0 1898

FINANCIAL BROKERS.

OSLER & HAMMOND
E. B. Osler, H. C. Hammond, Stock Brokers and Financial Agents. F. A. Sutra, Members Toronto Stock Exchange. Dealers in Government, Municipal, Railway, Car Trust, and Miscellaneous Debentures. Stocks on London, (Eng.), New York, Montreal and Toronto Exchanges bought and sold on commission.

F. H. GOOCH,
Fire Insurance Underwriter and Adjuster. Special Attention to Brokerage. Phones: Office, 433—Residence 4243. Insurance against fire written at lowest tariff rates in all parts of Ontario, with reliable companies. Bicycles insured against being stolen. 28 Wellington-st. East, Toronto.

STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS
DIRECT WIRES
To all exchanges. Write for daily market letter.
J. A. CORMALY & CO.
56 and 58 VICTORIA ST.
Phone 115. Freehold Loan Bldg.

R. D. FISHER & CO.,
BROKERS,
20 Janes Building, Corner King and Yonge Streets, and 167 Niagara Street,
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS.
Correspondents of
United States Stock and Grain Co.
THROUGH
H. W. TARR & CO.
MONTREAL. 1336

HENRY A. KING & CO.
Brokers.
STOCKS, GRAIN, PROVISIONS.
Private Wires. Telephone 2031.
12 King St. East, Toronto.

Fergusson & Blaikie
Stock Brokers,
Toronto-Street.
Stocks and Bonds bought and sold in London, Eng., New York and Toronto Stock Exchange. 246

E. L. SAWYER & CO.
FINANCIAL and
INVESTMENT AGENTS
12 King St. West, Toronto, Ont. 11 St. Mary Axe, London, Eng.

A. E. AMES & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
Money to Lend on marketable Stocks and bonds.
Deposits received at four per cent., subject to repayment on demand. 246
10 King-street West, Toronto.

CUMMINGS & CO.
Brokers, 4 Victoria Street.
New York Stocks, Chicago Grain and Provisions. 246
We issue a Market Bulletin daily. Copy mailed on application. Telephone 2265.

FRANK CAYLEY,
REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENT,
19 Jordan Street, - - Toronto.
Rents collected, investments procured, estates managed, insurance effected. Phone 1552. 246

STOCKS, BONDS, ETC.
On Toronto, Montreal and New York Stock Exchanges, and GRAIN AND PROVISIONS on Chicago B. of T., dealt in for cash or on margin.
WYATT & CO. Members Toronto Stock Exchange, Canada Life Bldg., Toronto.
Money to Loan on Stocks, Bonds, Life Insurance Policies or Real Estate.

$250,000 TO LOAN At 4½ to 5½ per cent. on Real Estate Security, in sums to suit. Titles collected. Valuations and Arbitrations attended to.
W. A. LEE & SON
Real Estate, Insurance and Financial Brokers,
GENERAL AGENTS
WESTERN Fire and Marine Assurance Co.
MANCHESTER Fire Assurance Co.
NATIONAL Fire Assurance Co.
CANADA Accident and Plate-Glass Co.
BOYD'S Plate-Glass Insurance Co.
ONTARIO Accident Insurance Co.
LONDON Guarantee & Accident Co., Employers' Liability, Accident & Common Carriers' Policies Issued.
OFFICES—10 Adelaide-Street East.
Phones 592 and 2075.

JOHN STARK & CO.,
Members Toronto Stock Exchange
26 Toronto Street,
MONEY INVESTED CAREFULLY in Stocks, Debentures, Mortgages. Coupons, Interest, Rents collected.

R. H. TEMPLE,
Member Toronto Stock Exchange,
12 MELINDA STREET.
Stock Broker and Financial Agent
Established 1871. STOCKS BOUGHT AND SOLD FOR CASH OR MARGIN. Telephone 1639.
Money to loan.

H. O'Hara & Co.
Members Toronto Stock Exchange, 24 Toronto-street, Toronto.
Debentures bought and sold.
Stocks in Toronto, Montreal, New York and London bought for cash or on margin.
Mining stocks dealt in.
Telephone 915. tf

ASSIGNEES.

