The Toronto World.

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A School Question in the States.

There is a serious split between the Roman Catholics of the United States. The Holy Father recently sent over an ablegate, Mgr. Satolli, armed with the highest and widest powers to settle all differences, and especially the one in regard to the school question. The ablegate, after a conference with the prelates, declared that Catholics were free to send their children to the public schools where parochial schools were not in existence. In its broadest interpretation the Satolli decision was to the effect that Catholics were free to accept the public school system of the United States, trusting to after-hour exercises and church teaching by the clergy and home training for the religious education of their children.

Archbishop Ireland of Minneapolis is the leader of the bishops and party who favor the public school system; Archbishop Corrigan of New York takes the opposite view and champions parochial (or church or separate) schools at any price. The victory of Dr. Ireland over Dr. Corrigan is a pronounced one.

But the trouble has not ended. It is now said that Archbishop Ireland has sent to Rome charges against Archbishop Corrigan of being at the head of a conspiracy organized to discredit the Pope, his ablegate and Archbishop Ireland. These charges have produced a decided sensation in the great Catholic centres, and are attracting widespread attention in the press. Just how much truth there is in the charges has not yet been elicited, but substantially they represent the opinion one side has of the other and indicate wide diversion. The New York Herald, which is well informed as to Catholic affairs, says:

A despatch from Rome gives an insight into the policy of the Vatican in regard to the controversy now going on among our Roman Catholic fellow-citizens over Mgr. Satolli's mission to this country. No matter what the measure of his success may be Rome will sustain the ablegate in his scholastic measure. We are told that the Pope is desirous of respecting American institutions. We have no more sacred institution than our public school system. It is believed that the Pope will have no difficulty in bringing the archbishops and bishops of this country to accept his wise and liberal views on the school question.

But from our reading of the counter statements and the amount of feeling called into play over the dispute, it will take a great deal of tact and conciliation to smooth out the difficulty. In fact the United States is just now the scene of an agitation over the school question that makes the agitation in Canada dwarf into insignificance. It is true that in the States the dispute for the present is between Catholics, but if the Corrigan party succeeded it would soon be extended to a struggle between Catholics and Protestants. With The Herald, we trust, however, that the wise policy of His Holiness in regard to the question will be accepted by all classes.

Puff Ball Shots at the Tariff.

After skirmishing around the tariff for months to discover some vulnerable points for attack, The Winnipeg Tribune has opened fire. Those who hold the fort of protection will be thrown, we admit, somewhat disconcerted by the direction of this assault. Instead of throwing its bullets and shells into the camp of protection, the ammunition has been expended in damaging that part of the tariff which has a free trade aspect.

Seven classes of articles are enumerated for objection because they are admitted free of duty. These are foreign mosses, buckram for hats and bonnets, meerschaum, diamonds, palms, orchids and azaleas. How distress is caused to farmers anywhere by allowing these goods to enter free is not explained. Nor is it stated on what grounds those who are clamoring for free trade can consistently object to *any* article being on the free list.

Besides the above articles it is complained that "fine playing cards" and "cocoa paste and chocolate" are allowed to enter at too low a duty. In regard to mosses, those not dutiable are the raw material for mattresses, so that the tariff in this instance relieves one of the prime necessaries of life for all classes from duty, and gives encouragement to an industry which has reached large proportions in Canada. The same remark applies also to "buckram for hats and bonnets," which is free of duty because it is a raw material for another article now made largely in this country, which is cheapened by this provision of the tariff. As to meerschaum, the only form in which this is entered free is when in a crude or raw state. What the grievance of this is we are not informed. This article affords indeed an instance of the futility of seeking to build up some classes of manufactures by allowing raw materials to enter free; how that helps the argument against the tariff is a mystery. As pipes made of meerschaum are subject to a duty of 35 per cent., and yet their manufacture here has not been promoted by the raw material being free it looks as though the present duty on this class of pipes needed raising.

