MISS SURRATT'S EFFORTS IN BEHALF OF HER MOTHER.

[From the Philadelphia Inquirer.]

About half past eight o'clock on Friday morning Miss Surratt, accompanied by a female friend, again visited the White House, having been there the previous evening for the purpose of obtaining an interview with the President. President Johnson having given orders that he would receive no one to-day, the doorkeeper stopped Miss Surratt at the foot of the steps leading up to the President's office, and would not permit her to go further. She then asked permission to see General Mussey, who promptly answered the summons, and came down stairs, where Miss Surratt was standing.

As soon as the General made his appearance, Miss Surratt threw herself upon her knees before him, catching him by the coat, and with loud sobs and streaming eyes, implored her to assist her in obtaining a hearing with the President.

General Mussey in a tender manner as possible, informed Miss Surratt he could not comply with her request, as President Johnson's orders were imperative, and he would receive no one.

Upon General Mussey's returning to his office, Miss Surratt threw herself upon the stair steps, where she remained a considerable length of time sobbing aloud in the greatest anguish, protesting her mother's innocence, and imploring every one that came near her to intercede in her mother's behalf. While thus weeping she declared her mother was too good and kind to be guilty of the enormous crime of which she was convicted, and asserted that if her mother was put to death she wished to die also.

The scene was heartrending, and many of those who witnessed it, including a number of hardy soldiers, were moved to tears. Miss Surratt having become quiet, was finally persuaded to take a seat in the East Room, and here she remained for several hours, jumping up from her seat each time the front door of the mansion was opened, evidently in hopes of seeing some one enter who could be of service to her in obtaining the desired interview with the President, or that they were the bearers of good news.

Two of Harold's sisters, dressed in full mourning and heavily veiled, made their appearance at the White House shortly after Miss Surratt, for the purpose of interceding with the President; they addressed a note to Mrs. Johnson, and expressed a hope that she would not turn a deaf ear to their pleadings. Mrs. Johnson being quite sick, it was thought expedient, by the ushers not to deliver the note, when, as a last expedient, the ladies asked permission to forward a note to Mrs. Patterson, the President's daughter, which privilege was not granted.

HEART RENDING SCENES.

By permission of the authorities, the daughter of Mrs. Surratt passed the night previous to the execution with her mother in her cell. The entire interview was of an affecting character. The daughter remained with her mother until a short time before her execution, and when the time came for separation the screams of anguish that burst from the poor girl could be distinctly heard all over the execution grounds.

During the morning the daughter proceeded to the Metropolitan Hotel and sought an interview with General Hancock. Finding him, she implored in pitiable accents to get a reprieve for her mother. The General, of course, had no power to grant or obtain such a favor, and informed the distressed girl in as gentle manner as possible.

General Hancock, with the kindness that always characterized his actions apart from the stern duties of his noble profession, did his best to assuage the mental anguish of the grief stricken girl.

The residence of Mrs. Surratt on H. Street, North, near Sixth, remained closed on Thursday after the announcement of her fate had become.

In the evening but a single dim light shone from one of the rooms, while within the house all was quiet as death up to about eight o'clock, at which time Miss Annie F. Surratt, who has been in constant attendance upon on her mother, drove up to the door in a hack, accompanied by a gentleman.

She appeared to be perfectly crushed with grief, and as she alighted from the carriage some ladies standing near were moved to tears of sympathy with the unfortunate girl, whose very look and action betrayed her anguish.

Miss Surratt after gaining admittance to the house fainted several times, causing great bustle and excitement among the inmates, who were untiring in their efforts to console the almost heart-broken girl.

APPALLING DISASTER.

