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less. Special loads put up

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DEPEND NOTICE
THE REGULAR DIVIDEND
IN SECURITIES COMPANY
LIMITED.

Recently given that a dividend
on the consolidation stock
declared for the month ending
May 1st. Transfer books will
close May 1st to the 15th.
H. B. WILLS, Secretary.

Crushed by Elevator.
N. B., April 30.—(Special).
Alexander, 14 years old, em-
ployed the White Candy Company,
recently killed this afternoon by
a head crushed between the
first floor. Alexander started
out to get some candy out
on the floor and apparently
the elevator was ascending

Emilio-Foggett.
wedding took place at the
street, when Miss Goldie
the wife of Mr. Frank
the bride was attended in a
silk suit of grey, and was
her sister, Miss Emma, in
a gown was supported by
her. After a reception they
at 11 p.m. train for the East.

H wine is a pick-me-up
as you feel alive and all
like a glass three times a
all bars. For sale in
stores.

SACRIFICE SALE
Vicinity Spadina and Wilcocks, detached resi-
dences, woodwork and plumbing, good
furnace, owner leaving city.
H. B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
80 Victoria Street.

27TH YEAR

CITY CONTROL TO SOLVE MILK PROBLEM

Dr. Sheard Says Time is Coming When Authorities Must Take Charge.

Torontonians will have to suffer a curtailed milk supply apparently, until producers and retailers are brought together and the problem solved.

Yesterday 450 of the 500 milk producers in York and adjacent counties refused to send in supplies.

Consumers to-day will get a limited service, even from the big dairies. An average of about 50 per cent. of the usual supply of milk was available last night.

Toronto milkmen will hold a special meeting this afternoon. "I believe that the ultimate solution of the problem of the city's milk supply lies in municipal control, and that the time must come when Toronto must take it unto itself to deal with the question in this way. There has been so much trouble under the present system that the only way to guard against inconvenience seems to me to have the city engage in the handling of milk as a municipal undertaking."

Dr. Sheard said that the city's milk supply lies in municipal control, and that the time must come when Toronto must take it unto itself to deal with the question in this way. There has been so much trouble under the present system that the only way to guard against inconvenience seems to me to have the city engage in the handling of milk as a municipal undertaking."

Asked whether he would have the city control the source of production as well as the means of distribution, Dr. Sheard intimated that it would be an easy matter to undertake production, and that he believed the whole project could be conducted with satisfaction to the citizens.

"The fact that there is at present only one delivery of milk a day was referred to as a very unsatisfactory arrangement, inasmuch as a great quantity was of the milking of the preceding day, and in hot weather the milk so delivered was often sour."

Something Must Be Done. "Something will have to be done to regulate the milk supply in large municipalities," he declared. "My sympathies are largely with the dealers," he volunteered. "I think the farmers are simply demanding everything possible for their milk. They want to get every thing out of it."

Dr. Sheard admitted that he had not gone sufficiently into the issue to determine whether the \$1.50 per can demanded was an excessive figure or otherwise, but he took the ground that the retailer, in assuming all the trouble in the handling, deserved consideration, and that the profit now obtained were none too large, taking into account the difficulties of distribution, responsibility for the cans, etc.

As to the suggestion that the producers might invade local retail trade, Dr. Sheard said that the conditions under which milk could be sold in the city imposed a fee of one dollar only for a license, but required that the farmers should be able to produce in as far as from the west as Aurora and Richmond Hill on the north, and from near Lindsay on the south. In consideration of this extensive area, it would be impossible for the producers to personally market in Toronto what they had to sell.

Besides, Dr. Sheard pointed out the only inspection outside the city was carried on by Inspector Aude, and it would require some time for him to visit all the premises where a license to the condition in which he found them, a necessary preliminary to the granting of a license.

