

The St. John Standard

THE MARITIME ADVERTISING AGENCY, LIMITED...PUBLISHERS.
83 Prince William Street, St. John, N. B., Canada.

Representatives:
Henry DeClerque, Chicago
Louis Klebahn, New York
Frank Calder, Montreal
Freeman & Co., London, Eng.

Subscription Rates:
City Delivery, \$6.00 per year
By Mail in Canada, \$8.00 per year
By Mail in U. S., \$10.00 per year

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, APRIL 15, 1922.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Legislative Assembly was formally reconvened on Thursday evening, after a session which has proven one of the most barren in really constructive and useful legislation that has been held for some years. A great flow of indifferent oratory, as Dr. Hetherington calls it, has been one of its chief features, and, with the exception of Mr. C. D. Richards, it cannot truthfully be said that any member has enhanced his reputation as a public speaker. In fact, some of the speeches from the Government side of the House were very tedious, and then some. The greater part of the session has been taken up patching and repairing measures passed in former years, due to a very large extent, to the practice which obtains of leaving many of the most important bills till the very end of the session when they are rushed through any old way, without that consideration which their importance demands, so that members may get away home. "Twas ever thus and probably always will be, but, in view of the fact that the present Government is supposed to be a business man's affair, the public not unreasonably expected all the unbusiness-like practices of the past to come to an end.

This, however, is only one of the many disappointments of the Postwar administration. The speech from the Throne at the opening of the session provided little. That promise, at any rate, the Government has faithfully kept.

THE "REVISED AND ADAPTED" PRAYER BOOK.

Tomorrow—Easter Sunday—is the day appointed for bringing into use the Book of Common Prayer, "revised and adapted" for use in the Church of England in Canada. Reverently perhaps, if somewhat prematurely, and in some instances, quite unnecessarily, the Canadian revisers laid hands on the Book of Common Prayer, which they should hold to be a priceless possession of their Church, and have proceeded to "modernize" it, in a manner that will not commend itself to all churchmen. It cannot be said that there was any urgent general demand on the part of the Anglican laity in Canada for a Liturgy differentiated from that of the Established Church, but that "The General Synod of the Church of England in Canada" determined to make such adaptations and "enrichments in the body of the Book" as would serve the purpose of more fully meeting the needs of the Church in this age and in this Dominion, as they regard it.

It is to be regretted that the General Synod did not have the patience to await the outcome of the revision of the English Prayer Book in England itself, which revision is being prepared for by ecclesiastical and laymen of great learning, men of real scholarly attainments, who would not think of trying to mend, and who could be trusted not to mar the literary form of this noble monument of English prose, this historic vessel of the spirituality of the English race. The task they have in hand is rendered somewhat difficult no doubt, because of apparently irreconcilable differences between High Churchmen and the rest, differences as to doctrine and discipline. It may take long to arrive at a settlement, and the revision finally agreed upon may be a compromise. There was no such pressing necessity, however for changes in the order of service in the Anglican Church of this country which has done duty for so many years, as to force revision here in advance of revision in the Mother Country. Upwards of 160 changes have been proposed in the Old Canon Prayer Book, and when the work is finished there may have to be harmonizing changes here.

On the great controversial subject the Canadian revisers and editors have followed the solution of the resolutions of the Lambeth Conference of 1908. If they had had the resolution of the latest Lambeth Conference before them they might have been influenced by these. The liturgy has been much changed, apparently in accordance with the revised section approved in England by Convocation nearly four years ago. The table of lessons is arranged, not according to the calendar months as heretofore, but according to the weeks of the calendar year. Alternative lessons are provided for nearly all the Sundays in the year. The rubric after the Order of Confirmation remains as it was, providing that only persons who have been confirmed shall be admitted to the Holy Communion. The Creed of St. Athanasius is still so designated, though with the qualification in brackets of "the Nicene Creed." It is so in no long

er a matter of "shall" for special Sundays or any day. A different translation is used, and a rubric follows "for the removal of doubts and to prevent disquietude in the use of the Creed." In the form for the solemnization of matrimony the word "obey" is not omitted from the woman's pledge. The Psalter continues to be that of the great English Bible used in the time of Henry the Eighth and Edward the Sixth.

