

The Vancouver Colonist.

THIRTY-NINTH YEAR.

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA MONDAY JUNE 7 1897.

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THE RETAIL MARKETS.

Flour—Ogilvie's (Hungarian) per bbl	\$6.00
Lake of the Woods (Hungarian)	5.00
Victoria XXX	5.25
Lion	5.25
Fortian	5.25
Salem	5.25
Snowflake	5.50
Prize	5.25
Three Star	5.25
Superior	5.25
Hungarian (Armstrong)	5.25
XXX	5.25
Strong Bakers	5.00
Graham, per 10 lbs	5.00
Wheat, per ton	35.00
Buckwheat, per ton	30.00
Oats, per ton	25.00
Barley, per ton	30.00
Middings, per ton	20.00
Bran, per ton	18.00
Ground feed, per ton	25.00
Corn, whole, per ton	20.00
Cracked, per ton	22.00
Commercial, per 10 lbs	2.00
Oatmeal, per 10 lbs	45.00
Boiled oats, per lb	4
Potatoes, per lb	3 1/2
Cabbages, per lb	3 1/2
Hay, baled, per ton	50.00
Straw, per bale	50.00
Onions, per lb	3 1/2
Rhubarb, per lb	25.00
Asparagus, per lb	12 1/2
Cheese, per lb	15
American, per lb	15
Eggs, Island, per doz	25
Imported, per doz	17
Butter, fresh, per lb	25
Imperial, per lb	25
Dairy, per lb	20.00
Creamey, per lb	20.00
Honey (Chilliwack) per lb	25
Hams, American, per lb	17.00
Canadian, per lb	15
Bacon, American, per lb	16.00
Canadian, per lb	14.00
Shoulders, per lb	12 1/2
Leard, per lb	12 1/2
Golden Cotteine, per lb	12 1/2
Maxey-Boef, per lb	6.00
Sides, per lb	7.00
Veal, per lb	10.00
Mutton, per lb	6.00
Pork, fresh, per lb	9.00
Turkeys, per lb	15.00
Geese, per lb	15.00
Chickens, each	6.00
Figs, per brace	50.00
FRUITS	
Apples, per lb	12.00
Cherries, Cal, per lb	15.00
Tasmania apples, per lb	10
Lemons, California, per doz	30
Bananas, per doz	45
Cranberries, Eastern, per lb	30
Gooseberries, per lb	8.00
Strawberries, local, per lb	10.00
Plum—Salmon, spring, per lb	10.00
Hallibut, per lb	10.00
Rock Cod, per lb	12.00
Herring, per lb	12.00
Eastern oysters, per tin	75



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DELAY MEANS DEATH.

One Dose Relieves—A Few Bottles Always Cure.

For ten years I have suffered greatly from heart disease. Fluttering of the heart, palpitations and smothering spells have brought me out of bed, and five bottles have completely cured my heart. If you are troubled with any heart affection, send for Mellor's Ready Mixed Carriage Paints, for I know it will cure you.—Mrs. James Adams, Syracuse, N.Y.

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OHIO MOB BRUTALITY.

Citizens of Urbana Come in Conflict With the Authorities and Receive a Fatal Volley.

The Soldiers Ordered Off by the Mayor and the Mob Take Possession of the Goal.

URBANA, Ohio, June 4.—Recently Mrs. Ella Gaumer, the widow of the late publisher of the Urbana Democrat, was criminally assaulted by Charles Mitchell, alias Click Mitchell, a notorious negro. He was arraigned last Wednesday, but his default was too ill to appear in court. In default of \$1,000 bail Mitchell was locked up in the city prison, but on account of the feeling was removed to the county jail the same night for safe keeping. That night the jail was surrounded by a threatening mob that held back by the sheriff's posse and local company of the Ohio National Guard.

