

A SOLDIER OF FORTUNE

Continued from first page.

now for words. She turned her head away to hide her tears; they were coming fast and rested on her crimson cheeks, like dew drops on bright roses. But in that downcast face, the young marquis perhaps read the answer he so ardently desired, for he took the little hand in his; he pressed it to his lips with joy and gratitude. He told Annette how Charles had known the secret of his love and how he had smiled and said he would be glad to call him brother.

Who does not know that age has many gifts and privileges, and that the power of reading youthful hearts is sometimes among their number?

It is possible, therefore, that Madame de Vinieres had seen more clearly into her grandchild's soul than Annette did herself. It is possible she and Monsieur de Claironville had talked the matter over more than once, and had agreed much fortune was not necessary to contentment and true bliss; a noble heart and generous nature were gems of priceless worth, and more likely that sought else to win their little Annette's love, and to make her a happy wife.

The golden light had vanished; the sun had long sunk behind the hills when Henri and Annette re-entered the chateau.

Madame de Vinieres was as usual in her great arm chair. Her knitting lay unheeded in her lap, and signs of tears were on her gentle face. In an instant, the young girl was at her side, and, throwing her arms lovingly around her neck she kissed her tenderly.

'Bless you, my sweet one,' said the grandmother, pressing the girl to her heart and taking Henri's hand; 'God bless you both, my much-loved children, and grant you every happiness!'

CHAPTER VI.

A few weeks later there was great rejoicings among the inhabitants of Ande.

One glorious morning in July, the village church was decked with flowers, children dressed in white carried baskets filled with choicest blossoms, and men and women were all in holiday attire.

Presently, from the chateau, came the Comte de Claironville, and by his side, white as a little snowdrop, and wreathed in orange blossoms, was a fair young bride. He led her down the broad avenue of old, wide spreading trees. Sunbeams danced among their branches, and gaily checkered the soft, green grass on which she trod. Birds were singing loud and merrily, as they, too, would add to the brightness of that happy day.

Following the gray-haired father and his little daughter came Madame de Linieres leaning on Henri's arm. The young marquis was in military dress and looking on his handsome, manly face, even the jealous villagers were forced to own he was a meet husband for their dear Mademoiselle Annette.

Many fervent prayers were said, many blessings from on high were invoked on the youthful couple as side by side they knelt within the altar rails. And they were married in the name of God and Holy Church; united for life through health and sickness, through joy and sorrow, until death should part.

Once more happiness reigned supreme in the old Chateau d'Ande, and in time children's merry voices again re-echoed through its walls. Monsieur de Claironville dearly loved the boy who bore his own son's name, and the little Marguerite, whose sweet face reminded him of his Annette's when in long years gone by she had climbed upon his knee, as her little one now did.

Madame de Vinieres and old Marianne spent their days in piety and in the care of their new 'treasures,' and peace and grateful tenderness attended their old age.

Thus let us leave them. Death and sorrow will sure to come in time, but those whose histories we find traced thus far knew how to bear the cross, and how, by lifting it on high, to make it bud forth bright blossoms for eternity.

Ask not where all these are flown. Ask now why the old chateau now stands closed and deserted.

While earth's loveliest lights shine on the happy picture, let us cease to gaze that in our memories it may thus live, ever bright and fair.

The Rev. Father Picard, a priest connected with Montreal Seminary, died on Saturday evening at the age of 69 years. He was distinguished for his benevolence, being known throughout his career in the city of 46 years as 'the father of the poor.' His principal aim was to associate the poor themselves in his work, and he instituted a girls' society, called 'Les petites servantes des pauvres,' composed almost exclusively of domestic servants. For them he provided a hall where during their leisure hours they meet and mend and make over whatever cast-off clothing and effects are given by the wealthier class and then distribute them. For years past reports have been read in the papers of the annual fete given to the poor of the city by Abbe Picard and these young girls at Christmas time, and of the extraordinary distribution of warm clothing made by them on this occasion. The Abbe also founded a refuge for servants out of situations, and thus kept many away from the paths of vice. Deceased was born at Cotes des Neiges, close to the city. After being educated at Montreal College, and becoming a priest in 1840, he passed one year in Paris, and then came back to Montreal, where he remained until his death.