Quite a large number of the alterations and adaptations seem to be aimed at shortening the services in order to meet the views of people who feel that convention and the cloak of respectability require their attendance at church, but who do not wish to remain there any longer than they can help. The obvious thing for this class of worshiper to do is to stay away altogether if their hearts are not sufficiently in the service to make them willing to accept the rituals of the authorized version of the Prayer Book. If that is the way they feel about it, they might just as well hang a copy of the Prayer Book on the wall, and when passing it on Sunday morning merely jerk their heads toward it and exclaim: "There's my sentiments," and go out for a walk.

The conduct of the services in many Anglican churches in this country is unfortunately silphed enough in many respects as it is, and the making of many silphed practices legal through a "revised and adapted" liturgy, will be a source of keen regret to real churchmen, who have been brought up to regard the rubrics of the church as essential parts of their religious services, and not as matters that could be swept aside if the observance of them was likely to make either priest or people late for dinner.

NOISELESS STREETS.

The experiment of a rubber-paved street is to be tried in Denmark, so we learn from a contemporary. We would like it to be tried here too, particularly on Prince William Street; and if it could, be made possible to have street cars with rubber wheels, the improvement in conditions might be even more marked. It is said that the proposal is made possible because of the very considerable drop in the price of crude rubber. Some years ago the better grades were several dollars a pound. Today, an average is between 15 and 20 cents a pound, and low-grade African is rated down to about 5 cents a pound, with practically no demand. Not long ago, a British rubber producers' organization offered valuable prizes for suggestions as to how the use of rubber could be promoted. The plantations have been overproducing, and ruin to many of them has followed in the wake of the slump. If the Danish experiment succeeds, and the longevity of the rubber-pavement is proved—which is doubtful—a wide market for the lower grade rubbers would be instantly provided, and the plantations might be set on their feet again.

It is said that there is nothing inherently impossible about the casting of large bricks of a thoroughly hardened, seasoned rubber compound, for use on a street. The issue is whether that rubber would stand the heat, the hard abrasion of heavy traffic, and not go dead as does ordinary rubber in tires after about two years. Chemists have a most inviting field in this respect. For streets in which resilience is in the pavement would invite improvement in wagon-tires and horses' shoes. Skidding could be done away with. Automobile tires could be saved much hard wear on stones, jagged bumps, and hollows. If an enduring rubber compound of great weather resistance and wearing quality could be manufactured, floors in buildings much used by the public could be laid with it, instead of with much more costly marble, mosaic, or tile. The resiliency of the cushion floor to the foot would be very welcome. Even if rubber-block streets were too costly for general purposes, the cheapness of rubber invites strong pressure to compel the use of solid rubber tires on heavy wagons with broad steel bands. There are by-laws now requiring that steel tires on heavy wagons shall be of certain widths, to prevent rutting the roads, but the use of rubber castings on those would not only eliminate noises, but be a great road saving factor for heavy traffic. The subject of the increased use of rubber in connection with transportation is at an extremely interesting stage.

Countess Markievicz has arrived in the United States to help De Valera. It is not impossible to find a certain symbolism in the fact that these two very "Irish" names are just now most conspicuous in the opposition to the Free State.

WHAT OTHERS SAY

Women Police.
(London Daily News.)
The work of the rather restricted force to which it has been subjected, has been valuable that in a not very far distant future no civilized community will probably be without this special force. The need of immediate retraining is urgent, and the Government's refusal to continue the experiment is not surprising; but we think that the economy effected will be shown in the result to be short-sighted. It costs more to maintain numbers of women in prison than to maintain a small force of women to keep them out of prison.