The admission of diamonds free is only when they are not in a manufactured form. This is done to encourage the jewelry makers by helping them to compete with foreign makers. As the total value of the unset stones imported in 1891 was less than the duty collected on finished jewels last year, there seems to be another instance of free imports failing to develop manufactures. But we doubt whether diamond makers care a nickel about diamonds, for they have no grievance in their being admitted free when unset, as the article is alleged.

Of articles complained of as being such as palms, orchids and azaleas, the total value of these goods last year was $27,000. These are largely used by florists, and those manufactories. Whether it would be able to the country to drive a good taste, or to burden the people, it would yield a subject for debateable; but, in the development of both industry and labor, and so on in a city, we do not think, as believed by tropi-

playing cards and chocolate, of 6 cents on and 40 per cent. The official return for 1891 gives the total value of these goods as $16,826, upon which a duty was levied of $9238, which is over 54 per cent. Had this heavy duty been protested against we could have understood this. But to state the import duty on playing cards as only 3 per cent., and then on this supposed nominal duty to base a charge against the tariff is inexplicable, and affords a striking illustration of the imaginative character of the charges being made against the tariff.

Another statement is that children's carriages whose import value is $2 are charged 70 cents. The average import value of these goods is about $8. The $2 child's carriage is, we believe, too much of a curiosity to be worth attention, at any rate we are unable to see any oppressive grievance to farmers in a baby carriage costing $2.70, duty included.

Instead of giving us a clear statement of the sums paid in duties by farmers, we are furnished with a list of about a dozen articles, which are admitted free, or at a nominal duty. We have asked for a statement of grievances, and in reply we get a schedule of articles which, being non-dutiable, either lessen the cost of necessaries or of raw materials which are helpful in finding employment to the people.

Mr. Laurier at Hamilton.

Hon. Wilfrid Laurier's address to the Young Liberals of Hamilton last evening was remarkable, principally for what it did not contain. The eloquent leader of the Opposition's remarks respecting unrestricted reciprocity show that his party still puts its faith to the fad, which recalls the Irishman's remark that "the animal is dead, but the creature is not sensible of it."

He promised to assist in lopping the mouldering branches away and announced that the iron duties would be the first attacked at the approaching session of the House.

Eccentricities of the Weather.

Last night's despatches report excessively cold weather in the centre of Canada and mild weather with rain in the eastern provinces and from Medicine Hat to the Rockies. The change may be a surprise to the people of Quebec, but to those living within a day's railway journey of the Rockies no surprise comes with an immediate change from sharp frost to the balmiest of weather, for a chinook wind is always a possibility. This warm wind travels from the Pacific Ocean through the mountain passes, and will clean the snows off the plains like magic and make the high hilltops steam until they resemble volcanoes in a smouldering condition. Just now the chinook wind has saved the lives of many bands of cattle in the foothills of the Rockies and in the river-bottoms farther eastward. The long spell of cold weather and snowfall made the cattlemen seriously alarmed.

The Citizens' Industrial Association.

The organization which has been formed to promote the advancement of this city has commenced work. Committees have been appointed charged with special duties. The general direction in which the energies of the association are being projected is the gathering of such information as will give to those we wish to attract a thorough knowledge of the adaptability of this city to business enterprises and its charms as a place of residence.

We would suggest to the Executive that it would do well to pay prompt attention to the extension of membership, so as to develop larger interest in its proceedings, and to secure the necessary funds for its operations. The movement so well designed as to its intentions will collapse unless measures are taken to include a large body of supporters, and to secure adequate funds.

The need of the latter will quickly appear, and unless resources are on hand for current expenses the energies of the Executive will be wasted in collecting temporary relief by donations from the more earnest members. This will only tide over the association for a short time, and if this policy is repeated there will be withdrawals and the present enthusiasm will evaporate.

