CITY ARCHITECT'S DEPARTMENT NEEDS THORO REORGANIZATION

Judge Denton Finds That Discipline Was Loose, Discrimination Was Shown, and That New Head of Department is Needed To Insure Good Results.

(Continued From Page 1.)

with the approved plans and the building bylaw.

"(c) To enforce the provisions of all bylaws relating to building.

"(d) Preparing plans for and supervising the erection of all buildings erected by the city.

"(e) The inspection of drains and plumbing, and the granting of permits therefor. The evidence shows that as the plumbing and drainage is part of the building operations, it should be done by this department. This work is at present done under the medical health department. Dr. Hastings, the medical health officer, concurs in the opinion that this work rightly belongs to the department of buildings.

"Several instances have been given where permits have been granted for a two-family house and the applicant has, in the course of erection, turned it into an apartment house. If the plumbing and drainage were done under this department these changes would be more easily detected.

"(f) The inspection of all interior electric wiring. The evidence all points to the advisability of this work being undertaken by this department.

MADE STRICT INSPECTION.

"(g) The inspection, after occupation, of all places of public assembly, such as theatres, public halls, churches, departmental stores and apartment houses. This will include the duty of seeing that the law is strictly enforced as regards fire escapes, standpipes, sprinkler systems.

"At the present time the authority in these matters is divided, the chief of the fire department having some duties with relation to them. It is advisable that this should be done by one department, in order that it may be known where the responsibility lies.

"(h) The inspection of passenger elevators and the granting of permits therefor.

"(i) The storage of gasoline and other inflammable or explosive materials, and smoke prevention, forges, boilers, etc., might also be looked after by this department.

"These are matters, it is true, which can perhaps as well be done by another department, but authority should not be divided.

END EXISTING CONDITIONS.

"That the head of this department should be called the 'Superintendent of Buildings.' He should be the best man available possessing the qualifications set out in a former part of this report. The successful working of the department depends to a large extent upon the election that may be made for its chief. He should not only have the necessary practical and technical knowledge of the work of the department, but should possess the necessary administrative ability to reorganize and systematize the department and to introduce such reforms as will put an end for all time to some of the conditions at present existing."

"The department should be divided into sections as follows:

"Plan Examiners.—The examination of all plans should be so arranged that specially qualified men will deal with particular classes of construction, such as:

"(a) Steel constructed buildings.

"(b) Reinforced concrete and concrete buildings.

"(c) Buildings other than those of steel or reinforced concrete construction, for which properly prepared plans and specifications are required.

"(d) Small buildings and additions or alterations for which the same care is not required either in the plans or in the inspection of the work.

Qualified Inspectors.

"The Inspection Department.—The work of inspection should be so divided that qualified men will be in charge of each class of construction. There should be one or more inspectors of iron and steel construction who are specially qualified for that work. There should be one or more inspectors having charge of reinforced concrete and concrete buildings and inspectors of masonry and carpentering.

To Probe Complaints.

"There should be two or more general inspectors whose duty it should be to see that the inspectors under them are doing their work, and decide upon all matters of inspection when appealed to. They should also, either by themselves or by others under them, have charge of the investigation of complaints. And there should be one or more inspectors specially set apart for inspecting occupied places of public assembly.

"Plumbing Inspectors.—There should be a sanitary engineer at the head of this branch.

"Interior Electric Wiring. — This needs a competent electrician at its head, with skilled assistants.

Adequate Records.

"The City Buildings Department.—That the system in the department should be such as will produce at least two essential results:

"First, a record book in which a separate page will be given to each building, containing a record of all dates and matters relating to the building. And, secondly, a separate file for each building, which will contain the application, permit, plans (if required to be kept), reports of inspectors, complaints, copies of all correspondence, concessions, deviations, prosecutions, certificate and every other record with reference to the building from the date of the application for the permit down to and including the final certificate of the inspector.

Duplicate Plans.

"That a duplicate set of plans of large buildings, such as warehouses, office buildings, factories, hotels, theatres, stores, apartment houses, etc. should be kept permanently on file for future reference.

"That the building bylaw should be carefully considered by the new head of the department, with a view to its revision in order that, while preserving the necessary margin of safety, any unnecessary cost of building may be avoided.

"This revision should always be under the control of the head of the department, but he should consult in that revision the views of outside architects, engineers and builders.

Salaries Too Low.