The Prince in India.
(Westminster Gazette.)
It is difficult to estimate the value of the Prince's tour. Grave doubts have been expressed in well-informed quarters, and there seems to be no doubt that the Prince's visit has to some extent stimulated the non-co-operative movement. It is far easier to persuade discontented people ostentatiously to boycott a procession than to run the real risk involved in a direct breach of the law. Thus, the authorities have played into Gandhi's hands at a time when his influence seemed to be on the wane. Moreover, the magic of the King-Emperor's name is a force in India which we need to use carefully lest we exhaust it altogether. To bring it into operation at the present juncture may have seemed a legitimate risk to take, but it is doubtful whether that risk has been justified by the results.

The Messenger.
(Cleveland Plain Dealer.)
A world familiar with the radio has no room for foginess. The two do not harmonize. When a person can with a simple, inexpensive device, home-made if desired, listen at ease to the best music, hear great speakers discuss issues of the hour, get the latest bits of news from over the world—when all this becomes a commonplace, we may as well acknowledge that a new era has arrived. It is time to bid good-bye to isolation. The cable and then the wireless brought nations together after generations of comparative isolation. Good roads, autos and rural telephones linked up scattered communities and brought many of the loneliness of family life in sparsely settled sections. Now the radio, suddenly developed to the point permitting its popularization, carries the process another long step forward.

Under Soviet Rule.
(London Daily Telegraph.)
In Soviet Russia there were to be no masters or, in other words, everyone was to be a law unto himself. The madness has worked itself out, and now all men are slaves to a harsh, impractical, and really unintelligent bureaucracy, and subject to a more cost, and it cannot afford repeated assaults on its economic strength at a time when every effort should be directed to making good the ravages of the late struggle.

Incomplete Americanization.
(Cincinnati Times-Star.)
Young America is a right. But eternal vigilance is the price of his being all right. In some instances, he is ignorant, and in some he is disrespectful. And he must be ignorant and he must be disrespectful if he is to remain the American the fathers intended. A well-dressed young man sat behind us the other night at a performance of "Abraham Lincoln." He was full of chatter for the young woman with him. Perhaps the supposed necessity for running comment inspired his ignorant, insane and impertinent remarks. In the interval between the fifth and sixth scenes, as Drunkwater calls his acts, the youth turned to his "bopper" with this query: "Let's see, they shoot this guy, don't they?" We don't know where he was educated. We don't know whether he was born in this country or not. In any event his Americanization was incomplete—to put it mildly.

Bible Difficulties.
(London Daily Express.)
One reason why deep people from church is found in the free and easy way in which they say, "The Bible is no longer true. No one can believe that the world was created in six days. The Bible says it was; and if it is not true, why should I believe anything in it?" But, my dear man, the Bible sets out to tell you about spiritual things, and if you want to learn elementary history and science you had better learn them from suitable handbooks. Some people seem to leave behind them all their common sense when they discuss the Bible. So far from wishing sincerely to hear an answer to their questions, they would actually be disappointed if they did, like a man who asks a pig, grammar, and then says, "Why don't you answer me?" Many of these Bible difficulties are taken over second-hand from other people, who themselves have very likely not spent ten minutes in really examining them. In no subject but religion would we trust the judgment of those who know least about it. In law and art we wait to hear the lawyer and artist speak. Not so when we are on the look-out to find fault with the Church.

THE LAUGH LINE

The Last Survivor.
Mrs. Wiggs—"Cook has only broken one dish today."
Mr. Wiggs—"That's better! How did that happen?"
Mrs. Wiggs—"It was the last one we had."

Untruthful.
He—"The cook has written me a letter asking for more wages, or she will give notice."
She—"Well, isn't that all right?"
No; I don't like the letter, because she is untruthful in it."
How so?"
"Why, she signs it 'Your obedient servant.'"

Wily Flashback.
Mrs. Thompson is in need of new clothes and is looking for good bargains with Mr. Thompson. "A tree, you know, dear, cuts out clothes every

Benny's Note Book

BY LEE PAPE

Me and Puds Simkins was setting on Mary Watkins front steps talking to her and answering her lawking to us, and we started to talk about what we was going to be wen we grew up, me saying, Im going to be a grate lawyer, I am.

