- Countervailing Duty Determination on Imported Steel Rails:
 Established in September 1989, the panel review resulted in the Department of Commerce recalculating its countervailing duty, lowering it from 112.34 percent to 94.57 percent.
- Anti-Dumping Duty Determination on Imported Steel Rails:
 Established in September '1989, the panel upheld the Department of Commerce's use of "best information available" in calculating its dumping margin.
- Injury Determination in Countervailing Duty Cases on Imported Steel Rails: Established in October 1989, the panel consolidated this request with the following panel review.
- Injury Determination in Anti-Dumping Case on Imported Steel Rails:
 Established in October 1989, the panel upheld the U.S. International Trade Commission's finding of injury against the Canadian producer.
- Injury Determination of Fresh, Chilled and Frozen Pork:
 Established in October 1989, the panel review resulted in the International Trade Commission issuing a negative injury finding, terminating a duty imposed on Canadian pork. This panel decision was appealed by the United States to an Extraordinary Challenge Committee, which subsequently refused the appeal.
- Anti-Dumping Determination on Imported Parts for Paving Equipment:
 Established in June 1990, the panel review resulted in the Department of Commerce recalculating its dumping margin three times before being affirmed by the panel at a rate of 17.97. The original rate was 9.47 percent.
- Scope Determination on Imported Oil Country Tubular Goods: Established in November 1990, the panel review was terminated by joint consent of all parties.
- Anti-Dumping Determination and Cancellation of Suspension Agreement on Imported Sheet Piling:
 Established in December 1990, the panel review was terminated by joint consent of all parties.
- Scope Exclusion Determination on Imported Oil Country Tubular Goods: Established in May 1991, the panel review was terminated by joint consent of all parties after the Department of Commerce issued a decision excluding the goods from the anti-dumping order.