POOR DOCUMENT

MC 2033

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EPPS'S

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. It is a valuable diet for children.

COCOA

The Most Nutritious and Economical.

WANTED.

WE have a position open for one good man in each locality, local or traveling, at $840 a year and expenses, $2.50 per day, tacking up show-cards and generally advertising a New Discovery. No experience necessary. Write for particulars. Sayl Medicinal Co., London, Ont. sar-ww-21

WANTED—A first class teacher (female) for School District No. 12, Parish of Lancaster. Apply at once, stating salary, to David McCavour, Secretary to Trustees, Lorneville, St. John Co., N. B. 12-31-21-w

WANTED—Second or third class female teacher for School District No. 15, St. George, Charlotte Co., N. B. Apply, stating salary, to Isaac Spinney, Secretary to Trustees. 12-28-41-w

WANTED—A second class male or female teacher for School District No. 10, Petersville, Queens Co., N. B. Apply, stating salary, to Wm. J. Smith, Secretary, Armstrong's Corner, Queens Co. 12-31-41-w

WANTED—Before 2nd January, a respectable girl for general housework; three in family, no washing; references required. Apply 123 King street. 12-31-tf-sw

WANTED—A first or second class male teacher for School District No. 14, Back Bay, Charlotte Co., N. B. Apply, stating salary, to Zacchem McGee, Secretary to Trustees. 12-31-41-w

WANTED—First or second class teacher for school district No. 6, parish of Grand Manan, county of Charlotte. Will pay good salary. Apply, stating salary, to I. D. Harvey, secretary to trustees, White Head, Grand Manan. 12-24-41-w

WANTED—At Provincial Hospital (formerly called Provincial Lunatic Asylum) young women and men to train as nurses. Applicants must have good health and character and fair education. Preference given to those with musical ability. Good wages; uniforms, etc., supplied. Apply to Dr. J. V. Anglin, Medical Superintendent, St. John N. B.) 61-w

GIRL WANTED—For general housework in small family. Apply to S. J. McGowan, Daily Telegraph Office. wkly.

WANTED—First or second class teacher for School District No. 2, Wicklow. Apply to School Secretary, D. C. Slipp, Wicklow.

SALESMEN WANTED at once, to represent "Canada's Greatest Nurseries." Special list of New and Hardy Specialties in Fruits, Ornamentals, Shrubs and Roses. Liberal inducements, pay weekly, exclusive territory, handsome free outfit. Spring season's canvas now starting. Write now for full particulars. Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

WANTED—Second or third class female teacher for school district No. 5, Drummond, Victoria county, N. B. Apply, stating salary wanted, to Amos Watson, secretary, Undine, Vic. county, N. B. 12-14-4mw

WANTED—Reliable men $60 per month and expenses; $250 per day to reliable men in every locality introducing our goods, tacking up show cards on trees, fences, along roads, and all conspicuous places; steady employment to good, honest capable men; no experience needful; write at once for particulars. The Empire Manfg Co., London, Ont. 12-22-yr-w

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Schooner Brenton, 69 tons, well found. Will be sold at a bargain. A. M. Melanson, Meteghan River, Digby Co., N. S. 6-11-tf-w

FOR SALE—Cheney's Island, Grand Manan, N. B., containing about 200 acres. Well wooded, two dwelling houses, two barns and other buildings, all in good repair. Island will pasture about 300 head of sheep and winter large stock. Mainland can be reached at low water by horse and carriage. All stocks, farm implements, crops and furniture will be sold with place. Great bargain offered for cash. Apply to S. H. Russell, Cheney's Island, Grand Manan, N. B. 8-10-tf-d

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—On city, town, village or country property, in amounts to suit, at current rates of interest. H. H. Pickett, solicitor, 50 Princess Street, St. John, N. B. 1 yr-dw

Raisins Currants Citron

Our purchase of these goods alone amount to Twenty-three tons. We want to turn them over quick. Barkers' prices will soon do it: Best 3-Crown Muscatel Raisins, 9c pound—3 pounds for 25c; Good Muscatels, 7c pound—4 pounds for 25c; Best California Seeded Raisins, choice, 9c per pound package; Best New Cleaned Currants, in 1-lb. package, choice, 6c pound package; Best new Leghorn Citron, 14c pound; Best New Lemon Peel, 13c pound; Best New Figs, only 10c pound; also Black Baskets, London Layers, and Fancy Clusters, Sweet Oranges, Lemons and Grapes, at LOWEST PRICES. Best New Orange Peel, 13c pound; New Mixed Nuts, 13c pound—two pounds for 25c; Fresh Roasted Peanuts, 10c pound; Pop Corn, only 7c pound; New Dates, 7c pound—four pounds for 25c.