The St. John "Day Book" of the 1st contains the following harrowing particulars of the wreck of the passenger ship "William Nelson," copied from the Log Book of the Captain of the Bark "Meteor:"—

The Bark "Meteor," Capt. Hart, belonging to Messrs. J. & W. Stewart, from Aquadilla, P. R., bound to Queenstown, arrived at this port yesterday afternoon, to land thirty passengers, twenty-one male and nine female—picked up by him on Wednesday last, June 28, in lat. 4 40, long. 51 46. The log-book states that about three o'clock on the morning of Wednesday last, the weather being moderate, the watch on board the "Meteor" heard shrieks, and shortly after a number of people (male and female) were discovered floating about on pieces of wreck. Capt. Hart at once got his boats out and from that time up to noon of the same day they were busily engaged in searching for the unfortunate people. The wreck was scattered over miles of water, and each piece had to be searched. As we have stated, thirty persons have been rescued, while a good many dead bodies were found. —The saved passengers [illegible] Capt. Hart the following details of the disaster:

The lost vessel was the American ship "William Nelson," from Antwerp bound to New York with passengers. She had between four and five hundred emigrants on board.—On Sunday last the Captain of the William Nelson determined upon fumigating the ship, and [illegible] and some of the crew set about the work. A pot of pitch was taken into the lower hold, below the passenger deck, and red-hot irons were thrown into it. The pitch of course ignited, and boiled over, setting the ship on fire [illegible] that it was found impossible to extinguish the flames. They spread rapidly, and before long the vessel was a mass of fire, burned to the water's edge and sank, carrying down with her over four hundred people. The rescued passengers describe the scene during the fire as truly heart-rending. Mothers threw their babes into the water and fell back themselves into the flames.—Whole families died together in excruciating torments. Brothers and sisters, parents and children, ran frantically about for help they were not to find. The passengers saved also say that when the Captain found he could not save the ship, he got his boats out, and with his officers, the crew and cabin passengers, left the remaining unfortunates to their fate. A number of very young children were placed in the "channels" of the ship, as being furthest from the fire, but they had not been long there when the flames burst through the side of the vessel upon them, and in an instant they were consumed. Of such horrible scenes is the account made up.

Capt. Hart states that one woman was picked up by his second mate on a piece of spar, apparently dying. She has been as indeed, all the rest had, three days and three nights floating about on the water without food.

Having rescued all that could be found, and another ship being five or six miles off, apparently searching for the wrecked people, and besides, having as many on board as he could feed, Capt. Hart determined to bear up for St. John's, being then 320 miles South.—He thinks it is probable the other ship has saved some of the poor creatures.

The rescued male passengers are recovering fast from their fearful sufferings, but all the females are more or less burnt about the hands, arms and legs. A large number of young children were burnt.

There were six hundred and sixty deaths in New York, week ending the 15th, being an increase of one hundred and six on the mortality of the previous week, and fifty on that of the corresponding week last year. Of the total number only two hundred and six were adults. The principal diseases were those of the bowels, there being from these causes two hundred and fourteen deaths, of which one hundred and forty-eight were from cholera infantum.

The late "heated term" was very severe throughout the country. The Cincinnati report twenty-five inquests within ten days, a majority of the cases being from sunstroke. Our exchanges are full of accounts of deaths from that cause. A most distressing case occurred at a pic nic near Louisville on the Fourth, when eleven ladies were struck down by the intense heat. One died, two had severe spasms, and several others are still in a very critical condition. Even the negroes were unable to stand it, and the "Journal" mentions four cases of deaths among them on the day from solar heat.

The place of imprisonment of the assassination conspirators,—Mudd, Arnold, O'Laughlin and Spangler,—has been changed by the President from the Albany Penitentiary, as at first disignated, to the Dry Tortugas, off the Southern coast of Florida, and they are now on the way to that sequestered spot from Washington.

A printer's toast—"Woman: The fairest work in creation. The edition is large, and no man should be without a copy."

A boy was asked one day what made him so dirty, and his reply was—"They tell me I'm made of dust, and I s'pose it's just working out.

"I'm sitting on the style Mary," is what the curious girl said when she plumped down on her sister's new gypsy hat and feather.

Believe me, the talent of success is nothing more than doing what you can do well, and doing well whatever you do, without a thought of fame.—*Longfellow.*

A physician, in company with others of the profession, thus boasted.—I was the first to discover the Asiatic cholera, and communicate it to the public.

"I wonder," said a woman of humor, "why my husband say I quarrel so often; for we agree uniformly in one point—he wishes to be master, and so do I."

