

large, like those of an ass. The horns are flat, and branch out only behind; and are shed every year. The feet resemble those of the deer, excepting as they are much longer and broader; and when it puts them on the ground, the hoofs separate, two or three inches. The head is about two feet long. The upper is much longer than the under lip of this animal; and the nostrils are so wide, that a man might thrust his hand into them, to a considerable distance. The colour of the moose is a light grey, mixed with a deep red, and the hair is so elastic, that its shape cannot be altered by beating. The flesh of this animal is exceedingly good food, it being easy of digestion, and very nourishing, as well as very palatable. The nose and the upper lip, which is large, and loose from the gums, are esteemed a great delicacy; it is of a consistence between marrow and gristle, and when properly dressed, it is a rich and luxurious dish. The hide of this animal makes excellent leather, as it is thick and strong; and when dressed it is soft and pliable. The pace of the moose, is a walk or trot; and it is exceeded in swiftness, by few of its fellow tenants of the forest. It will, with ease, trot over a fallen tree, of five feet in diameter. This animal is commonly found in low grounds, where it feeds on moss, and the buds of trees. The moose, generally, remains alone; though at sometimes five or six of