At The 2 Barkers, Limited

100 Princess Street

BEATS ALL PREVIOUS RECORDS.

Since its establishment 10 years ago the attendance at the

FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

Has been steadily on the increase. The number registering this term is away in advance of all previous years.

This is the best testimonial we can place before the public. Send for Free Catalogue. Address,

W. J. OSBORNE, Fredericton, N. B.

Landing Ex Cars

Middlings, Flour and Oats

FOR SALE LOW ALSO

Sugar in barrels and bags

JAMES COLLINS

208 and 210 Union street

CONQUERING JAPS WILL TREAD THE RED STREETS OF PORT ARTHUR TODAY

(Continued from page 1.)

Japanese legation. Minister Hayashi was the recipient of hundreds of telegrams of congratulation from all parts of Great Britain and other countries and official despatches confirming the Associated Press news from Tokio were received at frequent intervals. Minister Hayashi was interviewed, but declined to discuss the probability of peace negotiations. He said, however:

"The fall of Port Arthur will at any rate end the horrible slaughter in one part of the theatre of war, and I sincerely hope that in some way it will facilitate final peace. This depends upon Russia and not upon us. It may strengthen the determination of Russia to continue the war at all costs. Its effect in Japan, however, cannot be doubted. Our fleet is free, and the release of the besieging army gives us increased forces available for service elsewhere. Our base becomes more secure than ever."

Mean to Keep It Now.

Speaking of General Stoessel, Minister Hayashi said:

"The surrender will in no way affect the glory belonging to him and his men, nor our admiration for their splendid defense."

Baron Suyematsu, son-in-law of Marquis Ito and former Japanese minister of the interior, said:

"Now that we have again got Port Arthur we will not allow any other power to hold it after we have beaten Russia; and I am now more than ever confident that Japan will be victorious. I do not expect the fall of Port Arthur will make much difference with the progress of the war, though Japan will undoubtedly be in a better position."

In British naval circles the prevailing opinion is that the recall of the Russian second Pacific squadron has now become an absolute necessity.

GENERAL NOGI

The Japanese Commander, the Man of Blood and Iron, Whose Assaults Upon Port Arthur Astonished the World.

loss of Port Arthur after the Chinese-Japanese war.

French military critics regard the surrender of Port Arthur as rendering General Kuropatkin's position increasingly dangerous, as the besieging army of 80,000 men is now released and will reinforce the Japanese army in the north. It is expected that Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron will proceed no further in the direction of the seat of war.

The hope is expressed in some official quarters that the surrender of the fortress will hasten peace; but the prevailing view is that the fall will accentuate Russia's resistance.

Some Paris journals assert that Japanese occupation of Port Arthur will constitute a menace to all Europe, which the chancelleries should prepare to meet.

DON'T KNOW IT YET IN ST. PETERSBURG

St. Petersburg, Jan. 3, 2 a. m.—While there is no longer any doubt in official circles in St. Petersburg that the fate of Port Arthur has been decided, news of the surrender has not yet been allowed to reach the public. Foreign telegrams have been withheld from the newspapers pending the issue of the official announcement here. The newspapers so far merely intimate that the defense of the garrison is proceeding as usual.

It has been learned that the last telegram by Emperor Nicholas to General Stoessel vested the commander of the Port Arthur forces with discretionary powers, and urged him to exercise them rather than allow the defence to go to the last ditch. It is certain that Stoessel did not surrender without previous authorization.

Think Japan Will Offer Peace.

In diplomatic circles tonight it is stated that the fall of Port Arthur will be promptly followed by offer of peace from Japan. It is understood that a strong effort will be made to have the offer come through President Roosevelt. It is even suggested that the terms might include an arrangement which would give Russia an outlet through the Persian Gulf. It is regarded as unlikely, however, that such a suggestion should come through the United States unless President Roosevelt has the strongest previous intimation that it would be favorably considered by the Russian government. It may be added that while it is known that Emperor Nicholas from the beginning regarded the war with great abhorrence there is nothing yet to indicate that his government intends to recede from the programme of fighting to a finish, which has repeatedly been announced.

