Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

ORGAN RECITAL:—Don't forget the organ recital in St. Luke's Church, Chatham, to-morrow, Friday, evening.

THE BONSPIEL:—The Chatham curlers were prevented from attending the bonspiel at St. John, owing to the short time between the postponement and the event.

SOUR GRAPES:—When a local paper howls about having no friends and wanting none, it is suggestive of the fable of the fox and the grapes.

BUSINESS CHANGE:—An important announcement is made by Messrs. L. W. Johnston and Clark & Lounsbury, which will be fully understood by reference to our advertising columns.

THE METHODIST—2nd number—has reached us. We did not receive the first. It is a very creditable-looking little paper, published at St. John by Mr. E. A. Powers and is under the editorial control of Rev. Dr. Wilson. Its price is $1 a year.

WE HAVE SEVERAL OF THEM:—The Richibucto *Review's* Chatham correspondent causes that paper to publish the statement that Mr. Strang has the honor of having the first plate glass store front in town. This is not fair to the town. Mr. Strang's is the finest and largest on the North Shore, but there are three or more others in Chatham, which the correspondent may not have seen.

MORRISON AND MUSGRAVE:—The well known firm of general merchants, Messrs. Morrison & Musgrave, Halifax, is to be dissolved on 1st. February, according to the terms of the co-partnership. Mr. Morrison, will thereafter continue on his own account and also represent his oil firm. He hopes to give even better attention than formerly to his North Shore customers. Mr. Musgrave will continue in the flour and commission business.

SALE OF LAND:—An important and large sale of land was transacted on Friday, when a deed of conveyance of a block of land on Keswick stream and its tributaries was recorded. The gentlemen by whom this large purchase was made are the Messrs. Kilpatrick, Gilman, and Bennet of Maine, and W. H. Lawrence of Keswick. The properties conveyed consist of nearly 60,000 acres, and are valuable timber lands. They belonged to the Central bank.—Fredericton *Herald*.

A SAD ACCIDENT occurred on the Dalhousie Branch railway last Thursday afternoon, by which Mitchell W. Miller, a Scotch pedlar, lost his life. He was driving his team across the track, when a wing snow plough struck the team, throwing him on the plough, and he was thus carried some miles unobserved into Dalhousie station. When found there he was taken into the station building. He was still alive, but died soon after. Miller was to have been married in a few days to Miss Chambers, of Broad Land.

THE DELINEATOR:—The February issue of *The Delineator* is already to hand, replete with the latest fashion gossip and illustrations. This popular magazine has received the hearty endorsement of nearly every newspaper in Canada, and the recent establishment of a Toronto office saves to subscribers all further trouble and expense in the matter of duty. The current number contains numerous articles of interest to ladies on home decoration and improvement, and the low subscription price of $1 a year places it within the reach of all. Address, *The Delineator* Publishing Co., Toronto.

CANADA'S INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION:—The Exhibition Association of St. John, N. B., have now announced the date for their exhibition, for the present year, and are pushing forward the work of organization with a view to excel their success of last year. The exhibition will open on the 23rd September and continue until October 3rd and the Association already have assurance of exhibits from many of those who took part in the exhibition of '80. A number of new features are to be introduced and the "Special Attractions" will be particularly entertaining. The prize list will cover about the usual lines and amount to about $12,000.

Heavy Storm.

Fully eighteen inches of snow fell on Sunday and Monday last, blocking all roads in this section of the country. On Tuesday there was a high wind and heavy drifts in all exposed places. There has not been so severe a snow storm and such a complete blockade of traffic by the highways for years.

The Bathurst Schools.

To the Editor of the Sun:—

SIR—A communication relating to school matters in Bathurst Village appears in your issue of the 10th inst. over the signature of "A. F. Thomson." The greater part of this communication is taken up with a petition or memorial addressed to the board of education of this province. It is to this petition that I propose to draw the attention of your readers in as brief a manner as possible. The general impression here is that this document was gotten up by Mr. Thomson himself. It has all the appearance of being his handiwork. In any case it would be hard to find another document of the same length so replete with error, misrepresentation and exaggeration. I might say *en passant* that Mr. Thomson is a clergyman, and as such should know the commandment, "Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor." Perhaps it will be said that when he prepared and signed that petition and induced others to sign it he conscientiously believed all the statements contained in it. If this is true so much the better for him, and when he is rightly informed about the matters touched on in the petition will, if he be an honorable and just man, make the *amende honorable*. If he fails to do this when matters are placed in their true light before him then we can only suppose him to have been in bad faith from the beginning. With regard to the other signers of the petition, both ladies and gentlemen, I can only say, knowing them as I do, that I believe they did so on the representations of the promotor of it, that the statements contained in it were correct and true; otherwise I do not believe that they would have signed it. Some allowance must perhaps be made for Mr. Thomson himself, who, some seem to think, is a monomaniac on what he apprehends to be Papal aggression. On this subject his zeal might easily be supposed to outrun his discretion. It is impossible for a man of his stamp to divest himself of his prejudices so as to treat a question of this kind in such a manner as to have any weight with so judicious a body as the board of education of this province.