Unprofitable. "Dr. Sheard remarked that many of the producers only contributed a few cents a day, so that it was altogether out of the question that they could market the contents in the city at a profit. As to the suggestion that the farmers might take the milk to the streets and jointly ship, Dr. Sheard said that there would still be insurmountable barriers in the way. He questioned how the milk could be done, and how delivery was to be carried out. Milk should be in the household each morning before ten o'clock, and the farmers' lack of knowledge as to where to deliver, would be unable to meet the need.

"It is all moonshine," he summed up. "They couldn't deliver or make a profit in six months' time."
Dr. Sheard expressed regret that, thus far, it had not been possible to get legislation that would demand a certain standard of butter fat in milk. There should be at least 3 1/2 per cent. of this element, in his opinion. He referred to the preparations, such as amato, used to give color and thickness.

"Their use is not confined to the retailer," he asserted, adding that a penalty should be imposed for their use.

The Toronto World

12 PAGES—THURSDAY MORNING MAY 2 1907—12 PAGES On Trains Five Cents. ONE CENT

A Platform For Greater Toronto

- (1) Take into the city all the Township of York, south of St. Clair Avenue. This to include Toronto Junction, North Toronto, East Toronto.
- (2) Complete the national railway from Toronto to Hudson Bay at the earliest date.
- (3) Centre the administration of the railway transportation of Ontario in Toronto, not Montreal.
- (4) Public ownership applied to the distribution of electrical energy for Toronto and all Ontario.

[The World will be glad to receive suggestions as to other planks for the development of Toronto and the province.]

AN EXPERT COMMITTEE TO SOME DAY REVIEW TRADE OF THE EMPIRE

Premier Deakin's Prediction at Conference of Premiers in Discussion of Preference.

(Canadian Associated Press Cable.) LONDON, May 1.—The imperial conference to-day's proceedings are preceded by a note from the secretary of state for the colonies, announcing that at Premier Deakin's request a summary of the first portion of the premier's address, delivered Tuesday, is included (with some corrections). The comment is superfluous. It appears from a re-issued précis that Deakin opened the question from almost an entirely academic point of view. After a retrospect on the progress of the preference movement, which was commenced at the very first conference in 1887, by Hofmeyr, Cape Colony, he argued that, all trade being based on mutual profit, there should be trade in preference, and went on to show how for a long time the colonies had shown about equally high percentages of their imports during the last 50 years. The commonwealth premier, said the purchasing power of the British empire was an enormous asset, which could be used unutilized. He contended that if retaliation was in prospect, the powers discriminating against Britain and her colonies would be treated especially with those countries doing a large export trade with the empire. The commonwealth could not abolish its customs tariff, but discrimination was possible, and the advantage given to British goods would enable them to replace foreign goods, thus bringing about large additions to the trade between Britain and Australia.

COMMITTEE TO REVIEW TRADE.

It was to be anticipated that a day would soon arrive when there would be a committee of experts, whose duty it would be to review the trade of the empire as a whole, with a view of increasing the trade between the various constituent parts. Opinion in Australia was steadily moving towards the hope of an early grant of reciprocity by the other countries had never been strong enough to encourage them to elaborate a plan of mutual concessions. The revision of custom tariff by the new parliament would give an opportunity of reconsidering everything, including a provision limiting the preference to white-maned British ships. Premier Deakin concluded that there should be a preference in population as well as in trade, a preference also in the channels of trade, and that the maintenance of all these links between the different portions of the empire would stimulate and embody a sentiment of unity in the empire which would die of itself.

OUT OF POLITICS.

Sir Joseph Ward urged that the question should be taken out of the arena of party politics. Preference was not to be confused with protection, as competition between the colonies would suffice to keep prices at a normal level. Australia was the third best customer for products from the United Kingdom and a plan of mutual concessions. The revision of custom tariff by the new parliament would give an opportunity of reconsidering everything, including a provision limiting the preference to white-maned British ships. Premier Deakin concluded that there should be a preference in population as well as in trade, a preference also in the channels of trade, and that the maintenance of all these links between the different portions of the empire would stimulate and embody a sentiment of unity in the empire which would die of itself.

SIX REPORTED KILLED.

