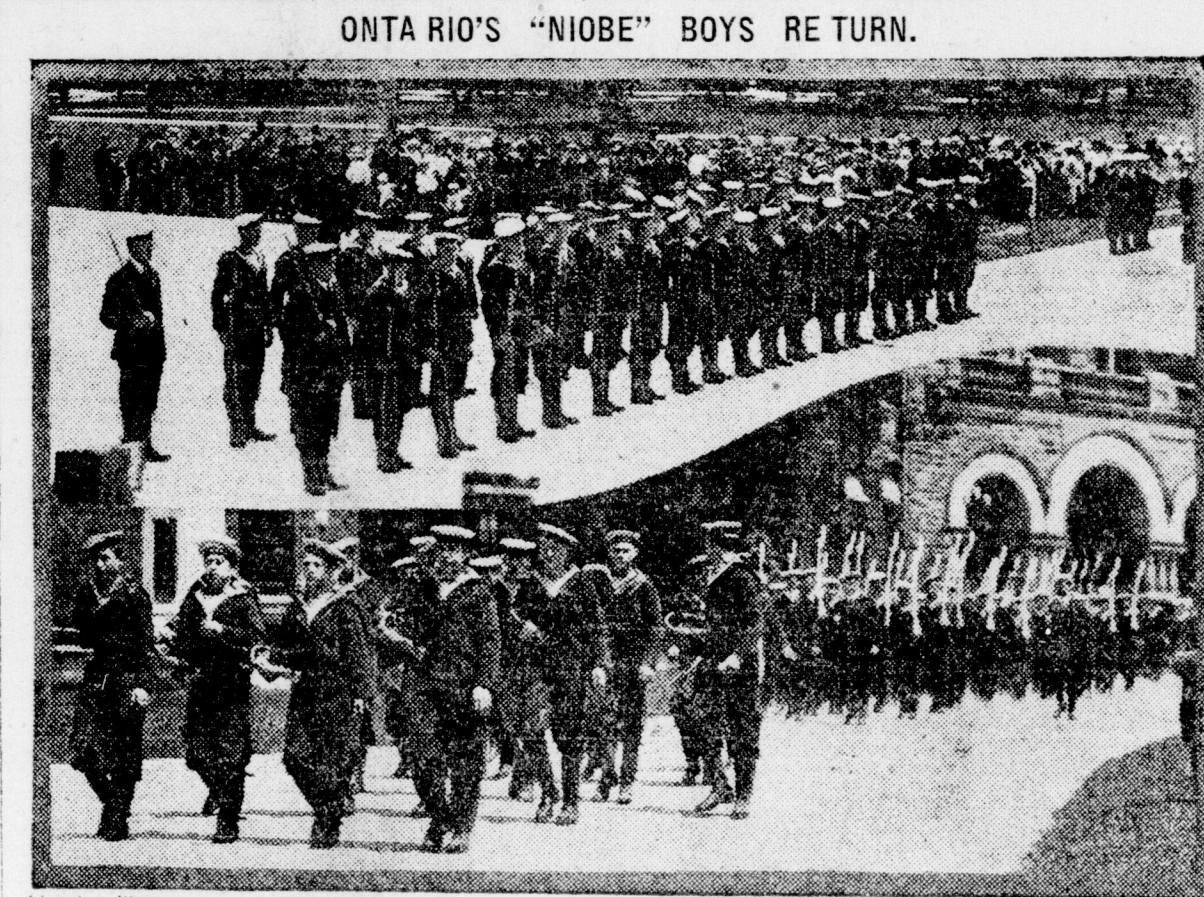
Quebec, July 4.—The central council of trades and labor of the districts of Quebec and Lévis yesterday evening decided to table a resolution that asked for the council to take action on the talk of a general strike throughout Canada as a protest against conscription. The council decided that it should defer its decision until the House of Commons has decided a final course regarding the enforcing of the military conscription in Canada.

NO CONNECTION WITH
POLICE, STATES COCCHI

Bologna, July 4.—Alfredo Cocchi, confessed slayer of Ruth Kruger, the New York girl, said he had no secret connection with the New York police and that they were not at all involved in the crime. Cocchi's statement came after a new inquiry by the royal prosecutor.

COL. TURNBULL DEAD.

Quebec, July 3.—Col. Jas. F. Turnbull, at one time commander of the first permanent cavalry in Canada, died at his home, St. Denis avenue, here, this afternoon, at the age of 82 years. The late Col. Turnbull was born in London, and came to Quebec when only a boy. Up to the time of his death he was president of the Mount Hermon Cemetery Association, and honorary president of the Garrison Club.



ONTARIO'S "NIOBE" BOYS RETURN.
After six months on H.M.C.S. "Niobe," a large party of Toronto and Ontario lads came home on leave, with bronzed faces and the regulation sailors' gait. Their smartness, even on land, is here shown at inspection before the Provincial Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

TONS OF BOMBS DROP ON BASES OF Foe'S SUBS

Successful Raid Made by British Airmen On Bruges.