The first misstatement in the petition is that the Sisters of Charity were brought or sent to the district by the authorities of the R. C. Church, which was certainly not the case, as I shall show hereafter. The words "brought or sent" in the petition are proof that the petitioners had no certain knowledge of what they so glibly asserted, but were drawing upon their imagination for its accuracy. The next false statement is that the sisters had not provincial licenses. How easily the petitioners could have found out their error by simply asking the trustees or sisters themselves for information on the subject. The third error is that because the sisters wear black dresses, not made in the latest fashion, but peculiar to themselves they ought not to be trusted with the education of our children. Well, all I need say is that such a dress is the ordinary garb of these ladies and ought to commend itself to all who like to see simplicity, combined with neatness, in female apparel. In any case, mere millinery arrangements do not now come within the scope of the public school act or the regulations made thereunder. The fourth error, implied rather than expressed in the petition, is that the schools taught by the sisters are sectarian. This error, too, could have been easily avoided by simply visiting the schools, in which case, "seeing would be believing." The schools taught by the sisters in the district are in every respect non sectarian, as the law requires, Mr. Thomson to the contrary notwithstanding; and, moreover, all the children of the district are now provided for at a cost very little in advance of the amount formerly required when nearly one-half of them attended private separate schools. The trustees have four teachers engaged at present with a notable increase in the general attendance, owing to the attractive methods of the sisters. It is not strictly true, as stated in the petition, that the Protestant ratepayers pay more than half the taxes of the district, but granting that they do, such a contention is irrelevant. Our schools, being free and non sectarian, must be maintained by the property of the district, without distinction. One of the statements which shows most the animus of the petition is that these sisters were engaged at the dictation of the R. C. clergy, and came here to do the work of the R. C. church. Surely crankiness could not go further than this. The intention of this unwarrantable assertion is evidently to arouse the Protestants. It is an entirely false and unfounded assertion, and at best but a gratuitous insult both to the trustees and C. clergy, and all I will say in reference to it is, that I, as chairman of the board of trustees of this district, speaking for myself, my co-trustees and for the large majority of the ratepayers, fling back the charge in the teeth of Mr. Thomson, as a vile and contemptible slander, intended for, and capable of stirring up strife between Catholics and Protestants, where peace and harmony have heretofore reigned. Let the concoctor of so false a statement talk of peace and good will among neighbors! It would take a whole army of sisters and other good people to maintain peace and harmony if such firebrands, as he is, may be allowed to work their sweet will in a mixed community unchecked. By all means let us have peace, but peace based on truth, mutual good will and toleration. The sisters were brought here and engaged by the trustees for the following reasons: First, because they are superior teachers in the true sense of the word, not that they are naturally superior in talent to other female teachers, but because they have chosen teaching as a life work, and have made as thorough a preparation for it as any other teachers have. They do not make it a stepping-stone to some other profession or calling, as many teachers, both male and female, do; secondly, because they can afford to teach for less salary than other female teachers of equal capabilities, their modest black dress not being subject to the everchanging vagaries or caprices of fashion. The trustees, then, in securing some of these teachers for this district, have had a double object in view, namely, to have efficient teachers at the least possible cost.

JOHN E. BALDWIN,
Chairman school trustees,
District No. 16.

Bathurst Village, Jan. 16, 1891.

A Deer Story.

The following is almost as good as some of the Barthog bear stories we have heard:—"While Robert Sherrard, the well-known mail carrier between Eastport and Pembroke, was on his route the other day, a couple of deer, an immense buck with high and widespread antlers, and his mate, came out of the woods, and following behind Mr. Sherrard's team, had a considerable feed from the straw in the bottom of the pung before he was aware of their presence. Messrs. Wheelock and Charles Hersey, of Pembroke, who were driving home to Eastport, came up with the mail stage and the deer started ahead, travelling a half mile or so along the road before taking to the woods again. Mr. Sherrard had a narrow escape. The deer might have bitten him and the law is such that he could not have defended himself."