PAIKERSBURG, W. Va., May 1.—The fast five express on the Ohio River at this place, this afternoon, was wrecked near Ravenswood this afternoon. Six people are reported killed.

Horse Show Flowers. Flowers, as arranged by Dunlop's, watches for corsage wear or in the more elaborate bouquets are always distinguished by their simplicity in arrangement and the artistic effect they produce. 96 Yonge-street. Night and Sunday calls, Park 182.

CHANGES ARE MADE IN DIRECTORATE OF THE SOVEREIGN BANK

Aemilius Jarvis Becomes President—D. M. Stewart Retires From Board—Assistant General Manager to Be Appointed.

It was announced yesterday, after a meeting of the directors of the Sovereign Bank, that Randolph Macdonald had resigned the presidency of the bank and that Aemilius Jarvis had been elected to succeed him. Mr. Macdonald remains on the board as one of the directors. D. M. Stewart, general manager, resigned from the vice-presidency and directorate. J. H. Dunn of London, England, was elected on the directorate. It is understood that Mr. Jarvis will at once enter upon his new duties. Owing to the rapid growth of the bank it has been found that some addition to the head office staff has become necessary. Mr. Stewart's health having suffered from the pressure of the constantly increasing cares of his position. This will probably take the form of a joint general manager, for which position Mr. Jarvis already has in mind a well-known bank man. Mr. Jarvis was asked as to the truth of recent rumors regarding the amalgamation of the Sovereign Bank with other institutions. He stated that such a plan was contemplated, and added that the Sovereign Bank had a field of its own and that in his opinion it should be managed by conservative management would ensure to it a lasting position among Canadian financial institutions. Mr. Jarvis, the new president, has had long experience as a banker and is well known as a man of excellent business ability.

RESTRAINT OF THE PRESS IS NECESSARY TO PEACE

Newspapers Make Settlement of International Disputes Difficult, Says W. T. Stead.

"I am perfectly willing to admit that war will continue. I am certain that circumstances will continue to arise when men will think that their highest duty to God and man is to cut their brother's throat," said Wm. T. Stead before a large audience in Westminster Presbyterian Church, who listened with surprise to the sayings of the famous peace advocate.

"There were times when it was the duty of the nation to arm itself, and the supreme duty laid upon the heart of man, who usually it was the greatest crime of the nations. The great shame of the nations was that to-day no steps were being taken to discriminate between wars that were averted war and wars that were crimes."

His speech was an eloquent, earnest and witty plea for article 8 of the Hague convention, which requires the intervention of two friendly powers on behalf of the disputants for a period of 30 days, in an endeavor to avert war and secure a bloodless settlement. "We don't expect to abolish war, but we want to prevent unnecessary war," he said. "We want to give our brother a chance before we cut his throat."

The German Emperor was not a free-trader, he insisted. The only trouble with him was that he was half an Englishman—just English enough to be able to teach and promoting a peace budget to be in the ratio of 1 per cent. of the war budget, and to be utilized in teaching and promoting the interests of peace. The meeting was a large one, and Mr. Stead spoke for two hours, at the close inviting and answering questions.

NEW BANK COMING? MONTREAL, May 1.—(Special).—E. L. Thorne, general manager of the Union Bank of Halifax, reached here this evening. It is said the bank will invade the per province field at no distant date.



THE COUNTRY: Now, I wonder when that young man is going to tackle the other boot?

MONTREALERS MAY GET REDUCED PHONE RATES

Ald. Lapointe introduces Motion to City Council Which Calls for New Tariff of From \$25 to \$50 a Year.

