

Haszard's



Gazette,

FARMERS' JOURNAL, AND COMMERCIAL ADVERTISER.

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Haszard's Gazette.

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in advance.

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CARD.

STEWART & MACLEAN,
SHIP BROKERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the Sale and Purchase of American & Pro-
vincial Produce, and Dealers in Provisions,
Flour, Oil, &c.
FERRY LANDING, Water-Street, St. JOHN, N. B.
REFERENCE
Charlottetown, P. E. I., JAS. PURDIE, Esq.,
St. John, N. B., Messrs. R. HANCOCK & Co.
April 12, 1855.

J. S. DEALAY,
SHIP BROKER AND COMMISSION
AND
SHIPPING AGENT,
No 7, Coontie's Slip, New York.

Particular attention given to Freights and
Vessels for the British Provinces and West Indies.
Also, the sale of Coal, Fish, Lumber, and other
Colonial Produce.

S. L. TILLEY,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
16, KING STREET, SAINT JOHN, N. B.
DEALER IN
BRITISH AND FOREIGN DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Soaps, Spices, Paints,
Oils, Glass, Putty, Varnish, &c., Confectionery
in great variety. 6ms

MR. HOWE'S OFFICE
IN MR. BOVVER'S BUILDINGS,
WATER STREET,
Charlottetown, April 20, 1855.

O. & J. BELL,
MERCHANT TAILORS, and Manu-
facturers of Ready Made Clothing, Queen Square,
opposite the Market, Charlottetown.
IMPORTERS OF
Cloth, Whinnies, Dockings, Tweeds, Vestings and
Tailors' Trimmings, and keep in their employ-
ment the largest number of the best Journey-
men Tailors on the Island.
All Orders attended to with punctuality and des-
patch.
Jan. 11.

WILLIAM C. HOBBS,
Brass Founder and Machinist.
Shop—Corner of Great George and King Street,
Charlottetown.
KEEPS constantly Manufacturing all kinds of
Brass and Composition Castings, such as, Ship
Bulder Braces, Spikes, Bolts, Hinges, ornaments,
Fittings for Ships' Wheels and Capstons and
Bells, Composition Mill Bushes and Threshing Machine
Brasses, &c. &c. All of which are warranted of the
best material.
P. S. The highest price will be given for old Cop-
per, Brass and Composition.

For Sale or to Let.
SEVERAL BUILDING LOTS, fronting on the
East side of the Malpasque, or Prinostown Road,
about a quarter of a mile from Charlottetown, and
opposite to Spring Park. Apply to
WILLIAM FORGAN,
March 21st, 1855.

Building Lots for Sale and Lease.
SIX BUILDING LOTS only will be sold at the
corner of the Malpasque, Lot 48, the remain-
ing lots will be let on renewable leases, also a
small desirable farm within a mile of the town,
opposite to Spring Park. For particulars, apply to Mr. John Bell,
the Proprietor.
J. P. DEETS.

To be let,
FOR each term of years as may be agreed upon,
the Farm, known as SHERWOOD, situated about
seven miles from Charlottetown, at Dog River,
comprising No. 31, containing 180 acres of excellent
land, 50 acres of which are in a high state of
cultivation; upon which are erected a STONE
FARMHOUSE, suitable for a general family, and com-
plete Out-buildings. Possession can be given im-
mediately. Apply to J. HAMILTON LAKE, Esq.,
Charlottetown, or to Wm. FORGAN, Esq.,
at the Proprietor's Office, No. 20, Spring Park,
Charlottetown, P. E. I., on or before the 1st day of
May 1855. New Ad.

Desirable Stand for Business.
A VERY desirable and possession given in the month of
August next, a DWELLING HOUSE and
BARN, now occupied by Mr. W. HEARD, in
George Street.
The desirable position of the premises for Business
is too well known to require comment.
Particulars apply to Mr. W. HEARD, on the
premises, or to Mr. W. SNARENS at the corner,
George Street.
Charlottetown, 26th Feb. 1855.

Anglo Rustico School.
WANTED a TEACHER for the above School.
Apply to
THOMAS M'NEILL,
Rustico, April 18th. 41m

**The National Loan Fund Life
Assurance Society of London.**
CAPITAL £500,000 Sterling. Empowered by Act
of Parliament, 23 Victoria. A Saving Bank for
the Widow and the Orphan.
T. HEATH HAVILAND, jr.
Agent for Prince Edward Island.
Office, Queen Square, Charlottetown.
September 5, 1853. 1st

**ALLIANCE
LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COM-
PANY, LONDON.**
ESTABLISHED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
Capital £5,000,000 Sterling.
CHARLES YOUNG,
Agent for P. E. Island.