E. R. C. Clarkson
ASSIGNEE,
ONTARIO BANK CHAMBERS,
Scott-Street, Toronto,
Established 1864. 246

FRED W. ROBARTS,
MANNING ARCADE,
Representing Quebec Fire Assurance Co.; Manufacturers' Accident and Guarantee Co.; Real Estate Broker; Accounts and Rents Collected.
Telephone 2248.

WILLIAMS PIANOS

The Toronto World.

HORSE SHOW
REQUISITES IN RUBBER.
LATEST DESIGNS IN LADIES' AND GENTS' MACKINTOSHES.
THE TORONTO RUBBER CO., LIMITED
28 King St. W. (Manning Arcade).

NINETEENTH YEAR | TEN PAGES—MONDAY MORNING MAY 2 1898—TEN PAGES | L ONE CENT

The Senate Reading Room 23May98 SENATE PO

FIERCE FIGHT AT PHILLIPPINES

Spanish Flagship and Another Cruiser Destroyed by Fire and Other Vessels Reported to Have Been Sunk.

ONE SPANISH CAPTAIN HAS BEEN KILLED

The Fighting Appears to Have Been Severe and the Slaughter Considerable—Spain Controls the Avenues of Information and the Admissions Made Indicate a Victory for Commodore Dewey.

Madrid, via Paris, May 1.—The French Minister at Madrid is in receipt of a despatch to the effect that the American fleet was obliged to retreat after a terrible engagement. The Spanish losses were heavy and the American ships were severely damaged.

CONFIRMATION FROM MADRID.

Madrid, May 1.—(6.20 p.m.)—Advices from Manila say the American squadron under Commander Dewey appeared off the Bay of Manila at 5 o'clock this morning, and opened a strong cannonade against the Spanish squadron and forts protecting the harbor. The Spanish second-class cruiser Don Juan de Austria was severely damaged and her commander was killed. Another Spanish vessel was burned. The American squadron retired, having also sustained severe damage. A second naval engagement followed, in which the American squadron suffered considerable loss and the Spanish warships Mindanao and Ulloa were damaged.

LONDON HAS THE NEWS.

London, May 1.—(Midnight.)—The second section of the Madrid despatch reporting the engagement off Manila Bay has just reached here. It shows that there was serious fighting off Canite.

Admiral Bermejo, according to the despatch, has wired congratulations to the Spanish navy on the behavior of warships against superior forces.

SPANISH SUFFERED SEVERE LOSS.

Madrid, May 1.—(8 p.m.)—The following is the text of official despatch from the Governor-General of the Philippines to the Minister of War, Lieut.-Gen. Correa, as to the engagement off Manila:

"Last night, April 30, the batteries at the entrance to the port announced the arrival of the enemy's squadron, forcing a passage under the obscurity of the night. At daybreak the enemy took up positions, opening with a strong fire against Fort Cavite and the arsenal.

"Our fleet engaged the enemy in a brilliant combat, protected by the Cavite and Manila forts. They obliged the enemy, with heavy loss, to manœuvre repeatedly. At 9 o'clock the American squadron took refuge behind the foreign merchant shipping, on the east side of the bay.

"Our fleet, considering the enemy's superiority, naturally suffered a severe loss. The Maria Christina is on fire, and another ship, believed to be the Don Juan de Austria, was blown up.

"There was considerable loss of life. Captain Cadarso, commanding the Maria Christina, is among the killed. I cannot now give further details. The spirit of the navy and volunteers is excellent."

COMPLETELY DEFEATED.

Lisbon, May 1.—(11 p.m.)—Reliable despatches received here state that the Spanish fleet was completely defeated off Cavite.

ALL QUIET AT MADRID.

A Festival Being Organized to Celebrate Old Victories and it is Hoped a New One.

