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alities resulted from an explosio uring a fire in the railway freight reds, started by rioters.

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any persons were injured. The cas

The local mob was joined tonight by 000 tinplate workers from the sur unding districts, and although 500 ldiers guarded the railway line, the mbined mob out-maneuvered them. oted a troop train and secured a large ammunition, and then

rned the cars containing the soldiers' in every issue coming before the conention. The laws committee, which Afterwards the rioters marched in the own and broke into the offices of a stice of peace who had read the riot and threw his goods into the street. ords unbroken. When the police and troops dispersed

Adopted

The most important work of the con vention was the adoption of a tentative arbitration contract. liberal in its provisions, to be submitted to the American Newspaper Publishers' Association on January 1; the decision to resubmit the vote abolishing the vote the raising of the number of union pe-

Both in the streets and at the railay sheds the soldiers were compelled make a number of bayonet charges nd many persons including women and hildren, were injured.

Saengerfest Competition.

rioters, they again returned to the

ight sheds and set fire to them. As

e flames were licking up the building.

The troops clurged and drove back

rioters and then put out the blaze.

Later search of the ruins revealed the

eries of explosions occurred.

SEATTLE, Aug. 19 .- The contests between the singing societies of the Pacific coast were held today as the principal feature of the saengerfest of the North Pacific Saengerbund. Choruse rom Los Angeles, Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Everett, Salem, Boise and Chehalis competed for prize cups, and the udges, who were concealed behind a screen in one of the boxes, will give their decision on Monday. The closing concert of the saengerfest was given tonight. The business sessions will be held on Monday.

OFFICER FOUND DEAD

Captain Thornton Stationed at Fort Worden, Apparently Victim of Overdose of Bromidia

SEATTLE, Aug. 19 .- Capt. Frank T. ornton, commanding 63rd company, United States Coast Artillery, was ound dead in his quarters at Fort Worden today. Death had apparently een due to an overdose of bromidia n a dresser in his room was found a artly emptied bottle of the drug, which officers say Thornton had used check an attack of insomnia.

Captain Thornton was under arrest in his quarters at the time of his death, some alleged infraction of military liscipline. When he failed to appear breakfast this morning, his quarers were searched and the body was

dund aptain Thornton, who was only re cently promoted to a captaincy, was ansferred here from the Presidio, San Francisco, six months ago. He was oorn in Indiana 33 years ago and saw

other cases the sixty days limit is required. monument in the printers' cemetery service in the Philippines. there.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19 .- The fifty-seventh annual convention of the International Typographical Union ended here today after the administra tion wing of ... e union, which favors a liberal policy in dealings with employers, and the avoidance of strikes, as far as possible, had been sustained

has won on every endorsement it has made in the last ten years, passed through the convention with its re-

abolishing piecework to a referendum;

titions required to initiate legislation from 50 to 100; the voting of a per capita assessment of 25 cents for the defence of John J. and James B. Mc-Namara: the passing of resolutions urging drastic Asiatic exclusion laws, and the decision not to invest the oldage pension funds in bonds, but to keep

them for fighting reserves. A number of amendments were proposed, but President Lynch prevailed in securing the adoption of a tentative ar

bitration agreement unchanged. One of the chief points of difference between the new and the old agreement is that the former provides for a local arbitration board of five members instead of the board of four members now existing. Under the new agreement two members are to be chosen from each side, a cnairman not con-

nected with either interests to preside. The main points of the agreements are as follows: New agreements will be executed at

the petition of the local union and the local publisher.

The agreement will recognize international law and local law, not affect ing wages, hours and conditions The actual contract is to be signed by the local publisher and the presi-

dent and secretary of the local union. and to be guaranteed by the chairman of the special standing committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association and the International Typo-

graphical Union. Holders of the present contracts should secure new contracts under

agreement with and with the consent of the local union prior to or on May 1, 1912. For continuous arbitration in all

The delegates left for Los Angeles tonight to attend the unveiling of a

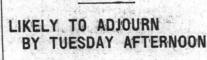
came a clearing house of the continent he landed. The admiral today wore his white uniform for the last time, as and only inferior goods would reach the there will be no further official function. British market, labelled Canadian products. Canada would not be in a posi-In Canada, he will travel unofficially. tion to abrogate the treaty, but the He appeared in good health today, and rested comfortably, declaring he felt United States was powerful enough to do so. If it did, Canada would have able to make the journey without angreat difficulty in regaining the high other breakdown. reputation and hold it has on the Brit ish markets. The competition of the favored nations in Canada becomes a

mbs Tinitad States merely he



FOR ADJOURNMEN

Failure to Pass Tariff Bills Over President's Veto Has Effect of Shortening the Extra Session



