

The Conception-Bay Man.

"TRUTH—EVER LOVELY SINCE THE WORLD BEGAN,"
"THE FOE OF TYRANTS AND THE FRIEND OF MAN."

VOL. I.

HARBOUR GRACE, NEWFOUNDLAND, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1857.

NO 2.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

RUMOURED FALL OF HERAT.

The *Globe's* Paris correspondent telegraphed on Thursday afternoon—"Letters from Constantinople to the 24th November announce as positive the fall of Herat without a struggle." The intelligence, however, is from Persian sources and is not generally believed.

A patent has passed, granting her Majesty's most gracious pardon, and exonerating and discharging from all penalties, and forfeitures, the following persons:—William Smith O'Brien, John Martin, Kevin Izod O'Doherty, William Doyle, Edward Sheehy, John Donohue, Luke Lennan, John Walsh, Edmund Tooin, Thomas Donovan, Richard Bryan, James Casey, James Crotty, Thomas Wall, James Lyons, Matthew Jov, John Lennan, James Ryan, and Thomas Ryan—in all nineteen persons, to whom her Majesty has extended a free pardon.

Indian corn is admitted into Portugal free of duty. Foreign salt can be imported at a duty of 10 reas per 100 lbs weight. The duty on vegetables, coals, and firewood is now nominal. Vessels of all nations laden with cereals are freed from tonnage dues. The duty on fish is reduced.

The English and Prussian squadrons are reported to be off the Rock. The cholera has ceased in Portugal.

At Lisbon the operations in foreign exchange have been limited. The rate of exchange on London fell to 53 for 90 days.

A new vessel from Lisbon, bound for the Brazils, had been out two days, and bore up from stress of weather, when she touched on the shoals, which caused her to leak. She was laden with wine and coals, and the leakage causing confusion, she was run on shore. All the boats of the fleet went to her assistance.

HOLLAND.

The Chamber of Representatives of Holland which had twice given equal votes for and against the budget of the Interior, and afterwards equal votes on that of the War Department, proceeded to a second vote on this latter on Wednesday, when the adoption was pronounced by 34 votes to 33. In consequence of the evident hostility of the Chamber to the ministry, a ministerial crisis has been produced. The Ministers of War and of the Colonies have been summoned by the King, it is believed, to form a new ministry. The Minister of the Interior is so seriously ill that he contemplates resigning office, no matter what turn the political crisis may take.

DENMARK.

The German-Danish question does not appear to have made any progress, further than that the Copenhagen Government has shown itself disposed to suspend, though not abandon or renounce, her claim to dispose of ducal property in the duchies. On the other hand Denmark has not hitherto been induced to yield in any way as regards the extension of the general constitution of those duchies.

SWEDEN.

At the opening of the Swedish Diet, King Oscar announced, in very noble language, that a bill would be presented in the course of the session for the establishment of freedom of religious worship in the kingdom. The text of that measure has just been published: and it proves how strong religious prejudices must still be in Sweden, since notwithstanding the good intentions of the sovereign, and the spirit of the constitution, the government has only ventured to propose enactments of a very limited character, and which do not by any means reach the standard which the king's language had led the people to expect. The following is an analysis of the principal provisions of the bill:—Art. 1 revokes the clauses and enactments of the penals.

A letter from St. Petersburg dated the 7th instant and published in the *Barsenalle* of Hamburg says:—"The statement made by several foreign journals of a convention having been concluded between Persia and Russia, by which the latter is bound to assist the former, is completely unfounded. Neither is it true that there are Russian officers in the service of Persia. The two officers, M. M. Duhamel, stated by the journals to be with the Persian army before Herat, are now in this capital, one in the senate and the other unemployed. The military movements made by Russia are solely confined

to placing a corps of observation on the Persian frontier."

RUSSIA.

The company that has engaged in the formation of Russian railroads has to rejoice in the very important acquisition of the extensive machine manufactory, belonging to the late Duke of Leuchtenberg, at a price it is said of two millions of silver roubles purchase money. By this acquisition the operations of the contractors will be very considerably benefited and advanced.

The Russian Government has empowered the authorities of the town of Odessa to raise a monument to the memory of the late Prince Woronzoff, on a site opposite to that of the Duke of Richelieu.

A solemn funeral service was performed at St. Petersburg on the 4th inst. at the Petropauloff cathedral, in commemoration of the deaths of the Czar Alexander and Nicholas. The ceremony was attended by the whole of the general and superior civil military functionaries, with crapes on their arms. A deputation from each regiment in garrison was also present. Gen. Moucavieff has at length reached St. Petersburg. A letter of the 4th in the *Cross* journal says that the Russian fleet in the Caspian is now so numerous and well organized that it can forthwith transport a whole army corps, if so required to the vicinity of the Teheran.

They state in the Russian capital, that foreign publications have circulated rumours of a convention existing between Persia and Russia, by virtue of which the last-mentioned power has to place troops at the disposal of the former, but that all these are as destitute of truth as that Russian officers are serving in the Persian army.

A reform in the military administration of Russia, rendered necessary by the scandalous abuses so often detected in that department, has just been adopted. The commanding officer of every regiment has hitherto been charged with the entire equipment and provisioning of his men and has had a certain sum allowed him for that purpose; he was not required to account for the expenditure of the funds entrusted to him, but was held responsible as a contractor, for keeping his regiment in a proper condition. This system having been found inconvenient, the Government has now commenced a different one in the Ismaelovski Regiment of the Guards; a regimental finance committee, to consist of Chef de Battalion another superior officer, and four subalterns will have the management of the funds, and give an account of them to Government.

TURKEY.

