ey must. The next question is "How can you enlist the sym-ee wh pathy of the church in special services." One good way ole an is to call the officers of the church together at a private

ld you meeting, and pray and talk with them. Then call the

eigoni men together and appeal to them as fathers, call the ill wall nothers toge her, and I think that is the best of all. I

by, an hever failed in m, life when the mothers got together sandand prayed. In 1874 I was asked to go to Cambridge, see the put I declined. I had had no university education, not

c cros even a common education, and I felt as if I had no call in with go go there. But I afterwards felt sorry I had not gone,

womagand ple iged myself that if I ever got another invitation

n't go I would go At length a great long petition came, and So sha went to Cambridge, and spent there three of the darkon shest days I ever spent in my life. For the first time in on thany life the audience tried to break up the meeting. For

d eigla whole hour everything said or done was turned into ke antidicule. I asked one of the professors to pray and the d saidindergraduates applauded his prayer. I asked Mr. room Sankey to sing the "Ninety and Nine," and they ap

sle with and at every line of it. Then I got up and preached, but hand at every sentence there was a yell. They tried to I never break up the meeting. The next night was just as dark, , and sand the next one darker. On Wednesday I got fifty

o sommothers and they seemed to just pierce Heaven with their goerprayers. That night, in response to my invitation, fiftynurch two men sprang up the tide began to turn, and I believe lasgoot was in answer to the prayers of those mothers.

n," art hat night several of the undergraduates, including

hen Isome of the ringleaders, came into the enquiry room. It pocker's not preaching which is to reach the people after all. ens that is the power of God and that will come in answer to

he paprayer. Every minister here may have blessed work in en dhis church if he will try. Get the mothers of your church ised thogether, and then call your elders and the officers of

oing tour Sunday Schools together, -get them to pray, and on; buin answer to prayer there will come a blessing. When will come streams of salvation. Let us pray here to-day y," anth it there may be streams of salvation breaking out all

y I evover the country, and that it may spread across into the gain. States and England; that there may be a fire kindled at is the this Convention that shall go round the world. Let swould know and pray, and expect great things.

ce in our prayer meetings to give way once in a while to new up his mathematics, or get a lecture on any subject, these

ed, amoices?" I have done that for years. I have often asked those

it com ho frequently take part just to keep still and give others for the chance. There is no one who would not be glad to do thout. They like to hear the voice of strangers. I would see powsome of these strangers before hand, and get them k for pledged to take part in these meetings, to read us some

ersion portion of the Scriptures or give us some word of cheet If yand encouragement. op'e The next question is—"Do you approve of young will igniverts being set at work at once?"

erest Certainly. It is a great mistake for the Church not to

o reaset young converts at work. The officers of the Church hed hould find something for them to do, and show them

Answalow to do it. Young converts may do a great deal of gospeood in the Sabbath School. If you have not got a class known young men, let him go out on the streets and gather hurchmem in. He will make a stronger Christian it he is set

cannot work at once. It is a great mistake to keep the young Londegeople in the Church before they are set to work. e streamst impulse of a convert is to reach some one else. He t theras more influence with his friends just then than he will nto merhaps have afterwards, because his voice is like the

voice of one raised from the dead. The people will say,

"Wny, he has been converted, there is something in it. It must be a good thing." Set the young convert after some one else, and after the street children, and show

them the way into Christ's kingdom.

The next question is—"What is the best plan of keep-

ing the older boys in the Sabbath Schools? It is a sad sight, he said, to see the boys from fifteen totwenty-three years old who are not in our churches. The trouble is they are not looked after. A boy goes into the

high school or the college. He finds out that he knows more than his Sunday School teacher, he drops out and there is no one to look after him. It seems to me that

the ministers and officers of the Church should get together and discuss this work of looking after the boys,

and keeping them from harm. It is the most important age, the age at which character is being formed.

a boy is lost at that age, there is very little chance of his ever coming back. There are a good many mothers

inourning over sons who went away at that age. It is the most critical time--a time when the Churches should be on the look out to keep them from wandering. Let

the teacher give time and soul to the work, and spend a little money, if necessary. Have the boys round to your house, take them off to an excursion in the summer. Many of them feel that you are their friend, that you take an interest in them. In 1807 a young man in Lon-

don, England, took a house in Seven Dials, and furnished it at his own expense. Every night he was on the streets, looking for the little Arabs who hid in the crossings and doorways until kicked and awakened and ordered away by the policeman. He spent his nights from eleven until three hunting for these boys, took them to his house, gave them a good bath and a clean bed, and in the

morning he would say to them, "If you would like to stay here, if you would like to learn a trade and get a good education, I am your friend." It seemed to me that this was about as near the work of Jesus as anything I had seen. When I went back in 1872 I found the work had grown wonderfully. When I preached a hundred

of the young men thus trained came to my meetings with their B-bles better marked than mine. During my last visit to England it was my privilege to be in that man's house for six months. He has now eight thousand young men from sixteen to twenty-three years of age. If a young man would so improve his writing, or polish

things are provided for him; if he wants to improve himself in his trade, there are masters to teach him. Well, the Church is not doing its duty by the boys. I would like to bring an indictment against the Church for its neglect of the boys. In one of our cities I tried to get a citizen interested in the young ones, and help us to put up a building. He said, "Moody, I think you are just a little fanatical about the young men. I think we are doing plenty for them." I said, "Where do you

suppose our young men spend their evenings? He said he did not know. Probably a large proportion of them were in our churches, as in any other city. On Sabbath night we went around to the churches, and in that city of 300,000 people, there were not five hundred in the whole of them. In an adjoining city we counted 1,400 young men going into one saloon on one Sunday. I hope these boys from fifteen to twenty-three are looked after in Canada But if not are you not guilty? Are you not responsible? I do not know what will become

of our Church if she does not take hold of this matter. "How would you deal with an enquirer that you cannot make see the light?"

I do not suppose anyone but the Holy Spirit can make