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The Toronto Sunday World

LAST EDITION

37th YEAR—NEWS SECTION—TEN PAGES

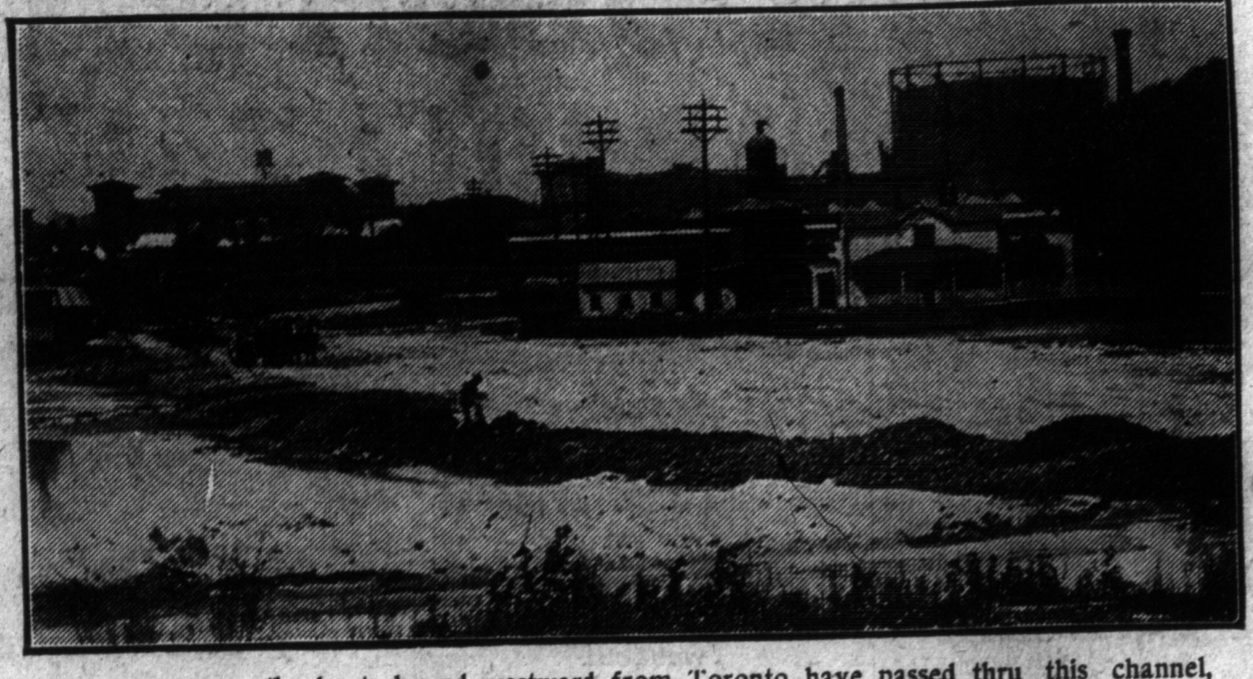
TORONTO SUNDAY MORNING AUGUST 5 1917

Entered as Second-class Matter, February 15th, 1911, at the Post-office at Buffalo, N. Y., under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

VOL. XXXVII.—No. 13,416

BRITISH RENEW GRIP ON THEIR OLD LINE NEW ATTACKS AGAINST ITALIANS FAIL TO DISLODGE TROOPS

LOYD GEORGE SAYS VICTORY MUST BE WON Stirling Address in Queen's Hall, London, on War Anniversary. NO FUTURE CHALLENGE Success Must Be So Complete as to Ensure Lasting Peace.



For many years the boats bound westward from Toronto have passed thru this channel, which is now being filled in.

London, Aug. 4.—Premier Lloyd George on opening his address in Queen's Hall on the third anniversary of the war, asked what would have happened, if Great Britain had not entered the war. He answered this by saying: Europe would have been at the mercy of a cruel military power. Russia would have disintegrated sooner. France would have been overwhelmed. The Monroe doctrine would have been treated as a scrap of paper. The fact today is that we have checked the ambitions of Germany.

