specimens were from the Laramie of Golden, Colorado, but he compares the form with C. Mississippiense, and also with such European forms as C. spectabile, Heer, from the Swiss Molasse.

North Fork Similkameen River.

ect

ve

is of ly

Planera longifolia, Lesq. (Fig. 16.)



Fig. 16.—Planera longifolia.

This leaf is certainly not distinguishable from some of the forms from the Green River Group (Oligocene), included by Lesquereux in this species, which seems to be the American analogue of *P. Ungeri* of the Miocene of Europe.

North Fork Similkameen River.

Quercus Dalli, Lesq. (Fig. 17.)



Fig. 17.—Quereus Dalli.

This leaf is described by Lesquereux from Cook's Inlet, Alaska. The leaf figured seems to belong to the same species, which Lesquereux compares with Heer's Q. Grænlandica and Q. Olafseni from Greenland, which, however, differ in form and venation. He also compares it with European Tertiary leaves referred to the genus Paulinia; but it certainly has little resemblance in venation to either genus.

North Fork Similkameen River.