Madrid, May 1.—(Noon.)—Al is quiet here, but the festival being organized for to-morrow promises to be an unusual demonstration, being the anniversary both of the liberation of Spain from France and of the naval "victory" of Spain at Callao, Peru, in 1866, while interest in the event is heightened by the hope of the Spaniards that the Spanish fleet will be victorious over the United States fleet, commanded by Commodore Dewey, thus giving them a triple celebration. The Mayor of Madrid has issued a manifesto, inviting all the inhabitants of this city to participate in the celebration.

He says: "Spain is engaged in a struggle to repel the unjustifiable attempts of the Yankees to rob her of her rights in Cuba, but the Yankees will not find it an easy task to conquer a race whose history during twenty centuries has been notable only for warlike exploits."

Further Details.

Madrid, May 1.—(Midnight).—El Heraldo de Madrid says that Admiral Montejo changed his flagship during the engagement or between the two encounters in order to better direct the manœuvres. In this way he escaped the fate of the commander of the Reina Maria Christina.

The second engagement, according to El Heraldo, was apparently begun by the Americans after landing their wounded on the west side of the bay. In the latter engagement the Spanish Mindanao and Ulloa suffered heavily.

The Truth Dawning

The town is greatly excited by the serious news from the Philippines, and there is an immense gathering in the Calle de Sevilla. The civil guards on horseback were called out to preserve order and all precautions have been taken. There is much muttering, but, up to the present, nothing more serious has occurred.

CLAIMS A VICTORY.

The Spanish Minister of Marine Could Hardly Restrain Himself.

Madrid, May 1.—(10 p.m.)—Admiral Bermejo, Minister of Marine, joined the Cabinet Council this evening and informed his colleagues that the Spanish forces had gained a victory in the Philippines. He asserted that he found difficulty in restraining his joyful emotions.

The official despatch does not mention the destruction of any American vessel, although it says that the United States squadron finally cast anchor in the bay behind the foreign merchantmen.

The news from the Philippines has produced greatly increased enthusiasm, especially in view of the fact that the American squadron was obliged to retreat.

Notwithstanding the severe damage the Spanish ships sustained, naval officers here consider that further operations by the American squadron will be conducted under great difficulties, owing to their having no base where they could repair and recoal or obtain fresh supplies of ammunition.

Another account says the Mindanao and Ulloa-Orullo were severely damaged in the second engagement.

Description of Burned Vessels.

The Reina Maria Christina was a steel cruiser of 3520 tons and 3970 indicated horse-power. She was about 282 feet long; she was built at Ferrol in 1855, and carried six 6.2 inch Honsoria guns, two 2.7 inch guns, two 2 inch quick-firers, six 2 pounders and two Maxim guns.

The cruiser Castilla was a wooden vessel of 3342 tons and was 246 feet long. Her indicated horse-power was 4400. She was built in 1881 at Cadiz. Her armament consisted of four 5.9 inch Krupp guns, two 4.7 inch, two 3.7 inch, four 2.9 inch, eight quick-firing and two Maxim guns.

Only Half a Victory.

London, May 1.—While it is quite clear that the Spanish squadron has suffered a crushing defeat, the despatches leave unsettled the intensely interesting question whether the American squadron has suffered material damage.

All news thus far comes from Spanish sources, but it seems evident that Commodore Dewey has not captured Manila. Unless he is able to make another attack and capture the town, he will be in an awkward position, having no base upon which to retire and refit. Probably, therefore, the United States squadron will be obliged to make for San Francisco, as the entrance to Manila Bay was heavily mined with torpedoes.

Commodore Dewey displayed great pluck and daring in making for the inner harbor. According to private advices received from Madrid, the United States cruisers Olympia and Raleigh, and two other vessels, the names of which are not given, entered the harbor.

No despatches give details as to the vessels actually engaged on either side.

It appears to be incorrect that the American ships finally anchored behind the merchantmen on the east side of the bay. It should be the west side.

Probabilities point in the direction of the second engagement having occurred through the Spaniards trying to prevent the landing of the American wounded.

Reliable details cannot be had until Commodore Dewey is able to communicate with Hong Kong. There is, however, a suspicious unfrankness about the Spanish despatches that savors of a desire to break unpleasant news to the Spaniards. It is not unlikely, therefore, that Commodore Dewey may be able to renew the attack.