"That the scale of fees now in use in the department should at once be revised with a view to making the revenue of the department sufficient to warrant adequate salaries being paid.

"As already mentioned, it is of little or no importance to the general taxpayer what salaries (if within reason) are paid to the members of the department so long as the people who make use of the department for building purposes pay these salaries.

"The superintendent of buildings should have power vested in him to appoint, dismiss, promote or degrade any person in his department, and he should also (subject to a limit to be fixed by the city council) name the salaries that shall be paid to each.

Inspection Branch Bad.

"The inspection department should be at once strengthened. There are two, if not three, vacancies now in this branch. The time is now opportune for filling their places with specially qualified men, and gradually, as others fall out, further strength can be introduced.

"The majority of the present inspectors are either bricklayers or carpenters. When the extent of the territory of each, and the number of buildings they have to look after is taken into account, it may be said that they have done fairly well, but in truth this branch of the service is not as strong as it ought to be.

"More accommodation for the department should be provided at an early date, if the best service is to be expected.

Eliminate Favoritism.

"That concessions or deviations should not be considered by the board of control or property committee or city council except upon the written report of the head of the department containing a statement of the facts and his opinion thereon.

Outside Work Unjustified.

"It has been well proved, and to some extent admitted by many of the officials themselves, that for some years past several of the plan examiners, and at least one of the building inspectors, have been in the habit of preparing and selling plans to builders and receiving pay therefor. To such an extent has this been going on that some of these examiners, for years past, have been receiving as much from these sources as they were receiving in salary from the city. **All this is utterly wrong, and cannot be defended on any sound principles. The chief objection to it is that the plans prepared by these examiners must be approved by their own colleagues, and can, with ease, be approved by themselves.** It is enough to say that if this practice is allowed to continue these things will or may happen, and concessions and favors may be given to builders which ought not to be given. Another objection to this practice is, that it is unfair to the duly qualified architects practising in the city.

Jolt for A. H. Woodburn.

In the case of A. H. Woodburn, a plan examiner, it is necessary to say that his conduct in persisting in plan-making down to this date, in utter disregard of the orders of his department, calls for severe criticism.

"With one single exception no evidence has been given that any of the building inspectors at any time have accepted bribes in connection with the duties of their office. This is greatly to their credit when the amount of their salaries and the temptation they are subject to are considered.

Some Poor Work.

Examples of improper work are as follows:

"Lakeview Apartments: In this building the stairways and halls are in wood, and there are neither fire escapes nor standpipes, and a nine-inch wall above the first floor—all contrary to the bylaw.

"Lakeview Mansions: No fire escapes as required by law.

"Maitland Apartments: In the east building the stairways are in wood.

"Beaches Apartments: No fire standards and no hose.

"Seneca Apartments: No yard area and no fire escapes. This is a dangerous place.

At Nanton Court.

"Nanton Court Apartments: There are no fire escapes, no fire hose and no fire standards.

"Apartment house, corner Shaw and College streets; no yard area, no standpipes, no fire hose and insufficient fire escapes.

"Kelvin Apartments: No fire escapes.

"There are some instances where buildings have been erected for which no permits have been issued to this day. There are more instances still where buildings have been well advanced, and in some cases completed before the permit was obtained.

No Permit Ever Issued.

In 1912 Water & Elliott (intimate friends of Mr. Price) built 12 houses in Essex street. No permit has been issued to this day for any one of them.

"In the same year Frank D. Woodcock (who had paid Price for a plan the year before), built a house in Palmerston Gardens for which no permit was ever issued.

"The permit for the addition to the Woodbine Hotel, which was recently burned with disastrous results, was not issued until the addition was almost, if not entirely, completed. With so many speculative builders in Toronto, who are in business for the money they can make out of it, greater vigilance should be shown. The number of buildings put up without a permit at all, or without a permit until the building is up or in course of erection, are altogether too many.

Use the Police.

"This can easily be prevented. The city is covered with police constables patroling their beats. If police constables were instructed, when on duty, to require every person erecting anything that requires a permit to show the permit, and on default to report the matter to the department, these matters could easily be detected.

"I am obliged to report that there has been discrimination shown in the enforcement of the bylaw in favor of those who were fortunate enough to be friends of Mr. Price. Indeed, in many instances where buildings were completed without a permit, or commenced without a permit, it is not difficult to trace the cause.

Need For Improvement.