If this body is to do efficiently what it proposes a large sum will be needed. An office will be required and a paid secretary for some months. The literature necessary for making the attractions of this city known to investors, manufacturers and tourists can hardly be secured without payment to the compiler, and its printing and distribution will involve some thousands of dollars.

The desirability of this city having a stand at the World's Fair is worth considering. This, however, would cost money.

We submit, then, that the most urgent duty of the association at this early stage is to prepare for long and earnest work, and for presenting the claims of Toronto before outsiders. This policy cannot be carried out until there is a clear assurance of there being funds to meet necessary expenditures. Let that point be settled at once.

The Waterworks.

The City Council ought to deal promptly with the waterworks problem, but in order that they should do so they ought to be possessed of, first, all the defects of the present system, and next they ought to know what are the best ways of improving it. Until they are put in possession of this information they cannot deal intelligently with the question. Perhaps the quickest way to arrive at the facts would be to turn the whole business over to a first-class hydraulic engineer, and have him report upon it, and then lay out a policy.

Where We Get Our Milk.

The Medical Health Officer estimates the milk supply of the city at 10,000 gallons daily. About 337 cans are received at the Union Station, 26 at North Toronto, 20 at Parkdale and 752 are brought in by farm wagons.

From the Red Sea Shores.

Red Sea Moss, known to natives of Palestine for centuries, an absolute cure for Asthma, Bronchitis Consumption; influenza, cold, ringing noises in head falling eyesight, all diseases of head, eyes, throat chest, lungs. A. Hutton Dixon, 41 East Bloor-street Toronto, sole agent for America. Free by mail $1 Trial packages 25c. 135

The New Court House Swells the Amount.

Last year Ex-City Commissioner Coatsworth granted 796 building permits, representing $3,921,755 worth of property. The new Court House, valued at $1,200,000, is included.

Mr. Thomas Bell of Messrs. Scott, Bell & Co., proprietors of the Wingham Furniture Factory, writes: "For over one year I was not free one day from headache. I tried every medicine I thought would give me relief, but did not derive any benefit. I then procured a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, and began taking it according to directions, when I soon found the headache leaving me, and I am now completely cured."

LICENSES FOR MILK DEALERS'.

New Action of the Board of Health Discussed—The Jail Report.

The Markets and Licenses Committee held its last meeting yesterday. All the members were present except Ald. Stewart, who is ill.

There was a long discussion over the action of the Board of Health in taking upon themselves the granting of permits to milk dealers and charging a dollar each therefor. The City Solicitor had written a letter to Dr. Allen declaring that the Board had exceeded its powers in so doing, and Inspector Awde gave the same opinion. The Board of Health has addressed long letters to all the 470 milk dealers in the city giving minute details of their duties and privileges and mentioning $1 as the fee for a permit. One milk dealer applied to the Licenses Committee for a refund of his dollar because he had been compelled to pay $1 to the Board of Health, and another refused to take out a license for the same reason. Eighteen dealers took out Board of Health permits yesterday. Dr. Allen will be interviewed by the committee.

A Year at the Jail.

Governor Green's report was read. There had been a total of 2966 committals, of which 813 were the results of indictable offences. There were 249 less committals than the preceding year and 1000 less than in 1888. The offenders had been employed in improving Riverside Park, and the Governor gives this as the cause of the decrease.

Then Ald. Bailey took the chair and a formal vote of thanks was given to Ald. Verral for his services as chairman of the committee. In his reply Ald. Verral referred to his narrow escape from defeat, and then the voice of the old alderman quivered with emotion as he said: "I can't believe that the people of Ward No. 4 have lost faith in me. I want to thank the 1600 men who voted for me for the support they gave me." Then all the members of the committee, except Ald. Foster, joined in declaring that the people of Ward No. 2 had made a mistake in not returning Ald. Foster. As for that gentleman he felt that the people ought to know their own business and was content to abide by their decision.

Smelting Works in Toronto.