A $750 Cottage.

or its equivalent in cash will be given to the person detecting the greatest number of errors, (words wrongly spelled or misplaced) in the December issue of "OUR HOMES." In addition will be given two cash prizes of $200 each, four of $100, eight of $50, ten of $25, twenty five of $10, fifty of $5, one hundred of $2, and one hundred and fifty of $1, distributed in order mentioned in rules and regulations, which will be sent with a copy of December issue on receipt of 15 cents in stamps. Special *cash prizes* given away almost every day during competition, which closes February 1st, 1891.

Address OUR HOMES Publishing Co.,
Brockville, Canada.

[Telegraph.]

A New Phase of the Scott Act Trouble.

Mr. William S. Brown, the well known inspector appointed by the municipal council of Northumberland to guard that important section of the North Shore against the violation of the Scott act, appears to have an interesting suit on hand, which is set down for hearing before Justice Fotheringham at the Chatham police court on Tuesday next. The information is made by Mr. Stephen Duthie, of Chelmsford, who proposes to show up a peculiar phase of Mr. Brown's zeal in having the law carried out in its integrity.

The facts involved, as stated by a correspondent, are that Mr. Brown seized a considerable quantity of liquor, including whiskey and gin, from Mrs. Hays of Nelson, which he placed in the custody of Policeman Gillis in the Chatham lockup. It was not destroyed as the law directs, and is said to have been very good stuff. Mrs. Hays' son admitted the violation of the act, in her behalf, and she was convicted and fined. It happened, however, that a former fine was also standing unpaid against one of Mrs. Hays' sons. Neither of the fines was paid a certain time after the imposition of the last one, and although the Hays people are abundantly able to pay, they seemed to be in a position to stave off the evil day at will. Mr. Brown, however, began to realise that people would suspect him of trifling with his office if his friends were not compelled to pay, so he became urgent, and Messrs. Hays said they would consent to payment being made if the inspector would deliver back the load of gin, whiskey, etc., he had carried off to the Chatham lock-up. The inspector is a man of sympathetic nature and realized, no doubt, that his friends couldn't do business at the old stand without their stock, so he went in person to the lockup at Chatham, and telling Policeman Gillis that "the whole thing was fixed up" and that the seized liquors were to be given back to the owners, he obtained delivery of them and handed them over to Messrs. Hays.

When Police Magistrate Murray, before whom Mrs. Hays was convicted, heard of the liquor having been taken from the lockup, he metaphorically poked a razor in his book and started on the warpath for Inspector Brown. It was some time before he came upon him, but he caught and cornered him at last. The inspector didn't attempt to evade responsibility for what he had done—admitted that he knew the law was against him, said he was satisfied that the police magistrate wouldn't have consented to hand over the liquor to Hays, and confessed that he had deceived the policeman in order to induce him to let the stuff go out of his custody, but he pleaded that he ought to be excused on the ground that by handing back the liquor he had induced Messrs. Hays to pay the two fines standing against them.

Mr. Duthie is of opinion that the law ought to be respected by Mr. Brown as well any any other person, and fears that if liquors seized under the Scott Act are not dealt with as the law provides, and if they are only held to be handed back to those from whom they are seized there might as well be no law and no inspector.

Mr. Duthie does the public good service in bringing the matter up as he is now doing.

Mr. Brown, it is said, is shocked beyond measure that any fuss should be made over an ordinary transaction, and thinks that if an inspector is to be allowed no latitude in the performance of his duties, the office will not be sought by men of good position and abilities.

The hearing of the case above referred to is postponed until Saturday next.

The best and surest dye to color the beard *brown* or *black*, as may be desired, is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers. It never fails.

Municipal Council.

Tuesday was the time appointed by law for the annual meeting of Northumberland Municipal Council—the hour, twelve o'clock. A few minutes after that time, ten out of the twenty six members had succeeded in reaching the Council chamber at Newcastle, and Coun. Tozer, being moved to the chair, it was decided to adjourn until two o'clock for dinner. The ten who had then succeeded in reaching Newcastle were Couns. Flanagan, Kerr, Wood, Tozer, Flett, Hays, Jones, McDonald, Swim, Fairley.

After dinner there was another re-assembling at the Council Chamber, when it was found, at about three o'clock, that Couns. Doyle, Chaisson and Thibedeau had also succeeded in reaching town. The Council could not, however, be called to order until, at least, a majority of its members were present. Besides that, thirteen is known to be an unlucky number. The temporary Chairman, Coun. Tozer, having again taken the chair, a further adjournment, until 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning, was decided upon.

