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WITH WHICH IS INCORPORATED
THE TEMPERANCE HERALD,
A WEEKLY FAMILY JOURNAL OF SOCIAL PROGRESS AND MORAL REFORM.

"FREEDOM FOR THE RIGHT MEANS SUPPRESSION OF THE WRONG."

DYNAMITE AGAIN.

AN EXPLOSION AT ORANGEVILLE.

Blowing Up a Scott Act Inspector—Dastardly
Revenge of Anti-Scotts—Great Excite-
ment—But no one Injured

ANOTHER dynamite outrage has been added to the long list of, as yet, unpunished atrocities chargeable to the liquor traffic. The press despatch dated Oranville, November 15, says:—"At half-past eight o'clock this evening the house of Scott Act Inspector Anderson, on Second Avenue, was again blown up by dynamite. The charge was placed on the verandah at the front of the house, and the two front rooms were badly shattered. The verandah is a complete wreck. Mrs. Anderson, who was alone in the house, was sitting beside the stove in the dining-room and was badly frightened, her screams could be heard several blocks away. The inspector had just left the house, and was only about ten yards away when the explosion occurred. He was stunned by the concussion. A note was found tacked to the fence warning him to desist from his efforts in favor of the Scott Act, and stating that he might congratulate himself that he had not been blown to 'kingdom come' before this. Several Oranville hotel keepers have been fined for violating the Scott Act during the past week, and it is a notable coincidence that dynamite explosions always occur after the liquor men have been fined for breaking the law. The evening is very dark, and several citizens are rushing around to find the scene of the outrage. The report of the explosion was very loud, and intense excitement prevails in the town. This is the sixth dynamite explosion that has occurred in Oranville in two years. The perpetrators are of course unknown."

MORE ROWDYISM.

Another Anti-Scott Act Mob.

ON Wednesday of last week a disreputable piece of rowdyism was perpetrated by some Anti-Scott Act roughs at Parkhill. A dispatch to the Toronto Globe gives particulars in the following terms:—"Two Scott Act detectives, who have been employed by Inspector Shoff, of North Middlesex, and the Temperance Committee at Parkhill, had an exciting experience yesterday. They had succeeded in working up nineteen cases, twelve of which were disposed of some time ago, and resulted in ten acquittals and two convictions. Yesterday the remaining seven cases were tried before P. M. Wells. Mr. A. A. McTavish, of Parkhill, represented the Crown, and Mr. McDermid the defendants. The Court-room was filled. Sandford Tudor was convicted on one charge and fined \$50. Thos. Malone was absent and his case enlarged. Walter Malone's case was heard and judgment suspended. He swore the bar was leased to his brother Peter and that Thomas tended it, while both the detectives swore they asked for and got whiskey from him and were told to pay Thomas. There were second charges against each of the two Malones which were not proceeded with. In the case of Mrs. Teddar both detectives gave positive evidence against the defendant, which she as positively contradicted. This charge was dismissed. The detectives state that the defendants' counsel, while nominally addressing the Court, virtually harangued the mob and abused the detectives, one of whom he called a "red-headed, cock-eyed, lying scoundrel, villain, sneak and liar," eliciting the applause of the audience. When the detectives left the Court-room they had to face a mob of over two hundred persons, and had only the protection of three constables and Inspector Shoff. The mob followed the detectives, who took refuge in a restaurant, but there the crowd grew larger, and when the detectives left to take the train they were greeted with a fusillade of stones and sticks. Inspector Shoff was struck several times and was knocked down with a stone, being badly hurt on the neck and shoulder. Rush after rush was made on the detectives, who, however, were pluckily protected by the constables. On entering the waiting-room at the station the attack was renewed, and the detectives retreated to the ladies' room and barred the door. When the train arrived the detectives made a rush for the cars, but on the platform they were met by a shower of stones and eggs. As one of the two detectives went into the

car he was confronted by a man who had evidently entered by the other door, and who aimed a stone at him. Before the assailant could throw it, however, another stone hurled from behind hit past the detective and hit the man between the eyes, bringing him down in a heap and the blood spurting all over his clothes. This man was subsequently carried away by his friends. Even after seating themselves in the car stones were thrown at the detectives, one of the missiles striking Inspector Shoff. The attack was kept up until the train started.

TEMPERANCE UNION.

Public Opinion on the Question.