PREMIER REITERATES AIMS FOR WHICH ALLIES FIGHT Great Patriotic Demonstration of the Year at Queen's Hall Marks Third Anniversary of War Declaration.

London, Aug. 4.—David Lloyd George, the British premier, in the presence of a distinguished gathering representative of all parties, which met this afternoon in Queen's Hall to mark the third anniversary of the declaration of war, reiterated the aims for which the allies are fighting and indicated the only conditions under which they would consent to a suspension of hostilities with the central powers.

PREMIER'S REPLY IS SATISFACTORY Delegates From Win-the-War Convention Issue Statement.

SINCERITY IMPRESSIVE Confident Sir Robert Borden Will Succeed in Program Given.

Continuing, Mr. Lloyd George said: "If we sow seeds of discontent and disunion in the nation we shall reap defeat. A nation which fetters before it reaches its purpose will never become a great people. No one in Great Britain, France, Italy and Russia, or even in Germany and Austria, has any idea how near we are today to the summit of our hope. In the course of his speech Premier Lloyd George said: "Victory must be so complete that our national liberty never again shall be challenged."

WOULD CALL OFF LIBERAL MEETING Dr. Ira MacKay Would Hold Win-War Convention Instead at Winnipeg. ORGANIZE UNION PARTY Only Way to Get Strong and United Candidates, He Says.

Saskatoon, Sask., Aug. 4.—Dr. Ira MacKay, professor of political science in the University of Saskatchewan, in an interview declares that the greatest service which the western Liberal convention could render Canada would be to adjourn for the purpose of calling a larger national non-partisan win-the-war convention in Winnipeg two weeks later.



Hok: Billy wants to call the new highway from the Kingston road at the Hunt Club along Danforth, across the new viaduct, thru Bloor and across the Humber by a new high-level bridge, and by short cuts to Dundas street at Cooksville and to the Lake Shore road at Long Branch, Flossers' Way, in memory of the first settlers who came into this country in the early days and did their teaming and toiling over these old stage roads.

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Mr. Pugsley, after doing some figuring on his own behalf, admitting that the number of departments created since the beginning of the war, there was a constant demand for more accommodation, and some of the offices were already too crowded to be good for the health of the clerks. He asserted that the number of departments created since the beginning of the war, there was a constant demand for more accommodation, and some of the offices were already too crowded to be good for the health of the clerks.

BOMB WRECKS ELEVATOR IN AMERICAN FACTORY Recent Labor Trouble Blamed for the Explosion. Chicago, August 4.—A bomb, believed to have been set off as the result of labor troubles, wrecked the rear elevator last night in the plant of Morkrum & Co., which manufactures machinery of various kinds, and of late is said to be making telegraph instruments for the government.

PREMIER HOPES FOR UNION GOVERNMENT Receives Resolution and Delegation From Win-the-War Convention Held in Toronto.

FIRE ON DESERTERS. Tiflis, Russia, August 4.—Deserters from the army who are being rounded up by the military authorities opened fire on them, wounding several soldiers. Reinforcements of Cossacks armed with machine guns arrived and fired on the deserters, wounding many more. Four hundred of the deserters surrendered.

TWO HUNDRED BURIED. Clay, Ky., Aug. 4.—Two hundred miners are entombed in mine No. 7 of the West Kentucky Coal Company here as the result of an explosion of gas this morning. Three men have been rescued. Smoke is emerging from the mine.

Australian Government Withdraws War Tax Bill Melbourne, Australia, Aug. 3.—(Via Reuters' Ottawa Agency)—The government has temporarily withdrawn its war-time profits tax bill and will probably introduce important amendments to it.

WARM AND COMFORTABLE SAYS WEATHERMAN Comfortably warm weather with a gradual rise in temperature, accompanied by pleasant breezes, is forecast by weather bureau officials for the week-end in Toronto and vicinity. Thunderstorms, however, are expected on Sunday night. No forecast could be made at the observatory regarding weather on Monday, the civic holiday.

START CUTTING WHEAT. Melita, Man., Aug. 4.—Wheat cutting began in this district yesterday. The crop is light.

