for two days, told the man what work should be done against the time he came back. When he came home, he asked the man if he had got his work done; yes, says the man, and I had some time to spare, but I saw the peas were needing angering, so I angered the peas. Angered the peas! said the master, what do you mean? come and show me what you have done. When they came to the field the master got into a great rage when he saw that the whole field had been harrowed: there were the peas, some with their heads knocked off, some covered with earth, others with their roots laid bare, in fact things looked so ill for the time being, that the poor man was only allowed to keep his place, on promising never to meddle with anything about the place again, until he was ordered. The result, however, was very different from what the master expected, as it turned out to be the best crop of peas he ever had, and a great deal better than that of any of his neighbors. The farmer often told the story and always concluded with "I never forget to anger the peas."

Now, Mr. Editor, I know that such a practice will be objected to by the generality of farmers in Lower Canada; they will say the like of that may do in England or Scotland, but it will never do here; but I know it will do here, and even when the plants have grown to a considerable length. many of the readers of the Journal who will remember, that in 1847, the peacrop failed in many places in Lower Canada, from the excessive heavy rains that fell in spring and early summer. I observed a field I had was looking sickly, the lower blades of the stem had become yellow, they were evidently suffocating from a hard crust that had formed on the surface of the soil, which completely excluded the air from the roots of the plants; the story of "angering the peas" came into my mind, and I sent a pair of harrows and harrowed the whole field well. My neighbors, who had seen me do many foolish things, such as ploughing a field two orthree times in one year and never sowing it, or sowing wheat in drills, declared that harrowing the peas after they were fairly above the ground, was the most foolish thing they had ever seen me do; the result was a full average crop, while several of my neighbors' fields yielded no crop at all. You are at liberty to make what use of the above you please, while I remain yours sincerely,

WILLIAM BOA.

Virtue Roadhead, 22nd. May, 1851.

To destroy Caterpillars in Gooseberry Trees. -Gather dust from any turnpike road, and shake it well amongst the trees, and the caterpillars will immediately fall to the ground. It is an excellent plan to dust the trees twice or three times a week, as it will effectually prevent the lodgment of caterpillars.

AGRICULTURAL AND GARDEN SEED STORE,

No. 25, Notre Dame Street. Montreal.

THE Subscriber, SEEDSMAN to the Lower CANADA AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, begs to acquaint his friends and customers that he has an extensive assortment of AGRICULTURAL and GARDEN SEEDS, and PLANTS, new, and of the best quality, which will be disposed of on as favourable terms as any person in the trade. As he obtains a large portion of his Seeds from Lawson & Sons, of Edinburgh, Seedsmen to the Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland, he expects to be able to give general satisfaction to all who favor him with their custom.

The following Seeds will be supplied to Agri-

cultural Societies on moderate terms, viz:English Red Clover; Dutch Red and White Clover; Lucern; Skirving's Purple Top Swedish Turnip; Laing's do. do.; Skirving's Yellow Bul-lock Turnip; Long Red Mangle Wurzel; Yellow Globe do.; Belgium White Carrot; Attring-ham Long Red Carrot; Long Orange Carrot.

A large proportion of the Carrot Seed has been raised in Canada and shown at the late Exhibition, for which a premium was awarded to the Subscriber.

The Subscriber has also imported Lydon's Patent Spades, Shovels, and Digging Forks, and he has also an excellent collection of Garden Tools.

GEORGE SHEPHERD.

Montreal, February 24, 1851.

GREAT SALE OF SUPERIOR THO-ROUGH BRED SHORTHORN CATTLE.

THE subscriber having more stock than he can well sustain on his farm, will offer at public auction, about 30 head of his improved short, horn cattle, consisting of bulls, cows, heifers, and heifer and bull calves, on the 26th day of June

next, at his farm 21 miles from this city.

It is known to breeders of improved stock, in this country and in Canada, that the proprietor of this herd, during the past 12 years, has through the medium of importations from England, and selections from the best herds in this country, spared no expense to rear a herd of cattle from which superior animals could be safely drawn, for improvement and crosses upon other herds. His importations have been derived from that