



THE GREAT DRIVE.—Record, Philadelphia.

HOLLAND WORRYING AT SHIP SEIZURE

Despite Fact They Will be Paid Thrice Value and Have Ships Back at End of War

The Hague, April 17.—Dutch ship-owners in Rotterdam are complaining because three weeks have elapsed since the seizure of their ships and no details are given by the American and British governments as to how the value is to be adjusted in case of loss. Promises to return the ships at the end of the war signify good intentions, they say, but the ships might all be sunk.

It is learned unofficially that plans for dealing with the owners of the Dutch ships have been drawn up and are expected to be made known soon. The owners will be paid on gross or dead-weight tonnage a sum nearly three times the amount the British government pays for its ships. Insurance will be included, and the only deductions are for the cost of repairs making ready for the first voyage. Owners are to be paid in cash for all losses or have their ships replaced as soon as possible after the war.

America has sixty-nine ships, out of which only thirty over 2,600 tons are to be used in the Atlantic trade. The loss under the convoy system is less than seven per cent, so that there would be no difficulty in replacing these vessels at the end of the emergency of the war.

The question as to whether the Dutch government is to send ships to America to bring 100,000 tons of grain which the associated governments put at her disposal is still in abeyance. Interpellations are expected on this question.

5,000 OUT OF WORK

Not men, but corns that were put out of business last week by Putnam's Corn Extractor. No corn can live if treated by Putnam's. It is safe, painless and sure. Use only Putnam's, 25c. at all dealers.

Miss M. Orr last night received word that her brother, Sergt. Earle S. Orr, had been wounded and admitted to No. 1 Field Ambulance Depot on April 9. He left St. John with the first contingent with No. 1 Field Ambulance and has been in France for more than three years. He was at the outbreak of the war employed with F. D. Clements.



Wolthausen Hats

As good as they look
Sold by all good stores

WILL WIN STRUGGLE ONLY WITH MORE FOOD

Hon. Everitt Colby Pictures Vital Need of Conservation and Production—Tells of Belgium

(Toronto Star.)

"If you could for the space of one little moment bring yourself to a full realization of the hardships and privations being cheerfully undergone by those brave boys in the trenches of France and Flanders, you would conserve to such an extent that food in unending quantities would be transported overseas," declared Hon. Everitt Colby, of New Jersey, a member of the United States Food Administration, recently returned from an extensive survey of the actual conditions of the troops under fire, and behind the lines, before a great audience at the Masonic Hall, corner of Yonge street and Davenport road, last evening.

Children Beg for Crusts.

"Then let very man and woman put their hands to the plow and fight the Hun with as deadly a weapon as those used on the battle front," he declared with emphasis. "Have you ever seen a little child begging for a crust of bread?" he asked. "If you had seen the sufferings I have witnessed you would question every mouthful of food that entered your mouth, as to whether you could not do with less, and save the rest for those suffering peoples across the water, or lighten the burdens of the men that are holding that line, often under terrible stress, against the opposite line of leering, domination impelled Prussians."

Women Tied to Plow.

The speaker stated that in France he had seen women hitched to the plow, and old men and little children all contributing to the great cause of food production. "Despite their sufferings they are cheerfully 'carrying on' he said. "Some of the people of the United States are not yet awake to the realities of the time," stated Mr. Colby. "They fail to grasp the vital need of conservation, and the imperative need of sending wheat and wheat products overseas." He then gave some interesting illustrations, showing the difficulties the American Food Administration met with in operating in localities where pro-German sympathies were dominant.

SALVAGE CORPS OFFICERS

The annual meetings of No. 1 and No. 2 Salvage Corps and Fire Police were held last night. After the business the members enjoyed a social hour. The following is the result of the elections:—No. 1 company—K. J. MacRae, captain; G. Harvey Tapley, lieutenant; E. Percy Howard, secretary; E. A. Ellis, treasurer; W. J. Carrie, foreman No. 1; W. B. Stewart, foreman No. 2; Fred Doig, foreman No. 3; Dr. E. H. Langstroth, surgeon. The secretary reported that the company has responded to sixty-seven alarms during the year, worked sixty-five hours and saved 159 covers.