The situation in the immediate future may be such as to necessitate the return of the emperor to St. Petersburg, but the report that his pilot train had been blown up is untrue.

St. Petersburg Hears It.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 3—7.30 a. m.—The Novoe Vremya and the Russ briefly and sornowfully announce the fall of Port Arthur. Those journals say that it will be sad news to Russians, though it has been expected and regarded as inevitable for weeks past. Both papers call upon the country passionately not to let the bloodshed during the last seven and a half months in defence of the fortress go for naught, but to continue the war with the same steadfastness of purpose as before.

RUSSIANS BLEW UP SHIPS AND FORTS

London, Jan. 3—The Daily Mail's correspondent with General Nogi says the capture of Wantai involved six hours of the fierces fighting, while the attacks on the forts to the southeast were carried on simultantously. Describing the final scenes, the correspondent says:—

"The slackened fire at points in the northern and eastern forts seemed to show that the Russian ammunition was failing. The position was now desperate. Great explosions around the forts proclaimed that the Russians were exploding their magazines. Flames and smoke in the harbor were followed by explosion after explosion, which revealed the destruction of the Russian ships. The Russians also apparently blew up two of their own forts. The battleship Sevastopol was blown up, and the other warships were destroyed as thoroughly as possible. The battleships Retvizan and Poltava and the protected cruiser Pallada caught fire."

GERMANY'S VIEW POINT

Effect on the Boerse--Garrison's Bravery May Have Saved Kuropatkin.

Berlin, Jan. 2—So soon as the news of Port Arthur's fall reached the Boerse, powerful financial influences immediately met it with statements that the Russian government would not deviate in the slightest from its determination to fight out the war and by repeating the figures recently put forward that the Russian finances as shown by the expenditures were $400,000,000 over the usual budget since the war began would permit Russia continuing the war for ten years without reaching a breaking point. It might be supposed that the news from Port Arthur would ruin the chances of the new Russian loan but the bankers consulted by the Associated Press consider the loan is likely to be taken without difficulty.

The military critics treat the surrender of Port Arthur as the beginning of a new phase of the war, liberating General Nogi's army for co-operation with the armies before Mukden and removing causes for anxiety for the Japanese who are now able to risk more in attacking General Kuropatkin. Captain Von Pustan believes the Japanese will now proceed against Vladivostok and destroy the last Russian naval base in the Far East.

Colonel Gaedke, war correspondent of the Tageblatt, of Berlin, who has now returned from Mukden says Port Arthur's defence practically saved General Kuropatkin's army and that the Japanese have lost in the attack more men than the whole Russian garrison numbered.

All the newspapers here eulogize the courage and persistence displayed on both sides and some of them regard the recall of the Russian second Pacific squadron as being a possibility.

TEXT OF LETTERS OF STOESSEL AND NOGI

Tokio, Jan. 2—General Nogi reports as follows: "At 5 in the afternoon of Jan. 1, the enemy's bearer of a flag of truce came into the first line of our position, south of Shuishiying and handed a letter to our officers. The same reached me at 9 o'clock at night. The letter is as follows:—

"'Judging by the general condition of the whole line of hostile positions held by you, I find further resistance at Port Arthur useless and for the purpose of preventing needless sacrifice of lives, I propose to hold negotiations with reference to evacuation. Should you consent to the same, you will please appoint commissioners for discussing the order and also appoint a place for such commissioners to meet the same appointed by me.

"'I take this opportunity to convey to your excellency assurances of my respect.

(Signed) "'STOESSEL.'

"Shortly after dawn today I will dispatch our bearer of a flag of truce with the following reply, addressed to Stoessel:—

"'I have the honor to reply to your proposal to hold negotiations regarding the conditions and order of capitulation. For this purpose I have appointed as commissioner Major-General Ijichi, chief of staff of our army. He will be accompanied by some staff officers and civil officials. They will meet your commissioners Jan. 2 at noon at Shuishiying. The commissioners of both parties will be empowered to sign a convention for the capitulation without waiting for ratification, and I wish the same take immediate effect. Authorization for such plenary powers shall be signed by the highest officer of both the negotiating parties and the same shall be exchanged by the respective commissioners.