**Charlottetown Mutual Insurance
Company,**
Incorporated by Act of Parliament in 1848.
THIS COMPANY offers the best guarantee in
case of loss, and accepts Risks at a saving of
fully 50 per cent. to the assured.
The present reliable Capital exceeds £1700. Per-
sons having property in Charlottetown, or vicinity,
should lose no time in applying to the Secretary of
this Company for Policies or Information.
One of Phillips' Fire Annihilators has been
purchased by the Company, for the benefit of persons
insured in this Office. In case of Fire, the use of it
can be obtained immediately, by applying at the
Secretary's Office.

**W. HEARD, President
HENRY PALMER,
Sec'y and Treasurer.**
Secretary's Office, Kent Street,
August 5th, 1853.

**MONEY TO LEND
ON FREEHOLD ESTATE.**
T. HEATH HAVILAND,
Barrister at Law,
Queen Square, Charlottetown.
November 11th, 1854.

**Equitable Fire Insurance Compa-
ny of London**
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.
BOARD OF DIRECTORS for P. E. Island.—
Hon. T. H. Haviland, Hon. Charles Hen-
ley, Francis Longworth, Esq., Robert Hutchinson,
Esq., Thomas Dawson, Esq.
Detached Risks taken at low Premiums. No
charge for Policies. Forms of Application, and any
other information, may be obtained from the Sub-
scriber, at the Office of G. W. DeBois Esq. Charlot-
tew. April 7th, 1854.
H. J. CUNDALL,
Agent for P. E. I.

For Sale, or to Let,
FOR a term of years, with power to purchase, the
following properties, owned by the subscriber:
Three Pasture Lots situate on the Malpasque Road,
within two and a half miles of Charlottetown, con-
taining thirty-six acres of land, having a snug cottage
and out-houses. Possession may be given forthwith.
The Town Lot and Premises at present occupied by
the Hon. Stephen Rice. Possession may be given
on the 1st of May next.
The Premises fronting on Queen Square, now
occupied by Mrs. Forsyth. Possession may be given
on the 10th of May next.
The Terrace House and Premises now in the oc-
cupation of Mr. Mawley.
The subscriber will let all or any of the above for
a term of years, with or without power to purchase,
for any period not exceeding ten years, with interest
annually at six per cent.
Application to be made at the office of
CHARLES YOUNG,
Charlottetown, April 2.

To Daguerreian Artists.
A RARE CHANCE. Two first-rate CAMERAS
for sale, with instruction in the art. One of
Harrison's best quality Bellows Camera, new.
W. C. HOBBS,
Jan. 7th, 1855.

WILLIAM STRAIGHT,
Hatter and Dyer.
GENTLEMEN'S Clothes cleaned, Spots and
Stains extracted, and restored to their original
colour. Beaver and Silk Hats cleaned and stiffened.
Also, Kossuth and Felt Hats of all Descriptions.
Orders taken at the Queen's Arms, 3 Mil-
lan, and at JAMES REID'S, Queen Street Charlot-
tew. 26th Feb. 1855.

Blood Horse "SALADIN."
THE above Horse, imported by the
Royal Agricultural Society, will
travel during the ensuing season,
once a fortnight. Will leave
North River on Monday, the 30th April, and remain
at McQuillan's, Tryon Road, from 12 to 5; will
then go to Bonshaw and remain for the night. On
Tuesday, the 1st May, will be at John McLean's,
Duffville, from 12 to 3; will then proceed to John
McLean's, Tryon, and be there until Thursday; will
then go through to Patrick McMurra's, Lot 25. And
next day, (Friday), will be at Thomas Campbell's,
Anderson's Road, from 12 to 5. And in Charlottetown,
every Saturday, at the Wellington Inn Stables.
JAMES BYRNES.
North River, April 29th, 1855.

THE FARM AND GARDEN. HINTS FOR SPRING.

Make gates and hang them, re-hang old gates;
oil loose boards on old barns and old fences;
repair all tools, as ploughs, harrows, rakes, &c.;
oil harness; paint tools; provide a place for every-
thing, and let everything be in its place; lay up
fallen rails, tumpies; see to water-furrows in wheat
fields; cut up stone-wood for next summer's use;
draw out old stumps; see to water-furrows in wheat
fields; cut up stone-wood for next summer's use;
examine vegetables in cellars, pick over apples,
and use the partly rotten, and put door-yard, tool-
houses, and all out-houses in "apple-pie order,"
and keep them so; cut grafts of the very best
varieties of fruit and save them till next month,
by inserting the lower ends in moist sand in a
collar; make grafting wax by heating together one
part beeswax, two of tallow, and three or four of
rosin; fruit trees should now be pruned, but prune
carefully and sparingly; do not mutilate. The
best composition to cover the wounds made in
pruning, is alcohol and shellac, about as thick as
paint, kept corked in a bottle, and applied with a
brush—tar and brickdust makes a good and much
cheaper one.