Last night the situation was more threatening than ever, and Governor Bushnell was called on for assistance, but he at first refused to order the militia from any other place here. Later, however, he consented to call on Springfield for help. The grand jury was empaneled yesterday and Mitchell was indicted for criminal assault. Then the crowd was thrown off the track by bringing Mitchell into court in soldier's uniform. Mitchell, who was badly scared, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the limit of twenty years. The trial lasted only a few moments and Mitchell wanted to get to the penitentiary at Columbus quick, but when the carriage drove up to the jail the crowd rushed in to get Mitchell and lynched him. The sheriff remained fortified in the jail with the prisoner while the militia patrolled about the grounds. The crowd around the jail was

and being determined to secure him it had crowded into the jailyard and was making for the jail. Captain George W. Leonard, in command of the militia, addressed the crowd, and gave them three minutes to disperse. There was a general rush from the jailyard, but the crowd again returned. The crowd had been advised, the demonstration was less pronounced, and finally half an hour had elapsed from the time that the order was given, when the roar of musketry was heard. Volley after volley was fired until as many as twenty shots had been sent into the crowd. There was a general panic for a while, and the mob ran in every direction in search of officers. It was about 2.30 o'clock this morning when the shooting started. At that time there were fully 1,000 people around the jail.

The volley resulted in Harry Bell, of this city, being shot through the head and instantly killed. A young man named Hagins was shot through the body and also killed instantly. Dennis Cray, of Urbana, was shot in the right foot; Dr. A. Charles Thompson, of North Leadburg, received a slight wound in the forehead; Wesley Bowen of Cable, was shot in the hip and wounded seriously; Ray Dickerson, living near this city, was shot in the shoulder; May McLure, of Urbana, was shot through the muscle of the right arm; Gus Weisner, who was standing on the street, received a slight wound in the face; and John Wank was shot in the foot. After the firing and in view of the absolute refusal of the people to disperse, Governor Bushnell telegraphed to Springfield, ordering company "B" of the Third Infantry to come to Urbana at once.

THE SPRINGFIELD TROOPS arrived at 7.30 a.m., and immediately marched toward the court house. Angry

citizens, who were incensed over the killing of their townsmen by the militia, were only further irritated by the appearance of more troops. A mob gathered along the streets and greeted the soldiers with hooting and all sorts of insulting remarks. Next and balls began to be thrown at the soldiers. The fever of excitement raged more and more fiercely. Women appeared on the streets in large numbers, and their presence seemed to be an incitement to the mob to avenge in some manner the outrage to Mrs. Gaumer. The excitement was growing so fast that another clash between troops and citizens seemed inevitable. In this emergency Mayor Cannon took the responsibility of ordering the Springfield company to retire to the depot. The order was obeyed. No sooner did the crowd perceive this apparent retreat by the soldiers than their fierce demand for the blood of Mitchell grew stronger and a determined attack was at once made on the jail. A rush was made for the side door and it was locked down in short order. The angry crowd

RUSHED INTO THE JAIL. There were plenty of alderg hammers, chisels and tools in the crowd and the men speedily went to work. Part of the crowd had previously forced themselves upstairs in the private apartments of the sheriff and after looking about found a bunch of keys which had been hid away and which proved to be the keys of the jail. The crowd got into the jail in short order. They did not wait to unlock the door of Mitchell's cell, but burst the lock with a sledgehammer and the door soon flew open.

Mitchell was standing in his cell and offered no resistance, and did not utter a word. Some one in the crowd had a rope and it was placed over the prisoner's neck and the crowd made for the door, Mitchell following at the end. In going down the steps outside the jail Mitchell fell down and the rope slipped off his neck. The crowd surrounded and jumped on him like a thousand hungry dogs after one bone. The negro was

KICKED, BEATEN AND ALMOST KILLED then and there. The rope was quickly slipped over his head again, and a rush was made for a tree in the southeastern corner of the court house in front of the court house. The end was thrown over a strong limb and a thousand willing hands pulled the victim up. The end was tied to the iron fence and Mitchell was left hanging there in full view of several thousand people. The crowd taking part in the lynching made no attempt to disguise themselves but it is not known who did the work. The news had subsided, the demonstration was less pronounced, and finally half an hour had elapsed from the time that the order was given, when the roar of musketry was heard. Volley after volley was fired until as many as twenty shots had been sent into the crowd. There was a general panic for a while, and the mob ran in every direction in search of officers. It was about 2.30 o'clock this morning when the shooting started. At that time there were fully 1,000 people around the jail.

LEFT HANGING FOR AN HOUR or more, and crowds looked to see it fall. The body was cut down and placed in an undertaker's box and left lying in the court yard, open to public gaze.