"'I avail myself of this opportunity to convey to your excellency assurances of my respect.

(Signed) "'NOGI.'"

Accepted Stoessel's Proposals.

Washington, Jan. 2—The advices received at the Japanese legation say that General Nogi accepted the terms of surrender proposed by General Stoessel.

Say Town is Destroyed.

Paris, Jan. 2—A Che Foo despatch to the Temps says the officers of Russian torpedo boat destroyers which have arrived there report that the entire town of Port Arthur has been destroyed, including the hospital in the northwest section.

Che Foo, Jan. 3, 10.30 a. m.—Three Russian launches have arrived from Port Arthur. Four of the Japanese torpedo boat destroyers have departed.

Chinese report having heard heavy firing last night.

Fighting Near Mukden.

Mukden, Jan. 2—A heavy cannonade commenced on the Russian centre early this morning, and continued during the day. It is reported here that the Japanese attacked in an effort to break the centre, but were diven back with great loss.

MAJOR-GENERAL NAKAMURA

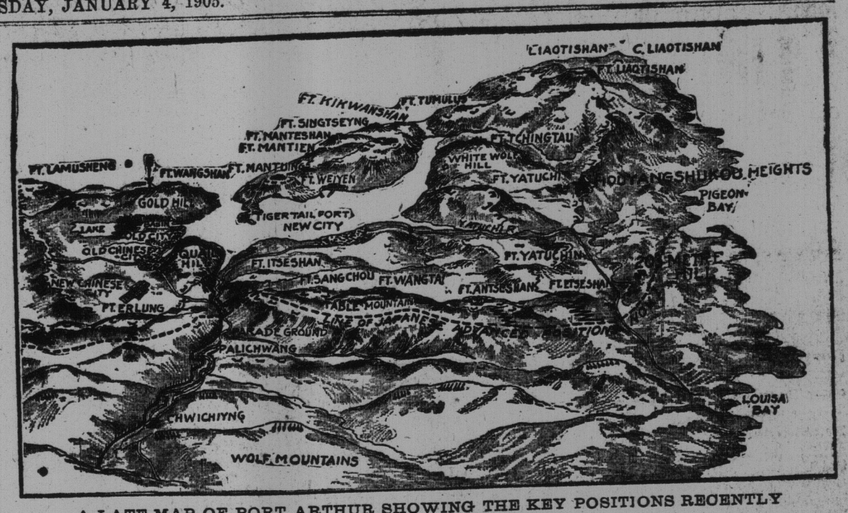
The Officer Who Shares the Honors With General Nogi.

PARIS IS SAD

Believe Kuropatkin's Load is Made Heavier, But Russia Will Fight Harder.

Paris, Jan. 2—The news of the surrender of Port Arthur created a profound impression here and was the universal theme of conversation in official and diplomatic quarters and with the public generally. The newspapers discuss the matter at much length and in a tone of sadness. The Russian officials here learnt the situation from the Associated Press despatches from Tokio while the Japanese legation received a brief official summary of the progress of negotiations. The prevailing French view is summed up by the Temps, which says the historic defence of Sevastopol has now been surpassed, Port Arthur adding a glorious page to military annals, which will long remain unequalled.

Continuing, the Temps points out that the surrender will exert tremendous moral effect favorable to Japan. The Japanese, the paper says, are now revenged for the



A LATE MAP OF PORT ARTHUR SHOWING THE KEY POSITIONS RECENTLY TAKEN BY THE JAPANESE

PORT ARTHUR'S HERO, GALLANT STOESSEL

Of a Fighting Race is He—His Life Spent in Barrack and on Battlefield—A Typical Russian.

One Russian officer has made himself world-famous in the present war. This is General Anatole Mikhailovitch Stoessel, the defender of Port Arthur. All Russia, from Czar to peasant, is today proclaiming Stoessel a national hero. All the world concedes that Russia has good cause for its enthusiasm. Stoessel has done, and is still doing, wonderful work. He has taught even the Japanese to dread a handful of imprisoned Russians. He has swept back again and again the rising tide of war, and fearful havoc has he caused among the assailants of Port Arthur. Now, in his last extremity, he is still undaunted as with his diminished garrison he faces certain death.

Had No Illusions.