No. 2 Company—Robert J. Cunningham, captain; W. L. Brown, lieutenant; Charles Cunningham, secretary; Charles Sullivan, treasurer; L. D. Brown, foreman No. 1; William Morrissey, foreman No. 2; Fred Campbell, foreman No. 3; John Salmon, foreman No. 4; Dr. C. M. Pratt, surgeon.

The "Pretence Boys" fair in West St. John was well attended last evening. The prizes were won by Miss Pitt, Mrs. Ernest Brittain, Thomas McAlay, A. Campbell, George Adams and William Brown.

CLOSE BARS IN ALL HOTELS

Forecast in Announcement by American Hotel Association

Chicago, April 17.—Abolition of the bars in all hotels in the United States and Canada was forecast in an announcement today by the Executive Council of the American Hotel Association.

Declaring that the interests of the hotel business are paramount to those of the saloon, the council strongly advocated that the sale of liquor be confined to light wines and beer.

This would mean the close of all bar-rooms run in connection with hotels and a ban on the sale of whiskey, gin and other strong drinks, according to J. K. Blatchford of Chicago, a member of the council.

"The hotel men of the country stand solidly behind any movement that would be said that Nature has been negligent. The announcement reads: "The council is of the opinion that the sale of liquor may be permitted to be served under such regulations and limitations as will best meet the moderate wishes and demands of patrons."

NATURE NOT NEGLIGENT OF NEW BRUNSWICK

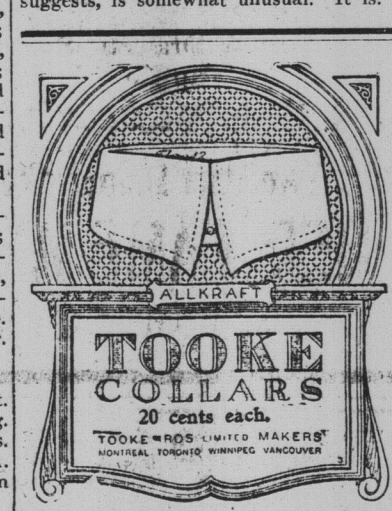
"If men have not given New Brunswick the attention it deserves, it cannot be said that Nature has been negligent. On the contrary Nature has given it a great deal of attention."

This is the text of an article on this province which New Brunswick offers for settlers, with a record of the discovery, history and development of the province. The export trade, agricultural resources, like stock and dairying, manufactures, forest wealth, fisheries, mining and sporting attractions are all touched on and dealt with in complimentary terms.

The overseas edition is a fine looking volume, printed on coated paper with illustrations and a striking cover in colors. It reviews Canada's war achievements, her latent resources, foreign trade, industrial development and other features of national interest with a special story of each of the provinces.

A RECORD LAYER.

Mrs. G. Hillmore, of Glen Falls, has sent to the Times Office convincing proof that her hens have heard the call for greater production. The evidence is in the form of an egg which weighs four ounces and has a circumference of eight and one-quarter inches, one way, and seven and one-quarter inches the other. She says that she has had six such eggs in a week from the same hen, which, she suggests, is somewhat unusual. It is.



CANADA TAKES UP THE CUDGELS FOR ITS FOLKS IN U. S.

New York and Chicago Have Passed Ordinances Discriminating Against Them—Nurse in New York Dismissed as Alien

Ottawa, April 16.—The Canadian government is taking steps looking towards the investigation of certain ordinances passed by United States municipalities which discriminate against Canadian citizens doing business in the United States. One of these is understood to have been passed by New York, and Chicago has passed another.

In New York, Canadian nurses in hospitals who are not citizens of the United States, have, in common with other aliens, been discriminated against, and at least one dismissal has taken place. It is understood that representations have already been made in this case, but that doubt has been expressed as to whether Washington can prevent such action on the part of a municipality.

No Licenses in Chicago.

