



One of the quickly constructed huts in Halifax, which has housing capacity for six separate families.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs
 Toronto, Mar. 12—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.23; No. 2, do., \$2.20; No. 3, do., \$2.17; No. 4, wheat, \$2.10; In store Fort William, including 2 1/2% tax, \$2.10; Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 92c; No. 3 C.W., 91c; No. 4, feed, 92c; No. 1 feed, 92c; In store Fort William, American corn—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, \$2.00; No. 3 white, 98 to 99c; according to freights outside.
 Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, \$2.22; basis in store Montreal, 98c; No. 2, \$2.70 to \$2.80, according to freights outside.
 Barley—Malt, \$1.75 to \$1.75, according to freights outside.
 Buckwheat—\$1.75 to \$1.80, according to freights outside.
 Rye—No. 2, \$2.35, according to freights outside.
 Manitoba flour—War quality, \$11.10, new bars, Toronto.
 Ontario flour—War quality, \$10.70, new bars, Toronto and Montreal.
 Freight, prompt shipment.
 Millfeed—Car lots—Delivered Montreal freight, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$35; shorts, per ton, \$40.
 Hay—No. 1, per ton, \$17 to \$18; mixed, \$14 to \$16, track Toronto.
 Straw—Car lots, per ton, \$8 to \$9, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale
 Butter—Creamery, solids, per lb., 47 to 47 1/2; prints, per lb., 47 1/2 to 48; dairy, per lb., 36 to 38.
 Eggs—New laid, 41 to 42c.
 Poultry—Dressed, chickens, 26 to 28c; fowl, 25 to 27c; ducks, 23 to 24c; geese, 21 to 22c; turkeys, 30 to 35c.
 Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:
 Cheese—New, large, 23 to 24c; twins, 23 1/2 to 23c; early cheese, 25 1/2 to 26c; large twin, 26 to 26 1/2c.
 Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 40 to 41c; creamery prints, 51 to 52c; solids, 45 to 50c.
 Eggs—New laid, 46 to 47c; new laid in cartons, 48 to 50c; No. 1 storage, 40 to 42c.
 Dressed poultry—Milk-fed chickens, 24 to 27c; fowl, 30 to 33c; turkeys, 40 to 45c.
 Live poultry—Turkeys, 30c; chickens, 1b., 25 to 28c; hens, 30 to 33c.
 Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bush, \$3.25 to \$3.50; Imp. hand-picked, Burma or Indian, \$3.50 to \$3.75; Japan, \$3 to \$3.25; Lima, 19 to 20c.

Provisions—Wholesale
 Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 34 to 36c; do., heavy, 28 to 30c; cooked, 45 to 47c; rolls, 28 to 30c; breakfast bacon, 40 to 42c; backs, plain, 42 to 43c; luncheon, 45 to 46c.
 Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 28 to 29c; clear bellies, 27 to 28c.
 Lard—Pure lard, choice, 29 1/2 to 30c; tubs, 29 1/2 to 30c; rolls, 30 to 30 1/2c; compound tallow, 25 1/2 to 26c; tubs, 25 1/2 to 26c; rolls, 26 to 26 1/2c.

Montreal Markets
 Montreal, Mar. 12—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 3, \$1.11; extra No. 1 feed, \$1.11; No. 2 local white, \$1.10; No. 3 local white, \$1.06; No. 4 local white, \$1.05. Flour—New standard Spring wheat grade, \$1.10 to \$1.20. Rolled oats—Bugs, 90 lbs., \$5.60. Bran, \$3.50. Shorts, \$4.00. Middlings, \$48 to \$50. Moulins, \$60 to \$62. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$17.

Winnipeg Grain
 Winnipeg, Mar. 12—Cash prices—Oats—No. 2 C.W., 92c; No. 3 C.W., 91c; extra No. 1 feed, 92c; No. 1 feed, 92c; No. 2, \$1.87; No. 3, \$1.82; rejected, \$1.53; feed, \$1.50. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., \$3.82; No. 2 C.W., \$3.78; No. 3 C.W., \$3.61.

United States Markets
 Minneapolis, Mar. 12—Corn—No. 2 yellow, \$1.30 to \$1.35; Oats—No. 2 white, 92c to 93c; Flour—in carload lots, standard, \$9.70 a barrel in 98-pound cotton sacks. Bran—\$2.08.
 Duluth, Mar. 12—Linseed—\$4.11 to \$4.23; arrive, \$4.11; May, \$4.11 bid; July, \$4.03 bid; October, \$3.70 asked.