From the first Gen. Stoessel has recognized that Port Arthur is to be his grave. No illusions have brightened his outlook. When the bulk of the Russian army was withdrawn from Port Arthur Stoessel told the garrison that their doom was sealed. "On three sides the sea, and on the fourth the enemy," was his description of the situation. Later on, in a message to a friend, the defender of Port Arthur said: "I now bid you good-bye forever. Port Arthur will be my grave." It is difficult to reconcile this pessimism with the splendid defence that has been maintained. But Stoessel, like many of his fellow-countrymen, is a fatalist. He sees, or supposes he sees, the end that is inevitable, yet he struggles to avert it. Knowing that Port Arthur must fall, that his life will be lost with it, this accomplished soldier sets about with coolness, deliberation and consummate skill to exact the heaviest penalties from the assailants, and to delay the fall as long as possible.

When the war began the name of Stoessel was not mentioned among the great generals upon whom Russia depended. All the talk was of others who have since been forgotten. Yet this man had been training for a great military record. From the Army Academy of Pavloff Stoessel graduated thirty-nine years ago. At the same time the companion of his youth and of his studies, now Gen. Kuropatkin, passed his final examinations at the academy. The friends separated, and though serving nearly a lifetime in the same great army have never before been employed in the same region. This, of itself, is testimony to the vastness of Russia's military organization.

His Family Traditions.

Stoessel is spoken of as a son of the barracks. His family traditions have for generations been associated with the barrack field. They date back more than 200 years. In the great war with Charles XII of Sweden, Russia, after several reverses, won the great victory at Pultowa. Among the prisoners was one Stoessel, who espoused the country and cause of the conqueror. The two sons of this Swedish soldier became great Russian generals. The elder fought with distinction against Napoleon's grand army. Afterwards he was made governor of the favorite palace of Emperor Alexander I. The other son of the Swedish captive became colonel of the Uhlans of the Imperial Guard. He commanded the bodyguard of the Tsartsa. To this man was born in 1848 the present defender of Port Arthur, who is now in his fifty-sixth year.

Young Anatole Stoessel was enlisted in the corps of cadets at ten years of age. His training was as thorough as Russian military science could make it. One year was spent at the Peterhof School of Cadets, where mere children begin to play at war, making fortifications and destroying them. Thence the sturdy little soldier was sent to the Military Academy at Pavlov, where more serious work was undertaken. After graduating Stoessel was stationed for ten years at Moscow with his regiment. On the outbreak of hostilities between Russia and Turkey in 1876 he was sent to the front. In one of the Balkan fights Stoessel was wounded. His gallant conduct on that occasion won him promotion to a captaincy. By the end of the war he had become major of his regiment, and had won a sword of honor and a decoration from the Czar.

In the Boxer Rebellion.

Soon after this war Stoessel was ordered to Asia, upon which Russia was engaged in fastening its relentless grip. He was sent direct to Vladivostock, where he was appointed to the command of a rifle brigade. Russia's gradual advance had no warmer supporter than Stoessel, who soon came to be recognized as a great expert on Siberian affairs. Five years ago Stoessel was elevated to the rank of a general, and sent to Port Arthur to take charge of the rifle brigade stationed there. His services during the Boxer rebellion were invaluable to Russia. At the close of the conflict we find him engaged in the task of making Port Arthur impregnable. He remained at this post until the present war broke out, and there he intends to remain so long as his life lasts. Of the defence of Port Arthur much has been said already, but no greater tribute could be paid to Stoessel's work than that it has annoyed the Japanese.

Personally the defender of Port Arthur is an indefatigable worker. One who knows the general writes this of him: "Few commanders have ever been better qualified than Stoessel for his arduous post. His splendid early military education included the study of engineering, chemistry, fortification and military medicine. And he is a typical sample of the highly-trained Slav officer. His temperament combines the insuperable stubbornness which baffled Napoleon at Moscow and the brilliant dash that culminated in the character of Skobeleff."

A Man of Iron.

Gen. Stoessel is a strict disciplinarian. A few days ago one of his soldiers was reported drunk. The general made him sit with a bottle of champagne in an exposed place, where the Japanese soon shot him to pieces. Such an example is probably necessary in an army much given to intemperance. The wife of the general is with him at Port Arthur nursing the wounded. Their only child is a young officer in the Imperial Guards.