"The new head of the department ought, it seems to me, at an early date to take into his counsel representative men who are interested in construction work of all kinds, with a view to such revision of the building bylaw as will, if possible, lessen the cost of building, and at the same time preserve a necessary margin of safety.

"It is beyond question that the present organization and system of the city architect's department falls far short of what a city of the size and importance of Toronto demands."

Acting City Architect Price is exonerated from the charge of receiving any benefit from the purchases by the city of land for the Howland avenue firehall, or thru the erection of Loew's Theatre, or thru the erection of buildings at the Hillcrest racetrack.

SAILORS CARRIED AWAY ON FLOES

At Least Fifty Men Are Believed to Have Lost Lives.

CAUGHT IN BLIZZARD

Men Were Unable to Regain Sealing Ship When Storm Broke.

(Continued From Page 1.)

were on the ice. Captain Wesley Kean, his officers, engineers, stokers and cooks remained aboard.

This morning the weather cleared and Captain Kean signaled the steamers Bellaventure and Stephano, who were nearest him, of the loss of his men. These two vessels being fast and powerful smashed their waay into the floes in search of the missing men.

Picked Up Survivors.

Late today the captain of Bellaventure sent wireless messages here saying that he had picked up thirty survivors and anumber of dead bodies, but there is doubt as to whether she referred only to those picked up by her.

The wireless of the Bellaventure was working poorly, and the messages received from her were somewhat confused. The number of fatalities will be in doubt at least until she reaches here, probably tomorrow noon. She has a trip of some 150 miles ahead of her. At dusk another blizzard had sprung up, and there was little hope for any of the hunters who had not already been saved.

Southern Cross in Peril.

The first reports of the loss of the men of the Newfoundland were confused and were generally accepted as referring to the Southern Cross, and it was not until late in the day that the identity of the unhappy crew was determined. Early information that the Newfoundland had been sunk by the ice proved untrue. Wireless messages describing the loss of her hunters were read as referring to the ship itself. There is still some doubt as to how the vessel survived the storm, but as the latest messages fro mthe Bellaventure and the Stephano make no mention to the contrary, it is assumed that the ship still floats.

The anxiety for the Southern Cross is increased by the news from Cape Race that two masts at the Marconi wireless station there, which haad outlasted the storms of nineteen years, were leveled and smashed in splinters by Tuesday's winds.

The most serious of previous disasters in connection with the seal fisheries waas that which befel the steamer Greenland in 1898. Of a crew of 180 men who had been sent out over the ice floes, 48 were frozen to death and 63 were frost-bitten.

The years 1908 and 1909 were also disastrous. Five ships were lost in these two seasons.

ARMENIAN BISHOP MAY DISSOLVE A MARRIAGE

Church May Undo What Law of Canada Has Done—Bigamy Suspected.

Special to The Toronto World.

ST. CATHARINES, April 2.—Early in the week the marriage of two Armenians took place in a local Methodist Church, the ceremony being detained for a time when it was found that no license had first been obtained. A nearby jewelry store was visited. A nearby pewelry store was visited, the license procured and the ceremony was eventually consummated. Today the magistrate, crown attorney and the officiating clergyman were waited upon by a committee of Armenians who claimed to have discovered that the woman had a husband living in the old land. In the meantime the groom has decided, after a conference with his fellow-countrymen, not to live with the woman.

A bishop of their particular denomination from Massachusetts has been sent for, who is expected to "dissolve" the marriage ceremony satisfactorily to the local colony.

HAMILTON HOTELS.

HOTEL ROYAL

Every room furnished with new beds, new carpets and thoroughly redecorated January, 1914.
BEST SAMPLE ROOMS IN CANADA.
$3.00 and up—American Plan. ed7

LIBERALS MEMBER DENIED CHARGE

Dr. McQueen's Adjectives in Legislature Were Most Expressive.

WILLING TO GO BACK

His Electors Have Refused to Listen to the Accusations.

(Continued From Page 1.)

he made clear his intention of turning a searchlight on Dr. McQueen. He had not come into the arena with clean hands; one who had from a medical standpoint as well as others, condemned the traffic had broken the laws himself. Then, by a series of liquor orders he proceeded to show that John Connors, on the Indian list, had been granted allowances of whiskey on different dates, and that the tmauont in each case exceeded that fixed by law.

"He was not on the Inidan list at the time," shouted the Wentworth man across the floor.