Live Stock Markets
 Toronto, Mar. 12—Extra choice heavy steers, \$11.75 to \$12; do., good heavy, \$11.25 to \$11.50; butchers' cattle, choice, \$11.25 to \$11.50; do., good, \$10.60 to \$11; do., medium, \$9 to \$10.25; do., common, \$9 to \$9.25; butchers' bulls, choice, \$10 to \$10.50; do., good, \$9 to \$9.25; do., medium, \$8.50 to \$8.50; do., rough, \$8.50 to \$7; butchers' cows, choice, \$9 to \$10.50; do., good, \$8.75 to \$9; do., medium, \$8 to \$8.50; do., rough, \$8 to \$8.50; feeders, \$8 to \$10; canners and cutters, \$6 to \$6.50; milkers, good to choice, \$9 to \$14; do., com. and med., \$5 to \$8; Springers, \$9 to \$14; light cows, \$12.50 to \$14.50; sheep, heavy, \$8 to \$7.25; yearlings, \$11.75 to \$12.75; lambs, \$18 to \$19.25.

BRITISH CRUISER CALGARIAN SUNK

Torpedoed Off Irish Coast—48 Lost Out of 610.
 A despatch from London says: The British auxiliary cruiser Calgarian was torpedoed off the Irish coast on Saturday last. She was struck by four torpedoes, but of the 610 persons on board all but 48 were landed at an Irish port. The people of the same town, who a few days ago won the gratitude of the American people by their kindness to the survivors from the Tuscania, have extended their hospitality in the last few days to nearly 500 men from the Calgarian, one of the finest auxiliary cruisers in the Atlantic service. The Calgarian was torpedoed in the late afternoon not far from the place where the Tuscania met her doom.

Do not use more than a mere dusting of flour when kneading the bread. One of the surest methods of relieving pain is to use hot moist applications. The articles needed for this treatment are: Hot water, pieces of soft flannel twice the size of the area to be covered, a protector which may be made of folds of flannel, or better, of cotton batting quilted between layers of cheese-cloth, and some kind of a wringer. The flannel is wrung out by placing it in the centre of a towel and twisting the ends of the latter in opposite directions. This device can be improved upon by making a hem in either end of the towel and running sticks through the hems. By twisting the sticks in opposite directions the flannel can be wrung very dry. To apply, cover the painful part with the protector, then remove flannel from the wringer, test it with the back of the hand, and if it is not too hot, place it under the protector and put it down slowly to avoid burning the patient. Change these applications every few minutes; do not allow them to become cool.

GERMAN TREATY WITH RUMANIA

Province of Dobruja as Far as Danube is Ceded to Central Powers.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: A preliminary peace treaty between Rumania and the Central powers has been signed, says a despatch from Bucharest. Under the terms of the preliminary peace agreement Rumania cedes the province of Dobruja as far as the Danube to the Central powers. Rumania also undertakes to further the transport of Teutonic troops through Moldavia and Bessarabia to Odessa. An official German statement said Rumania had accepted the conditions of the Germans for an armistice. Apparently the signing of a preliminary treaty followed almost immediately. A despatch from London says: The drastic terms imposed by Germany upon Rumania, it is contended here, not only definitely takes her out of the war, but places her geographically at the economic mercy of the enemy. All pretence of "no annexations, no indemnities" is openly abandoned in the clause requiring "rectification of the Austro-Hungarian frontier," which involves the loss of the valuable oil fields. The cession of Dobruja, not to Bulgaria, but to the Central Powers, suggests that there is a conflict in the Quadruple Alliance over the division of the booty from the spoliation of Rumania.

FINLAND REPUBLIC SIGNS PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: Official announcement was made in Berlin on Thursday of the signing of a peace treaty between Germany and Finland, and also of trade and shipping agreements and a supplementary protocol. Finland, by the conditions of the treaty, agrees to cede no territory nor grant territorial rights to any foreign power without the previous consent of Germany, who undertakes to exert herself to secure the recognition of Finland's independence by all the powers. The fortifications of the Aland Islands will be removed.



Strategic points at which Japan may strike at Russia in Far East to safeguard war supplies in store at Vladivostok and Harbin.