London, July 4.—During Monday night and Tuesday morning, bombing raids were carried out on the docks of Bruges, Belgium, and on the ammunition depots at Lichtervelde, thirteen miles from Bruges, by the Royal Naval Air Service, according to an official statement issued today. "Several tons of bombs were dropped in all, and heavy, the coast being obscured by a slight mist. Shortly after the warning was given anti-aircraft guns came into action, and almost simultaneously the explosion of bombs in different areas was heard."

Nothing could be seen of the airplanes, the number of which was estimated variously at from five to ten. The Germans, favored by the weather, succeeded in penetrating inland a little distance and dropped bombs promiscuously.

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HINDENBURG FAILS IN NIGHT DRIVES ON AISNE LINES; LOSSES ARE HEAVY

French Repulse Attack After 'Attack By
Prussians and Inflict Stupendous Casualties.

Paris, July 4.—Extremely violent fighting was in progress all through the night on the Aisne front, resulting in the rout of the attacking Germans with very heavy losses, the war office announces.

The Germans repeatedly hurled large bodies of men against the French, attacking on the whole front from the north of Jouy to the east of the Calonne Plateau. The repulse of the enemy was complete.

AUSTRIAN AFFAIRS IN SERIOUS SHAPE

Emperor Trying Vainly To
Secure Support of
Czechs.

London, July 4.—The proclamation of Emperor Charles of Austria, granting amnesty to civilians convicted of high treason and other offences, would never have been promulgated except for the success of the new Russian offensive, in the opinion of Dr. Benes, secretary of the Czech committee, as set forth in an interview obtained by the Central News. Dr. Benes, who has just arrived in London, is quoted as saying: "The position of affairs in Austria is very serious. The Emperor thinks that by granting amnesty he will clear the political atmosphere, which is becoming rapidly antagonistic to the Government, but I am assured that instead of having a favorable effect on the further course of the Parliamentary session, as is the hope of the Government, the result will be the reverse."

The Emperor's step will not remove the blot. We know why the emperor acted as he did. He wishes to win all parties to his side, ostensibly to participate in the defence against the Russians, but the public understands the underlying motives and will not be trapped."

FOOD RIOTS SHOOK
MANY TEUTON CITIES

Copenhagen, July 4.—A semi-official German statement reaching here reports that food riots occurred not only in Stettin, but also in Danzig and two Silesian cities, Glatz and Hildesheim. Troops had been called out to restore order, which was accomplished without actual firing. Hindenburg is the city which discarded its Polish name and assumed the field marshal's name as a mark of loyalty to the Reich. The siege of Dusseldorf has been raised but an extraordinary court martial is still sitting to try participants in the riots.

SIX THOUSAND PAGES
OF GALT REPORT READ;
NO WITNESSES CALLED

Montreal, July 4.—Sir Ezekiel MeLeod and Mr. Justice Teller are still engaged in the review of the evidence taken by Mr. Justice Galt in the Manitoba scandals. They have already reviewed six thousand pages. No witnesses have yet been called, and none will be heard till action has been taken by the Manitoba government. It is understood that the attorney-general of Manitoba has been urged to expedite matters.

Council for the parties interested will be heard as soon as possible, their lordships. The proceedings will be held in public when that stage is reached and the commissioners will make their report immediately thereafter.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 71; lowest, 47.
The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 71; lowest, 50.

TOMORROW—FINE AND WARMER.
Toronto, July 4.—A milder and warmer today and on Thursday.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:
Stations. High. Low. Weather.
Victoria. 68. 54. Cloudy.
Calgary. 68. 54. Clear.
Winnipeg. 70. 48. Clear.
Ottawa. 68. 54. Fair.
Perry Sound. 62. 50. Cloudy.
Port Stanley. 66. 50. Clear.
Buffalo. 68. 50. Clear.
Kingston. 68. 50. Cloudy.
Ottawa. 68. 54. Fair.
Montreal. 68. 54. Cloudy.
Quebec. 74. 54. Clear.
Falls Point. 64. 46. Rain.

Weather Notes.
A few scattered showers have occurred in Alberta and Saskatchewan, while in the Maritime Provinces light showers have been general. The Quebec Street Railway (Heat and Power Company) closed last night at the latter end of the line, where they found the body in the kitchen.

H. J. MATTHEWS DEAD.
Quebec, July 4.—H. J. Matthews, general manager of the Quebec Street Railway (Heat and Power Company), died last night at the latter end of the line, where they found the body in the kitchen.

Beaten to Death With His Own Night-Stick.
New York, N. Y., July 4.—John P. Flood, a 25-year-old, declared himself dead with his own nightstick and an axe yesterday afternoon in the apartment of Mrs. James O'Connor, who had assumed the name of Kitty Mannix after separation from her husband three years ago. The woman said to the police that the murder was committed by a former pugilist who had been moving in with her. She said that she had lived for several days in fear of the man, who had threatened to kill her. She said that she had fled from the apartment over Sunday. The woman, according to her story, then went in search of a policeman and soon returned with Flood. He went into the apartment, she says, and she went into the courtyard to get water. She said that she saw Flood's body in the kitchen.