Editor World: Mr. Wright in his letter this morning does me an injustice. There is nothing in my letter to the Mayor to warrant the assumption he makes. I simply wrote as a citizen urging the necessity of establishing smelting works in Toronto, and gave figures to show there is money in such a business here. I merely quoted figures from an American firm for building blast furnaces here, not for operating them. I did not even suggest that they be accepted. They were given to show the cost of smelting works. I must, however, candidly confess that, whilst I would prefer a local company to establish smelting works, it is a matter of comparative indifference to me who establishes them or who gets any bonus that may be going: the main point is to get them here, for I firmly believe that the next era of Toronto's prosperity will date from the inception of these furnaces and from the establishment of kindred industries. Any citizen who has an interest in the prosperity of the town will fail in his duty if he does not do his best to make Toronto a great manufacturing town. In that direction only does her future greatness lie. To this end we ought, therefore, to welcome every one who proposes to start factories or manufactures without at all scrutinizing them to see whether they were supported by capital from the States or Timbuctoo or anywhere else.

Jan. 10, 1893. JOS. L. THOMPSON.

A Water Supply.

Editor World: Mr. Henry A. Gray, M.R.C.E., in a letter on Toronto waterworks advocates boring for water to supply the city. This plan might be a success. Would it not be better to utilize 15 or 20 flowing springs in the township of Vaughan at a height of 300 or 400 feet above the city? These springs form the head waters of the Don River and flow through a natural reservoir at a distance of 11 miles from the city limits at a height of 35 feet above the present reservoir. This city have already spent about $5000 on the survey of this same plan. The Don River has three main branches south of Richmond Hill. The east branch can be turned into the centre branch by a cut across Yonge-street 7 feet deep and a distance of about 80 rods.

These streams together have a flow of about 10,000,000 gallons daily in the dryest season of the year, and can be doubled by going to the Oakridges Lake. Only 11 miles of pipe would be needed to convey these springs into the Toronto reservoir.

The water is here ready as soon as you can bring the pipes to receive it, and better water than the city of Toronto ever had.

JOHN LANGSTAFF.

P.S.—When the pipe is once laid the only expense is a caretaker at the reservoir.

Thornhill, Jan. 10.

Scarboro Heights the Point.

Editor World: In view of the present aspect of things pertaining to the water supply of the city of Toronto, perhaps any pertinent information might be termed acceptable if given free of charge.

A suggestion has been made through your columns, I understand, to build a reservoir eastward of the city and draw the water from this portion of the lake where the conduit pipe would not even be exposed to the various ingredients that enter into the composition of bay water.

The Heights of Scarboro are no doubt admirably adapted to such a scheme, and along with this natural advantage it seems appropriate to mention the existence of a natural artesian spring opposite these heights, emerging from the bottom of the lake within a few yards from the shore.

On a calm day an observer can see a cluster of springs boiling up above the surface against the weight of several feet of water; I have actually seen a stream issue some inches above the surface.

Should this place be enclosed and a well sunk there is a possibility of securing a splendid supply of the purest water, brought hither by a tunnel that no man needs to dig. ALBERT J. CHESTER.

Our Waterworks System.

Editor World: I, as one of the citizens of Toronto reading the daily papers, am greatly surprised, as many others are, that there are no steps taken to put in a new steel pipe connecting with the one already laid, and how do we know but that there are any number of leakages in the existing old wooden pipe? It seems deplorable that after spending so many thousands (if not millions) of dollars that our waterworks are in such a condition as they are at the present time, and especially when we are almost sure of cholera this coming summer. From all accounts the prospects are that we will have to drink bay water for some time to come, and no one knows what the result will be if this state of affairs goes on. And now the people should raise their voices before a sad calamity comes over our city. G. G. C.

The healthy glow disappearing from the cheek and moaning and restlessness at night are sure symptoms of worms in children. Do not fail to get a bottle of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; it is an effectual remedy.

The Tale of the Scales.