A MOVEMENT is on foot to unite the various temperance orders into one whole. We should think the time ripe for such action. So long as those engaged in a common cause are kept apart by principle, it is their duty to stand by their principles. When they are separated by no vital principle it is manifestly their duty to unite, that those energies which are all needed for the conflict with the common enemy be not wasted in efforts at each other's expense.—*Stirling News Argus.*

MR. W. W. BUCHANAN, who is head of the Royal Templars of Temperance of Canada, is advocating a union of the Templars, the Good Templars and the Sons of Temperance. It would be hard to find a substantial objection to Mr. Buchanan's proposal. The three orders are moving upon parallel lines, and by union they would sacrifice no principle, while they would combine their resources, escape the wastefulness of common expenditures, and materially increase their working strength in many communities. One strong, earnest, active Canadian Order of Temperance workers should be the early outcome of the movement which Mr. Buchanan has inaugurated.—*Globe.*

HOW NELSON GOT OFF.

Inspector Beaton Explains the Case.

DEAR SIR,—I have read in the CITIZEN of Oct. 28th that W. H. Nelson of Dutton was charged with three fines, and should have been convicted, but could not be found by the officers sent to arrest him, and that he finally established some negotiations by which he appeared in court on condition of being dealt with as for a second offence. The above statement is not all correct. I had the information for a third of a year against W. H. Nelson and not three offences as charged by your correspondent. In the first place the constable could not find Mr. Nelson, so as to serve the summons, he being not at home. I understood he was in the States and would not come back unless the case was made a second offence. He was gone about three weeks. All this time his friends were pleading with me that as he was a good citizen it was too bad to be driving him out of the country. They said he would do better in future. On these conditions I amended the information to a second offence. These are the simple facts of the whole case. In justice to me please have your correspondence correct.—
Yours truly,
ALEX BEATON,
License Inspector
West Lorne, Nov. 2nd, 1887.

A STRONG TESTIMONY.

OXFORD COUNTY Grand Jury commends the Scott Act while condemning the inefficiency of detective officials. The grand jury at the Oxford County Assizes last week made a deliverance containing the following strong statement:—"We have much pleasure in the fact that crime here and elsewhere in this province is less than it was in former years, before the Canada Temperance Act came into force, but we feel some measure of disappointment with what has been accomplished in putting an entire stop to the traffic of intoxicating drink, owing, we think, in some cases to the delinquency of officials in carrying out the law, discriminating in some cases against the Scott Act, to such an extent that they have refused to give even protection to witnesses. We also deplore the difficulty in obtaining the truth from witnesses under oath in such cases."

TESTIMONIES

At a Gospel Temperance Meeting.

LIKE many other places, Newmarket has a Sunday afternoon Gospel Temperance meeting. It is conducted by the W. C. T. U. and the ladies are pretty skilful in getting hold of every visiting minister who comes to the place. It is quite safe now-a-days, to assume that every minister is a temperance man, and as one of the churches is just now looking for a pastor, there are more than otherwise there would be of "supplies" preaching. But sometimes there is no formal lecturer or speaker, and then those who are present are called on to "testify." Such was the meeting last Sunday at four o'clock. The meeting, as always, lasted exactly one hour by the clock. The chairman was a plain farmer retired to an easier town life, who held of two of his neighbors, one was a teetotaler, and affairs went well with him, and he and his boys prospered and deserved it. The other "took his glass," and the glass "took" him, and the family came to poverty and ruin. The first speaker called upon, expressed his gratitude that having been induced to sign the pledge when a boy, and having never broken it, he had entirely escaped the temptations surrounding so many other men. When Satan wanted to tempt him, he had to leave out his favorite prescription, drink, and try some other temptation.

The second speaker, who lately lived in a village in a Scott Act county, was asked "Why he should interfere so much in the matter? He was not in business that was affected one way or the other by the Act." "That might be," he replied, "but he had two good reasons for helping the Scott Act, for he had two boys growing up, and he did not want them to run into the temptation of drunkenness." And even if he had no boys, or if they ran no danger, he wanted to keep other folks' boys out of danger.

The third, with a quiet demeanor of a man whose ancestors (which was the case) had come out with William Penn, said he was an older teetotaler yet than the first speaker, having taken the pledge in 1840 and he testified to the benefit it had been to him and through him, perhaps to others—to have walked in his matter, for so many years, on correct principles, principles which Christ would approve. Good navigators have told me that they "always sail on great circles," and the same principle is good in the moral world.