NICHOLAS TO THE SULTAN. CONSTANTINOPLE, June 4.—The following is the text of the telegram sent by Emperor Nicholas to the Sultan on May 17, after the fall of Demokos: "Your Majesty will not be surprised if our relations of sincere friendship and neighborly feeling induce me to appeal to your noblest sentiments and insist me that the firm hope that you will not fail to crown the success achieved by my valued armies in heroic struggle, by faithful adherence to the moderate and peaceful intentions which Your Majesty proclaimed at the beginning of the war. By concluding an armistice, and by a favorable reception of the mediation of the powers, Your Majesty would acquire fresh title to the highest esteem you now enjoy and would accomplish an act of profound wisdom, an act which I personally would always retain in remembrance. I beg Your Majesty to believe in my unchanging friendship."

DURANT FEELS BETTER. SAN FRANCISCO, June 3.—The attorneys for Durant again appeared before Judge Gilbert in the U. S. Circuit Court to-day and applied for a writ of supercedias for the purpose of staying the execution of sentence, but this was denied by the court. An application for leave to appeal from the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States was granted. Attorney-General Fitzgerald told Warren Hearst to take the action of his premises pending the appeal. As the U. S. Supreme Court does not meet until October next, this virtually gives a respite for six months at least.

BRITISH YUKON COMPANY. WINNIPEG, June 4.—(Special)—J. H. Escoline, managing director, Arthur Billingham and J. H. Hill, representatives of the British Yukon Chartered Company, were here to-day en route for Victoria. They say the object of the company is to open a line to Yukon and remove the difficulties now experienced in transportation to the interior. They will establish temporary headquarters at Sequimiah Bay, where a hotel, a mill and boats will be constructed.

Boiled Down His Wife.

CHICAGO, June 4.—The grand jury this afternoon voted a true bill against Al. Lueterg, the sausage manufacturer, charged with the murder of his wife. The indictment will not be returned until to-morrow.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Chas. H. Fletcher is an expert.

Mining Companies' office stationary & specialty at the Colver's office.

THE RAILWAY GRANTS.

Eight Thousand Per Mile for Mr. Heinze's Road to Pentiction Though Vancouver Protests.

WINNIPEG Not Satisfied With the C.P.R. Agreement—Lower Western Rates Demanded.

OTTAWA, June 3.—(Special)—The Canadian Pacific will undoubtedly secure the Crow's Nest Pass railway contract on substantially the same terms as were announced yesterday. Mr. Heinze's company will probably secure a subsidy for a somewhat smaller amount, \$8,000 per mile being mentioned, for a road from Roseland to Pentiction. Strong protests have been received from Vancouver against any grant to Mr. Heinze.

OTTAWA, June 4.—Good progress was made with the tariff to-day. Both sides seem desirous for prorogation at an early date. The Columbia & Western and V. & E. railway bills have gone over till next week. Mr. Heinze approached Dr. Milne to-day with a view to reaching an agreement. Possibly a conference will be held early in the week. It is said that Mr. Heinze has transferred the charter of the Pentiction line to the C. P. R.

Col. Prior and Col. Donville have paired for the balance of the session and also Col. Tucker and Pyrwitt and they left this afternoon for England to attend the Jubilee celebration. Senator Boulton has gone with them. He was the only military man appointed from the Senate.

Bulky returns were presented to parliament to-day relating to the dismissal of Dr. Duncan, quarantine officer at William Head. Strong influences, Liberal and otherwise, were brought to bear to retain Dr. Duncan in his position, but without avail. Ex-Mayor Beaven wrote Minister Fisher that the opposition to Dr. Duncan was purely political, and urging that he be dismissed.

A PROTEST FROM WINNIPEG. WINNIPEG, June 3.—(Special)—At a meeting of the Winnipeg board of trade this afternoon the following resolution was passed and ordered to be transmitted to Hon. Clifford Sifton and the Manitoba Liberal members of the House of Commons, with the request that they should urge the board's views in the House: "Whereas the proposed arrangement for the construction of the Crow's Nest Pass railway report that said arrangement includes a reduction on through rates from Eastern to Western points but expressly states that the reduction is to be transmitted to the West will be made; and whereas such a policy if carried out would be ruinous to the business interests of the whole Western country; therefore, we, the undersigned, do hereby protest against any such reduction in rates as would apply to the business interests of the West."

THEY HAVE DONE WELL. TORONTO, June 3.—Discussing the Crow's Nest Pass railway agreement the Mail and Empire says: "All that need be said is, that the Globe does not always treat guarantees on bonds in this light. The other day, in discussing Mr. Brennan's proposal to guarantee the bonds of the Winnipeg and Duluth railway, our contemporary refused to regard it in any other way than as a straight grant of money, and insisted on its inconsistency here, but at any rate, the country takes all the risk of success or failure, and there was not a hint of any concessions being made in consideration for favors. Putting all comparison aside, however, it may be said most heartily that the government has done well in retaining Mr. Laurier and his colleagues to be congratulated on the magnificent work they have achieved for to-day and for posterity."