MONTREAL, May 1.—(Special).—When the city council meets on Monday, Ald. Lapointe will make a motion that a special committee be appointed for the purpose of considering the application that has been made by the Bell Telephone Company for power to make a new list of tariffs, etc. A special commission from Ottawa will meet in this city on the 15th inst., to enquire into the whole matter. "I am making my motion in council," said Ald. Lapointe, "because citizens are not being charged far too high for their telephones. The rates must be drastically cut down." Continuing, Ald. Lapointe said, "The text of my motion will be as follows: 'Improvements Asked. 'Be it resolved: To embody in the present resolution the complaints and protest of the Montreal ratepayers and telephone subscribers, and to lay them before the honorable select committee as follows: (1) That the Bell Telephone Company of Canada has gradually increased the rates for telephone service in the City of Montreal, under the pretence of the introduction of improved apparatus or modifications in existing apparatus. (2) That more particularly the said company has unlawfully and by threats of discontinuing the service entirely, compelled a number of subscribers to adopt what is known as the 'slot machine system,' whereby a subscriber is compelled to pay annually for telephone service, and in addition thereto, the said company collects a fee for each use which is made of the telephone, by means of which the annual rental is made excessive and unjust. (3) That it is in the interest of the ratepayers and the public in general that the rates for telephone service in the said city be diminished and the injustice complained of by so many citizens be removed. (4) That the company's subscribers who make use of the telephone, either at their place of business or at their private residence, and who have not time to answer the call in cases of urgency, should not be obliged to pay an extra tax, thereby increasing the amount of their subscription in an arbitrary and vexatious way. (5) That this council respectfully suggests that the following tariff rate should be established for the use of telephones, private houses, not more than \$25 yearly; professional men, not more than \$50 yearly; business establishments, not more than \$50 yearly.'"

PASTOR SILCOX DECEIVED IN CHURCH MEMBERSHIP

Tells Congregation He is Not Leaving Wholly on Account of Salary Cut.

In an address to the congregation of Bond-street Congregational Church last night at meeting called to consider his resignation as pastor, the Rev. J. B. Silcox stated that he had been deceived when he came to Toronto as to the membership of the church, which was much less than he had been told. He refused to reconsider his resignation. He told the members that many of the leading down-town churches were going behind; that he tried to interest the people in the religion of Christ, and was not resigning wholly on account of the cut in salary.

Out of a membership of nearly 400 there were less than 50 present, and of those the majority were under the impression that Mr. Silcox was resigning because his salary had been decreased from \$2500 to \$2000. Mr. Silcox, however, made it plain that the question of salary was a minor consideration. His aim, he declared, had been to preach sermons, and to interest his congregation in the religion of Christ. He reminded the meeting that he had been brought from a prosperous church, but the question of salary had never appealed to him. He had gone several times before from churches where he had been receiving a large salary, but he had been content with something much more moderate; so that he could not be accused of resigning because of the reduction which the financial committee had seen fit to recommend.

At the same time, Mr. Silcox said, he did not think it right to reduce his salary. Down-town churches, he stated, could not be conducted with financial success in these days. He had been told by the pastor of a Methodist church in the central district that they were falling behind year after year. He knew that one of the most successful Presbyterian churches was now verging on bankruptcy, simply because it was situated in the central portion of the city. All these congregations, he declared, and Bond-street among them, would have to receive assistance from the central bodies.

Forced Out. When Mr. Silcox had finished speaking several of those present intimated that he was being forced out by the deacons and the financial committee, and a resolution was moved assisting him to reconsider his decision. He endeavored to convince his friends present that he was anxious to sever his connection with the church, but it was only when he declared that nothing would induce him to stay, that they finally agreed to confirm his resignation. The deacons and financial managers came in for a good deal of criticism, to all of which Secretary William McCartney, who presided at the meeting, had only to reply that it was a disgrace to the church that on such an important occasion there were only 40 members present out of a total of over 375.

Would You Like To Live Over The Hill? See our about choice lots for sale in New America. F. J. SMITH & CO. 81 Victoria St., Phone Main 1259.

LIEUT.-GOVERNOR OPENS SPRING HORSE SHOW

Gorgeous Decorations, Brilliant Assesblage, Superb Display of Horses.

You would not know St. Lawrence Market. They have taken the big desolate barn on East King-street and worked Aladdin magic upon it.