The councillors, having some time on their hands, visited the jail accompanied by Deputy-Sheriff Irving. There was only one prisoner in the institution, and he seemed to be about as contented and comfortable as a man deprived of his liberty could be. He exhibited a miniature double sleigh which he had made, and was apparently engaged in some other handiwork. The whole place was comfortably warmed by the hot water radiators, and the clean and tidy appearance of all the rooms, cells, basement and corridors, was creditable to the Sheriff and his deputy. The visitors expressed their regret that the efforts to improve the water supply, by boring, had failed, so far, not, apparently, because the water was not obtainable, but on account of mishaps to the appliances used in boring.

After the jail was examined the Councillors went down to the town and there met Warden Robinson and Couns. Betts, Underhill and Hayes. The warden said he had telegraphed that he would arrive and was surprised that the adjournment had taken place. He and the other three were, however "just in time to be too late" for that day.

It was learned later that Couns. Ullock and McNaughton, of Glenelg had reached Chatham during the forenoon, but although they had a horse and sled with them, they were obliged to make the greater part of the journey on snow shoes and that, to a man of Coun. McNaughton's weight, was rather a serious undertaking. Coun. Sullivan having the longest unbroken road to travel, there was much speculation as to whether he would succeed in reaching Newcastle at all before the session closed, but some of those who knew him best were ready to give odds on his being on hand and not very late at that, unless prevented by illness. His colleague, Coun. Wallace was reported as having arrived at Chatham late in the day, but, apparently had not done so. Couns. Anderson and Savoy were expected to arrive late in the session and the appearance of Couns. Ryan, Sutherland and McAlleer was looked for the second day. This is the first time since the organization of the Municipality that there has been a snow storm of sufficient magnitude to prevent a meeting of the Council on the day fixed by law.

The Municipal Council of Northumberland was called to order on Wednesday forenoon, 21st, at 10 30. On the roll being called the following answered—

Ludlow—J. S. Fairley, John McAleer.
Blissfield—J. A. McDonald, F. D. Swim.
Blackville—B. N. T. Underhill, Edwd. Hayes.
Derby—Jas. Robinson, John Betts.
Northesk—Wm. Jones.
Southesk—Jared Tozer.
Nelson—Thos. W. Flett, Ephraim Hayes.
Rogersville—Calixte C. Chaisson, Peter Thibedeau
Newcastle — Lawrence Doyle, Wm. Wood.
Chatham—Roger Flanagan, Wm. Kerr.
Glenelg—Robert McNaughton, Wm. V. Ullock.

Warden Robinson having been moved to the Chair, Coun. Betts, after referring to the practice of the Council in placing its most experienced members in the Chair and to the long and efficient services of Coun. Flanagan at the board, moved that that gentleman be Warden. This, being seconded by Couns. McNaughton and Kerr, was carried unanimously.

Warden Flanagan, on taking the chair, thanked the Council for the honor conferred upon him and the parish he represented and said he felt that he was not as well posted in the duties of the office as he might desire to be, but relied upon the assistance which he felt the Council would give him in the chair.

Messrs. John Cassidy and Wm. Irving were appointed constables to attend the Council during the session.

Coun. Kerr suggested that the Warden and two other members be entrusted with the duty of appointing the usual standing committees, in order that the work of the session might be more evenly apportioned amongst members than heretofore.

This was embodied in a resolution by Coun. Swim and passed, Couns. Tozer and Betts being appointed, with the Warden.

Council adjourned for half an hour to enable Messrs. Flanagan, Tozer and Betts to select the standing committees.

Council reassembled and the committee reported the following as the standing committees for 1891.

Parish Accounts:—McAleer, McDonald, Underhill, Robinson, Flett, Doyle, Kerr, Ullock, Anderson, Williston, Thibedeau, Jones, Sutherland.

County Accounts:—Tozer, Swim, Kerr, Betts, Doyle.

Alms House Accounts:—Jones, Robinson, Fairley.

Petitions:—E. Hays, Wood, Kerr.

To visit Jail:—Fairley, Sutherland, Flett.

County Contingencies:—The Warden, Betts, Tozer.

Printing:—The Warden, Doyle, Robinson.

Mr. D. G. Smith, was elected official reporter.

Council adjourned until one o'clock for committee work.

Council re-assembled at 1 o'clock and adjourned for dinner.

On re-assembling after dinner—

Coun. Underhill from the Parish accounts committee, recommended that the following returns from Blackville officers pass—adopted:—

John A. Underhill, By-road commissioner.
W. M. Underhill, com. roads.
Jas. W. Weaver, by road commissioner.
Maurice Hayes, collector rates.
Wm. M. Underhill, collector of rates.
Jas. W. Weaver, collector of rates.
Wm. T. Underhill, Collecting Justice, 3 returns and one list of defaulters.

