

Week's War News

Among the recruits who enlisted at Truro, N. S., for the 40th Battalion, are Geo. A. Kitchen and John P. Ryan, both of Fredericton.

London, Aug. 5.—Relatives announce that Second Lieutenant Richmond Fothergill Robinson, Seventh Kings Royal Rifles, husband of Mrs. Mabel Robinson, St. Catharines, was killed in action in Flanders July 30.

Lieut. J. M. Hazen, son of Hon. J. D. Hazen, holds a commission in the 38th Battalion now in camp at Niagara-on-the-Lake. He is a student at the Royal Military College, Kingston, and volunteered for overseas service.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 5.—Sergeant J. P. Nuttall of the 10th Battalion, sends word to his parents here that his brother Gordon, while out on the lines some weeks ago, was struck by a shell and later was brought out of the trenches. He will be all right with some rest.

Rome, Aug. 5.—Twelve thousand Italian prisoners in Siberia will be released by the Russian government, according to advices received here today. The Italians were residents of Austrian frontier provinces and were forced to fight with the Austrian armies on the Russian front.

St. John, N. B., Aug. 5.—Lieut. James M. Hazen, son of Hon. J. D. Hazen, is going to war soon with the 30th Field Battery now at Camp Niagara. The word has just come to his father here, Lieut. Hazen was a cadet at Kingston and volunteered for active service.

London, Aug. 6.—British critics concede today that the fall of Warsaw will have tremendous influence on the next month's fighting in Europe, and possibly upon the political fortunes of the Allies. The capture of Warsaw will release at least one million Austro-Germans for operations elsewhere. This makes it possible for the Austro-Germans to hold the Vistula line with a minimum of men against any offensive blow the Russians may be expected to deliver for many months.



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Warsaw Has Fallen Into Hands of Germans

Retirement of the Russians Carefully Arranged
and Resembled Usual Summer Exodus

London, Aug. 5.—The Germans are in possession of Warsaw, capital of Poland, and the third largest city in the Prussian empire.

While the Bavarians commanded by Prince Leopold has fallen the honor of taking over Warsaw in the name of the German emperor and his consort, who are expected to make a state entry within a few days, the real conquerors are the troops fighting under Field Marshal Von Hindenburg, along the Narew river to the northwest. The Austro-Germans who crossed the Vistula to the south of the city, and the armistice of the Austro-German Field Marshal Von Mackensen, which are advancing northward between the Vistula and Bug rivers.

Paris, Aug. 6.—Violent onslaughts against the French works around Verdun have been launched by the armies under the German Crown Prince. Beginning with intermittent bombardments in the Argonne two days ago, the Teutons are now attacking on the whole front extending from the western Argonne to the heights of the Meuse.

Nish, Aug. 6.—That important negotiations between the Allies and the Balkan States are being carried on was admitted in an official statement from the Serbian foreign office today. It said: "Representatives of the quadruple entente yesterday presented certain friendly overtures to Prime Minister Pashitch of Serbia."

London, Aug. 6.—The colonial office gave out last night the text of telegrams from eight governors of British colonies, expressing their loyalty on the anniversary of the declaration of war and upholding the Government in its determination to continue the struggle until success is achieved.

Petrograd, Aug. 6.—News of the German occupation of Warsaw was received with calm here today, the newspapers having prepared a part for the eventuality nearly a fortnight in advance. Today's papers printed a brief official statement saying that in view of the situation Warsaw fell back to the right bank of the Vistula without molestation by the Germans, and were moving toward the new front decided upon by General Staff. The whole Russian line is reforming along this new front.

At the northeastern end of the line the Russian communications are further threatened by General Von Buelow who is advancing toward Dvinsk on the Vlna. Petrograd railway. Indeed, the Austro-Germans have set three traps to catch and destroy the Russian army. None of them was sprung, but one was so near to closing that the Grand Duke Nicholas was forced to evacuate Warsaw, and now is fighting, with all his might, to prevent the others from cutting off his retreat.

Number of Prisoners Small
Thus far he seemingly has been successful, for although the Germans claim the capture of a large number of prisoners, the aggregate is small, when compared with the immense forces engaged. In addition, the Russian guns apparently are well on their way to the rear.

From refugees who left Warsaw some days ago, and have arrived at Moscow, it has been learned that Warsaw, even at that early date had been denuded of virtually everything that might be useful to the Teutons. Factories have been stripped of their machinery and all war stores moved into the interior of Russia and the government of the city left to the Polish population.

The Russians also are preparing to evacuate Riga, the port on the gulf of that name in the north. The arrival of the Germans ten miles south of that city already has been the cause of the civilian population departing.

While expressing the fullest confidence in the future, the British military critics make no attempt to belittle the achievements of the Teutons, or the effect their success is likely to have in and near east and the west.

Fifteen Per Cent. Left City
Moscow, Aug. 5, via Petrograd and London.—Hundreds of refugees from

Warsaw are arriving here daily. Most of them are without money or means of sustenance, and are seeking aid at the American consulate, where an enlarged staff is attempting to supply temporary assistance, pending the organization of a Russian relief commission.

The refugees state that although the population of the Polish capital was convinced that the Germans ultimately would occupy the city, a majority of the citizens elected to remain, only approximately 15 per cent. to date having left the city. This accounts for the comparative order and the absence of panic which accompanied the exodus.