"When my hon. friend comes in here to preach temperance, why does he not set the example in person, by obeying the law, so that people will know he means what he says?" continued the speaker. The orders were dated from November, 1911, at intervals and wege for either John or Michael Connors.

Elected On It.

"They backed me up on that very thing in 19.. and elected me on it," retorted Dr. McQueen.

"Why shouldn't they," came a back bench comment.

No Immoral Purpose.

Then Mr. Rowell took the cue and the members joining in created an uproar. "I think there is a great deal of harshness about the measures restricting to 6 ounces" said Mr. Lucas, "and I am not afraid to stand up in the house and say so. I do not dodge the questions."

"I have taken a bottle of Imperial out myself on occasion to a patient," continued Dr. McQueen, "and I want to say that tho I have made a breach in the law I have always carried out these prescriptions with a definite moral purpose. Never have I ordered liquor for any man in Ontario with an immoral purpose."

Dr. McQueen in asking the return alleged that he had certain information based on a confidential letter in his possession, which charged a lax administration of the license law in Kenora. The inspector, Doherty by name, was lame and suffered from asthma, two qualifications which unfitted him for the position, as well as the fact that he had been appointed thru one, Toole, president of the Conservative association and manager of one of the local hotels. He said it was Mr. Doherty's practice to sit on the plazza of the hotel and whenever a harvesters' train passed thro, to absent himself while dozens of the excursionists went in and bought bottles of liquor contrary to law. He admitted a fair enforcement before.

Hon. Mr. Hanna was glad that in five years there was at least one place where it was admitted that the law had been fairly administered. He slated the North Wentworth member for making charges at the instance of some one whose name he could not divulge. "That man," he declared, "who is so zealous in the cause of temperance that he never for one moment thinks of launching a prosecution or raising his hand to enforce the law, writes his own condemnation."

Mr. Hanna ridiculed Dr. McQueen's charge that Inspector Doherty was physically unfit and affirmed that both his appointment and that of the present board had been perfectly regular, that the administration of the law had been quite as good under the latter body as it had been under the board of 1908-1911 and a thousand times better than prior to March 1905, under opposition rule. Captain Machin in explaining the circumstances of the riding stated that the law was well enforced. Certain men had resigned to go west and others had fallen away. Rev. G. I. A. Little, the man who had sent the confidential letter, was "a great big broth of a boy" a Presbyterian clergyman a "kid" Grit who had tried to run his church as long as they would stand it and then the Conservative organization. Because he was turned down he got violent and wrote letters. The late James Conmee had kicked him on to Kenora. Commissioner Benchley had been asked to resign because the new chairman, a strong temperance man, had suggested it.

In the end the order for return went thru on the understanding that private or confidential letters were not expected in it.

CHURCH, FOSTER, O'NEILL NAMED

Three Controllers Allowed Builder to Neglect Bylaw, He Declares.

(Continued From Page 1.)

mitted, but they said they would allow the annex to be finished under the old bylaw. Verbal notice of this decision was forwarded to me thru the architect's department next day. With me it was a question of old bylaw or new bylaw."

No Inspection.

George Spear, manager of the Woodbine, swore the license inspector did not make an inspection of the annex. He admitted to Corporation Counsel Geary that guests had been housed in the annex at Exhibition time before the decorating was finished and before the premises were inspected. The inspector had agree to wait until the work was finished.

Several expert witnesses were questioned on the value and safety of pastel board used instead of lath and plaster. One of them, George Payne, said it would cause intense smoke.

The next sitting of the inquest will be on Tuesday.

David Belasco's "Good Little Devil" this afternoon and evening at the Gardon Theatre, College street.

LONDON, April 2.—The Standard understands that the Grand Trunk Railway will shortly be in the London market with an issue of two and a half million dollars in new 4 per cent. consolidated debenture stock. The price is stated to be about 90. The Queensland Government issue of ten million dollars 4 per cent. inscribed stock at 99 is advertised today.

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Artificial Limbs, Trusses, Deformity Appliances, Crutches, Etc.
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Signs of Spring.

Extract From "Canadian Seasons."—By William H. Taylor.