O, how nice, I jest know you'll be a wonderfull lawyer, sed Mary Watkins.

Sure, you bet I will, I sed, Ill have a office in 3 different cities on account of having so meny cases, and any time anybody wants to know anything they'll either come to one of my offices or else call me up on the fone, and Ill put some people in jail and get some people out, depending on how I feel, and Ill make so much money Ill have 10 automobiles and 5 million dollars and 15 dogs.

O Benny wont that be lovely, I think youre wonderfull to be so ambitious, sed Mary Watkins.

O, thats nothing, I sed, And Puds Simkins looked at me jellis a wife, and then he sed, Well Ill tell you wat Im going to be, Im going to be a candy and soda water store owner. Im going to have so meny candy and soda water stores you'll all ways come to one no matter wich way you wawk and they'll all have my name on them, and any time you want to go in one you can have waterter you want jest by asking for it and showing my card in case Im not there.

O wont that be wonderfull, thank you ever so much, I think youre much more ambitious than Benny, sed Mary Watkins.

And she kept on looking at him as if he was about twice as grate as wat I was, me thinking, Aw heck, darn that guy.

spring; a new parasol—new everything."

"Yes," equivoiced her husband, "and makes them all herself."

Natural Query.

"I have never met," he said, "more than two really lovely women."

"Ah!" she said, looking up innocently into his face, "who was the other?"

Fair Share.

"John, I wish you would rock the baby."

"Why should I rock the baby?"

"Because he is not very well. And what's more, half of him belongs to you, and you should not sit at rocking him."

"Well, doesn't half of him belong to you?"

"Yes."

"Well, you can rock your half, and let my half go on crying."

"Now, Robert, tell me what an engineer is," said the teacher.

"He is a man that works an engine," replied Robert.

"Correct," said the teacher. "Now, William, can you tell me what a pioneer is?"

"Yes, sir," answered William, "he's a man that works a piano."

Mrs. Geo. Warman Tells How Cuticura Healed Pimples

"I had a breaking out of pimples on my face which irritated so much at night that I began to scratch and scratch, and they broke out in deep, sore eruptions. My face looked so badly that I did not want to go anywhere. I saw an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and I bought them. After using one and a half boxes of Cuticura Ointment, with the Cuticura Soap, I was completely healed." (Signed) Mrs. Geo. Warman, 18 Dufferin St., Toronto, Ont.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum promote and maintain skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. The Soap to cleanse, purify and beautify, the Ointment to soften, soothe and heal and the Talcum to powder and perfume.

Sample Box Free by Mail. Address: Cuticura, Dept. 10, P. O. Box 10, Lowell, Mass., U. S. A. Send 10¢ for sample box. Cuticura Soap—Ointment—Talcum.

Save Your Eyes

If your vision is impaired—if your eyes won't stand the strain of hard, constant work—you owe it to yourself to make up the deficiency by wearing glasses.

We grind our own lenses, insuring you prompt, accurate service.

D. BOYANER, Optometrist.

111 Charlotte St. St. John.

Oysters, Clams, Halibut, Mackerel, Salmon, Haddock, Cod, Salt Shad

Smith's Fish Market

St. Andrew's College

Canada

Upper School, Lower School, Boys' School, Girls' School, Normal School, Commercial School, Agricultural School, Mechanical School, Domestic Science School, Art School, Music School, Physical Education School, etc.

REV. D. BRUCE MACDONALD, M.A., LL.D., Headmaster

Collegiate Street, St. John, N. B.

Announcement

We are now established in our new quarters

69 Prince William St.

Fleming Press, Engravers and Printers, St. John, N. B.

Stout Steel Cash and Dead Boxes

Best English manufacture, thoroughly and strongly made of selected high grade steel, with strong locks, hand-made steel of 12 black enamel with gold stripes.

Drop in and see them.

BARNES & CO., LIMITED

SORES SPREAD ALL OVER FACES AND BODIES

Mrs. Howard Howlett, Washburna, Sask., writes:—"I wish to tell you of the benefit we have received by using your valuable medicine Burdock Blood Bitters."