The fourth was brought up in an old "Scotch" settlement; where, in former days, everybody, almost, drank. But he determined to be a temperance boy, and resisted the approaches of drink. Afterwards, the tide turned, and now all good men are on the side he early espoused. Much of the trouble he had seen, resulted from the doctors ordering "stimulants." He remembered several cases where it led to drunkenness and ruin.

Here the chairman indicated the number of "Hold the Fort," which was vigorously rendered, three or four young ladies, with an organ, leading, as also, several other times, with suitable pieces, during the meeting. The secretary of the W. C. T. U then spoke; and as experience was the order of the day, she told how she had been led step by step, by conscience and by circumstances, to give up an old time occasional glass of beer, when home made currant wine, (the kind that "had nothing in the world in it, and would not hurt you") When brandy in Christmas cooking, and finally sweet cider—and to stand fair and square on the platform that avoids everything that over leads to temptation. Such meetings, short and lively, carried through as in the sight of God, and aiming at the good of man, cannot but be a benefit. And one seldom occurs, but some stranger or strangers testify to the blessing temperance has been to them, and to their pleasure in getting among Christian temperance men and women. We should be glad to hear of such meetings everywhere.

A Prohibition Club in London.

ON Friday evening of last week a Young Men's Prohibition Club was organized in London. A meeting had been called in the Oddfellows' Hall, which was well filled, and after a number of stirring addresses a constitution and by-laws, somewhat similar to the Toronto Club, were adopted. About fifty members were enrolled and the following officers elected: President, James H. Rowman. Vice-President, W. B. Hobbs. Second Vice-President, Richard F. Matthews. Secretary, J. D. Keenleyside. Financial Secretary, A. W. Mayell. Assistant Secretary, D. Hargreaves. Treasurer, W. H. Winnett. Executive Committee, J. M. Mayell, D. A. McDermid, W. Scarrow, J. H. McMechan, N. F. Yeo, Wm. Gurd, J. Frith-Jeffers. The new organization starts off under very favorable auspices and will no doubt be a power of good in this city.

WOMAN'S WORK

Special Days of Prayer.

SATURDAY last and the following Sunday had been set apart as special days of prayer by the World's Woman Christian Temperance Union. In the City of Toronto Saturday was made an all-day of prayer from 10 a.m. until 4 p.m. at the W. C. T. U. rooms in Association Hall. The services were conducted by Rev. Drs. Parsons and Thomas and Rev. Messrs. Robertson, Fawcett, Baldwin and Desbarres. Special mention of woman's work was made from many church pulpits on Sunday.

A BIG CONVENTION.

Scott Act Workers in Oxford County.

OXFORD County Temperance Association held a big meeting at Woodstock on Tuesday last. The meeting was of unusual interest and encouragement. We hope to furnish our readers a full report next week.

The "Dominion Churchman" and Temperance.

Editor Canada Citizen:

With you, I am amazed at the attitude of the Dominion Churchman. Thank God, it is not the position which the English Churchmen of the Dominion take. To attribute increased drinking and drunkenness to the reduction of the licenses in Toronto is as manifest a case of *reductio ad absurdum* as I have met with, and then to urge this as a plea against prohibition. Why, what does our friend want? Free trade in liquor? Surely, to be reasonable, this should be his aim.

"Wisdom is justified of her children." Without by any means admiring all that Rome does, or Roman Catholics do, yet what a contrast the following presents to the action of the journal mentioned above. A reporter of the Montreal Witness waited upon a Reformer priest (see Witness, Nov. 9) in Montreal and said, "The saloons increase in your parish?" "Yes," said the priest, "and thus temperance work can accomplish but little. We often denounce drinking from the pulpit, but so long as licenses are granted wholesale very little headway can be made."

The journal's hostility to the Scott Act is very pronounced. Even some friends of that Act may be discouraged, as it is often broken. What then? Is its repeal to be sought for or allowed? Surely not. Hear what this priest again says, "The license laws, bad as they are, are constantly broken."

I should like all your readers to know that the reduction in the number of licenses is one of the many objects of the "Church of England Temperance Society." Let me quote from its objects:—1. Moral, educational and social. 2. Legislative. 3. The progressive diminution in the number of public houses and beer shops."