Last night they filled it up with lovely women and tidy men, and the sleek-coated, swift-limbed, beautiful delicate creatures that Neptune, god of the ocean, creates on the speed of the wind and the strength of the wave. All Toronto was there to see. Like-wise to be seen. The Canadian National Horse Show Association has so firmly engrafted on the affections of Toronto people that they would come anyway, but the attractions of the horse show this year are unusual.

"Never had a better opening," was Mayor Coatsworth's verdict. "Doesn't this beat trolley cars?" was asked of an ex-mayor. "Just for a little while," admitted the easy-humored R. Georgeous, But Cold.

It was May Day, but there was not the geniality about the weather which accompanies the May-pole tradition. Inside the big arena the atmosphere was not even tepid, but the decorations were gorgeous in color and every nation on earth appeared to have its flag hung in the array. The sun shone brightly in the afternoon, when three interesting classes were judged, but at night the illuminations surpassed previous effects and the whole scene presented a brilliant picture. The blue and gold of the association colors were plentifully distributed, but it was remarkable that had the hunting decorating the ring fence been yellow instead of dark blue the action of the horses could more easily have been observed. The costumes of the ladies were its usual very fashionable, but somewhat shadowed by the buttoning up necessary from the temperature.

His honor the lieutenant-governor formally opened the show in the evening. At 8.20 the first phrases of the national anthem from the band of the 48th Highlanders brought the military units to the salute, while his honor entered with Mrs. Clark, Miss Clark and Miss Elise Clark, who were presented with elaborate bouquets by W. Beardsmore, president, Stewart Houston, manager, W. J. Stark, treasurer, and other gentlemen conducted his honor to the grandstand, where Mr. Houston read the address from the association.

His honor congratulated the association on getting a permanent and suitable home and on the way in which the arena had been decorated for the occasion. Merit-Permanent Quarters. The association merited good quarters for they represented what was not only an institution in the city, but recognized as such in the province and Dominion. He noted that they had taken a new departure in associating other similar interests with them in becoming incorporated. His honor hoped that in becoming an incorporated body they would not insist on the stock being put up to auction. (Laughter.) He spoke of the great benefits which had accrued to the city and province by the improvement of the breed and raising of horses by the efforts of the association and bespoke for the directors the genuine and cordial sympathy and assistance of the people to be manifested by their attendance.

Distinguished Spectators. The show being opened, visitors began to move about. E. Bristol, M.P., was with Mr. Beardsmore on the ring committee for the evening. Opposite his honor, on the east side, Premier Whitney and a family party occupied a box. Senators Jones and Kerr were near him in boxes on either hand. Justice Riddell had a box on this side also; Col. Robertson was near and the deputy minister of agriculture, C. C. James. Hon. Nelson Monieff was not in town, but will be present to-day. Controller Hocken was in the controllers' box. Hon. Dr. Reame was on the west side and the prominent families of the province were well represented. The attendances was in the neighborhood of 3000. Sweet charity was remembered in the operation of a dainty tea room in charge of Mrs. Stewart Houston, and a flower stall, conducted

Continued on Page 7.

SENATOR ROSS TO WED. Marriage to Miss Mildred Peel to Take Place on May 8.

The complete arrangements have not been made, it is said May 8 has been named as the day of the marriage of Hon. Senator George W. Ross to Miss Mildred Peel, sculptress of London, at present residing in Toronto. The bride-elect is a sister of Paul Peel, the artist, and a daughter of John R. Peel, marble cutter of London. A daughter of the senator will be married on May 7.

BRICKLAYERS WILL QUIT. LONDON, May 1.—(Special).—Bricklayers are meeting to-night and will probably decide on a strike. They want 45 cents an hour. The plumbers are also likely to quit work.

NO. 11. Not Good After 12 o'Clock Noon May 13, 1907
Trip to London Ballot
THIS BALLOT GOOD FOR ONE VOTE
For _____
District No. _____ Address _____
County _____ City _____
When fully filled out and received at the World Office by mail or otherwise on or before expiration of date shown above. Not good after that date. Void if name voted for has not been properly nominated. No ballot will be altered in any way, or transferred, after being received by the World.