THE CROFTERS IN THE WEST

To the Editor of the Northwest Review.

Sir.—Presuming it not amiss to give to the readers of the Review a brief account of a Colony that is but yet in its infancy in this new land. I have purposed, at the request of an esteemed friend, to communicate the following—Away in the West, over two hundred miles from Winnipeg there resides a people commonly known as Scotch Crofters who emigrated from the Isle of Uist Scotland, in the Spring of 84, as many of your readers are already aware, to seek homes in this far famed Territory whither they had been directed. They settled on homesteads bordering on the C.P.R. line and centering on Wapella Station N. W. T. shortly after their arrival in the country, and have since betaken themselves to husbandry in down right earnest. At the very outset of their career they became favorably impressed with the country, and meant to give it a fair trial. In the spring of 85 they made their first planting, some families sowing as many as sixty bushels of wheat besides a fair share of other cereals. As upon this depended their all, they anxiously watched its progress and in due time found that they had not been mistaken in their estimation of the lands fertility as every thing looked grand. However, before their harvest had been secured, frost overtook them and considerably marred the prospects of the immense yield on which they had reckoned. Being assured that frost at so early a date was of rare occurrence they began to prepare on a more extensive scale for the next planting, not having been in the least daunted by the reverses encountered. The quantity of wheat sown by them last spring ranges from forty to two hundred bushels per family. While the growth can hardly be compared with that of last year on account of the unusual dryness of the season, yet the harvest which is now well nigh secured will be a good average. They seem even yet to take unmeasured delight in relating the condition of the crops last year before the event of the frost instancing that a person of medium height might roam for a day through them without being scarcely perceived. Such a harvest, hail and Jack frost keeping their distance would make them said independent men of them. The speak in the highest terms of the climate and say that the winter season had been represented to them before emigrating to be a great deal colder than it really is. They are convinced that the soil is the most generous under the sun and appear to regret not having taken advantage of it earlier. The Prairie grass they affirm to be the most nutritious as their stock thrive on it alone both winter and summer. In regard to their friends at home they have done their utmost to induce them to share their fate but thus far without avail. This colony is divided into three distinct groups, that of Red Jacket Burrows or Boisdales as the people themselves prefer to call it having come from a parish bearing the name and Benhicia. At the request of the Rev Father McCarthy their attending missionary the people of the later district undertook to build a school house last winter which they completed early in May. Mr. David Gillies, who together with Mr. D. Cameron, Professor in St. Boniface college, printed in gaelic catechism for their special use, volunteered to serve for a time as teacher being thoroughly conversant with their language. This would be the place to say a word of the zeal and devotedness of this gentleman who has spared himself in no way that he could render service to those poor people, strangers in a strange land where they seldom have occasion to meet with any one who can speak the only tongue they know. School was opened on the 8th May and has since continued in active operation. The number of pupils enrolled is thirty and the average pretty near the same showing how thoroughly the parents appreciate this great boon.

This building also serves as mission house. Here the people assemble on Sundays to offer up their customary prayers and bring their children to be instructed in their christian doctrine. They come a distance of between nine and ten miles and think nothing of it. It would be amusing to a stranger to witness the general confab that takes place where all meet here together. They seem to imagine themselves over the seas amid the blooming heather and relate occurrences of by gone days as if but of yesterday. Having retained unimpaired their primitive faith and language they glory in the opportunities which they find there of practicing both. Rev G. McCarthy O. M. I. with the zeal of a true apostle contribute to their spiritual wants. This indefatigable missionary is found in their midst at least once every six weeks, and his advent is looked forward to with joy; for the colony is fervently Catholic, in proof of which I may add that, on the occasion of this last visit there were at least one hundred communicants which considering the total number of the community (200) speaks for their fidelity to their faith. He also on this occasion married a couple Mr. McCormick and Miss McDonald. They speak in the highest of Rev Father McCarthy who not only looks to their spiritual necessities but in as much as he can, advances their temporal concerns. This notice would be incomplete were I not to mention W. B. Scarth who since the colony first came to the country has been to them a noble friend and always anxious to procure for them such comforts as their state demands. Words cannot express the gratitude they feel towards this gentleman for his disinterested devotedness to their interests.