The weight of 670 loads of coal has been tested by the city officials during the past year. One hundred and ninety-seven loads were found exactly correct, 347 showed a total overweight of 10,972 pounds, and 126 were under weight 4682 pounds.

MARKETS AND LICENSES.

The Committee's Good Record of Twelve Months' Work.

The Markets and Licenses Committee have come out of their year's work with a deficit of $884.71. The appropriation made twelve months ago was $26,862.

During the year there were 102,571 cattle, 49,382 sheep and 74,382 hogs received at the market, showing an increase of 1667 cattle, 23,627 hogs, and a decrease of 143 sheep over the year before. For 1892 the cash receipts were $2690.66, and for 1891 they were $2084.

The Markets and Licenses Committee held 28 meetings. Chairman Verral attended 27, Ald. Maloney 24, Ald. Stewart 22, Ald. Bailey 21, Ald. Foster 16, Ald. McMurrich 16, the Mayor 10, and Ald. Lamb 6.

Toronto Industrial Association.

An adjourned meeting of committee No. 4, "Iron Smelting Works and Iron Industries," will be held at 4 p.m. to-day. The duties of this committee are:

1. To elaborate statistics to prove that Toronto is a suitable place to smelt iron ore.

2. To recommend the best available site in the City of Toronto.

3. To obtain from the City Council exemption from taxation for all lands and plant connected with the smelting of iron ore, or the working of the iron and steel produced in the city, also to recommend the council to grant a free site of about 100 acres for suitable smelting works for the production of iron or steel, and also to take into their favorable consideration the question of guaranteeing bonds, granting a bonus, or taking stock in a company capable of, in the first place, developing the ore deposits, and secondly, erecting furnaces for smelting the ore and plant for converting the pig into iron and steel of suitable varieties.

4. To obtain from the Ontario Government a bonus of $2 a ton on all iron and steel smelted in the Province for 20 years.

5. To obtain from the Dominion Government exemption from duty of all fuel used in connection with smelting iron and steel and of all materials, not made in Canada, entering into the construction of the plant, and particularly fire-brick. Also to obtain an extension of the present bonus for a further period of 15 years, and also to recommend a duty to be placed on steel rails.

THE SEARCH-LIGHT.

Roman V. Schweizer, who was active in extending to England the German system of gymnastics between 30 and 40 years ago, has now gone back to his native country to spend his declining years. Condemned to death in Germany for participation in the revolution of 1852, he had, in that year, to leave Switzerland, and after short visits to Paris and America, went to London. There he organized the pioneer gymnastic society among the Germans of the British capital, and from that centre there extended a network of such organizations all over England. Amnesty has now been extended to him.

* * *

The twelve negro editors of Georgia, after organizing a press association the other day, issued an address to the public in which they advise, incidentally, that the word "negro" be used rather than "colored," and be spelled with a capital "N."

* * *

Mr. Robert Louis Stevenson declares that he will not visit England this year, and adds that Europe has no attractions for him in comparison with Samoa, where he will be quite content to live and die.

* * *

Mr. Justin McCarthy finds it hard to combine authorship and Parliamentary duties, to say nothing of political journalism. "Since I entered Parliament," he says, "my work has been done in a sort of hand-to-mouth fashion. I have snatched an hour or two when I could. It is very unsatisfactory. You get out your books and settle down to work, but by the time you have picked up the thread and got fairly into it it is time to leave off. I have tried working down at the House, but it doesn't do. They used to let us have our private secretaries in the tea-room, and I dictated one book there, but it turned out very indifferently. I may add that I can dictate history or leaders, but not fiction. The only work I can manage to do down at the House is the leading article I write twice a week for one of the London dailies."

Ontario Veterinary College.

The Veterinary Medical Society met last evening, when the following papers were read: Essays—James W. Orr, Parturition; H. D. Martin, Rabies; G. G. Mauser, Metritis; J. Hatton, Horseshoeing. Communications—W. D. Gibson, Caries of the Inferior Maxilla; A. M. Humphrey, Scirrhous Cord; William Readhead, Removal of a Cyst; J. P. Lemon, Removal of a Foreign Body.