THEY ARE SHORT OF FOOD.

Reports From the Philippines Are to the Effect That They Hunger.

Shanghai, May 1.—Despatches received from Manila by The Shanghai Gazette say the capital of the Philippine Islands is short of food and ammunition, and that the conditions prevailing have been made worse by the flocking into Manila of the Spaniards from the provinces. It is added that the natives are already looting and killing in the provinces, Spanish women and children being included in the victims. It is further asserted that the priests are the special objects of the natives' vengeance, about a dozen priests having been killed during the past week.

Burying Their Valuables.

The Manila correspondent of The Shanghai Gazette says it is considered certain the insurgents will sack the city when the United States fleet appears. People are burying their valuables. The despatches allege that the Spaniards at Manila are almost unprepared to withstand an attack upon the part of the United States fleet, claiming that no defences, in addition to the recently laid harbor mines, exist, except obsolete artillery. The natives, it appears, are gathering on the Bulacan coasts, expecting the arrival of the insurgent leaders.

Famine Prices Prevail.

Famine prices for food are said to prevail at Manila, and, it is claimed, the Spanish authorities are maintaining order with difficulty. People are burying their valuables to prevent their seizure by the insurgents or Americans. The military authorities are endeavoring to put a bold front on the matter, but, the Manila correspondent of The Shanghai Gazette asserts, it is considered certain that the insurgents will sack the city when the United States fleet appears, not discriminating between Spaniards and other foreigners.

Madrid, May 1 (midnight).—Late official telegrams say Admiral Montejo has transferred his flag to the cruiser Isla de Cuba from the cruiser Reina Maria Christina, which is completely burnt. The Spanish cruiser Castilla was also burnt. The other ships retired from the combat, some being sunk to avoid their falling into the enemy's hands. Cabinet Ministers speak of "serious but honorable losses."

Another Capture.

Key West, Fla., May 1.—The Government tug Leyden brought in to-day the small Spanish schooner Mascota, captured near Havana yesterday by the torpedo boat Foote. She is a small coaster, was loaded with fruit and was bound for Havana. She is a very insignificant prize. General Emilio Nunez and Col. Baldomero Acosta have just arrived on the Mascotte. General Nunez is very anxious to confer with Rear Admiral Sampson and leaves to-night for the fleet.

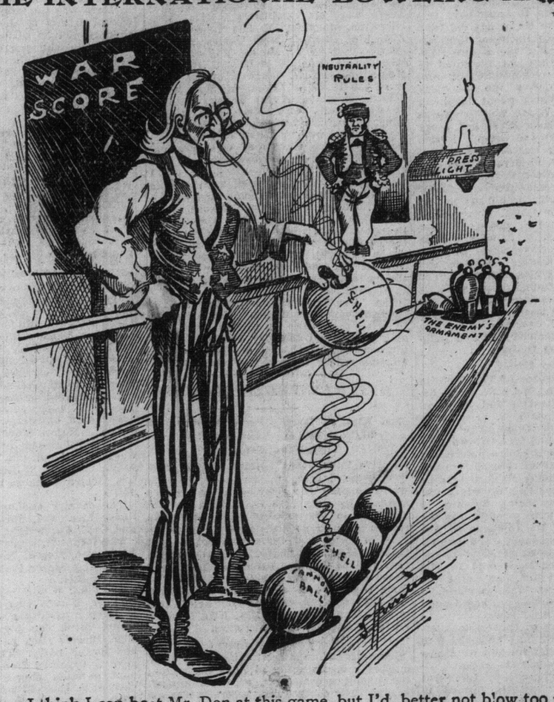
Getting Repairs.

Buenos Ayres, May 1.—The Spanish gunboat Temerari is at Ensonada, on the La Plata, undergoing repairs to a portion of her machinery. But it is expected that she will leave within a week.

U.S. Legation Guarded.