"A Steep Price." TORONTO, June 3.—The Telegram says of the Crow's Nest Pass bargain that \$3,500,000 which will go to the C.P.R. under terms it has exacted from the government is a steep price for the extremely moderate advantages promised.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS. CONSTANTINOPLE, June 3.—The first sitting of the peace negotiations was held to-day at the Tophane Palace between the ambassadors of the powers and Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish minister for foreign affairs. No secretary was present, and the only record that will be kept of the proceedings was such as each ambassador will make for himself. It is understood that the result of the hours of deliberation was that Count Nelsson, ambassador of the emperor, will prepare a memorandum as to the ratification of the frontier; M. Camille, the French ambassador, a memorandum as to the capitulations in the case of Greek subjects in Turkey; and Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, a memorandum as to indemnities. The conference then adjourned, to meet again on Saturday next to consider these memoranda.

OLD WORLD GOSSIP.

The Sultan Delays Evacuation of Thessaly So That He May Harvest the Grain.

Did Mr. Chamberlain Wink at Dr. Jameson's Patriotic but Revolutionary Enterprise?

LONDON, June 5.—Conflicting news is published about the progress of the peace negotiations at Constantinople. On the one side the Sultan is said to have adopted a most unyielding attitude, and on the other hand it is declared that he is showing a conciliatory disposition, and that the settlement of the questions in dispute is only a matter of a few days. The Associated Press, however, learns that the ambassadors at Constantinople are hopeful that the negotiations will be concluded in about a week. In the absence of Turkey's acceptance of the peace conditions proposed by the powers, there is now little doubt that the Sultan has decided to agree to the evacuation of Thessaly, and to stifle the Turkish public opinion being prepared for this step. The police of Constantinople have been ordered to confiscate leaflets which tend to stir up the indignation of the lower classes. It is considered probable that the conclusion of peace between Turkey and Greece will be followed by a complete reorganization of the Turkish cabinet. A strong feeling exists among the Muslims against the ministry, especially against the navy department, owing to the deplorable condition of the Turkish navy, which at first plighted and committed other excesses in Greek villages, are now under stringent discipline. The object of the Turkish authorities, according to the Athens newspapers, is merely to gain the signatures of the inhabitants in favor of Turkish rule. In the meantime, 20,000 Macedonians have crossed the mountains into Thessaly, have occupied the abandoned Greek villages, and are waiting to receive the exiles if it should be possible. Negotiations are concluded. In fact, the seizure of the Thessaly harvest seems to be a reason for the Sultan endeavoring to profess the peace negotiations. Numbers of Greeks and Thessalians are hiding in the mountains of the Pindus, and on the island of Skiathos, being afraid to return to their homes, fearing massacre, and preferring death by starvation, exposure and disease.

TRANSVAL AFFAIRS HURLED UP. The parliamentary committee which has been inquiring into the Transval rail is assailed by a storm of denunciations from the press. The committee is accused of a thorough probing of the matter for the production of the missing cable messages exchanged between Dr. Rutherford Harris, Cecil Rhodes and certain parties in England. The newspapers of all shades of opinion view this decision with the greatest distrust, and insist that the report of Great Britain is involved in a thorough probing of the matter. The most slashing attack comes from the pen of Wm. T. Stead, who, although he has turned upon the whole matter, heads his article "Hushed up," and proceeds in moderate language to denounce the report of Great Britain as involving a thorough probing of the matter. Mr. Chamberlain, who according to the press, "ought to have owned frankly that he winked at the patriotic but revolutionary enterprise," is said to have been stronger than ever. Instead of this honest course the watchword seems to have been given as "Lie, lie, lie."

PRINCE OF WALES'S STUD. Next Thursday the biennial sale of the Prince of Wales's hackneys will be held at the Wolferton stud farm. His Royal Highness will as usual take the chair at the luncheon which precedes the sale. From Sandringham the Prince and Princess of Wales go to Ascot, for the race week, after which they will return to Marlborough House for the Jubilee celebration. Among the horses offered for sale are, New York, who won the prize championship at the great Yorkshire show at Harrogate in 1890, and a number of other prizes; Thyra, winner of the first prize at Peterborough in 1891; and a number of bay geldings (ponies), all 15-16 hands high, and some thirty hunters, hacks and harness horses. This will be the fourth sale held at the Prince of Wales's stud farm, Sandringham, and many of the purchases at previous sales were made for the colonies and foreign countries.