'I'm afraid you shall come to want,' said an old lady to a young gentleman, "I have come to want already," was the reply; "I want your daughter."

"Ain't it wicked to reb dis chicken roost, George?" "Dat's a great moral question, Quinc; we ain't time to argue it now—hand down another pullet."

The editor of the "Eglantine" says the girls in Connecticut, who are remarkable for industry, drink a pot of yeast before going to bed at night to make them rise early in the morning.

Precocious young lady: "Law, ma, here's heagle," Mamma (reproachfully): "A heagle! Oh, you hignorant girl! Ah, it's an owl! Keeper of the menagerie, (respectfully): axes pardon, mum, 'tis an awk."

The enquiry is frequently made as to how long a time will be occupied in transmitting news across the Atlantic. First—messages, daily sent through the entire length of the cable, have taken a minute and fifteen seconds; but it is expected, that, with the new instruments, double the speed will be attained.

Messrs. Galt and Howland are to proceed to Washington immediately, to represent Canadian interests in connection with the terms of the new Reciprocity Treaty proposed by Sir Fredrick Bruce on the part of Great Britain.

Jenny Lind has been singing again in London, and never better says the critics.

A man in Canada while religiously insane beat his mother to death with an axe.

Ten thousand laborers are wanted in Buenos Ayres, wages four shillings per day.

Cows are now selling in Buenos Ayres at six shillings each; and even at this extraordinary low price few buyers can be obtained.

One of the lions at Worlington, just now, is a cow, which has marched with Sherman's army since November 19, 1864, and has travelled in all, 2,220 miles. She has constantly given from a gallon to a gallon and a quart of milk daily. This extraordinary bovine "bummer" has been presented to the Soldiers' Home, where her various good qualities will be appreciated.

A cruel parent at Quebec locked up his undutiful daughter, because she wanted to marry a young lawyer. The young man, however, though poor in purse, was fertile in resources, and issued out a writ of habeas corpus for his beloved. As she was of age to decide for herself, the couple were married and went their way rejoicing.

The accounts of the crops in the vicinity of Quebec and along the lower St Lawrence are reported to be most satisfactory, and that an abundant yield is expected,—especially of the hay crop, which, it is said, will be unusually large.

The New York "World:"—Unless all the indications are unusually deceptive the food crop of the United States for 1865 will be the largest ever known to our history.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.—Information has been received at the Admiralty that it has been decided to make the following changes in the lights at Cape Race and Cape Pine, on the south-east coast of Newfoundland, viz:—

The fixed light at Cape Race to be altered to a revolving white light, attaining its greatest brilliancy every half minute.

The revolving light at Cape Pine to be altered to be a fixed white light.

It is expected that these may take place some time in August 1865, but the precise date, with further information, will be published in a subsequent notice.

On the morning of June 17, the canon of St. Angelo announced the beginning of the twentieth year of the reign of Pope Pius IX. Only seven of the 258 Popes who have occupied the chair of St. Peter have had a greater or an equal duration of power.

Efforts are being made in the East for the release of John Mitchell.

Elson who is at Montreal has undertaken to walk 72 miles per day for six consecutive days.

The new Canadian parliament is expected to meet at Ottowa.

It is said that the Prince of Wales won £10,000 on the Derby Day.

The New York *Tribune* says, "the reason why Drake's Plantation Bitters are so universally used and have such an immense sale, is that they are always made up to the original standard, of highly invigorating material and of pure quality although the prices have so largely advanced," &c.

The *Tribune* just hits the nail on the head. The Plantation Bitters are not only made of pure material, but the people are told what it is. The Recipe is published around each Bottle, and the bottles are not reduced in size. All cast twenty imitations and counterfeits have sprung up. They impose upon the people once and that's the last of them.

The Plantation Bitters are now used in all the Government Hospitals, are recommended by the best physicians, and are warranted to produce an *immediate* beneficial effect. Facts are stubborn things.

"* * * I owe much to you, for I verily believe the Plantation Bitters have saved my life.
REV. W. H. WAGGONER, Madrid, N. Y."