Montevideo, Uruguay, May 1.—The United States Legation has been placed under guard. The United States Minister, Mr. William R. Finch, has received a number of threatening letters from people who sympathize with the Spaniards. The Uruguayan newspapers are blaming the Government for its action, due to its neutral attitude in the war between Spain and the United States, in prohibiting public performances and other steps to raise subscriptions here in behalf of the Spanish navy. A number of pro-Spanish proclamations have been confiscated and a mass meeting of Spanish sympathizers, which was to have taken place at the Solis Theatre, has been prohibited.

IN THE INTERNATIONAL BOWLING ALLEY.



UNCLE SAM: I think I can beat Mr. Don at this game, but I'd better not blow too much till I see a little more of his 'shooting.'

THE TRAGEDY OF A COMEDY

Pitched Battle on the Stage at the Academy of Music.

An Attempt Made to Seize the Properties of the Geisha Company in Montreal—A Lively Rough and Tumble Fight Ensues—Bailiffs Ejected and the Performance Goes On.

Montreal, May 1.—Nothing that has taken place since the beginning of the Hispano-American war will compare with the conflict which occurred last evening at the Academy of Music. The forces of Augustin Daly, of New York, and Mark Smith, of the Geisha Company, could give pointers to Uncle Sam and the Don in the way of putting in a right-down pitched battle.

The facts are these: Yesterday morning Mr. George Alfred Lamb, counsellor at law of New York, representing Augustin Daly, and incidentally himself, arrived in town and consulted Mr. McLennan of Messrs. MacMaster & McLennan. He urged that he was the owner of the scenery of "The Geisha," that he wanted it seized, and that he also wanted to collect the sum of $1200 for Mr. Daly, owed by Mark Smith, as royalties upon the piece. There seemed but little chance of getting the $1200. So it was decided to attach the scenery, and, accordingly, papers were made out. At about 7 o'clock Bailiff Smith and his men appeared at the stage door, and, on being refused admission, burst in the door and marched on to the stage. Manager Edwards was unable to understand this action and he quickly telephoned for Mr. Sparrow. The latter was very quickly on the scene, and demanded that if the bailiff had any business he should go to his private office. The bailiff, however, insisted upon the seizure, and Mr. Sparrow said: "Get off this stage; I don't care if you have a dozen lawyers with you; you must not touch anything I have in my charge. Get out." With this, so Mr. Sparrow says, a man pushed through the crowd and struck him. That was the signal. In a moment the man, (whose name was Parker) received a blow between the eyes from the little manager that he will remember for many days to come. Then the fight started.

The stage hands backed up their employer, and those six bailiffs had a very hot time. They were unceremoniously thrown over the trunks, packing cases and some of the scenery they had hoped to cart away. It must not be forgotten that Lawyer Lamb had to take his punishment with the rest, and he and his men were bundled out onto the sidewalk with a quickness and despatch that cannot be fittingly described. Then a council of war was held, which ended in the piece being started on time, a further attack from the invaders having been called off.

It was decided to make Mr. Sparrow guardian of the scenery and fight the matter out in the courts, so it is quite likely that a lively litigation will follow, besides actions for assault and battery on both sides. The manager, Mr. Decker, states that the whole seizure is unjust, as the royalties are not due till Tuesday next, and that he had no intention of leaving the city, as he is booked to remain here for the next few weeks. On the whole the light comedy now being presented by Rear-Admiral Sampson's company near Havana is tame indeed compared with last evening's dramatic event.

Continued on Page 4.

Pember's Turkish Baths. 127-9 Yonge 75c Ladies, Gents, day 75c and evening 50c.

Important Notice.

Mr. Philip Todd has just returned from the east, having completed arrangements for the agency for Toronto and vicinity of the now celebrated "Radnor Water," which has been found by analysis superior to any of the imported German waters, and at a more moderate price, and within the reach of all. A carload is arriving. Quotations and samples will be given at the office, 26 Colborne-street, Toronto.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King West. Ladies 75c; gents, day 75c, evening 50c.

California Tokay.

