

Arabia, 19th August, 1915.
Hesperian.

Canadians have made claims for cargoes lost on following ships:

Hesperian.
Sea Gull.
Medora, 1918, English Channel.
Lake Michigan, 13th April, 1918.
Louisiana, February 1917.
Carthaginian, June 14th, 1917.
Stephano.
Manchester Castle, October 1914.
Cymrie, May 8th, 1916, off Ireland.
Milwaulkie, August 1918.
Annapolis, March 1917.
Englishman, March 1916.
Indrani, June 1915.
Durango, August 1917.

Several Canadian Fishing Schooners of less than 100 tons net destroyed while fishing on Banks in July and August 1918. Claims these were protected by Article III Hague Convention Number 11 of 1907. There is also Canadian claim for detention of steamers *Pandosia* and *Trobia* in Hamburg, though they desired to leave before actual declaration of War. Also a few claims for civilian internment and for imprisonment of Canadian members of crews of merchant vessels captured or destroyed. Also claims for loss of life or injury in following air raids.

September 30th, 1917, London.

August 22nd, 1917, Ramsgate.

September 1917, London.

May 19th, 1918, Hospitals at Etaples, France including No. 9 Canadian Stationary Hospital.

Canadian Insurance Companies are making claims for lives of soldiers killed in action. Their claims are probably not valid as a whole, apart from special terms in Peace Treaty, but certain claims may be good where death can be proved to have been caused by methods prohibited by Fourth Hague Convention of 1907. Ends.

Mulvey states that since P.150, January 20th, further claims have been received aggregating \$13,347,109. made up as follows:

Lives	\$320,000.
Effects	13,887.
Damages	328,110.
Cargoes	36,444.
Fishermen's effects	2,499.
Cargoes	3,431.
Ships, Hulls and Cargoes	12,642,738.