My children started to break out on their faces in small white pimples which kept getting larger each day. I was worried under the scrub and they would come off, and each time the sores would be larger; some were as large as a twenty-five cent piece, and would spread all over their bodies. I was nearly in despair and sent to the village for a bottle of good blood medicine. The druggist sent me a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters which I commenced giving them at once.

In about ten days I saw an improvement and they grew steadily better each day, and in one month the sores had all disappeared."

All blood and skin diseases are caused by bad blood, and to get it pure and keep it pure you must remove every trace of the impure and morbid matter from the system by a blood cleansing medicine such as BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

A remedy that has been on the market for the past forty-five years, and one without an equal for all diseases and disorders of the blood.

Manufactured only by The T. M. L. Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

We Are Making

Laths

Every Day

and can fill your orders promptly.

AT LOWEST PRICES.

For Quotations, Phone Main 3000.

MURRAY & GREGORY, LTD.

Cutting Mill—Aladdin Co.

ALL GRADES OF Hard and Soft Coal

Lowest Prices.

GEORGE DICK

46 Britain St., Phone M. 1116.

Announcement

We are now established in our new quarters

69 Prince William St.

Fleming Press, Engravers and Printers, St. John, N. B.

Stout Steel Cash and Dead Boxes

Best English manufacture, thoroughly and strongly made of selected high grade steel, with strong locks, hand-made steel of 12 black enamel with gold stripes.

Drop in and see them.

BARNES & CO., LIMITED

Universal Hot Water Bottle



Made of welded aluminum and cannot leak. Retains the heat much longer than the ordinary hot water bag.

Will not rust or corrode.

Furnished with Cotton flannel bag.

Price \$3.50

-McAVITY'S-

Phone M. 2540

11-17 King St.

BEST QUALITY LACE LEATHER

BY ORDERS PROMPTLY SHIPPED

D. K. McLAREN, LTD., Manufacturers

Main 1121-20 Germain St., St. John, N. B.—Box 702.

Now Unloading One Carload Clear Shingles

Price \$4.60 ex Car.

These shingles are dry and wonderful value.

HALEY BROS., LTD., St. John, N. B.

Phone M. 203 or M. 204.

Fixtures for 7 Rooms, \$17.00

ELECTRICALLY AT YOUR SERVICE

THE WEBB ELECTRIC CO.

Phone M. 2153 ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS 21 GERMAIN ST.

The Union Foundry and Machine Works, Ltd.

Engineers and Machinists.

Iron and Brass Castings. Phone West 598.

West St. John. G. H. WARING, Manager.

LOOKS LIKE TILING

Our 3-8 cedar sheathing made tile pattern when enamelled white looks like the more expensive tiling. Surface smoothly sandpapered.

Costs but 6 cents a foot.

Phone Main 1893.

The Christie Wood-Working Co., Ltd.

186 Erin Street

SAVE YOUR EYES

Headaches

About ninety per cent. of all headaches have their origin in eye-strain. If you suffer from headaches which medicines do not relieve, it would seem to be the wise thing to find out if your eyes are the cause.

Our methods of examination indicate very clearly whether the headache is the result of defective vision, and we tell you exactly what examination indicates.

Let us help you to determine the cause of your headaches.

L. L. SHARPE & SON, Jewelers and Optometrists

21 King St., St. John, N. B.

COAL

American Anthracite, All sizes.

Springhill, Reserve, George's Creek Blacksmith, Kentucky Cannel, A wonderful grate coal.

R. P. & W. F. Starr, Ltd.

48 Smythe St. 159 Union St.

Painless Extraction Only 25c

Boston Dental Parlors

Head Office Branch Office 527 Main St. 35 Charlotte

Phone 683 Phone 38

DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.

Open 9 a. m. Until 9 p. m.

COAL

Hard and Soft, Best Quality. Also Dry Wood.

The Colwell Fuel Co., Ltd.

Phone West 17 or 20, Wholesale and Retail

S. KERR, Principal