On motion of Coun. Hays, ordered that Wm. Fitzpatrick, Surveyor of roads, dist. No. 1, Nelson, (having neglected to make returns to the Commissioner) be required to appear before the Council to be dealt with as the law directs.

Coun. Kerr moved that, in future the Deputy Sheriff, for the time being, be one of the constables to be in attendance upon Council.

The warden thought this Council had not power to appoint constables for future Councils.

Couns. Tozer and Doyle thought such an appointment might interfere with the Deputy Sheriff's other duties.

The motion was withdrawn.

Adjourned until 5 p. m. for committee work.

Young Men's Christian Association of Chatham.

Meetings held every week in their rooms, up-stairs, Barry's Building, as follows:—

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, for Prayer and Praise.

Monday evening at 8 o'clock, for Bible Study.

Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, for Training Class.

All young men are most cordially invited to any or all of these meetings.

Maritime Province Colt Stakes for 1891.

The following is the prospectus for the colt stakes for 1891:

The great success of the Maritime Province colt stakes last year, together with the fact that the Futurity Stake for two-year olds, which closed last March with 13 subscribers, is to be trotted this fall, has induced us to open another series of stakes under the following conditions:

Stake No. 1, to be for foals of 1890, half mile heats, best 2 in 3. Stake No. 2, for foals of 1888 and under (except starters in Futurity Stakes), mile heats, best 2 in 3. Stake No. 3, for foals of 1887, mile heats, best 3 in 5. Entrance fee in each stake $20, to be made in four payments, $5, March 15, when entries close; $5 June 1st; $5 August 1st, and $5 one week before the race. Each stake open to all trotting colts and fillies owned in Maritime Province (no matter where bred) previous to Jan. 1st, 1891.

In making entries, name of animal, color, sex, name of sire and dam, name of owner and nominator to be given. Six entries, the property of different owners, to fill the stake; any person nominating to have the privilege of declaring out at any time, forfeiting the payments made.

Tenders will be received up to noon, August 1st, from any track in the Maritime Provinces, stating the amount of money they will offer to have the race trotted on their track. Tenders to be sealed and marked on the envelopes "Tenders for Stakes," and are to be addressed to Jas. W. Power, Halifax. Tenders will be opened at the ACADIAN RECORDER office, Halifax, at noon, August 1st, and every track tendering is invited to have representatives present. In awarding tenders, the central position of the track, with the amount offered, will be considered. The track awarded the stakes to deposit the sum guaranteed in the bank to the order of Jas. A. Fraser and Jas. W. Power, within five days after they have been notified of the acceptance of their tender. The money offered to be divided equally among the stakes. In each stake, the share of the added money, together with the amount deposited by the nominators in said stake, to be divided, when four or more start, in premiums of 50 per cent. to first, 25 per cent. to second, 15 per cent. to third, and 10 per cent. to fourth. When three start, premium of 60, 30 and 10 per cent.; where two start, 80 and 20 per cent.

The promoters, expenses in connection with the stakes to be deducted from the amount offered by the track securing the same.

In the stake for foals of 1888 and under, and stake for foals of 1887 a horse distancing the field or any portion thereof is entitled to but one premium. After the premiums are trotted for and apportioned among the horses remaining in the race, any remaining premiums will be trotted for by distanced horses under the original conditions as to racing, with the exception that distance be waived.

Date of race to be fixed as soon after third payment as possible. Judges to be appointed by or with the consent of the promoters.

National Trotting Association rules to govern, except where they conflict with the conditions of these stakes.

Entries close March 15—any information may be obtained from the undersigned:

Jas. A. Fraser, New Glasgow.
Jas. W. Power, Halifax.

News and Notes.

BEEN TO SCHOOL WITH GLADSTONE.

St. Martins, N. B., has among its old residents a Scotchman named William D. Mann, who claims to have been an old schoolmate of Rt. Hon. W. E. Gladstone. They attended together a private school kept by Dr. Alexander, a short distance from Dundee, Scotland. Mr. Mann states that Mr. Gladstone was at that time studying Latin, and he speaks very highly of Gladstone's character as a boy, his peaceable disposition argumentative powers, and his love of debate. Mr. Mann says: "Wallie was a guid freend to me," and that if he was anywhere within 10 miles of where Gladstone was he would walk all the way to see him, notwithstanding his 78 years. The St. John *Telegraph* says: Mr. Mann came to this country in 1885, and has lived in St. Martin since excepting a few years he spent in Kings county. He is hale and hearty, and with his wife has charge of Wm. Patterson's farm.