"* * * Thou wilt send me two bottles more of thy Plantation Bitters. My wife has been greatly benefitted by their use.
Thy Friend, ASA CURRIN, Philadelphia, Pa.

"* * * I have been a great sufferer from Dyspepsia, and had to abandon preaching. * * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me.
REV. J. S. CATHORN, Rochester, N. Y."

"* * * Send us twenty-four dozen more of your Plantation Bitters, the popularity of which are daily increasing with the guests of our house.
SYKES, CHADWICK & CO.,
Proprietors Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C.

"* * * I have given the Plantation Bitters to hundreds of our disabled soldiers with the most astonishing effect.
G. W. D. ANDREWS,
Superintendent Soldiers' Home, Cincinnati, O.

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of liver complaint, with which I was laid up prostrate and had to abandon my business.
H. B. KINGSLEY, Cleveland, O.

"* * * The Plantation Bitters have cured me of a derangement of the kidneys and the urinary organs that has distressed me for years. It acts like a charm.
C. C. MOORE, 251 Broadway."

NEW-BEDFORD, Mass, Nov. 24, 1863.
DEAR SIR:—I have been afflicted many years with severe prostrating cramps in my limbs, cold feet and hands, and a general disordered system. Physicians and medicine failed to relieve me. Some friends in New York, who were using Plantation Bitters, prevailed upon me to try them. I commenced with a small wineglassful after dinner. Feeling better by degrees, in a few days I was astonished the coldness and cramps had entirely left me, and I could sleep the night through, which I had not done for years. I feel like another being. My appetite and strength have also greatly improved by the use of the Plantation Bitters.
Respectfully, JUDITH RUSSELL."

If the ladies but knew what thousands of them are constantly relating to us, we candidly believe one-half of the weariness, prostration and distress experienced by them, would vanish. James Marsh, Esq., of 159 West 14th St., N. Y., says, "he has three children, the first two are weak and puny, his wife having been unable to nurse or attend them but that she has taken Plantation Bitters for the last two years, and has a child now eighteen months old which she has nursed and reared herself, and both are hearty, saucy and well. The article is invaluable to mothers," &c.

Such evidence might be continued for a volume. The best evidence is to try them. They speak for themselves. Persons of sedentary habits troubled with weakness, lassitude palpitation of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating, torpid liver, constipation, diabetes, &c., will find speedy relief through these Bitters.

Every bottle for exportation and sale out of the United States has a metal cap and green label around the neck.

Beware of refilled bottles. See that the cap has not been mutilated. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters, in bulk or by the gallon, is an impostor. We sell it only in bottles. Sold by principal dealers throughout the habitable globe.

P. H. DRAKE & CO.,
New York.

March 22, 1865.

STELLA COLAS.

Rimmel's stella Colas Bouquet, dedicated by permission to this talented Artiste.

Her beauty hangs upon the cheek of night,
As a rich jewel in Ethiop's ear.

Perfumes for the Handkerchief.

Alexandra.	Guards,	Fragebane,
Princess of Wales,	Rimmel's,	Lilly of the Valley
Jockey Club.	Wood Violet,	Millefleur.
Essence Bouquet,	Patchouly,	Violet.
West End	New Mown Hay.	Love Myrtle.

The Bard of Avon's Perfume, in a neat Box; Sydenham Eau de Cologne, Treble Lavender Water, Extract of Lavender Flowers, Verbena Water, Tercentenary Sachet, Perfumed Tercentenary Souvenir, Shakespear Golden Scented Locket Extract of Lime Juice and Glycerine, for making the Hair soft and glossy; Rose Leaf Powder, an improvement on Violet Powder; Bloom of Ninion, for the Complexion; Depilatory Powder for removing superfluous hairs without injury to the skin; Napoleon Pommade, for forcing the Mustachos, and instantaneous Hair Dye, for giving the Hair and Whiskers a natural and permanent shade without trouble and danger.

Rimmel's Rose Water Crackers, a new and amusing device for evening parties.
WM. R. WATSON.

City Drug Store, Dec. 21, 1864.

Butler's Rosemary Hair Cleaner.