WASHINGTON, August 19 .- The extraordinary session of congress will adjourn either Monday night or Tuesday fternoon. Both houses have cleared their dockets save for the passage of the cotton tariff revision bill on Monday, an act to be performed by the Democrats in the face of the announced intention of not waiting for the sure veto of the president. The house yesterday failed to pass the wool tariff and farmers' free list bills over the veto. The exodus of members has already although many are held in least by the party whips, to meet possible ies in the closing hours. The Penrose resolution for adjourn ment at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon was adopted by the senate today. It was immediately rushed to the house, but the lower branch held up action pending the closing up of its cotton bill proceedings. The house, however, held a session to night with a view to final disposition

of miscellaneous legislation on the calendar, and the result may be the closing of the extra session a day earlier than proposed by the senate. There were numerous conferences to this end between Vice-President Sherman, Senator Penrose, Democrat Leader Underwood, of the house and others. A demand for a roll call was made

in the senate on the adjournment resolution, but it not secure enough support. The resolution passed in the face of a strong negative vote.

SOTHERN-MARLOWE Marriage of No.ed Actor and Actress in London Is Announced-Both Had Been Divorced NEW YORK, Aug. 19 .- Announce ment was made at the office of the Shuberts yesterday that a cable had

been received from E. H. Sothern, the actor, telling of his marriage in London yesterday to Julia Marlowe. Virginia Harned outsined a divorce from Sothern at Reno last October on the ground of desertion. Miss Marlowe was divorced from Robert Taber in January, 1900.

have been his official pilots ever since

STOKES SHOOTING CASE Representatives of Wounded Man Seek

to Collect Evidence at Home of Girl's Father

SEATTLE, Aug. 19 .- Patrick Graham of Renton, a Seattle suburb, father of Lillian Graham, the showgirl who with Ethel Conrad' figured in the shooting of millionaire W. E. D. Stokes, in New York recently, said today that attorneys for Stokes had been at his home to see him ten days ago in an effort

to get information which would help the case against the girl. A. H. Gleason and one of his agents

have been on the Pacific Coast since the preliminary hearing looking for evidence on the family and past life of the Graham girl.

"These detectives, or investigators, or whatever they were," said Graham, wanted to talk over the case with me. I told them they were welcome to any information I had. Then they tried to explain that Stokes had not made any remarks damaging to my daughter's character, and wanted to smooth things over Well, I soon saw which side

they were working for and they went away pretty mad. "If Stokes spread those reports the papers say he did about my daughter and my daughter's family,' he deserves

worse than he got. Her mother was a good woman, and her family is a good family."

Panama-Pacific Fair

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 19 .- With every assurance of co-operation of Oregon in the Panama-Pacific exposition, the delegation of fair boosters from San Francisco are fraternizing with the business men of Portland tonight at a banquet at the Commercial club. They leave the city at midnight and will reach San Francisco at 10.30 on Monday morning.

Hon. F. Carter-Cotton, M. P. P. for Richmond sent his regrets that he could

not be present. The convention was arranged to be held in the Conservative club rooms, but the large number who arrived was a surprise to the managers, and the St. George's Hall had to be obtained on short notice. Even that was none too

(Continued on Page 2, Col. ...)

large.

on Wednesday. Reeve Nicholson occu-TWELVE BURIED pied the chair. Hon. Mr. Eberts, after recalling the growth of the United States and Canada went on to refer to the wasting of the resources of the republic. When the BY CAVE-IN mmigrants of many countries of Europe, some of them a class not sought by Canada, flocked into the land to the outh to make up the 90 millions now there, as compared with 9 millions in Canada, there were not many years ago Workers in Minnesota Mine great resources, timber, grain fields, etc. The strong protective tariff of the Overwhelmed by Hundreds country was made to conserve these resources and to close the markets to of Tons of Earth Slipping Canada. He recalled how in the ten years from 1854 to 1864, in the days when Britain was at war in the Crimea and India, and the United States was fighting its great Civil war, and the RESCUING GANG people of the United States were fighting instead of carrying out their agri-WORKS IN DANGER cultural pursuits, there was a trad agreement, and Canadians readily sold their overplus in the United States. The United States had resources then

DULUTH, Minn., Aug. 19 .- It is reported that twelve men were buried in cave-in in a mine at Hibbing Minn., early tonight.