MINOR MATTERS. The King of Siam, who is now in Rome on his way to the Jubilee festivities here, after leaving England will proceed to New York on his own yacht. He will cross the United States staying a few days in New York, and then embark for his home. The date of arrival in New York is not fixed. The Japanese have ordered a battleship of 11,000 tons to be built on the Clyde. She will be a duplicate of the British ship Jupiter. The Jupiter is 3,000 tons and 12,000 indicated horsepower.

Mr. John Erskine, a merchant of Belfast, Ireland, has offered the Lords of the Treasury for the Queen's acceptance a magnificent freehold overlooking Belfast lough, as a site for a royal residence in Ireland. The latter country, it is claimed in some quarters, has always fretted over the fact that the Queen does not visit that portion of her dominions, and it has been asserted that her failure to do so is a result of the refusal of Dublin in the sixties to grant a site at Phoenix Park for a monument to the late Prince Consort.

Sydney Grundy's new play "A Marriage of Convenience" will be produced at the Haymarket this evening. A matinee performance of "David Garrick" will be given next Thursday afternoon at the Criterion theatre, in aid of the Prince of Wales's hospital fund. A company has been formed under the title of the Robert Arthur Theatre Company, Limited, for the purpose of acquiring the Royal Court, Liverpool, Her Majesty's Dundee, Theatre Royal, Newcastle, Her Majesty's Aberdeen, and the Theatre Royal Nottingham. The directors are Messrs. Beerbohm Tree, Alexander M. Ogston, Edward Compton and Robert Arthur.

Col. Mapleson and Mr. Ellis, Mr. Walter Darnley's American partner, expect to open their season at Drury Lane on or about June 12, for six weeks. The company will include Mme. Melba, Mme. Nordica and Signor Beganini will conduct. Some obsolete Italian opera will probably be revived in order to give Mme. Melba an opportunity for bravura singing and two new operas, one by Mascagni, the other by Leon Cavallo, both of whom are in London under consideration.

CUBAN CAPTAIN SMITH.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Capt. W. D. Smith, of the Cuban army, spent a considerable time again to-day before the Senate committee on foreign relations.

In a brief interview with a representative of the Associated Press he said: "The Cuban army is now in better condition to resist the Spanish and to maintain the fight for independence than it has been since the beginning of the war. General Gomez has a well equipped army of about 40,000 men who are determined to hold out until their efforts shall be crowned with victory. Our soldiers are rapidly procuring arms and every day serves to put them on a better footing in this respect. Our troops enjoy a high morale and are well supplied with the necessities of life. I may say that I have not seen a case of cholera fever or smallpox among the Cuban soldiers since I have been on the island, and that I have not been sick a day myself. Furthermore, we have no difficulty in securing troops in the portion of the country in which the troops are in control the provisions are protected, and we draw our supplies from this source. Our commissaries therefore regularly renewed and our supplies are received in quantities quite sufficient to meet all our wants."

In reply to a question, Captain Smith said: "All talk about autonomy and of reforms for Cuba is so much idle talk. There is a man in Cuba, the Cuban army who will agree to accept anything short of absolute independence."

Captain Smith is an American. He has been in Cuba for a year and is an officer in General Gomez's bodyguard.

MANITOBA MATTERS. WINNIPEG, June 4.—(Special)—Principal Grant, of Kingston, reached here to-day to attend the Presbyterian General Assembly. He opens a new church at Whitewood, N.W.T., on Sunday. A second party from this province is expected to leave for the Yukon some time in July.

A public meeting was held at Regina last night at which the Manitoba general hospital towards a fund to be raised for the erection of a wing to that institution, to be known as the Victoria wing. The Northern Pacific crop report issued to-day shows a general fall of rain since the central part of the season. The report for this general crop conditions are good.

At a meeting of the finance committee of the Winnipeg county council, held on June 4, it was decided to offer a Jubilee prize of \$300 for the best oil painting of the Queen, to be shown at the Winnipeg exhibition in July.