AN elegant preparation for the Toilet and Nursery, possessing, in the highest degree, the property of removing Scurf and Dandruff from the Head, and by its invigorating qualities increasing the growth of the Hair.
W. R. WATSON.

City Drug Store, Nov. 23, 1864.

AUGUSTUS HERMANS,
Locksmith, Gunsmith and Bell Hanger
COPPER, SHEET IRON, ZINC & TIN PLATE
WORKER,
QUEEN STREET, - - - - - - CHARLOTTETOWN.
☞ Tin and Zinc Water Spouts, Stove Pipes, and Tin Ware, constantly on hand.
Stoves fitted up and repaired.
*** All orders promptly attended to.
Oct. 17, 1863.

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
HAVING A LARGE PAID UP CAPITAL,
ACCEPT ALL CLASSES OF RISKS,
At Reasonable Rates of Premium.
CHARLES YOUNG, Agent.

October 19, 1864.

A FINE CHANCE FOR SPECULATORS
—AND—
ENTERPRISING MEN!

THE undersigned has been instructed by the Owners to offer for SALE, or to RENT, several valuable FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES, and FARMS, in Bedeque and otherparts of the Island, in good cultivation, well wooded, and possessing other advantages; and for which good and valid titles, and immediate possession can be given.

Also, four LOTS, being the residue of thirteen Building Lots, (the other nine having been sold the present Season) in that most advantageous mercantile situation known as "SUMMER HILL," adjoining MONTAGUE BRIDGE, can be shipped, and nearly all paid or in Cash. miles from Georgetown, where close to 150,000 bushels of Produce are annually Americans and other speculators purchase here and ship for Great Britain, the United States, &c.

A number of Stores, Wharfs, a Meeting House, Post Office, and Temperance Society have been established for some time; with many Grist and Saw and Cloth Mills in the vicinity; where also any quantity of all kinds lumber can be had in trade at low rates. "SUMMER HILL is" the only *Freehold Property* for sale in the place which renders it most desirable for the above class of artizans now so much wanted in this rising town.

A STORE and DWELLING on it, capable of holding 15,000 bushels produce, with a double Wharf and site for a Lime Kiln, will be sold or leased on reasonable terms.

Plans, particulars or any other information can be obtained by calling at the office of Messrs. BALL & SON, Land Surveyors, Charlottetown. Reference can also be had from W. SANDERSON, F. P. NORTON, THOS. ANDREW, Georgetown; JAS. BRODERICK, Campbelton, Lot 4; F. W. HUGHES, *Examiner* Office, Charlottetown, and to the subscriber at Orwell, who is also Agent for the sale of Manny's Mowing Machine, the celebrated Yarmouth COOKING STOVE, and also for the Fulling Mills of Messrs. BOURKE, Mill View, the Honble. JAS. McLAREN, New Perth, FINLAY W. McDONALD, Pinette; where CLOTH is received and returned with despatch.

RICHARD J. CLARKE.

Orwell Store, Aug. 10, 1864. E I

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S Hair Restorer.
AND
ZYLO-BALSAMUM,
The great unequaled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair.
Rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall and imparting a healthy and natural color to the Hair.
IT NEVER FAILS
To Restore Grey Hair
TO
Its Original Youthful Color
It is not a Dye,
But acts directly upon the roots of the Hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth.
For Ladies and Children
Whose Hair requires frequent dressing the Zylobalsamum has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it
Sold by Druggists throughout the World.
PRINCIPAL SALES OFFICE
198 Greenwich Street, New-York City.
Mrs. S. A. Allen's ZYLOBALSAMUM.
W. R. WATSON, Agent.

DENTISTRY.

DR LOUIS DE CHEVRY
Surgeon Dentist, (from Paris.)
Queen Street, - - - Charlottetown.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH inserted in every style, with such a close imitation of nature that the most skilful eye cannot discern the difference. The greatest care is bestowed upon the manufacture of the plates, and their make and finish bear evidence of fine workmanship. All dental operations are performed with professional dexterity. Teeth inserted with or without extracting the roots—the best substances are employed. All work warranted as represented. Prices moderate.
Advice given daily free of charge.