CURRENT AND GOOSEBERRY BUSHES.—Cut out
all old or decayed wood and straggling shoots so
as to admit plenty of light and air, and leave
young and thrifty wood to produce the fruit,
which will be greatly improved thereby. The
farmer will take advantage of any fine weather
that may occur this month, to commence plough-
ing for the spring crops. Especially he will see
that everything is in order for the active duties of
next month. The gardener may improve his time,
in fine weather by commencing to clear up the
grounds, pruning fruit trees and grape vines,
which should be done as early as possible, other-
wise they will bleed when out.

PLANT TREES AND SHRUBS.—When the air is
not freezing, fruit and ornamental trees and shrubs
may be planted. No man who understands him-
self, will be disposed to undervalue what, by too
many are considered small matters. The planting
of a tree for ornament or for use, the rose, lilac,
or snowball for their fragrance or beautiful ap-
pearance—the bed of strawberries for the gratifi-
cation of the palate—the training of the clematis,
or the honeysuckle over the window, to temper
the light and refresh the eye with their vivid,
green, waving foliage, we consider are no small
matters at all. But, on the contrary, it goes to
show that we will enjoy some of the beauties, as
well as the bounties, of creation.

MISCELLANEOUS.
A GREAT CLOCK.—The largest clock ever con-
structed has just been finished by Mr. Dent for
the new Houses of Parliament. The dial is
twenty-two feet in diameter; the point of the
minute hand will therefore move nearly fourteen
inches every minute. The pendulum is fifteen
feet long. The hour bell is 3 feet high and weighs
fifteen tons. The hammer weighs four cwt.
The clock, as a whole is eight times as large as
a full sized cathedral clock.

SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES.—In a general way
there ain't more difference between a grub and
a butterfly than between a sweetheart and wife.
Yet the grub and the butterfly is the same thing
only differently rigged out, and so is the sweet-
heart and wife. Both critters crawl about the
house, and ain't very attractive to look at, and
both turn out so fine and so painted when they
go abroad, you don't scarcely know them again.
Both, too, when they get out of doors, seem to
have no other earthly object but to show them-
selves. They don't go straight there, and back
again, as if there were an end in view, but they
first flaunt to the right, and then to the left,
and then everywhere in general, and yet no-
where in particular. To be seen and admired
is the object of both. They are all fiery, and
that is so in their way that they can neither
sit, walk, nor stand conveniently in it. They
are never happy but when on the wing.—*Sam
Slick.*

"THE WHOLE HOG."—Roger Sherman and
Perry Smith were opposed to each other as
advocates in an important case before a court
of justice. Smith opened the case with a
violent tirade against Sherman's political
character. Sherman rose and very composedly
replied:—"I don't see any occasion for this with
Mr. Smith before the court; but I am perfectly
willing to argue questions of law, to chop
logic, or even to split hairs with him." "Split
that, then," said Smith, at the same time
pulling a short rough-looking hair from his own
head, and handing it over towards Sherman.
"May it please the honourable court," retorted
Sherman, "I didn't say bristles."

THE SERFS OF THE CRIMEA.
"The condition of serfs in the Crimea, as in
other parts of Russia, differs, of course, according
to the character and disposition of their masters.
Many are ruled with an iron hand; harsh words,
threats, and even blows, being of no uncommon
occurrence. Others, again, seem to be perfectly
happy in their own homes, and quite contented
with their lot. As soon as children attain the
age of eight or nine years, the master decides
what trade they are to follow. Some of the
smallest boys are fixed upon as lacqueys, coach-
men, or postillions; and the rest are brought up
to be stable-boys, cooks, carpenters, gardeners, or
to any useful employment about the property. In

many large establishments, where the families
of the household servants are too numerous for
these occupations, some of them learn shoemaking;
and many are allowed to hire themselves out to
their master. With the exception of some of the
superior household servants, whose ideas are a
little more refined, the style of living of the
Russian peasant is little removed from that of the
brute beasts. Men, women, and children occupy
one room, and eat out of one dish; they never
take off their clothes, from one week's end to the
other, except when they go to the bath; and they
sleep on the top of their stoves, on the floor, or in
the open air, according to the season, or as chance
may require."