A PROHIBITION TOWN.

LEWISTON, Me., Jan. 14.—Rev. R. A. Farnham, pastor of the Methodist church at Cutler, having resigned, and it having been announced that he left his charge on account of ill health, he publishes a statement here that ill health was not the cause. He says that he boarded himself, swept the church, made the fires and rung the bell. The people swore at him, whittled and ate peanuts in meeting time, fired pistols, and threw stones at his house, came to church any time before the benediction, laughed aloud during the services, etc.

He says rum is sold openly in the town and no one tries to enforce the law, and he adds: "People who sell and drink liquor receive as much respect as Queen Victoria would have if she was living there. Before I was in the ministry I was lecturing on the Bible, and I traveled in the states of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania and Ohio, and I did not see as much drunkeness during all that time as there has been in Cutler during the past year."

A BIG SHED.

The lumber storage shed is a feature of New England. In the West a specially enterprising lumberman may put his dry as well as dressed lumber under roof, but down East about all of a stock is so protected. The sheds at Boston, Portland and other cities would make a Southerner or Westerner open his eyes. Think of a shed holding 6,000,000 feet of lumber! and yet a Portland exporter has such an affair standing on his dock, and is merely somewhat complacent in its possession and not at all elated.

JUST SO.

Mr Balfour and the tories have raised a large sum to relieve the distress of famine-stricken Ireland. All the same he declared a short time ago there was no famine in Ireland.

SAGE GETS MORE.

Russel Sage won a case the other day in St. Paul's Minn., against the St. Paul, Stillwater and Taylor's Falls Railway company, in which a quantity of land is involved. The New York *Herald* says that the decision leaves Mr. Sage ten millions of dollars richer than he was before.

NEW ARCHBISHOP OF YORK.

LEEDS, Jan. 14:—Most Rev. William Connor Magee, D. D., the new Archbishop of York, is 70 years of age and has the reputation of being the greatest orator of the Church of England, and by many is held to be the greatest orator in England. In January last he publicly took the ground that it was impossible for the State to execute literally all the precepts of Christianity, the precepts of the New Testament having been simply addressed to individuals and for individual guidance. Despite all the criticism evoked by his utterance he has been promoted to York's powerful Archbishopric.

THE GROWTH OF LIVERPOOL.

At the commencement of the new year, which we trust will be a prosperous one for every member of the trade, it may be of interest to note our commercial position in comparison with other large English ports. Putting the figures broadly, Liverpool now receives one-fourth of the imports, she sends more than two-fifths of the exports, and possesses nearly one-third of the whole foreign trade of the United Kingdom. This prominent and comprehensive result has been attained by a steadily progressive rate of growth during the past thirty years. In 1861 the gross shipping tonnage in and out of the port was a shade under 5,000,000 tons, in 1881 it had risen to 7,800,000 tons, while it is now estimated to be about 9,500,000 tons. As regards the population, including Birkenhead, this, in 1861 was 350,000; in 1881 it had grown to 790,000, and to-day the combined strength of both places is little short of 1,000,000 persons. These general facts are a remarkable testimony to an expansive prosperity continually being added for the benefit of all dwellers on the banks of the Mersey.—*Timber.*

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipe, in German, French or English with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. W. A. NOYES, 820 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.*

The Preacher and the Soldier.

The following is going the rounds of the press:—

At an open-air meeting in London the following incident lately took place: A street preacher was holding forth in the East End, when a drunken soldier came up and loudly ridiculed the whole service. Finding that it was useless to ignore the man, the preacher quickly decided on his course of action. "Ah, my friend, you're no soldier; you've only borrowed those gay redcoats. No servant of the Queen would get drunk and interrupt a peaceful service." Of course the man warmly protested that he was a soldier, and invited the preacher to test him. "Very well," was the reply, "I will. Now, then, stand at ease." This the soldier did as well as his drunken condition allowed. "Right about face!" This also was accomplished with some trouble. "Now quick march!" And off he went, marching down the Mile End road at a desperate speed—unable, apparently, to see through the open-air preacher's successful manœuvre.

That story might pass current amongst preachers, and it might do to tell to "the marines," but a soldier, on being told to go to the right about from "ease," would probably, remain at ease and on the broad grin at the party giving the word of command.

Church School for Girls.

(Halifax Herald. 10th inst.)