What is that subtle, rushing, silken sound?
It is the south wind whispering to the ground;
What is that fairy music from the trees?
It's from Aeolian harps, played by the breeze;
Why doth a bridal veil adorn the sky?
Because Sol's marriage to the North is nigh;
Are seraphs' cymbals like those water-bells
Which tinkle 'neath the snowbanks' melting cells?
They are the trembling echoes which impart
The vibrant melodies of Nature's heart.
Whence came that butterfly, with painted wing?
From Miracle's first Chant, which angels sing;
That humming-bird, a flash of gold and blue,
Proclaims the Artist's pledge that He is true.

Come, saunter by this lake, whose bosom bears
A brittle honeycomb of ice, which tears
Its channeled skirts to tatters near the shore,
Retreating from the river's angry roar.
The wind is rising, hear the seagull's scream,
A loon is crying like a lost soul's dream.
As Thor's huge Titans pile up rocks on rocks,
Boreas heaps the beach with blocks on blocks
Of wave-worn ice, which Zero's wizardry
Congealed from keen December's chemistry.

The air breathes soft, the swelling buds rejoice,
Obedient to the Master's Eye and Voice.
Those clouds thro' seas of soft celestial blue
Seem ships of pearl, with sails of rosy hue,
From Heaven's wharves the Season's gifts they bring,
In argosies from God to bless the Spring.

TWO YOUTHS ARE FOUND GUILTY OF ATTEMPT TO WRECK TRAIN

Sutton and Evans Placed Impediments on C. P. R. Track Between Carleton Place and Smith's Falls—Offenders May Be Sent to Prison Farm.

Canadian Press Despatch.

PERTH, Ont., April 2.—At the criminal assizes for the County of Lanark, Sir Glenholme Falconbridge presiding, James Sutton, aged 18, formerly of Wexford, Ireland, and William Evans, aged 19, formerly of London, Eng., were found guilty of having attempted to wreck a C. P. R. train on March 16 last. The youths placed bolts and spikes and a steel plate on the track between Carleton Place and Smith's Falls. They were indicted by the crown under section 282 of the criminal code, which provides a penalty of life imprisonment, and when they pleaded guilty Sir Glenholme refused to accept their plea, and assigned counsel to the case. With the consent of the crown attorney the pair were reindicted under another section of the code, which provides a lighter penalty, and pleaded guilty. They were remanded for sentence, his lordship intimating he wished to send them to the prison farm at Guelph if the regulations there permitted of their acceptance.

Four members of the grand jury who did not answer their names were assessed $50 each by the court.

REBELS ARRESTED OFFICIAL OF U.S.

Consular Agent at Parral Accused of Passing Counterfeit Money.

Canadian Press Despatch.

CHIHUAHUA, Mex., April 2.—Edward A. Powers, United States consular agent at Parral, was arrested by the rebel authorities at Parral today on a charge of passing counterfeits of the rebel fiat money. Mr. Powers telegraphed to Marion Letcher, American consul here, of his plight, and Letcher said he would demand the immediate release of Powers.

E. E. Johnson, cashier, and F. A. Hawkins, assistant manager of the Alvarado Mining & Milling Co., both of whom are Americans, were arrested on similar charges yesterday, and Consul Letcher is looking after their interests.

It is asserted that the men are not guilty. The fiat currency was cheaply printed, and soon a large number of counterfeits appeared. For a time even officials were unable to tell the genuine from the spurious.

The Americans who were arrested, it is said, bought the money in good faith for the purpose of paying employes, and Mr. Letcher expects little difficulty in straightening out the trouble.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days.
Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. First application gives relief. 50c. 5tf

LIBERALS HEARD ABOUT THE NAVY

Ward Six Association Was Addressed by Prominent Toronto Speakers.

At a meeting of the Ward Six Liberal Association last night, at their room on Gladstone avenue, ex-Ald. Geo. Ramsden spoke on the naval question. He pointed out that the Conservative party claimed that they were the loyal party of the country. He repudiated this suggestion. "What have they done to deserve this title," he said. "They had introduced a measure to spend a sum of money to help to protect the empire, while we, the Liberal party, who have got the name of being disloyal, have done far more to prove our love for the great empire to which we belong by allowing 33 1-3 per cent. preferential tariff."

Major Hunter also spoke on the naval question, and stated that it was one which the Conservative party wished to forget.

"Twelve months ago," he stated, "the Orangemen of this city were crying out to give $35,000,000 to Churchill for the navy. Do they make the same cry now? Do they wish to contribute three warships to help to force home rule down the throats of their friends in Ulster?"

Messrs. Gordon Waldron and Alex Wylie also addressed the meeting.