Thanking you Mr. Editor for the space you so kindly allow me in your valuable journal,—I remain faithfully yours.

Caledonia

CONDENSED NEWS.

CABLE.

The Marquis Tseng, held a conference recently with Prince Bismark concerning the appointment of a nuncio to China.

Mgr Vanutelli the Papal nuncio at Lisbon, has arrived in Rome. He will go on a special mission from the Vatican to the French government.

The decree of divorce obtained nisi by Mr. Donald Crawford on February 12, against his wife because of her relations with Sir Charles Dilke was yesterday declared absolute.

M. de Lesseps has issued a new circular addressed to the share holders in the Panama Canal. He states that over one hundred thousand shareholders have subscribed for 458,892 shares in the new loan.

The Berlin Tagblatt says that Sir Will, iam A. White, the British minister to Roumania, has left Bucharest for Gas, tein, and states that the inference is that he has been entrusted by the Marquis of Salisbury to meet Prince Bismark, who is at Gastein.

The Earl of Dunraven has entered actively upon the duties of the Colonial department, and this morning received there the Agentsgeneral of all the colonies, who are now in London. He takes especial interest in the Canadian affairs. His advice has already been asked for in regard to the Canadian side of the fisheries question.

The official returns to the British Emigration office for the month of July shows the total Emigration to the United States to have been 13,891 persons, of whom 8845 were English 1594 Scotch and 3852 Irish. During the same month 3379 emigrated to Canada, of which number England contributed 2727, Scotland 321 and Ireland 331.

The state of affairs in Burmah is, and has ever been since the British occupation, one of political discord and social confusion. In consequence, the British Government in India has decided to entrust the supreme command in Burmah to Major General Sir Herbert Macpherson. Five thousand troops will be sent in to the country as soon as the cold season commences to scour it and drive out or subdue the insurgents, and 1,000 additional police will be sent from India to maintain order.

AMERICAN.

The principal business block of Phoenix Ariz, was burned yesterday morning. Loss \$100,000.

Advices from Porto Plata, Santo Domingo, states that there has been a revolt in the interior of the republic.

Six new cases of typhoid fever and two deaths were reported in South Pittsburg, Pa, yesterday. Five new cases, were reported at West Elizabeth Thurs, day. Epidemic seems to be abating.

The President, Secretary Endicott and Col. Lamont left Washington last night for New York to attend the funeral of Mr. Tilden. The embalming of Mr. Tilden's body was quite successful. The face looks natural and peaceful.

The steamer 'Werra,' from Bremen and Southampton, for New York, is five days overdue. The steamer 'State of Alabama' reports that on August 4th she spoke the steamer 'Werra' with her shaft broken and in tow of a Monarch line steamer making for Boston Harbor.

Commissioner Colman of the United States department of Agriculture has prepared a circular containing the rules and regulations for cooperation between the United States Department of Agriculture and the authorities of the several States and Territories for the suppression and extirpation of contagious pleuro, pneumonia of cattle.

The New York Tribune publishes a despatch from its Washington correspondent giving the text of a new extradition treaty between Japan and the United States, signed by Inouye Kaoru for the former and by Richard B. Hubbard for the latter. The treaty is most comprehensive and includes most of the crimes mentioned in treaties with European countries.

CANADIAN.

A. N. Ogilvie's residence at Brantford Ont., was destroyed and adjoining buildings were damaged by fire yesterday; loss nearly \$3000; insurance about \$2000.

Cardinal Taschereau will leave Quebec for Riviere a Pierre today where he will officiate at a special service. Great preparations are being made along the line of the Quebec and Lake St. John railroad.

Hon. Mr. Lariviere, Minister of Agric, ulture for Manitoba, while in Ottawa had an interview with Hon Mr. Foster Minister of Fisheries, respecting increased protection desired for Manitoba Fish, eries.

The returns of exports and imports for July for Toronto shows a considerable increase over the corresponding month last year. The total exports were \$199,245, against \$108,528 for July last year; and the total imports were \$1,667, 102 against \$1,445,737.