Thursday marked an epoch in the history of the church of England in these provinces, when the school for the daughters of the church was opened. In July last a resolution was adopted in the synod of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick endorsing the principle of a school for girls on the joint stock plan; and appointing a trustee from each synod. The stock was limited to $50,000 in shares of $5 each, nearly $2,000 of which has been already subscribed. Trustees and directors in accordance with the scheme proposed to the synod were duly elected, and the result of their labor is the purchase of the property known as Edgehill, one of best sites in the town, and the fitting it up as the beginning of an institution which shall be a credit to the church of England. The engaging of a lady principal was left to the Lord Bishop of Nova Scotia, who in August last secured the services of Miss H. J. Machin, well known in the diocese of Quebec, and in fact, throughout Canada, as the successful head of a school in Quebec city. Miss Machin brought with her a well tried staff of teachers, who have worked with her for some time, and whose good work in the past is the best augury of their success in the new school.

Thursday at 11.30, a large gathering of parents and friends of pupils assembled at Edgehill for the formal opening of the school. The present building will only accomodate 29 ladies with the teachers and servants—but every care has been taken not to overcrowd. On entering the school-room the pupils, both boarders and day scholars, to the number of 43, were seated in their places and the rest of the room was well filled with residents of Windsor and the friends of the girls. Among the visitors were Hon. Judge Townshend; Mr. J. R. Forster, of Dorchester; Mr. Lackie, manager of the Acadia mines; Rev. W. B. Armstrong, of Welsford, N. B.; Rev. J. O. Ruggles, Rev. G. R. Martell, of Maitland; Rev F. Sherman, of St. Martin's, N. B.; Rev. H. A. Harley, of Picton; Archdeacon Weston Jones, Canon Maynard, and several other clergy, Mr. Edward Dimock, C. S. Wilcox, J. E deWolf, and a number of laymen of prominence in the church. The chair was taken by Rev. Canon Partridge, of Halifax, who is acting chairman of the board of trustees. The proceedings began by the chairman calling upon the Ven. Archdeacon Jones, rector of Windsor, to offer prayer for the blessing of Almighty God upon the work here begun in His name and for His glory. After which the chairman first of all expressed his own sorrow and the regrets of all concerned, at the absence of the beloved bishop of the diocese, to whose vigorous advocacy, supported as it had been by the no less earnest efforts of the church, the school was due. He then proceeded to congratulate those who were present and the church at large upon the opening of the school under such auspicious circumstances, and after giving a resume of the history of the institution, welcomed the pupils, many of whom came from a great distance. He then referred to the great good fortune of the trustees in securing the services of so acomplished and successful a principal as Miss Machin, to whom, with her assistants, he extended the very heartiest of welcomes, assuring them that the hearts of the people of the maritime provinces were as warm as those of Quebec, and prophesying for them hosts of friends. He then set forth what he conceived to be the true ideal of an institution of the kind, pointing out what real education is, and showing the connection between it and the church. He said that it was not merely for the sake of adding another to the educational institutions of the land, nor solely for the credit of the church of England that the school has been established, but for the education and training in right habits of study, and thought, and conduct, those who should be entrusted to our care, and making the best of the capacities given to each by the Almighty, so that when they went forth to take their places in the world, they might shed everywhere they might go the refining and elevating influence of a true Christian womanhood, complete in all its parts. He urged upon the girls as a foundation of all success, transparent truthfulness; which lay at the base of obedience and perseverance.

Speeches were made by Hon. Judge Townshend, Mr. Forster, Rev. W. B. Armstrong, Archdeacon Weston-Jones, (who welcomed the pupils to Windsor.) Judge DeWolf, Rev. Mr. Harley, Rev. J. O. Ruggles, and Dr. H. Y. Hind, the indefatigable secretary, to whose untiring energy and determination so much of the success of the scheme is indebted. Dr. Hind must have been highly gratified at the tributes paid on all sides of his great labor so freely and ungrudgingly given.

The chairman then declared the school open, and called upon the revered and respected Canon Maynard, for so many years rector of Windsor, to pronounce the benediction. The National Anthem was sung, and the meeting dispersed.

Plans have been accepted for a new building to accommodate 100 boarders.

John B. Forster Esq., Warden of the Provincial Penitentiary, Dorchester, and one of the Directors of the Church School for girls, will within a few days visit the parishes on the North Shore, with a view to increase the Stock List. As soon as $15,000 more stock is taken, the directors will begin the erection of a building, large enough to accommodate 100 scholars. The present building is already filled with 30 boarders and 15 day scholars and is inadequate for the number who have sought admission. It is to be hoped that Mr. Forster will meet with all possible encouragement in his good work.