In Chicago an ordinance was passed last fall and will become effective on May 1 which bars all aliens from the receipt of licenses or free business permits. Canadians who have not become citizens of the United States and who have not declared their intention of so doing, are included in the class thus debarred from continuing their businesses in the Windy City.

Direct With Washington.

Hon. Charles Doherty, when asked as to the power of Chicago to enact such an ordinance, said that off-hand he thought it might not be competent for a municipality to do so, but that in order to reach a conclusion he would have to read the constitutional law very carefully. If any action as to Chicago were taken by the Canadian government, it would have to be in the form of negotiations direct with Washington, and not with Chicago.

Text of Chicago Ordinance.

The Chicago ordinance, as amended and passed Nov. 28, 1917, reads: "On and after May 1, 1918, no person shall be granted a license or be given a free permit to conduct any business for which a license is required by the ordinances of the city of Chicago, unless such person shall be a citizen of the United States or a declarant and recognized as such by the laws of the United States."

PREDICT BILLION BUSHEL CROP OF WHEAT THIS YEAR

Chicago, April 17.—A billion bushel wheat crop from the farms of the country for 1918 was predicted by delegates to the Millers' National federation, which was in session here.

New Record in Shipbuilding.

Seattle, Wash., April 17.—Sixty-four days from the date her keel was laid, the 8,800-ton steel freighter West Duane was launched at the Skinner & Eddy plant here. The vessel is the third of its kind to be launched by the plant in sixty-four days from the date of keel-laying.

Within twenty days, it was announced, she will be delivered to the government, setting a new world's record for delivery of eighty-four days from date of keel-laying. The record is now held by the steel freighter Canada, which was delivered here recently ninety-three days after her keel was put down.

YOURS TO ENJOY



You'll Like the Flavor

FURTHER EVIDENCE IN CASE INVOLVING MISSING THORNE GOODS

The case against Morris Witzman and Max Weiber, in connection with missing W. H. Thorne & Co. goods was continued in the police court yesterday afternoon.

B. L. Gerow appeared for the defence and G. H. Y. Belyea for W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd. Detective Briggs gave evidence of the search of Witzman's house which corroborated the testimony of Detective Duncan and J. G. Harrison. John F. Tilton, a director of the firm, identified some of the goods found. The value of the goods found was reckoned at about \$800.

George W. Noble, who is employed by W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd., said that he went to Nova Scotia on March 5, 6 and 7 for the purpose of trying to locate some of the goods, that had been stolen from Thorne's. He said that he also again went to Nova Scotia on April 12 and 13. The witness said that the defendant Max Weiber belongs to Digby and that he is in business there with his father, under the name of Max Weiber & Sons. Mr. Noble said that Detective Moore accompanied him to Nova Scotia the last time he went there.

On a question from Mr. Belyea as to whether or not he had seen any goods on sale in Nova Scotia towns which had come from W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd., of this city, he replied he had seen such articles as silverware, cutlery, razors and razor blades. Mr. Noble went on to say that he went over to Digby on April 12, and that he got search warrants out for the searching of Max Weiber's private house and store. From the latter he took three pairs of scissors and one jack-knife. On cross examination by Mr. Gerow the witness replied that these goods resembled the goods carried by W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd., and that some of the boxes had had Thorne's private mark cut right out.

Detective William Moore was recalled to the stand. He said that he went over to Digby four or five different times. He visited the store of Max Weiber & Sons, and there he saw some knives and Gillette razors in the show case. He also purchased a \$1.50 watch while there. From there he went to Yarmouth and at a store there he found hardware similar to that in court. He bought two razors and the price on them, where Thorne's put their private mark, was rubbed off. An invoice of the return of silverware, valued at \$800, from the Eastern Clothing Company to Max Weiber was produced in the court. It appears that Weiber had sent the silverware to the Eastern Clothing Company, to sell, and that on their being unable to sell it they returned it to Weiber.

The witness went on to say that he had a search warrant out and searched Weiber's house, and that there he found forty packages, containing a dozen

TO PACK EGGS TO KEEP FOR WINTER.