DENTIFRICE ELIXIR,
For Purifying the Mouth and Preserving the Teeth, prepared by DR. LOUIS DE CHEVRY, Surgeon Dentist, (from Paris.) This Elixir strengthens the gums, renders the breath agreeable, and keeps the mouth in a constant state of freshness and health, and is indispensable to those who wear artificial teeth. Directions—Put a few drops of the Elixir in a little water, dip the brush, and clean the teeth as usual.

SUPERIOR TOOTH POWDER,
Infallible remedy for the Toothache.

☞ DR. DE CHEVRY will be found at his Office at all hours of the day.
January 18, 1865. 3m

A FREEHOLD FARM
FOR SALE!

CONSISTING of 175 acres of FRONT LAND, in a high state of cultivation, with a good DWELLING HOUSE, BARN, COACH HOUSE, THRESHING MACHINE and all other requisite suitable for a Farm. Also,—One Hundred Acres of WOOD LAND, in the rear, situate on the South side of Elliot River, about seven miles from Charlottetown, and quite near two Public Wharfs, for shipping Produce, &c.

The above Property is well worth the notice of any person wishing to purchase a good freehold property, being the Estate of the late J. C. WRIGHT, Esq. Time will be given for two-thirds of the purchase money. Enquire at the Office of HENRY PALMER, Esq., or at the residence of the Subscriber, Prince Street,
CATHERINE WRIGHT, Executrix.
Charlottetown, Sept. 28, 1864. tf

BROWN'S
Bronchial Troches
FOR COUGHS, COLDS,
AND
THROAT DISEASES.

MRS. WINSLOW'S
SOOTHING SYRUP
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING
IT RELIEVES COLIC.
July 27, 1864. 1y

ALL CURES MADE EASY!!
BY
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad Breasts, and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore or ulcer can resist the healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance whenever this medicament is applied; sound flesh springs up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and permanent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas, and Internal Inflammation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon the neighboring parts, when all obnoxious matter will be removed. A poultice of bread and water may sometimes be applied at bed time with advantage; the most scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of such of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout and Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills. When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation and depravities from the system, subdue and remove all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be effected, even under the worse circumstance, if the use of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm, and other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, the utmost relief and speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of the blood and derangement of the liver and stomach, consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of the Pills. The general health will readily be improved, although the eruption may be driven out more freely than before, and which should be promoted; perseverance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diptheria, Quinsey, Mumps and all other Derangements of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies the Ointment should be well rubbed at least three times a day upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat: this course will at once remove inflammation and ulceration. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by following the printed directions.

Scrofula or King's Evil and Swelling of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's purifying Pills and Ointment, as their double action of purifying the blood and strengthening the system renders them more suitable than any other remedy for all complaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure, liver, stomach and bowels, being much deranged, require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:—

Bad Legs	Chilblains	Fistulas	Skin-diseases
Bad Breasts	Chiego-foot	Gout	Sore-nipples
Burns	Chapped Hands	Glandular	Sore-throats
Bunions	Corns (Soft)	swellings	Scurvy
Bites of Mosquitoes	Cancers	Lumbago	Sore-heads
	Contracted and	Piles	Tumors
Sand-flies	Stiff Joints	Rheumatism	Ulcers
Coco-bay	Elephantiasis	Scalds	Yaws Wounds

Sold at the Establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 224 Strand, (new Temple Bar,) London; and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the civilized world, at the ollowing prices:—1s 1½., 2s. 9., 4s. 6., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

*** There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directins for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

August 7, 1863.

UNION BANK, P. E. I.

THE Days of Discount at this Bank will be MONDAY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, in each week. Notes to be left with the Cashier on these days before one o'clock.
JAMES ANDERSON, Cashier.
Charlottetown, June 4, 1864. 2m

THE HERALD
IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING
BY
EDWARD REILLY,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
at his Office, corner of Kent and Prince Streets.

TERMS FOR THE "HERALD."
For 1 year, paid in advance, £0 9 0
" " " half-yearly in advance, 0 10 0

Advertisements inserted at the usual rates.

JOB PRINTING,
Of every description, performed with neatness and despatch and on moderate terms, at the HERALD Office.