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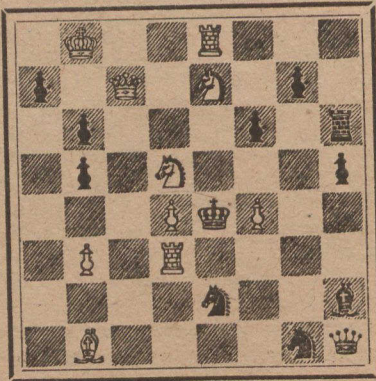
# C H E S S

Conducted by MALCOLM SIM

Solutions to problems and other chess correspondence should be addressed to the Chess Editor, Canadian Courier, 30 Grant Street, Toronto.

PROBLEM No. 134, by A. J. Fink (San Francisco).  
From the Pittsburgh "Gaz.-Times." (Task.)

Black.—Twelve Pieces.



White.—Ten Pieces.

White to play and mate in two.  
Problem No. 135, by H. Fischer. Deutsches Schachblatter, 1910.  
White: K at QBSq; Q at KR8; Rs at QKT6 and QKT7; B at QB7; Kts at QB2 and Ksq; Ps at QKT2 and QB6.  
Black: K at QR7; Ps at QR4, K6 and K7.

White self-mates in three.

### SOLUTIONS.

- Problem No. 128, by Frank Janet.  
1. R-Q8, K-Kt2; 2. PxP (Q) mate.  
1. . . . R any; 2. Q-Q4 mate.  
1. . . . Kt any; 2. RxB mate.  
1. . . . else; 2. K moves acc. mate.  
The maximum of six discovered King mates is rather a disappointing task unless imbued with cross-check or self-interference play by the defence. The present example, however, is to be commended by the absence of the usual monotonous symmetry. The restrictiveness of the key is offset by the catchy influence of the Queen along the rank. As pointed out, the Black Bishop at KR7 is an intruder.  
Problem No. 130, by Adjutant R. Gevers.  
1. Q-B8! any move; 2. mate accordingly.  
This is a very pleasing example of the change mate block.  
Problem No. 131, by Jan Kotrc.  
1. R-Q2, KxKP; 2. Q-QB5! KtxQ; 3. B-B7 mate.  
1. . . . K-B6; 2. Q-B4! KtxQ; 3. B-R5 mate.  
1. . . . K-K6; 2. Q-Kt4! KtxQ; 3. B-Kt5 mate.  
The following remarkable little gem, by F. Matousek, we give as a companion. It has three Black Knight pins in lieu of the decoys in Kotrc's.  
(1 Pr. Bohemian Chess Asso. Ty., 1914.)  
White: K at KR8; Q at KRts; R at QKT6; Kts at QR2 and K5; Ps at QKT5, Q3, KKt2 and KR4. Black: K at Q4; Kt at KB4; P at KKT6. Mate in three. (1. R-KB6, Kt-K6; 2. Kt-Q7, etc. 1. . . . Kt-Q5; 2. Kt-B4, etc. 1. . . . KxKt; 2. Q-Kt6, etc. 1. . . . Kt else; 2. Kt-QKt4 ch, etc.)

### CORRESPONDENCE MATCH.

Shipley v. Janowski.

The following interesting game played between David Janowski, the French champion, at present resident in New York, and Walter Penn Shipley, of Philadelphia, had its origin as a result of a difference of opinion as to the specific merits of a certain continuation in the Gledhill attack against the French Defence. In the course of over the board discussion, Janowski continued for Black 8. . . . Kt-KKt3, so as to free the King's Bishop, remarking that in his opinion Black had unquestionably the better game, which conclusion Shipley would not endorse. To more thoroughly test the variation, the present correspondence game was agreed upon, the result of which, a finely worked out win for White, vindicated the contentions of the Philadelphia player, and goes far to substantiate the validity of his claim on behalf of the line of play under consideration. Score and notes (abridged) from the Philadelphia "Inquirer," via the "American Chess Bulletin."

### French Defence.

- |                  |                 |
|------------------|-----------------|
| White.           | Black.          |
| W. P. Shipley.   | D. Janowski.    |
| 1. P-K4          | 1. P-K3         |
| 2. P-Q4          | 2. P-Q4         |
| 3. Kt-QB3        | 3. Kt-KB3       |
| 4. P-K5          | 4. KKt-Q2       |
| 5. Q-Kt4         | 5. P-B4         |
| 6. Kt-B3         | 6. PxP          |
| 7. KKtxP         | 7. KtxP         |
| 8. Q-Kt3 (a)     | 8. Kt-Kt3 (b)   |
| 9. KKt-Kt5       | 9. Kt-R3        |
| 10. P-KR4        | 10. B-B4 (c)    |
| 11. P-R5         | 11. Kt-K2       |
| 12. B-Q3 (d)     | 12. Castles (e) |
| 13. B-R6         | 13. Kt-B4 (f)   |
| 14. BxKt         | 14. Q-B3        |
| 15. BxRPch (g)   | 15. KxB         |
| 16. B-B4         | 16. B-Q2        |
| 17. Castles (QR) | 17. Kt-Kt5 (h)  |
| 18. Kt-Q6 (i)    | 18. B-B3        |
| 19. R-Q2         | 19. Q-K2 (j)    |
| 20. P-QR3 (k)    | 20. P-R4 (l)    |
| 21. B-K5 (m)     | 21. P-B3 (n)    |
| 22. Q-Kt6ch      | 22. K-Ktsq      |
| 23. P-R6         | 23. B-Q2 (o)    |

