Nine O'Clock, and

the Washing Done

"New Century" Washing ine washes a tubful of clothes e minutes. And washes them than you can possibly do the ng by hand.

Rural Improvement is Worth

Practical Pointers on the Principles and Practise of Landscape Gardening about the Country Home, the Church and the School, by A. C. Blair, Peterboro County, Ontario

There is nothing that gives so property. This consideration alone much character to country places and should be sufficient to induce the villages as the appearance of well-land owners and the house own-laid out and well-kept grounds around ers of our country to beautinad about schools, churches and the fy their homes and also the public homes of the people. Rural improve-land pleasure grounds of the neigh-



Shade Trees Lend an Air of Coolness and Refinement to Village Streets

ment of this kind not only affords borhood. The work of beautifying sary to remove the clippings, if the pleasure to those who live in the is neither difficult or expensive. Any grass is mowed frequently.

pleasure to those who live in the vicinity, but it advertises the community to an extent that is not always appreciated. The private and public grounds of our people betray our ideals of comfort and beauty. Neglected country and village homes, when the content of the content as well as school and church grounds, ill-kept and unadorned, furnish the kind of national advertisement that we, as Canadians, do not want. Rural improvement is a striking adver-tisement of the progress of a coun-try's refinement and the height of

The influences of rural improve ment are felt not only by the old folks but by the children as well for it is they who are the most susceptible to the beauties of natural associa-tions. If children are constantly surrounded with influences that ennoble them, they will become satisfied with nothing less. In after years, they will make better citizens, for habits acquired in childhood have much to do with the character and worth of the adult.

tive species from the woods or by purchasing common kinds from nurservmen.

MAKING LAWNS

In the planning and arrangement of such grounds, the lawn is the most important consideration. It is the important consideration. It is the basis of the whole scheme of decora-tive gardening. To get the greatest possible results from the lawn at the least possible cost, we must begin well.

A good lawn can be made on most any kind of soil but a rich, retentive loam is best. The permanent beau-ty of the turf depends largely upon the preparation and soil, if it is not naturally rice, soil, if it is not naturally rice, it should be made so. Apply manitiment the surgice of the surgice the preparation and fertility soil, if it is not naturally ure liberally. Work this in deeply and evenly. Harrow or rake the sur face and leave it smooth and even.

Small lawns may be made quickly Small lawns may be made quickly by merans of sodding, but seeding is usually practised. Sow the seed while the soil is freshly disturbed. Sow early in the morning and on a still day, and sow liberally and evenly. After sowing, rake and roll. A good lawn mixture is Kenuckly blue event. lawn mixture is Kentucky blue grass, red top and white clover, equal parts by weight.

When the lawn is once established, it should be well cared for. Mow the grass often but do not mow too soon, nor too closely the first time on a newly-made lawn. It is not nece

form the grounds and destroy the ef-

VINES AND CLIMBERS

vines. Notice the beautiful vine that

clings to the church in the accom-panying illustration, and imagine how

panying illustration, and magnie how bare the church would be without it. Vines are valuable, also for hiding unsightly objects, fences, outbuild-ings, barnyards, and so forth, They may be used for shade

ings, barnyards, and so forth.
They may be used for shade
and ornament over summerhouses
and verandas. Old tree stumps

and trunks may be covered vines very effectively. A



our hardy vines are climbing roses, clematis, Virginia creeper, Chinese wistaria, Dutchman's pipe and honey are climbing suckle. An excellent vine and one not appreciated as it should be, is the common grape vine. It is beau-tiful in foliage, graceful in habit and furnishes, in addition, luscious fruit.

THE USE OF FLOWERS

No scheme of rural improvement is complete without flowers. It is a mistake, however, to plant flowerbeds in the middle of the lawn, except on formal grounds. Plant them in the foreground of shrub borders, in nooks and corners about the buildings, at the foundation of the house, at junctions of walks and driveways, and at the foot of rockeries, stone walls and fences.

THE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

The general arrangement of orna-mental plantations should correspond

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armer can make a good lawn and the character and worth of the adult.

The practice of ornamenting home the can have an effective planting of the shrubbery and trees by bringing nation to the control of the shrubbery and trees by bringing nation to conditions. On school and home Children like Bread made from

Give them all they can eat-makes 'em healthy and strong.

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