Shares in the stock are $5 each, 25 per cent payable at a call, and at intervals of 3 months.

Mothers!

Castoria is recommended by physicians, for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothe, the child and gives it refreshing sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mother's friend, 35 doses, 35 cents.

The peop'e at the World's Dispensary of Buffalo, N. Y., have a stock-taking time once a year and what do you think they do? Count the number of bottles that've been returned by the men and women who say that Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery or Dr. Pierce's Favourite Prescription didn't do what they said it won'd do.

And how many do you think they have to count. One in ten? *Not one in five hundred!*

Here are two remedies—one the "Golden Medical Discovery," for regulating and invigorating the liver and purifying the blood the other, the hope of weakly womanhood; they've been sold for years, sold by the million bottles; sold under a *positive guarantee*, and not one in five hundred can say: "It was not the medicine for me!" And—is there any reason why you shou'd be the one? And—supposing you are, what do you lose? *Absolutely nothing!*

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

New Advertisements.

NOTICE OF SALE.

TO Neil B Campbell, now of Charlestown, Massachusetts, in the United States, and formerly of Tracadie in the County of Gloucester and Province of New Brunswick, Trader, and all others whom it may concern.

Take notice that by virtue of Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage, dated the Twenty-first day of August, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty five, made between the said Neil B. Campbell, of Tracadie, County aforesaid, of the first part and William A. Loggie of Chatham, County of Northumberland, of the other part and duly registered in the County records of the County of Gloucester as Number 1,329 in volume 31, (pages 667, 668, 669, 670, 671) of the said records. There will be sold at Public Auction in front of the Post Office in Chatham, on Monday, the thirtieth day of March, next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, the lands and premises mentioned and described in the said Indenture of Mortgage, as follows:

All and singular that certain lot or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the Parish Summer, Tracadie, County and Province aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say, part of lot known as lot number twenty eight, situate between the Queen's highway road and the road leading to Little Tracadie, commencing at the North end of the Bridge, commonly called Vital Arsenault's, at or near the angle of the Queen's highway and the road leading to Little Tracadie on the dividing line of said lot number twenty-eight and lot number twenty-seven, granted to Pierre Isaac Gotro; thence running along the Queen's highway in a northerly course twenty-two rods; thence west eighteen rods and six feet until it reaches the road known and distinguished as the Little Tracadie road; thence southerly along this said road until it meets the dividing line between lot number twenty-seven and lot number twenty-eight before stated, or to the southerly angle of the block hereinafter mentioned, which said lands were conveyed to the said Neil B. Campbell by James Walsh, together with all the buildings and the improvements thereon and the rights of members, privileges and appurtenances to the said premises belonging or in anywise appertaining.

Dated this 16th day of January, A. D., 1891.

W. A. LOGGIE, Mortgagee.

New Advertisements.

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OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

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Lousiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRWINGS take place Semi-Annually, (June and December,) and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS FOR INTEGRITY OF ITS DRAWINGS AND PROMPT PAYMENT OF PRIZES.

Attested as follows:

"*We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorise the company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.*"

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

R. M. WALMSLEY,
Pres. Louisiana National Bank.
PIERRE LANAUX,
Pres. State National Bank
A. BALDWIN,
Pres. New Orleans National Bank.
CARL KOHN,
Pres. Union National Bank.

Grand Monthly Drawing,
WILL TAKE PLACE AT
at the Academy of Music, New Orleans,
Tuesday, February 17, 1891.

Capital Prize, $300,000.
100,000 Numbers in the Wheel.

LIST OF PRIZES

1 PRIZE OF	$300,000 is	300,000
1 PRIZE OF	100,000 is	100,000
1 PRIZE OF	50,000 is	50,000
1 PRIZE OF	25,000 are	25,000
2 PRIZES OF	10,000 are	20,000
5 PRIZES OF	5,000 are	25,000
25 PRIZES OF	1,000 are	25,000
100 PRIZES OF	500 are	50,000
200 PRIZES OF	300 are	60,000
500 PRIZES OF	200 are	100 000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
100 Prizes of	$500 are	$50,000
100 do	300 are	30,000
100 do	200 are	20,000
TERMINAL PRIZES.		
999 do.	100 are	99,900
999 do.	100 are	99,900
3,134 Prizes, amounting to		$1,054,800

PRICE OF TICKETS.
Whole Tickets at Twenty Dollars;
Halves $10; Quarters $5; Tenths $2
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Club Rates, 55 Fractional Tickets at $1, for $50.

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