This delicious pure sweet Red Wine is a great favorite with all the lovers of a light wine, admirably adapted for convalescents. Price $2.50 per gallon, or 50 cents per bottle. Mara's, 79 Yonge-street, Phone 1708. 61

Purifies and perfumes the breath—Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Don't allow imitations to be palmed off on you.

Gum Arabic Mucilage.

Pure gum, XX quality, quarts, pints and half-pints. We have just received a large shipment. Blight Bros., 81 Yonge-street, next door to World Office.

Edwards and Hart-Smith, Chartered Accountants, Bank of Commerce Building. Geo. Edwards, F.C.A. A. Hart-Smith, C.A.

EMPEROR BILL IN A HUFF

Result of a Heated Discussion With the Austrian Emperor Relative to the Spanish-American War.

London, May 1.—The Vienna correspondent of The Sunday Special tells a story to the effect that Emperor William left Dresden last Saturday after a disagreement with Emperor Francis Joseph, arising from a heated discussion held in the afternoon relative to the Spanish-American war, in which the Austrian Emperor vainly tried to convince the Kaiser that it was his duty and interest to assume, if not an unfriendly attitude towards the United States, a more friendly neutrality to Spain. Em-

LONDON SOCIAL EVENTS.

The Season Opened With the Return of Her Majesty—Two Fashionable Weddings.

London, May 1.—The Queen's return from Cimiez marks the beginning of the London season. The Prince of Wales already is in harness, having opened the Photographic Exhibition, attended the Masonic reinstallation, and graced with his presence the smoking concert of the Orchestral Society. Mrs. Temple has held a reception in Lambeth Palace. Mr. Arthur Balfour has given his second evening party. There have been charity entertainments at Stafford House and Grosvenor House and to-night there will be Lady Savile's dance at Stratford house and the Royal Academy banquet. The marriage of Mr. Linley Sanbourne's daughter to Leonard Messel was attended by a throng of artists and men of letters. Miss Elaine Guest's wedding to-day at St. George's Hanover Square, was a brilliant social incident, with eight bridesmaids and a crowded church; the Bishop of London performed the ceremony. The bridesgroom is the Rev. Ernest Villiers. The daughter of General Lucius Fairchild will be a debutante at the next drawing-room.

The dinner given for Lord Rosebery last night by prominent Liberals is believed to have considerable political significance.

BULLETIN FROM HAWARDEN.

No Material Change Reported in Mr. Gladstone's Condition.

London, May 1.—The following bulletin as to Mr. Gladstone's condition was posted at Hawarden this evening: "There has been no material change in Mr. Gladstone's condition since last Sunday. There is a slow advance in the local malady, and he has at times considerable pain; but he has fe't easier this afternoon."

Matanzas to be Attacked Again.

Atlanta, Ga., May 1.—The Journal's correspondent with the fleet telegraphs that an officer of the Puritan says Matanzas is to be attacked again Tuesday, and a Red Cross steamer, with provisions, landed immediately thereafter; and it is also stated from another source that Havana will be shelled at the same time.

CYCLONE IN IOWA.

Several Persons Reported Killed and Considerable Damage Done.

Mason City, Iowa, May 1.—A devastating cyclone swept over Northwest Iowa last night. The worst destruction is reported near Archer in O'Brien County, Primghar, Hartley and Curlow, it is stated, are badly wrecked. Hartley is said to be almost entirely destroyed. The wires are down and only meagre particulars are obtainable. Several are reported killed.

Light Colored Soft Hats, new shades and styles, at Rogers', 84 Yonge St.

Antiseptic Spruce Fibreware protects its contents from decay and from contaminating surroundings; these small pails are very cheap and are now greatly used for packing butter, lard, mincemeat and jellies. The E. B. Eddy Co., Limited, Toronto Branch 38 Front-street west. 135

Any honest doctor will tell you that Adams' Tutti Frutti aids digestion wonderfully. Refuse all imitations.

Monuments.

Call and inspect our stock and get our prices before purchasing elsewhere. The McIntosh Granite & Marble Company, Limited, 524 Yonge-street. Phone 4249.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

BIRTHS.