- |              |              |
|--------------|--------------|
| 24. B-B4 (p) | 24. B-B3     |
| 25. PxP      | 25. QxP      |
| 26. QxQch    | 26. KxQ      |
| 27. PxKt     | 27. PxP      |
| 28. R-Q3 (q) | 28. BxKt (r) |
| 29. R-Kt3ch  | 29. K-B2     |
| 30. R-R7ch   | 30. K-Ksq    |
| 31. BxB      | 31. PxKt     |
| 32. PxP      | 32. R-R3     |
| 33. QR-Kt7   | 33. R-QRsq   |
| 34. B-B7     | Resigns.     |

(a) This is the crucial position in the Gledhill attack, which commences with 5. Q-Kt4. Black can now obtain the better game by 8. . . . QKt-B3; 9. B-QKt5, P-QR3; 10. KtxKt, KtxKt; 11. BxKtch, PxP; 12. Castles, R-R2. (Leonhardt v. Marshall, Ostend, 1906.)

(b) This is the continuation Janowski upholds, claiming that Black has decidedly the superior game, mainly on account of the Pawn plus.

(c) Black's best continuation here is the subject of much controversy. B-K2 suggested by Gledhill has proved unsatisfactory, as White recovers his Pawn with a strong attack. In adopting 10. . . . B-B4, Janowski relied on an extremely ingenious defence inaugurated with his 12th and 13th moves.

(d) 12. QxKtP is unsatisfactory, on account of 12. . . . R-KKtsq, followed by 13. . . . Q-Kt3.

(e) White anticipated that Black would continue with 12. . . . K-Bsq, overlooking the fact that he could Castle with a playable defence.

(f) This is the move Janowski relied upon when he played 10. . . . B-B4. If Black had continued 13. . . . Kt-Kt3, White wins by 14. PxKt, PxP; 15. RxP or if 14. . . . BxP, then 15. B-K3, P-Q5; 16. Castles (QR) with a winning game.

(g) The best reply.

(h) Q-B4 is perhaps a better defence.

(i) This is a rather daring venture.

(j) It seems that Black's only continuation to save the game was P-R4.

(k) A powerful continuation, the full strength of which is not easy to see. If, instead, 20. R-Ksq, then 20. . . . KR-Qsq; 21. B-K5, Q-Bsq defends advantageously.

(l) If Black replies with 20. . . . Kt-R3, or KR-Qsq, then 21. B-K5 will win. If 20. . . . QR-Qsq, then 21. P-R6, PKKt3; 22. PxKt, BxKt; 23. BxB, RxB (if 23. . . . QxB, then 24. QxQ, RxQ; 25. Kt-K4, R-Qsq; 26. Kt-B6ch, K-Rsq; 27. P-B4 and Black is hopelessly blocked); 24. P-Kt5, B-Ksq; 25. R-Ksq, and wins a Pawn. (If 25. . . . P-Q5; 26. RxP! RxR; 27. Q-K5. If 25. . . . Q-Q2 or B2; 26. Kt-K4 and 27. Kt-B6ch. Ed C.)

(m) If White now plays 21. PxKt, then Black obtains the advantage by 21. . . . PxP; 22. Kt-Ktsq, KR-Qsq; 23. Q-Q3ch, K-Ktsq; 24. Kt-Kt5, and while White for the time being is a piece ahead, yet Black has a powerful attack. He threatens P-K4.

(n) The only move. If instead, 21. . . . R-KKtsq, White wins by 22. PxKt, PxP; 23. Q-Q3ch, P-B4; 24. KtxP, B-Kt4; 25. Q-Kt3, Q-B2; 26. Q-Kt6ch, QxQ; 27. PxOch, KxP; 28. Kt-R4ch, and White safely retains his piece.

(o) If 23. . . . PxP, White wins with 24. PxP, QxP; 25. QxPch.

(p) White now threatens to capture the Knight, also to continue with PxP, eventually winning the exchange. Black has no satisfactory reply.

(q) White now threatens R-Kt3 mate.

(r) If 28. . . . BxP, the only alternative, then 29. Kt-Qsq, winning a piece and the game.

## Entertaining Wounded

(Concluded from page 15.)

needs our sympathy. He needs above all the patience and consideration of his employers. The Soldiers' Aid Commission will find him a job, but few people realize how difficult it is for a man not wholly recovered from nervous strain to take up the daily grind once more. There is something about a long convalescence, with its accompaniment of luxury and adulation, that saps the energy and independence of a man, particularly when he has an undoubted claim for support upon the country which he gave his health and risked his life to defend. But vocational training has been proved to be of such therapeutic value that it is almost invariably insisted upon by the physician in charge, and even when undertaken unwillingly, it works wonders in helping the men to a brighter and saner outlook on life.

At the close of last year it was announced that 8,595 soldiers had been returned to Canada as unfit. The most recent statistics are 63,076. What it will be at the end of 1917 no one can say, but whatever the cost may be every Canadian worthy of the name is willing to be taxed to the utmost in order that all these men may be adequately pensioned and properly equipped to begin life afresh. Entertaining the wounded should be done with discretion and deference to the medical authorities.