It is a welcome change from the persistent misrepresentations and unfair attacks on Britain which has been an established custom of an influential part of the American press.

Significant hints are given in certain articles of the magazine mentioned as to the source of the unnatural divisions between Great Britain and the United States, and there is the reference to Quebec and Ireland quoted below, which is mentioned in view of the light it throws on the paradoxical relations existing between the great republic and

our mother country.

"British rule exists in every climate and on every continent. It has been generally successful everywhere but in two instances. It has not been successful in making the Catholic part of Ireland happy, and it has not succeeded in amalgamating the Catholic part of Canada—the French Canadians. British rule has gotten along well with practically every race and religion and sect except in the two places in the British Empire where there is a solid body of people who owe allegiance to Rome."

Elsewhere in the magazine is published the message of an Irish-American who urged the German Government to send over their Zeppelins to bombard the British countryside to ensure the success of the Irish "revolution" in the downtrodden section of that country which is suffering from war prosperity. (It should be remembered that this involved the slaughter of British women and children.)

The same influences which encourage the tribe of Cohalan to maintain and widen the breach between Britain and the States are hindering the efforts of the Allies elsewhere, and it is time to throw the white light of publicity on the activities of the agents of political religion, whose malevolent neutrality has been of great service to the enemy. Political religion was never a friend to liberty, and recent events prove conclusively that the heart of Rome is not with the Allies, and that its influence should be calculated as an enemy force. The initial defeat of the Italian army was accomplished as much by treachery as by force of arms, and a contributing factor was the secret influence of political religion. A curious combination of circumstances preceded this tremendous attempt to obtain a military decision. The Peace Note from the Vatican coincided with the sudden appearance of the Catholic leader Erzberger in a new role as peace leader, while the Catholic party in the Reichstag asserted itself and made earnest profession of its desire for an immediate peace. King Charles of Austria posed as a democratic and pacifist monarch, but is now as belligerent as Reventlow himself, and made indecent haste to have himself proclaimed "Catholic" monarch of the "Catholic" state of Poland, when the victory which drove back the Italians into their own country was assured.

After all this camouflage, the regular order of procedure following a Teutonic peace move took its course. There was the tremendous attempt, already mentioned, to obtain a military decision. Now such a drive as was made on the Italians is not a matter of a few days preparation. It involves months of work to conceive, prepare and deliver, and its success was worked for as earnestly in the kingdom of Italy as on the Austrian side of the Alps.

Let that faithful child of Rome, Austria, conquer Italy, and the ancient power of Rome would again be restored, as was hinted in the reply of the Central Powers. The weak interference on behalf of Belgium serves to show that not only the free peoples of the British

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