Constantinople advices of the 8th state that the Persian Government has issued a proclamation accepting war with England. The British have captured the islands of Ormuz and Karrek.

The Russian General Phillipson has re-taken Soujak Kaleh from the Circassians, after a desperate defence.

GREECE.

Letters from Athens mention that the whole of the French officers of the occupation troops declined to attend the ball given at court for which they only received invitations on the preceding evening. It is added that the English officers would have followed their example had they known the resolution of their French comrades in time. The proceeding of the French officers was spontaneous; the admiral left them to act individually or collectively, as they thought proper. Nor was their determination communicated to the French or English envoys until after the fete, which Mr. Wise was prevented, by family mourning from attending.

PORTUGAL.

We have accounts from Lisbon to the 11th. Don Henrique Bomo, one of the richest men in Portugal, is dead. George Crofton, the Englishman who discovered the coal and iron mines in Batalah, has had his claim of first discovery allowed by the Portuguese Government.

THE SOUND DUES.—There exists every reason to believe that the general treaty with Denmark or the abolition of the Sound dues will be brought to maturity before the end of next month, so that her Majesty's Government will be enabled to lay the same before Parliament and to announce the consummation in the

PROSPECTUS OF A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER, TO BE ENTITLED "THE CONCEPTION-BAY MAN."

THE Subscriber intends publishing a Weekly Newspaper at Harbor Grace, in Conception Bay, about the last of the ensuing month of July.

It is unnecessary for him to make any observations upon the convenience and usefulness of a Local Journal in so populous and wealthy a district as that of Conception-Bay. That is admitted by everyone. But it is necessary to state the political principles which shall guide such a Journal.

1st.—The Conception-Bay Man, shall be a strong advocate for the perpetuation of the true principles of Responsible Government.

2d.—Equality of political rights and privileges among all religious creeds.

3d.—We shall maintain Native Rights above all other, when character and qualifications are equal.

4th.—This Journal shall be the strenuous advocate, first, of the Fisheries—next of Agriculture.

5th.—It shall in all matters of local interest, maintain a perfectly independent course.

Its Motto shall be TRUTH.

"Truth ever lovely since the world began, The foe of tyrants and the friend of Man." We shall admit no party unless we ourselves are assailed—we shall enunciate our views of Constitutional Responsible Government and if these views be not in accordance with the views of others, we shall endeavor to defend them in the spirit of free discussion—but no interest shall cause us to sink the grand end of responsible rule—the greatest happiness of the greatest number.

We shall endeavor by every means in our power to make the Conception-Bay Man an interesting weekly visitor; a political instructor to the rising genius of the colony, and a welcome moral missionary.

As an advertising medium it will offer great advantages, circulating as it will a few hours after publication among a population of upwards of 50,000 people.

The price of the Conception-Bay Man will be fifteen shillings, per annum, half in advance.

It will be published on a demy sheet, and will contain sixteen columns.

The first number will be generally distributed, and those who feel desirous to support the establishment of a newspaper in Conception-Bay, by becoming SUBSCRIBERS will please notify the undersigned now, or after they shall have received the first number their intention of doing so, and to whom all correspondence must be addressed.

We are promised considerable support in St. John's, and anticipate nothing like disappointment.

GEORGE WEBBER

M. & J. JEWELL,
Watch and Clock Makers, Jewellers, General Dealers and Commission Agents.
Quadrants, Compasses, Charts, Nautical Almanacs, Accordeons, Violins, Flutes, and other Musical and Nautical Instruments,
Sold and Repaired.

Depository for the British and Foreign Bazaar Society, and the Religious Tract Society.

RIBLES and other BOOKS sold at the Society's Prices. Tracts Gratis.

LET US REASON TOGETHER.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

WHY ARE WE SICK?

It has been the lot of the human race to be weighed down by disease and suffering. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are specially adapted to the relief of the Weak, the Nervous, the Delicate, and the Infirm, of all times, ages, sexes, and constitutions. Professor Holloway personally superintends the manufacture of his medicines, and offers them to free and enlightened people, as the best remedy the world ever saw for the removal of disease.

THESE PILLS PURIFY THE BLOOD.

These famous Pills are expressly compounded to operate on the stomach, the liver, the kidneys, the lungs, the skin, and the bowels, correcting any derangement in their functions, purifying the blood, the very fountain of life, and thus curing disease in all its forms.

DYSPEPSIA AND LIVER COMPLAINTS.

Nearly half the human race have taken these Pills. It has been proved in all parts of the world, that nothing has been found equal to them in cases of disorder of the liver, dyspepsia, and stomach complaints generally. These soon give a healthy tone to those organs, however deranged, and when all other means have failed.

GENERAL DEBILITY—ILL HEALTH.

Many of the most despotic Governments have opened their Custom Houses to the introduction of these Pills that they may become the medicine of the masses. Learned Colleges admit that this medicine is the best remedy ever known for persons of delicate health, or where the system has been impaired, as its invigorating properties never fail to afford relief.

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

No female, young or old, should be without this celebrated medicine. It corrects and regulates the monthly courses at all periods, acting in many cases like a charm. It is also the best and safest medicine that can be given to children of all ages, and for any complaint; consequently no family should be without them.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are the best remedy known in the world for the following Diseases:—

Rheumatism, Bilious Complaints, Blisters on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colic, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, King's Evil, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Scrofula, Sore-throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary symptoms, Tic-doulaeux, Tumours Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause, &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244 Strand, (near Temple Bar,) London, and 80 Maiden Lane, New York; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 3d.—3s. 3d.—and 5s. each Box.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Wholesale and retail by T. McCONNAN, St. John's, N.F.