A special from Hibbing, Minn, to the News-Tribune says:

"Twelve men are buried under hunsuffered in Canada. Mr. Eberts redreds of tons of earth, as the result of ferred to a malting industry in Ontario

a cave-in at the Buffalo and Susquuehana open pit mine here tonight. Over a hundred of the miners' co-workers are working frantically, themselves in danger continuously, in an effort to dig out the bodies of their unfortunate cor rades, hoping that some of them may be still alive.

from Bank,

"At the place where the disaster oc curred, the bottom of the pit was approximately 150 feet below the top of the bank, about 35 feet from the bottom, and 115 feet from the top of a wide ledge on which was being operated a steam shovel.

stood so high and prospered so much "The first intimation that the bank Sir Wilfrid Laurier had spoken in 1894 was in danger of sliding came when to the electors of having free trade, of tons of earth dropped and half buried commercial union with the United the steam shovel. The men detailed to States, but when he came into power he incover it were themselves buried becontinued the National policy of Sir neath a second slide. Three more men John A. Macdonald. commenced digging for them, and a call was sent for a crew from the lower level. They had just arrived, and commenced work in digging out the men already buried when the bank caved in from the top, burying the entire gang, with the exception of three men."

Messages were sent to more than a After recklessly despoiling their own undred branches of labor unions toesources the ninety million people of night saving: the United States are now seeking to

"The joint commission has settled the exploit those of Canada. This was how strike. It is a victory for trades unthe Hon. D. M. Eberts summed up the ionism. All men must return to work reciprocity pact which the Liberals are immediately." As a result of the settlement troops seeking to foist upon the Dominion at

will be withdrawn as fast as arrangea rousing meeting of the Conservatives ments for their transportation can be of South Saanich held at the hall at Royal Oak last night, to elect delegates made.

There is no doubt that today's affray for the convention to be held at Duncan at Llanelly, Wales, in which the troops fired on a mob, killing two men and wounding two others, had much influence in ending the strike. The Liberal government had almost its existence at stake, because of the strike, as it depends on the working class for power. The settlement of the strike was reached at a conference between Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, and the executive of the men's societies. The labor leaders said tonight that the men would return to work at once. Premier Asquith returned to London this afternoon from the country, where he had expected to stay over Sunday, and his secretary made constant trips to the conference at the board of trade

and the headquarters of the railway managers. At the conclusion of the conference. the following statement was issued:

"Acting on representations made to the railway companies by the government, they today empowered G. H. Claughton a director of the London Northwestern railway, and Sir Guy Granet, general manager of the Midland and when the war ended, they did not railway, to confer on their behalf with the representatives selected by the come to Canada with any spirit of executives of the trades unions and brotherly love to carry on the agree ment. No, they started to conserve railway employers with a view to discussing with them the suggested terms their interests, and by means of a strong protective tariff, closed their of settlement drafted by the board of trade." markets to Canada. Many industries

"Mr. Claughton stated that upon certain representations by the government, he and Sir Guy had the authority of which was moved to Detroit when the the railway companies to meet the rep-United States placed a heavy duty on resentatives of the men with a view of Canadian malt while removing it from discussing the terms of an agreement. the barley which went to make the The terms had been discussed and malt. This was one of thousands of inagreed to, Mr. Claughton and Sir Guy terests which suffered. Canada was a Granet stated that the recommendations of the commission would be loyally acdonald, the great chieftain, said he was cepted by the companies, even though not going to stand by and see these inthey were adverse to the companies dustries lost to Canada, and he brought contentions, and should the settlement down the National Policy as against be effected, any traces of ill-feeling that of the United States. That was which might have arisen certainly would the policy which had existed since, unbe effaced. der which Canada had grown until it

The Agreement

"The terms of the agreement fol-

"1. The strike to be terminated forthwith and the men's leaders to use their best endeavors to induce the men to return to work at once.

"2. All the men involved in the present dispute, either by strike or lockout, including casuals who present them selves for work within a reasonable time, to be reinstated by the companies, at the earliest possible moment, and no (Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

True to the Union Jack Canada was never in a better position

than it is today, said Hon. Mr. Eberts, and the reciprocity pact is unwise to say the least. People had fought and bled (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

young nation then, and Sir John A. Mac