Found the Armor of Health.

Manufacturing flour being my profession I had choice bread, meat, etc., but these come far short of what St. Leon Mineral Water can do for a disordered and weakly system. I have proved it, and could not speak too highly of its remarkable powers to bring strength and happiness of the highest order. Would not be without St. Leon if it cost $1 per gallon.—JAMES F. DAY, Merrisburg, Ont. St. Leon Mineral Water Co. Ltd.), 101½ King-street west. 36

California or Mexico.

The Wabash Railway have now on sale round trip tickets at very low rates to southern points, including Old Mexico and California. The only line that can take tourists via Detroit through St. Louis and Kansas City and return then via Chicago and (vice versa) finest equipped trains on earth, passing through six states of the Union. Spend a winter in Mexico, the land of the Aztecs and Toltecs, finest climate and scenery in the world and older than Egypt. Time tables and all information about side trip at new ticket office, northeast corner King and Yonge-streets. J. A. Richardson, Canadian Passenger Agent, Toronto. ed

Two Flyers to New York via the Picturesque Erie Railway.

There is no question about it but the Erie Railway is one of the greatest double-track roads in the United States to-day and unsurpassed for scenery and solid comfort. You can leave Toronto at 12.50 p.m., arrive at Buffalo at 5.50 p.m.; leave Buffalo at 7.30 p.m. and arrive in New York at 7.30 a.m. You can also leave Toronto at 11 p.m. and connect with the Erie flyer at Hamilton, which is a solid vestibule train through to New York. Dining cars attached to all trains for meals. For further particulars apply to S. J. Sharp, No. 9 York-street. Telephone 108, Toronto.

The Milk Was Up To the Standard.

Last year Dr. Allen tested 175 samples of milk from the wholesale dealers and found 103 above the standard and 236 samples from retailers, of which 138 were above the standard. Standard milk contains 3 per cent. of butter fat and 12 per cent. of solids. The wholesale dealers' samples averaged 3.29 per cent. of butter fat and 12.19 per cent. of solids and the retailers' samples 3.19 per cent. of butter fat and 12.23 solids.

The Arrival of the Chinook.

[Lethbridge, Alberta, News.]

The much-looked-for chinook got here at last on Saturday and to-day the prairie is completely bare of snow. This has made the stockmen rejoice, as the cattle were getting in a pretty bad state, being unable to get anything to eat through the snow being so deep and crusted.

Are your corns harder to remove than those that others have had? Have they not had the same kind? Have they not been cured by using Holloway's Corn Cure? Try a bottle.

Three Strings to Their Bow.

The special committee to select a solicitor to look after the interests of the city in the courts during the absence of Mr. Biggar met yesterday afternoon. They selected Mr. B. B. Osler, and in case he cannot act, Mr. S. H. Blake, and failing each of these, Mr. D'Alton McCarthy.

POVERTY IN ENGLAND.

Indignation Over the Latest Financia Scandal There.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—When Dr. Parker declared the other day that hell was not hot enough for the punishment of some kinds of crime he did not exaggerate the growing indignation over the latest financial scandal in England. The more the collapse of the Liberator Building Society is investigated the more hopeless the situation appears for the impoverished victims. The stockholders will lose everything and the depositors cannot hope for a greater dividend than three shillings per pound. The absconding of Spencer Balfour, M.P., is not an unexpected sequel to the vast robbery.

The disappearance of $35,000,000 belonging to thousands of the lower middle classes is already followed by suffering more silent but more pitiful than that of the great armies of the unemployed. The old and the helpless are the most numerous class among the victims. A relief movement has accumulated a few thousand dollars for their assistance, but the silent hunger of hundreds will never be made known.