LENNOX.—At 332 Clinton-street, on April 29, the wife of Charles D. Lennox, of a son.

DEATHS.

ROSE.—At New York, on the morning of April 30, William Manson Rose, second son of the late George Maclean Rose, aged 34 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 15 Elgin-avenue, at 2.30 p.m., Monday, May 2.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c

REPORTS THROUGH AMERICAN CHANNELS

The Cannonading is Reported to Have Been Terrific—Losses Said to Be Heavy on Both Sides—Spanish Spy Caught at Key West, Tried by Drumhead Court-Martial and Shot—Warship Oregon at Rio Janeiro—War News Generally.

New York, May 1.—(Special to Toronto World.)—A London special to The Journal says: News comes from Madridthat a fierce battle has been fought at the Philippines between Admiral Dewey's fleet and the Spanish ships and forts. The American ships arrived off Cavite at daylight Sunday, and Dewey immediately opened fire on the Spanish vessels and forts. The cannonade is described as having been terrific. The Spaniards fought bravely, according to the report, and compelled the American fleet to retire. Admiral Dewey renewed the attack and had several ships disabled. The Spaniards admit that four of their ships were badly damaged. A Spanish gunboat was struck and the captain killed.

The Spanish admission of loss is regarded by naval men as an indication that Dewey has won a great victory. The Spaniards control the cable from Manila.

SPANISH SPY SHOT.

Man Who Attempted to Blow Up the Warship Puritan Riddled With Bullets.

New York, May 1.—(Special to The Toronto World.)—A Key West special to The Journal says: Jose Yglesias, the Spanish spy who plotted to blow up the Puritan, was condemned to death by a drumhead court martial and shot yesterday at sunset. Twelve bullets were fired into his body.

A Company of Immunes.

A New Orleans special says: Newspaper men in New Orleans have organized a company of volunteers, all immunes from yellow fever. The company is composed of 100 members, and will go to Cuba with the Louisiana militia.

Last night at a big meeting every Confederate organization in the city offered its services to the Government.

A DECISIVE VICTORY.

Is What It Appears to Have Been for the American Fleet, According to the Later Reports.

New York, May 1.—(Special to The Toronto World.)—A London special to The Journal says: Further reports from Madrid admit that Admiral Dewey landed his men under a strong guard after the first engagement was fought, preparatory to making a combined land and naval attack on the forts. The Spaniards admit that the American ships are now anchored together inside the bay, and, although some are damaged, none are badly disabled. The Spanish report says five of their ships were badly damaged, and says the American fleet was compelled to retire. The Spanish boats sought refuge under the guns of the Cavite forts.

The Castella was burned to the water's edge. Several of the Spanish fleet were sunk to prevent them falling into the hands of the Americans.

Horrors at Manzanillo.

New York, May 1.—(Special to The Toronto World.)—A Kingston special to The Herald says: Pestilence and famine are reported prevalent at Manzanillo. The prisons are filled with Cubans and Spanish officers are inciting to violence. Refugees are fleeing to Jamaica, many destitute. The lives of Americans there are in danger. The British Consul at Cienfuegos is trying to secure a steamer to have them removed.

A Tampa special says: Al arrangements are made for the troops to start for Cuba on Tuesday or Wednesday. General Shafter has not yet arrived.

Salem to be Attacked.

New York, May 1.—(Special to The Toronto World.)—A Washington special says: The Government has reason to believe that if the Spanish fleet crosses the Atlantic one of the first places attacked will be Salem, Mass., where nearly 70,000 tons of coal is stored. Salem harbor is practically unprotected, having no shore batteries. This is believed to be the one reason why the Columbia and Minneapolis were ordered to the New England coast. The coal would be badly needed by the Spaniards after the run across. Senor De Lome spent a great deal of time examining the coal pockets and wharves last summer while visiting Manchester.

Weather Propitious Now.

A Key West special says: Advices from Cuba say that the weather is propitious for invasion at the present time. Five weeks of campaigning can be carried on before yellow fever sets in. There is said to be little danger from yellow fever outside of Havana. The polluted water there makes it very unhealthy.