GENERAL KUROKI

The Japanese General Who Beat Back the Russian Army That Attempted to Relieve Port Arthur.

South Bay Sunday School.

South Bay Sabbath school held a Christmas tree and entertainment in the hall in that place on the evening of Dec. 29th. A large number were in attendance, several people driving from the city.

The church was beautifully decorated with spruce, with appropriate Christmas mottoes in gilt and red while a beautifully decorated and well laden tree, occupied one corner of the platform.

The following programme was very successfully rendered, Miss Lowell doing good service at the organ:

Opening—All Hail the Power of Jesus Name.....
Prayer ..... Supt. H. Cassidy
Responsive Reading..... By School
Recitation..... Cecil Arthurs
Recitation..... Pauline Lowell
Song..... By Five Little Girls
Recitation.....
..... Gertrude Lowell and Alice Arthurs
Song..... By Bible Class
Recitations.....
..... Beatrice Arthurs and Nellie Long
Song..... Little Girls
Recitations.....
..... Miss Fraser and Margaret Long
Dialogue entitled Christmas .....
..... By Nine Children
Recitation..... Bedford Long
Solo..... Mr. Cassidy
Recitation ..... Mrs. McLean

Santa Claus then made his appearance and distributed gifts to the school greatly to the delight of the little ones. After this much beloved personage left, refreshments were served and a very social hour was spent by all. As a disbanding selection, God Save the King was heartily sung.

Tennessee Senator.

Nashville, Tenn., Jan. 2—The fifty-fourth session of the Tennessee general assembly convened today. General W. B. Bate will be elected to succeed himself as senator.

Recreation

Study are both essential to proper education. This residential college for girls neglects neither the other. Moral influences are of the best. For 40th year, calendar address A. McCrimmon,

WOODSTOCK COLLEGE

WOODSTOCK, ONT.

BIRTHS

EVANS—On the 31st ult., to the wife of H. J. Evans, a daughter.

MARRIAGES

DUNCAN-SMITH—On Dec. 28, by Rev. Isaac N. Parker, at the residence of the bride's father, James Duncan, jr., to Miss Viola Beatrice, eldest daughter of William Smith, all of Lower Coverdale, Albert county (N. B.)

BROWN-BEAL—At North Head, Grand Manan, (N. B.), on January 1, 1905, by Rev. H. C. Archer, Lowell Brown and Miss Jessie Beal, all of Grand Manan (N. B.)

DEATHS

SULLIVAN—In this city, on the 30th inst., Mary, beloved wife of James Sullivan, leaving a husband, three sons and three daughters to mourn their loss.

LEE—At Salem (Mass.), Dec. 27, Sarah, relict of Robert Lee, aged 87 years, leaving three sons and four daughters.

MURPHY—In this city, on the 28th inst., James Murphy, in the 35th year of his age, son of the late James and Bridget Murphy. (Boston and Lynn papers please copy).

O'MAHONEY—In this city, on the 29th inst., Elizabeth, widow of the late Michael Mahoney. (Boston and New York papers please copy).

McGARRIGLE—Suddenly, in this city, on the 29th inst., Miss Jane McGarrigle, daughter of the late John and Bridget McGarrigle, in the 63rd year of her age.

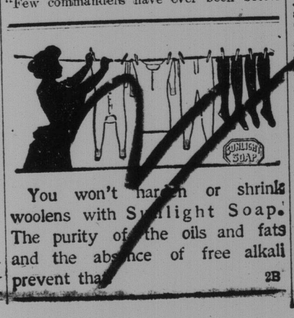
GAY—In this city, on Dec. 31, Arthur Gay, aged 82.

KEENAN—In Cambridge (Mass.), Dec. 30, Sarah, wife of the late Peter Keenan, 65 years.

RANKIN—At his residence, Fairfield, parish of Simonds, on Jan. 1, 1905, Thomas Rankin, aged 89 years, formerly of this city.

MOURIER—In this city, on the 2nd inst., Peter L. Mourier, aged 67 years, leaving a wife and one son to mourn their sad loss.

CARROLL—In this city, on Jan. 1st, Margaret, widow of the late John Carroll, leaving three sons, two daughters and one brother.



You won't harden or shrink woolens with Sunlight Soap. The purity of the oils and fats and the absence of free alkali prevent that. 2B