**The Crimea: Its Towns, Inhabitants, &c. By a
Lady.**—According to the representations of the
lady writer of this book, night and day scarcely
stand in more distinct antagonism to each other,
than do the northern and southern parts of the
Crimea;—the northern consisting of a series of
plains and steppes; while, as if to balance this
continuity of flatness and desolation, Nature seems
to have lavished all her grandeur and beauty on
the southern part. The lower part of the Crimea
towards the south is popularly known as Russian
Italy.—The general features of this range are
bold crags and ravines, covered with never-ending
forests of pine and oak, and which form, a striking
contrast to the splendid walnut, chestnut, mulberry,
and cypress trees, which vie with one another in
beauty, lower down towards the sea. As this
chain of mountains forms a screen against the
biting winds from the north, the climate is much
milder here than on the other side; and although
an occasional winter's frost destroys many of the
plants which have remained unharmed for years,
yet the rhododendron, the magnolia, and many
delicate plants, may be seen of large size in the
open air. It is in these nooks and corners by the
sea-side, and under the stupendous crags, that the
traveller finds the luxuriant villas of the Russian
nobles. The soil here is particularly suited to
the cultivation of the vine, and from its warm,
sunny exposures, the wine is equal in strength
and quality to that of the South of France. The
fig-tree, the pomegranate with its showy scarlet
blossoms, and the lively little caper bush, are
everywhere to be seen. Olive groves also are
here and there to be met with; but they are not
widely cultivated, as the ground is more profitably
laid out in vineyards."

THE BEAUTIES OF A TARTAR SPRING.
"As we go northward, the steppe assumes its
grand characteristic, presenting a huge circle of
flatness, where nothing is seen but the over-
arching sky and the conical-shaped tumuli, which
rise every here and there, like monster mole-hills,
on the surface of the plain. These steppes are
very beautiful in spring, when the wide-spread
green of the young grass becomes converted into a
sea of wild flowers, yielding to the wind, which
sways backward and forwards their masses of
varied colour, like waves on the shore. Fancy
whole miles of purple larkspur gleaming in the
sunshine, intermingled with patches of bright
scarlet poppy; and the pink-coloured wild peach
shrub, with gaudy tulips and crocuses, contribut-
ing also their fine contrasting hues. But, alas!
these beauties soon vanish at the approach of
summer, and are succeeded by a tall, feathery
grass, such as I have often seen grown in gardens
in England. Fortunately, this grass is confined
to certain districts, for sheep cannot pasture
where it grows, in consequence of the subtle art
which its seed possesses of working its way into
their skin. In summer, the Crimea becomes
literally baked with heat; and by the end of June
the grass on the steppe is yellow and parched.
It is at this season, that the mirage is most
frequent, and it really helps to beguile the way
by presenting a temporary excitement to the
traveller. Driving along the steppe, suddenly
something seems to arise like a city, glittering
through a mist in the distance; gradually an ap-
pearance of towers and trees comes out more
clearly; as you advance, new spires arise, and
trees, bridges, and rivers appear—a picturesque
combination. By-and-by they sink into confusion;
and when you arrive there, where stood the city of
enchantment, all has vanished away, and you find
but the waving of the parched grass as before.
From the tear and wear of the clayey soil during
the long droughts, which often last for months
during summer, there is a great accumulation of
salt. This accumulation, remaining one
frequent occurrence on the steppe, reminding one
of water-spouts on the sea, but filled with dust
instead of water. Suppose the great flat steppe
stretched out beneath the blue sky—nothing vis-
ible—no breath of air apparently stirring—the
whole plain an embodiment of stillness, silence,
and calmness—when gradually rise in the distance
six or eight columns of dust, like inverted cones,
two or three hundred feet high, gliding and
gliding along the plain in solemn company; they
approach, they pass, and vanish again in the dis-
tance, like huge geni on some preternatural
errand."

THE TERROR OF THE CRIMEA.
"About six years ago, a chivalrous Tartar
robber, called Alim, struck terror into all the in-
habitants of the country, and caused the govern-
ment authorities to make many a fruitless exer-
tion in search of him. He was armed with a
dagger and pistols; and, as he invariably appeared
at the place where he was least expected, his
victims were so paralysed with astonishment,
that they offered no resistance. Many were the

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now, after tak-
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her side or in
care entirely
AM CLARK,

see Bitters are
essing advan-
recommended for
nd storekeepers
SAY & Co.,
General Agency

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River,
St. Peter's Bay,
or's,
Crapaud,
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MAY, 1853.
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full bred Canadian
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; is a coal black-
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i in proportion. The
a. cash, payable on
All customers paid
of insuring will be £1
when served. Eight
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ason on Monday, 5th
nce a fortnight at each
ly. This is a well

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River, New London.