A San Antonio special says: News has been received here that Mr. Roosevelt expects to join his command of mounted rifle rangers within a week. He and his troopers desire to be among the first to invade Cuba.

Bombardment on Tuesday.

A Miami, Fla., special says: An officer of the Puritan said to-day that another attack will be made on Matanzas on Tuesday. Both forts will be shelled, and, when reduced, landing parties will be sent ashore. The marines now on the Panther will police and hold the town after the bombardment.

At the naval station it is said Havana will also be attacked on Tuesday. Matanzas will be the first place for troops to land in Cuba.

A Kingston special says: Refugees arriving here from Eastern Cuba say starvation will be rampant all over the eastern end of the Island in two weeks if food is not sent there. The blockade has cut off the supply.

WASHINGTON REJOICED.

The People Went Into a Frenzy of Excitement When the News of Dewey's Victory Was Received.

By Associated Press.

Washington, May 1.—Washington is rejoiced to-night. Not since the dark days of the great civil conflict of a third of a century ago have the people of this city been so profoundly moved by war news as they were this evening.

The first battle of the Hispano-American war has been fought and victory lies with Commodore Dewey's squadron.

That was enough to set the people of Washington almost in a frenzy of enthusiastic rejoicing. For days they, in common with the people throughout the country, have been awaiting news from the Philippine Islands, as everything pointed to a battle at Manila that might be a decisive conflict of the war. When the news came indicating a victory for the American squadron, the enthusiasm of the people was let loose, and the streets of the city have rung with cheers throughout the night.

The first news of the battle received in Washington came in a brief cablegram to the Associated Press from Madrid about 8 o'clock this evening. As the night wore on the cable continued to sing the news of victory for the squadron of Commodore Dewey, and the interest grew into tremendous excitement.

Blanco Will Defend Desperately.

London, May 1.—The Havana correspondent of The Daily Mail, telegraphing on April 26, says Captain-General Blanco has determined upon a desperate defence of Havana. In Matanzas 10,000 soldiers are engaged day and night in throwing up earthworks and encompassing the entire city in a segment of a great circle.

Queen Appeals to the Czar,

London, May 1.—The Berlin correspondent of The Sunday Special asserts that the Queen Regent of Spain has appealed to the Czar, through Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, to assist Spain in her conflict with the United States. Emperor Nicholas replied directly to the Queen Regent, assuring her of his deepest sympathy with Spain, on which country the United States has forced war; stating, however, that he does not consider matters yet ripe for Russian diplomacy or military intervention, but that he will do whatever is possible at the proper time.

Massacre Feared at Manila.

Hong Kong, May 1.—Advices from Manila say a massacre there is feared. The British Consul has cabled for a warship.

TO THE FIRST OF CUBAN MARTYRS
DON JUAN
THE MULE OF MATANZAS
BOMBARDED TO DEATH BY THE
YANKEE FLEET
APRIL 1898
Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori

Unsettled and Showery.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Esquimalt, 40—64; Kamloops, 36—72; Calgary, 22—56; Winnipeg, 30—52; Qu'Appelle, 20—56; Port Arthur, 38—50; Parry Sound, 38—52; Toronto, 42—61; Ottawa, 42—66; Montreal, 42—64; Quebec, 44—60; Halifax, 42—44.

PROBS: Unsettled and showery; local thunderstorms.

The stamp of style shows as distinctly on our eight, ten and twelve dollar suits as a red seal on white paper. Nothing is allowed to leave Oak Hall, 115 King-street east, Toronto, unless every detail of fit is perfect.

Steamship Movements.

May 1.	At	From
Tauranian	Halifax	Liverpool
Yorkshire	Father Point	Liverpool
Laurentian	Father Point	Liverpool
Damara	Halifax	London
Oakmore	Father Point	Liverpool
Dnart Castle	Bermuda	Halifax
Scythia	Liverpool	Boston
Cheronea	London	St. John, N.B.
Lake Superior	Moville	St. John, N.B.
La Bourgogne	New York	Havre
La Navarre	Havre	New York