When German occupation first seemed imminent the government issued an order that third class tickets attached to the authorities was that residents so leaving would not be allowed to return without a special permit.

Those choosing the alternative of departure foresaw that Warsaw would be visited with conditions similar to those imposed on Lodz, and that the town would be cut off from the interior of Russia, whence all provisions were obtainable, and that Warsaw would suffer from famine.

The refugees compare the orderly and systematic abandonment of the city with the panic caused by the first German approach last October, when at attempt of the city officials to evacuate the city, all but at once resulted in indescribable confusion.

Retirement Like Clockwork
The retirement this time was so carefully planned and so systematically that it went off like clockwork, and an onlooker received the impression that a no more extraordinary phenomenon was occurring than the ordinary summer exodus.

Sufficient extra trains had been provided, so that travelling conditions on the whole, differed little from normal.

An unusual feature of the present abandonment of the city was the fact that provision tickets were made unnecessary.

The bulk of the refugees traveled on foot or with their wagons along the highways. Most of the refugees were unable to proceed southward and to Kiev and finding the railway to Vilna monopolized for military purposes they took the line to the east temporarily crowding Moscow, Vladova and Brest-Litovsk. Many of these lost their homes in the outlying portions of Warsaw, the destruction of which became a military necessity.

All the territory immediately to the west of Warsaw, containing large factories, Polish estates and peasant dwellings, now present blackened and uninhabitable areas.

Care had been taken that no suburban factories should fall into the hands of the Germans and be converted to their use. Chief among those destroyed was the million dollar sugar factory belonging to a Polish lawyer, Eugene Kurulak, with more than 2,500 tons of sugar.

The factories in the city itself, although abandoned, had not yet been destroyed when the refugees left the capital.

London, Aug. 5.—The effect of the fall of Warsaw now is absorbing the attention of the British officials and public. It is expected that the German emperor and express will make a royal entry in accordance with plans long matured.

What part of the army of Grand Duke Nicholas was able to extricate itself from the encircling line of Field Marshal Von Hindenburg coming from the north is increasingly problematical.

It is believed that this pressure from the north was one of the chief reasons for compelling the final abandonment of Warsaw, in order to permit the grand duke to send reinforcements to save his right wing.

The occupation of Warsaw, some critics think, also will have the effect of releasing large German forces, long concentrated on the reduction of the city, and permit them to turn westward for renewal operations against the Anglo-French Allies.

The British military authorities agree that the fall of the city will have far-reaching effects on the eastern and western war theatres.

Lloyd George Sees Promise
Speaking to 10,000 Welshmen at Bangor this afternoon, before he heard of the fall of Warsaw, David Lloyd George, the minister of munitions, referred to the situation in the east in these terms:

"I view it with anxiety, but not with dread. I can see a ray of hope in the dark horizon—the regeneration of the great people of Russia. Our enemies do not understand what they are doing in the east. Their mighty cannon are shattering the rusty bars that fettered the soul of Russia."

WOMAN IN TERRIBLE STATE

Finds Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cape Wolfe, Canada.—"Last March I was a complete wreck. I had given up all hope of getting better or living any length of time, as I was such a sufferer from female troubles. But I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and today I am in good health and have a pair of twin boys two months old and growing finely. I surprised doctors and neighbors for they all know what a wreck I was."

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"Look at Warsaw. What is happening behind that? The Russian people are shaking themselves free of stifling debris, their mighty limbs preparing, with new spirits and new hope, for a new land."

"Austria and Prussia are doing today for Russia what their military ancestors did for France. They are hammering a sword that will destroy them."

Chatham Raised
\$1,500 For Cause

Patriotic Picnic Held at Exhibition Grounds Was Grand Success in Every Way

Chatham, N. B., Aug. 5.—Glorious weather marked the celebration yesterday of the first year of the great war and the attendance at the big patriotic picnic held in the Exhibition grounds, to mark the day and provide another machine gun for the Canadian overseas, went beyond all expectation, probably 2,500 people participating in the day's outing, and upwards of \$1,500 being raised for the good cause. The picnic was arranged by the clerks of the town stores, who carried out the scheme on a big scale, and were amply rewarded for their hard work. Baseball games, sports and amusements of various kinds filled the afternoon and early evening. Speeches were made by Mayor Hickey, Ald. Stewart, Ald. Snowball and the Guild Hall resolution, favoring the continuance of this righteous war to a victorious close, was passed unanimously. A dance in the amusement hall brought the day's proceedings to a close.

DIED
At Oak Point, on Aug. 2nd, Janet Morrison, aged 77 years, widow of the late Duncan Morrison, leaving three sons and two daughters to mourn the sad loss of a kind and loving mother.

LIBERALS SWEEP MANITOBA
Winnipeg, Aug. 6.—Premier Norris in Lansdowne constituency, has 812 majority, with a poll to hear from Armstrong. Liberal, has a majority of 87 in Manitoba, all polls in, over W. H. Sharp, M. P. who was to have been Sir James Aikins' first lieutenant. The election of Wilson, Liberal, for Russell is conceded; majority, 379, two polls to hear from.

AMERICAN SOLDIER IN
BRITISH ARMY KILLED
San Francisco, Aug. 6.—Lieut. Richard Tanfield Vachell, of the Fifth Fusiliers of the British army, a native of California, was killed on last Sunday in northern France, according to a cablegram received here last night. He was twenty-five years old, son of Horace Annesley Vachell, a novelist and playwright.

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