Many pitiful cases there have been in the coroners' courts within a few weeks, of poor women, formerly in comfort, who have died of destitution rather than make their wants known. The severe weather, the hard times, the wholesale and criminal thwarting of honest thrift combine to make these verily the darkest days England has known for many long years.

Professor Robertson in England.

[From The Canadian Gazette (London, Eng.).]

Professor Robertson is making good use of his stay in England to enlighten the British public as to the means by which Canada is working out her agricultural development. The suggestions he tenders to the British agriculturist in distress are based upon no mere theories, but upon sound practical experience, and whatever we may think of other remedies no one can deny that such measures as he suggests would be of the greatest advantage in this country. Prof. Robertson has, we understand, made careful enquiries into the position and prospects for Canadian cheese and winter-made creamery butter in the English markets, and is much satisfied with the outlook. He is now visiting farms on the estates of the Earl of Londesborough, the Duke of Rutland, the Earl of Lathom and the Earl of Derby, with a view of taking back to the Canadian farmers such suggestions as the best types of British agriculture can afford. On Wednesday of next week he has been invited to address the Home and Foreign Exchange in London on "The food-producing resources of Canada and the mutual advantages which would accrue to British merchants and Canadian producers from their further development." He has also been invited to address the Liverpool Provision Exchange on the same subject, and while in this country will take other opportunities of giving public expression to his views on the matter.

The National Magazine.

The National Magazine for January is an unusually interesting number. It announces a unique literary prize competition, designed "to popularize the subject of American history in every one of its legitimate branches." Fourteen cash prizes, aggregating $2000, are offered to writers on historical subjects during the coming year. These prizes will be awarded for historical novels, historical short stories, legends, traditions, historical ballads and sonnets, "minor here" sketches, etc. No writer can compete in each class, if he desires. Particulars will be sent to any one sending a stamp to The National Magazine, 132 Nassau-street, New York.

$50,000 Worth of Timber.

Suckling & Co., auctioneers, sold two large parcels of land at their warerooms yesterday. Both limits are on the Wahnapitae River and so... for $10,000 and $40,000 respectively, the Holland and Emery Lumber Co. of Saginaw becoming the purchaser.

Over 50 American and Canadian buyers were present and the bidding was spirited. The berths were owned by L. N. Timmins of Mattawa and Robert Gorman of Ottawa, and the difference in the price was owing to the quality of pine on the second parcel being of a better quality than that on the first.

Among the firms who had representatives at the sale were the Muskoka Milling and Lumber Co., Savage & Berrier and Charles Beck of Penetanguishene.

Protests Against Its Removal.

Messrs. Frank Lee and John Hague presented a large and influentially-signed petition to the Mayor yesterday morning asking him to call a public meeting to take such steps to prevent such a wrong being done as the contemplated removal to Ottawa of the meteorological service, a measure regarded as inadvisable and highly injurious to the interests of Toronto. It was decided to call a special meeting of the council for this afternoon, and a deputation will wait on the ministers on the occasion of their visit to the city on Friday.

The great demand for a pleasant, safe and reliable antidote for all affections of the throat and lungs is fully met with in Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It is a purely vegetable compound, and acts promptly and magically in subduing all coughs, colds, bronchitis, inflammation of the lungs, etc. It is so palatable that a child will not refuse it, and is put at a price that will not exclude the poor from its benefits.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m., arriving in Toronto at 10.05 a.m. Sunday leaves Toronto at 12.50 p.m.

Don't Be Swindled.

Why pay 20 or 25 cents for a pound or a package or tin of poisonous alum baking powder when you can buy "The Borwicke," which is proven by the Dominion Government to be an absolutely pure cream of tartar powder, at the same price? 135

What this warm weather suggests is something that will boil the kettle, cook an egg, or fry a beefsteak in a hurry. Harvie's kindling wood is just the thing. Try 6 crates for a dollar delivered c.o.d. Harvie & Co., 20 Sheppard-street. Tel. 1570. 136

THE MOST STUBBORN

Skin and Scalp Diseases, the worst forms of Scrofula, all blood-taints and poisons of every name and nature, are utterly rooted out by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For every disease caused by a torpid liver or impure blood, it is the only remedy so certain and effective that it can be *guaranteed*. If it fails to benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Eczema, Tetter, Salt-rheum, Erysipelas, Boils, Carbuncles, Enlarged Glands, Tumors, and Swellings, and every kindred ailment, are completely and permanently cured by it.