WM. A. ROGERS HELD ANNUAL MEETING

Decrease in Profits Was Due to the General Depression.

FINANCIAL POSITION

Company is Strong Owing to System of Large Reserve.

The annual report of the directors of the Wm. A. Rogers, Limited, for the year ended December 31, 1913, was presented to the shareholders at the general meeting held on Tuesday.

In introducing the report S. J. Moore referred to the severe loss the company had sustained owing to the death of Mr. William A. Rogers, the late general manager.

He pointed out that the business of the company had fallen off considerably during the past twelve months, due to the generally unfavorable conditions which existed, which, coupled with the higher cost of production and distribution, had resulted in a decrease in the profits.

The net profits for the year amounted to $260,880.78, out of which $171,530.78 was obtained directly from operations, while $88,350 came from special sources. Of the latter amount $50,000 was derived from insurance on the life of the late president, and $25,000 from stock of the Canadian Rogers Company.

Nearly all the shrinkage in the business of the company had occurred during October, November and December, but as this state of affairs was general thruout the silverware trade it was considered that the report was not so unsatisfactory as appeared on the surface.

The Balance Sheet.

The balance sheet shows a continuance of the satisfactory position which has been evidenced for some years. The surplus of current assets over liabilities amounted to $1,286,649.62, made up as follows:

Cash	$ 236,388 18	
Accounts and bills receivable	348,782 03	
Merchandise	1,406,245 95	
		$1,991,416 16
Less debts payable	$ 644,016 54	
Less dividends payable	60,750 00	704,766 54
		$1,286,649 62

This means that for every share of preference stock there are $143 of current assets in addition to $195 of fixed assets (composed of buildings, plant, goodwill, etc., aggregating $1,757,571.12), a total of $338 of assets for every $100 of preference stock issued.

Financial Position.

The financial position of the company being very strong owing to some extent to the policy adopted in past years of placing a large sum to reserve, the directors considered that a fairly liberal policy might be pursued with respect to common stock dividends. Given a year of normal business, it is considered that the net profits will again reach high figures, and this justified the continuance of the dividend of 10 per cent.

The following board of directors was elected for the ensuing year: S. J. Moore, Hon. Charles H. Duell, Robert Kilgour, Hon. W. Caryl Ely, Hon. H. S. Duell, Wm. A. Jameson and Chas. W. Colby, M.A., Ph.D.

Messrs. Clarkson, Gordon and Dilworth were appointed auditors.

At a subsequent meeting of the board S. J. Moore was elected president and the Hon. Charles H. Duell vice-president of the company.

PASTMASTERS' NIGHT AT BEAVER LODGE, L.O.L.

J. J. Kennersley, Father of Lodge, Presented With Portrait—Speeches and Music.

Beaver Lodge, L.O.L. 911, celebrated pastmasters' night by a banquet in Victoria Hall last night. J. J. Kennedy, the father of the lodge and its worshipful master for the first three years, presented the lodge with his portrait, which will be hung on the wall of the meeting room. Wm. Smith of Lansdowne L.O.L. performed the duties of toastmaster. The speakers were: J. J. Kennedy, D. J. R. Carlyle, T. Kineply, George Leam, J. T. Stinpson, Thos. Scott, E. A. Fennill, Wm. Kingsley, Frank Richards, H. M. Bell, the worshipful master, J. Powell, W. Woods, W. Bettridge. Those who contributed to the entertainment were: Chas. Gurney, comic songs; Mr. Molyneaux, soloist; Mr. Robertson, recitations; Mr. Joyce, songs; Joe Jackson, humorous selections. The Beaver will celebrate their silver jubilee next October.

Are You in The Sunday World?

If you are not in next Sunday's Illustrated Section, it is quite likely you'll recognize friends in the many pictures of gatherings that will appear.

King Edward School Boys . . .

The snappiest, liveliest picture of Toronto youth that has ever been taken—almost a page of lusty boys.

Manchester Lodge, S. O. E., At-Home
D'Alton McCarthy L. O. L. Dance
Lansdowne L. O. L. Banquet
Tiger Football Club, Hamilton, Minstrels
Y. M. C. A. Carnival Entertainers

THEN BESIDES:

Two pages of glimpses of old country events and interesting happenings abroad, and a page of local incidents. An all-round interesting picture section—just one part of **Canada's Greatest Week-End Newspaper.**

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