HOTEL DU CANADA.

Lombard Street, near Main.

ONLY FRENCH-CANADIAN HOTEL IN WINNIPEG.

EVERYTHING STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS. Private Rooms in connection with the Bar and Billiard Saloon.

EXCELLENT YARD AND STABLES.

Wines, Liquors and Cigars

E. LAPORTE, PROP.

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Still takes the cake for the cleanest yard in the city.

EXTENSION OF VISIT!

British American Surgeons

—FROM—

DR. J. D. KERGAN'S MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE Of Detroit, Michigan,

Have decided to extend their Visit at the Grand Union Hotel, Winnipeg, until Monday Evening, August 23rd, Positively no Longer.



FREE CONSULTATION!

The Surgeons treat all Private and Chronic Diseases and Deformities of men, women and children. All who desire to consult them are requested to call as early as possible during the above date and avoid the inconvenience of the rush which is sure to follow the last few days. The following are a few of the diseases which they treat:—

CATARH is an inflammation of the inner skin or mucous membrane which lines and covers the internal organs or cavities of the body, as the external skin does the outer portion. The term, however, is usually restricted to inflammation of the mucous membrane of the head and throat. Its great predisposing cause is a catarrhal diathesis which under favorable conditions, develops one or more of the different classes into which this disease is divided.

NASAL Catarrh or Coryza is caused by and derives its common name from the nasal cavity, causing redness and swelling, and usually characterized by an abundant secretion at first watery but afterwards of salty mucous matter. Coryza generally commences by a tired and chilly feeling, a sensation of weight and pressure in the head, and as of a board bound tightly to the forehead. The congestion of the mucous membrane is at first attended with a itching and dryness of the nose and a frequent disposition to sneeze. Then comes the discharge, which is the effort of nature to rid herself of the disease. In those of catarrhal diathesis, however, repeated attacks of Coryza may induce Chronic Forms, in one of which the mucous membrane becomes ulcerated, secreting a poisonous virus which carries the germs of the disease to every part of the internal passages which is exposed to its deadly influence.

CURE We positively cure the most obstinate forms of female weakness, among which displacements may be considered the worst. We do so by restoring constitutional health, and by the use of REMEDIES OF OUR OWN DISCOVERY which we have found to exert a wonderful curative influence over the reproductive organs. No lady should suffer from such complaints, when health and strength are within her reach.

Brain, Eye, Ear, Throat & Lungs, Nervous system, Skin Disease, Scrofula, Ulcers, Constipation, and Piles, Deafness, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Cancer, St. Vitus Dance, Rheumatism, Liver, Kidneys, Stomach, and Bowels, Reproductive Organs or any disease peculiar to your age or sex.

If you are suffering from any of the above diseases do not fail to consult the surgeons free during their stay in the city as they will remain no longer than the 23rd August.

Headquarters, Detroit, Mich., or during the above date Grand Union Hotel.

REDWOOD BREWERY

FINE STOCK ALES. EXTRA PORTER

—AND—

PREMIUM LAGER BEER!

IN WOOD OR BOTTLED

THE 'PILSNER' BRAND LAGER IS EQUAL TO ANY ON THE MARKET.

The Redwood Brewery is one of the largest and most complete institutions of the kind in western Canada. Over fifty thousand dollars already expended in building and further extensive improvements to be made this season.

All products of this well-known establishment are Guaranteed to be of High Standard Quality, being manufactured from the choicest Malt and Hops obtainable. Are carrying a much larger stock than ever.

EDWARD L. DREWRY

NORTH MAIN STREET, WINNIPEG, MAN.

Street cars pass the Brewery every few minutes.

MOORE'S CHINA HALL!

—AND—

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The Central Depot for Pratt's Celebrated Astral Oil

Delivered Free to Any Part of the City

AROR LAMPS NEW ELECTRIC LAMPS

THE LARGEST STOCK OF PLATED WARE IN THE CITY

Suitable for Wedding Presents

Rodger's Guaranteed Quality Knives, Forks, Spoons

House and Bar Glassware a Specialty

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