WINNIPEG, June 5.—(Special)—Mgr. del Val reached here from Ottawa this afternoon. He was met by a large gathering of prominent Catholics of the city, St. Boniface and the Province and escorted to St. Boniface cathedral, where the Te Deum was sung and addresses presented by Catholics of St. Boniface and Winnipeg.

Tom Winder, a noted bicyclist and correspondent of the Buffalo Express, starts on June 10 on a bicycle trip from Halifax to Vancouver, going entirely through Canadian territory. A public meeting was held at Regina at which the removal of the Indian Commissioner's office to Winnipeg, from Regina's standpoint, and the proposed reduction of the Northwest Mounted Police force, from a public standpoint, were condemned.

The July crop bulletin of the Manitoba government, which will be issued shortly, will be of a most favorable character as regards the general condition of the agricultural industry in the province. A large increase in the cultivated area will be shown. Judgment has been given by the Manitoba Supreme court in the condition of the Northwest Mounted Police force of tampering with ballot boxes at the Macdonald Dominion election of 1896. The case had been made on the ground that witnesses could not be compelled to state for which candidate they had voted, but this was overruled to-day.

HEINZE SOUGHT AFTER.

Mr. Sifton Says the Vancouver and Eastern Company May Join With Him.

THE WHOLE ROUTE OR NOTHING THE PROMOTERS' DEMAND—WREATHS FOR THE CHIEFTAIN'S GRAVE.

(From Our Own Correspondent.) OTTAWA, June 5.—At a conference which the British Columbia members, Dr. Milne and Mr. Norman Maclean had with Mr. Sifton this morning, the minister hinted at an amalgamation of the Heinze syndicate and the V. & E. promoters as a possible solution of the present difficulty. He gave the deputation to understand that the government has not definitely committed itself to Mr. Heinze. The British Columbia contingent were unanimous against amalgamation being made covering only part of the route from Kootenay to the Coast. To-morrow will be the sixth anniversary of Sir John Macdonald's death. The Macdonald Club of Ottawa, sent a beautiful wreath to Kingston to-day to be placed on the old Chieftain's tomb. The Royal Society programme was issued to-day. The meeting commences at Halifax on June 21, in connection with the Cabot celebration.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RATES. TORONTO, June 5.—(Special)—The Globe says editorially: The protest at Winnipeg indicates that the West regards the concessions in the Crow's Nest agreement as of real consequence to older Canada. We sympathize with the protest at the Winnipeg board of trade against the exclusion of Western points from this feature of the bargain. It would be anomalous and preposterous if, when lower rates are conceded to older Canada, the loss thus occasioned to the railway should be made up by an increase of rates at Winnipeg and other Western centers. In fact, we think the C.P.R. could well have afforded to surrender the 10 per cent. clause and to offer its whole line to the control of the railway board. There need be no fear that any commission would force the road's rates below a living profit on the legitimate investment, and we believe the best thing that could happen to the Canadian Pacific would be to meet the people in a generous spirit, to take the Western communities into its confidence, and by surrendering the 10 per cent. clause to show it desires to extend only fair treatment to the West and expects to receive fair treatment.

The bargain, we believe, is the best ever made with a railway company in Canada. The provision for a reduction of through charges must force down rates on all large main railways, and therefore Eastern Canada as well as Western Canada must greatly benefit by the arrangement. All that is wanted to make the bargain completely acceptable and to largely restore it in popular favor and to satisfy the West, is to surrender the 10 per cent. clause. The appointment of a railway commission guarantees alike to the people and the railway that while the railway property will have reasonable protection from the parliament of Canada, the rights of the people will have equal protection, and the government rather than the railway will control freight charges throughout Canada.

MR. FLYNN'S CAUTION. TORONTO, June 5.—The Globe's Quebec correspondent says: "It is no longer a secret that the resignation of the Flynn government was precipitated by the refusal of Lieutenant-Governor Chapleau to sanction a large number of orders-in-council passed and appointments decided upon by the defeated ministry; but the question now is, what has become of these orders-in-council? It appears that they have completely vanished and no trace of them can be found. It is said one of them provided for the appointment of Hon. L. Beaudin to the legislative council in place of Dorion, resigned. In that case a vacancy existed in the upper house, which was created in the regular way by resignation. Now neither the resignation nor the order-in-council can be found; though there is no question both had an existence, and it is understood to be the intention of the new government to make a searching inquiry on this subject."

The adult scalp should be thoroughly washed occasionally to remove the city particles, then apply Hall's Hair Renewer to give the hair a natural color.