Still further, these words are very emphatic.—"Rule 1, explaining and enforcing the provisions of the law." As an encouragement to those who wish the new "Temperance Handbook" taught in our public schools, let us say that Rule 12 is—"The preparation of lesson books for reading in the public schools of the country, with special teaching on the moral, social and physical effects resulting from intemperance."

While admiring many things that are to be found in the pages of the Dominion Churchman, and the spirituality of much of its writing, I venture to say that in its attitude upon the vital subject of intemperance it does not represent the great Church of England of which I am an humble servant. Such men as Archdeacon Farrar, Canons Willberforce, Ellison and Fleming, and in this land, men like Bishops Baldwin and Bond, far better voice its sentiments.—Faithfully yours,
W. J. TAYLOR,
Hon. Secy., C.E.T.S.,
Diocese of Huron.

St. James Rectory,
Wardsville, Ont.,
Nov. 10, 1887.

One More Unfortunate.

ROBERT FREEL, of Kenwood, in Middlesex County, has been fined \$50 and costs for Scott Act violation.

Drink Again

GEORGE RESSACK, residing in Toronto police cells on Saturday evening after being arrested for drunkenness.

In Huron Gas

INSPECTOR PAISLEY, of Huron, impounded a whisky seller of Dunnville village. The name of the culprit is David Flintan.

A Second Offence

ON Tuesday last Mrs. McIntosh of the International Hotel at St. Thomas, was fined \$100 and costs for a second offence against the Canada Temperance Act.

Five Offenders in Durham

A few days ago Police Magistrate Clarke, of West Durham, fined William Beer, Hampton, Wm. Hall, Ed. Miskillen, John Moses, Tynon, John Byans, and John McLean, Cartwright, \$50 and costs for Scott Act violation.

Fines in Ontario County

J. C. SMITH and W. C. McIntyre, of Cannington, were fined last week \$50 each and costs for selling liquor contrary to the Scott Act, and Peter Kirby, of the Mansion House at Uxbridge, was fined \$50 and costs for selling liquor in violation of the Scott Act.

\$3,400.00

THE total amount of fines already imposed in the town of Brockville is about \$3400. It is stated that one man has actually been fined twenty one times and still he is not sent to goal. The inspector who does the prosecuting, may be working hard, but he is certainly not enforcing the Scott Act as it was intended to be enforced.

They had to pay

From the *Albion Gazette*, we learn that Thos. Cavanah, Pembroke, and Robert Huckabone, of Willerforce, were each fined \$50 and costs lately. —Last week James Farrell, Arnprior, was brought up on two charges, and had to fork over \$110 in all. He pleaded very hard to have the case settled as one offence, but the Magistrate and Inspector were inexorable, and James handed over the money. Patrick Marony, another alleged offender against the Act, and four or five witnesses summoned to give evidence against him, did not appear. Warrants were issued for their arrest.

Roused at Last.

THE cowardly scoundrels of Oranville who signify their disapprobation of the law by dynamiting helpless women are, without knowing or intending it, the most effective of Scott Act missionaries. The hideousness of the traffic that brings forth such villainous outrages is only recognized by some people when its evil fruits are thrust upon their notice. Every instance of resort to this dastardly crime converts hundreds of respectable citizens, not formerly enemies of the liquor traffic, to ardent longing for the day when drink shall neither be manufactured nor sold throughout this broad Dominion. Nothing that Temperance advocates can do or say rings like the report of dynamite throughout the length and breadth of the land.—*The Globe.*

A Fearless Preacher.

In a recent issue the *Waterloo Chronicle* says:—"The Rev. R. W. Williams, the clever and energetic pastor of the Methodist Church, is making his usual presence and influence felt. His crisp, pointed and practical sermons are well received and attentively listened to." We happen to know that the case is even stronger than that stated by the *Chronicle*. Rev. R. W. Williams is an earnest, fearless, outspoken prohibitionist, and has already built himself up a reputation in Waterloo for out-spokenness on the side of truth and right regardless of personal consequences. At a recent Sunday School convention at New Hamburg he gave an unusually interesting address on the temperance question, illustrating his subject by actual objects and chemical experiments. His unhesitating denouncement of what he knows to be evil has earned him the ill-will of many liquor-favoring members of the community, but he is one of those men who would rather "be right than be president." We wish him much success in the great work he is carrying on.