BRITISH RECAPTURE POSTS PREVIOUSLY LOST TO FOE

U. S. Requisitions Ships Washington, August 4.—The United States Government thru its emergency fleet corporation today requisitioned all merchant vessels of more than 2500 tons now building in American shipyards. Double and triple labor shifts will be put in the yards to speed construction.

Positions East of Monchy-le-Preux on Arras Battlefront in France Retaken and Consolidated in the Latest Success. London, Aug. 4.—All the positions east of Monchy le Preux, on the Arras battlefront in France, which were captured by the Germans Thursday night have been retaken by the British, according to an official statement issued by the British war office.

FRENCH PUSH FORWARD DESPITE BAD WEATHER

In Night Attack Advance is Made Beyond Cabaret of Kortkeer, in Belgium, and Two Raids By Foe Are Repulsed. Paris, Aug. 4.—Despite the continuing bad weather along the battlefront in Belgium, says an official statement issued this afternoon by the French War Office, French troops pushed forward last night, advancing beyond the Cabaret of Kortkeer. The text of the statement follows: "In Belgium, in spite of continued bad weather, our troops advanced beyond the Cabaret of Kortkeer. French reconnoitering parties explored the farms beyond the front, which we reached by pushing back enemy patrols."

On the Belgian front where the French and British launched an offensive Tuesday morning the entente allied troops made further progress east of Kortkeer Cabaret. Established in Villages. New York, Aug. 4.—The Associated Press issues the following: "While there has been no renewal of the smashing offensive on a large scale inaugurated by the French forces in Flanders on Tuesday the incessant pressure on the German line is beginning to tell in the further yielding of ground. The British yesterday again established themselves in the village of St. Julien which they lost to the German counter-attack closely following the initial dash. Last night the French in turn moved ahead in their sector, making further progress east of Kortkeer Cabaret. To the south, on the Arras battlefront, the British have renewed their grip on the old line, completing last night the re-capture of the positions known as Infantry Hill, east of Monchy-le-Preux."

PROVIDES EVIDENCE OF GERMANY'S DUPLICITY Decision to Force War Was Made at Conference Early in July. London, Aug. 4.—Louis Einstein, former special agent of the American embassy at Constantinople, writes The Times supporting the story of the German conference July 5, 1914, preceding the declaration of war. He says that Marquis Gironi, the Italian ambassador at Constantinople, told him that on July 15 the German ambassador, Wangenheim, who had returned to Constantinople from Berlin the previous day, informed him of the conference at which Herr Wangenheim himself was present and that the war was decided upon at the conference. The Austrian archduke's murder was to present an ultimatum to Serbia which she would not accept and from which war would ensue in 48 hours.

ITALIANS REPULSE RENEWED ATTACKS Enemy's Offensive Actions Receive Setback on Monte Rombon. BOMBARD AN ARSENAL Air Squadron Causes Great Damage on Military Works at Pola.

Kills Wife With Revolver Shots and Then Suicides. Boston, Mass., Aug. 4.—Major William Hoffman, U.S.A., retired, shot and killed his wife with a revolver today and then turned the weapon on himself, dying instantly. The shooting took place in the Hoffman home in the Mattapan section of the city. Police officials were unable to determine the reason for the act. Major Hoffman, who was born in Maine 78 years ago, was a veteran of the civil war.

HOLLAND-AMERICAN LINE STEAMER HITS A MINE S.S. Noordam Strikes for Second Time Since War Was Declared. Amsterdam, Aug. 4.—The Holland-America Line steamship Noordam, homeward bound, ran upon a mine to the westward of the Island of Texel on Friday afternoon. There were no casualties. The ship is still afloat.

German Chancellor's Nephew Enlists in American Army Hartford, Conn., Aug. 3.—It was learned today that Carl P. Struth, who claims to be a nephew of the German chancellor, has enlisted in the United States army. Recently he applied for enlistment here but was not accepted. Thus a war department official it was learned he went from here to Washington where he was accepted as a recruit for the regular army.