It is a little early in the season to ask "what is the best way to keep eggs in the summer for the winter?" but perhaps you are one of those who look far ahead, making plans for next winter before the present one has taken its departure. Select perfectly fresh eggs, and put them, a dozen or so at a time, into a small willow basket. Immerse this for five seconds in boiling water containing about five pounds of common brown sugar to every gallon of water. Immediately after place the eggs on trays to dry. The scalding water causes formation of a thin skin of hard albumen against the inner surface of the shell, the sugar effectually closing all the pores. The cool eggs are then packed, small end down, in an intimate mixture of one measure of good charcoal, finely powdered, and two measures of dry bran. Eggs thus stored have been found perfectly fresh and unaltered after six months.

Shallpox is reported at Chipman, Queens Co.

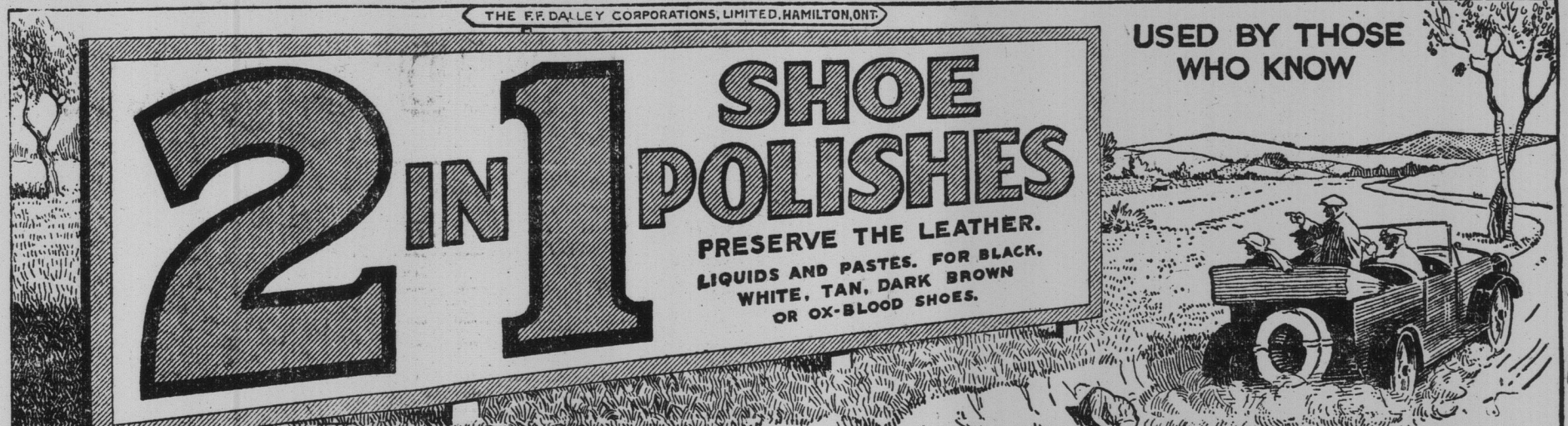
DOCTOR GAVE THIS RUN-DOWN WOMAN VINOL

And She Got Well—Her Nervousness Disappeared

Flint, Mich.—"I keep house for my family of six and got into a generally run-down condition. I was weak, nervous and could not sleep, and had headache a good deal of the time. My doctor prescribed Vinol and it made me well and strong. I am a good deal less nervous and can sleep nights."—Clara Smith, 1213 W. 3rd Ave., Flint, Mich.

We sell Vinol on a positive guarantee to make nervous, weak, run-down women well and strong or return their money. Try it anyway.

Wasson Drug Store.
The Ross Drug Co., Ltd., St. John. Vinol is sold in Fairville by T. H. Wilson and in Hampton by Donald's Drug Store.
Also at the best druggists in all New Brunswick towns.



MUTT AND JEFF—THIS SIMPLY GOES TO SHOW THAT CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE IS NOT PROOF

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