NEW ISSUE
 Offering of
\$6,900,000
 Five Year 6% Refunding Gold Bonds
CITY OF MONTREAL
 DATED 1st DECEMBER, 1917 DUE 1st DECEMBER, 1922
 Interest payable half-yearly—1st June and December.
 Principal and Interest payable in Gold at the City Treasurer's Office, Montreal, or at the Agency of the Bank of Montreal, New York.
 Bonds issued in Coupon form in denominations of \$100, \$500 and \$1,000.
ISSUE PRICE—PAR.
 A full half year's interest will be paid 1st June, 1918.
 The bonds therefore give a net yield to the investor of about 6 1/2%.

THE BANK OF MONTREAL, Fiscal Agent of the City of Montreal, is authorized to offer the above-named bonds for public sale on behalf of the City, at par, without accrued interest, payment to be made in full on 8th April, 1918, against delivery of the bonds at any Branch, in Canada, of the BANK OF MONTREAL, or of any bank the applicant may specify, or at the Agency of the BANK OF MONTREAL, New York or Chicago.

The issue is made to refund a like amount of Montreal Three-Year 5% Notes, the original issue having been made for public works, in anticipation of a permanent loan.

Beginning 25th February, 1918, applications for the bonds will be received by the BANK OF MONTREAL, MONTREAL, or any of its branches, from whom application forms and copies of the prospectus giving full particulars of the issue may be obtained on request. The offering is subject to withdrawal on or before the 18th March, 1918.

Applications should be addressed to the
BANK OF MONTREAL, MONTREAL
 and should contain full instructions as to place of delivery and payment suitable to the applicant, and the denominations of bonds required.

The issue is made with the approval of the Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

U.S. TRANSPORTS MOVING ON TIME

Transportation Facilities, For Gen. Pershing's Army Are Satisfactory.
 A despatch from Washington says: Troops and supplies for General Pershing's forces now are moving to France on schedule time, it was learned on Thursday on high authority. While figures may not be published, it was stated positively that transportation requirements of the army are being met by the Shipping Board, and the immediate situation as to ships was described as satisfactory. In view of this assurance that the United States will be able to maintain its place as a fighting unit on the battle front, reports from the Western front are being scanned more eagerly than ever by officers here for the first signs of the 1918 campaign. It is felt strongly that the opening of major operations in what President Wilson has predicted will prove the decisive year of the great war will not be much longer delayed.

Production of Pleasure Autos Reduced.
 A despatch from New York says: Production of pleasure automobiles will be cut 30 per cent. during the present fiscal year as a war measure, according to a decision reached here on Thursday by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce. The reduction applies to the entire uncompleted schedule for the year.

GERMANS WATCH CREW DROWN

Norwegian Ship Sunk—Six Survivors Rescued.
 A despatch from London says: The Norwegian steamer Havn, of 1,150 tons gross, has been torpedoed without warning. She sank in less than one minute. The crew of 18 had no time to launch a boat and jumped into the sea. The captain and five survivors were landed Monday night. With five companions, Capt. Hermansen spent a terrible night on a raft, exposed to intense cold. They found an upturned lifeboat at dawn and managed to right her. They drifted about for 50 hours when rescued by an American destroyer. One man died in delirium; the others had their feet frozen. The Germans watched the men struggling in the icy water, said Capt. Hermansen, but did not offer any help.

Is Knowledge Golden?
 A university president was complaining about the worship of wealth that has seemed to characterize the twentieth century. "A young man," he said, "asked me which was the more estimable, riches or brains. 'Brains,' said I, of course, but it sometimes seems as if in these times the only way for a man to convince people he has brains is to get riches."

PREPARED TO CRUSH U-BOAT MENACE

Feeling of Optimism Prevails in Official Circles.
 A despatch from Washington says: More submarines were destroyed by the allied and American naval forces in December than Germany was able to build during that month, according to information reaching Washington. This fact developed on Thursday in discussions of the statement made to Parliament on Thursday by Sir Eric C. Geddes, First Lord of the British Admiralty, that the submarines were being checked. Whether succeeding months have shown a net loss in German submarines is not known here. It is believed, however, that the anti-submarine campaign has proved so effective that increased efforts this Spring will see a steady decrease in the number of U-boats available to prey on allied and American shipping. American naval officials appear to be satisfied that the weapons with which they expect to crush finally the submarine menace are forthcoming. Increased numbers of patrol vessels of various types, appliances, and devices to make them more effective against underwater craft, and the increased skill of navy personnel are among the things upon which they count. It has taken time to devise and build the weapons, but they are beginning to become available now. A pair of scissors will be found an endless convenience in the kitchen.

The Doings of the Duffs.