Berlin Gives Report of Increased Actions Says Artillery Fire on Belgian Front Has Grown in Violence. Berlin, August 4, via London.—In the course of last night the artillery fire on the Belgian front increased to greater violence at intervals, says the official statement issued today by the German general staff, but no important attacks of today by the German general staff of great importance took place. In the Argonne German troops broke into the French positions southwest of Lezier, and returned with a great number of black French prisoners.

Give Graphic Account Of New Flanders Fight Terrifying and Grandiose Spectacle of Battle Now Raging Along Twenty-Five Mile Fan-Shaped Front Where Allies' Best Are Winning Fame.

New York, Aug. 4.—The Herald this morning publishes the following special cable from Paris, dated Friday: "The terrifying and grandiose spectacle of the battle of Flanders, now raging along a twenty-five mile fan-shaped front where the Allies' best soldiers of Britain and France are winning immortal fame and taking an awful toll of the flower of the Kaiser's army, is depicted in graphic detail in the Paris newspapers. The Petit Parisien's correspondent telegraphs: "The dawn of the second day of the battle unfolds a scene as follows: An immense plain, flat and unchanging, broken by the trees, with their broken branches in stagnant pools. A storm broke on our side, and thunder peals mingle with the cannon's voice. The heavens and the earth are lit up by lightning. On the horizon is a dense cloud of smoke. The rain envelops in a mysterious shadow those fighting there. "The men have been fighting like lions in a glowing furnace. We seem to hear their cries, their shrieks, even their heart beats. "From 6 o'clock in the morning to 4 in the afternoon the British troops thrice sprang forward, and now are solidly installed on the German line, excepting at certain points where the battle ebbed and flowed and where, perhaps, as I write, the Germans have been vanquished. "Had Difficult Task. "The task of the flanking army was more difficult than that of the center, whose successive hammer blows crushed all resistance and smashed everything. "At places the struggle was one of terrible grandeur. La Basseeville was taken, lost, then re-taken by the Germans. "Counter-attacking the Australians showed bravery, beyond description. After they attacked with grenades the bayonet clash became general and (Continued on Page 8, Column 4)

During the fighting on Thursday a third enemy machine was brought down. In addition to the two already reported, last night our forces renewed the bombardment of the arsenal and military works of Pola. Favored by a slight fog, which hindered the work of enemy searchlights, and the accuracy of anti-aircraft guns, our aviators dropped bombs on the objectives, causing great damage and big fires. The text of the Italian statement says: "During yesterday along the whole front there again were desultory artillery engagements and small skirmishes between the Italians. More important offensive actions were taken by the enemy on the night of Thursday and Friday to the east of Vertoba, and on Monte Rombon, respectively. These failed completely under our fire and spirited response of the troops who occupy these advanced positions. "During the fighting on Thursday a third enemy machine was brought down. In addition to the two already reported, last night our forces renewed the bombardment of the arsenal and military works of Pola. Favored by a slight fog, which hindered the work of enemy searchlights, and the accuracy of anti-aircraft guns, our aviators dropped bombs on the objectives, causing great damage and big fires. The text of the Italian statement says: "During yesterday along the whole front there again were desultory artillery engagements and small skirmishes between the Italians. More important offensive actions were taken by the enemy on the night of Thursday and Friday to the east of Vertoba, and on Monte Rombon, respectively. These failed completely under our fire and spirited response of the troops who occupy these advanced positions. "During the fighting on Thursday a third enemy machine was brought down. In addition to the two already reported, last night our forces renewed the bombardment of the arsenal and military works of Pola. Favored by a slight fog, which hindered the work of enemy searchlights, and the accuracy of anti-aircraft guns, our aviators dropped bombs on the objectives, causing great damage and big fires. The text of the Italian statement says: "During yesterday along the whole front there again were desultory artillery engagements and small skirmishes between the Italians. More important offensive actions were taken by the enemy on the night of Thursday and Friday to the east of Vertoba, and on Monte Rombon, respectively. These failed completely under our fire and spirited response of the troops who occupy these advanced positions."