Doctors, Nurses and Mothers

Ask your druggists for DR. KIRKWOOD'S SCIENTIFIC FORCE and SUCTION SYRINGE. Buy no other. Something new and thorough. Will last a lifetime. A matter of the utmost importance to the female sex. Mention this paper or address, Canadian Agency, Kirkwood Rubber Co., 6 Lombard-street, Toronto, Ont.

GREAT ANNUAL SALE OF OVERSHOES AND RUBBERS.

Over 6000 cases of Ladies', Gents', Boys', Misses', Youths' and Children's American and Canadian Overshoes and Rubbers will be offered at from 25 to 40 per cent. less than Rubber list prices.

Gents' Felt Buckled Overshoes, sizes 6 to 7, 75c per pair. Gents' Goodyear Rubbers 40c, all sizes. Ladies' Rubbers 15c, 20c and 25c.

Store Closes at 6 p.m., Excepting Saturdays. 135

GUINANE BROS'
MONSTER SHOE HOUSE.
214 YONGE-ST.

THE RECOGNIZED STANDARD BRANDS

"Mungo"
"Kicker"
"Cable'

Universally acknowledged to be superior in every respect to any other brands in the market. Always reliable, as has been fully demonstrated by the millions that are sold annually and the increasing demand for them, notwithstanding an increased competition of *over One Hundred and Twenty-five Factories*. This fact speaks volumes. We are not *cheap* Cigar manufacturers.

S. DAVIS & SONS
MONTREAL
Largest and Highest Grade Cigar Manufacturers in Canada. 136

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We Aim to Improve
And Not Deteriorate.
Our New Brand, the
Cable Extra,
will be found to be exceptionally fine, and we respectfully suggest that smokers give this brand a trial, when our statement will be fully verified as to quality. 135

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Why?
Are you Pale?
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Have you Sick Headache?
Simply because you have not tried Columbian Health Tablets.
The Columbian Medicine Mfg. Co.
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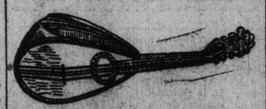

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N.B.—Large Illustrated Catalogue sent free to any address. 246

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Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weakness of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and varicocele. WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address
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Single Admission - 25 Cents.
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JACOBS & SPARROW'S OPERA HOUSE.
The Popular Amusement Resort of Toronto.
Week Commencing Jan. 9
JOHN T. KELLY
IN
M'FEE OF DUBLIN
Matinees Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
Week after—A Breezy Time.

PADEREWSKI
PAVILION, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 3 and 4.
The subscription list for this famous pianist is now open at Messrs. A. & S. Nordheimer, 75 King-street east. Subscribers have the choice of seats and the plan will open for them on Friday, Jan. 27, one day previous to the opening for choice to the general public.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
WEEK JAN. 9.
Owing to the enormous success of
THE PRIVATE SECRETARY
The management will continue the engagement another week. The entire city laughing. Usual prices. Next week Mrs. Dion Boucicault in "HUSBAND AND WIFE."

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Every Evening, Matinee Wednesday and Saturday, Jefferson, Klaw & Erlanger's
COUNTRY CIRCUS.
Come and bring the children.
Next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—The Famous Humorist, GEORGE GROSSMITH.

EVERYTHING POINTS TO TORONTO as a more important shipping point shortly. Her progress in this respect has been too slow in view of the many advantages that nature has given her. Most people think that she has been shamefully side-tracked at Ottawa in respect to her commercial and shipping interests, but a change for the better appears not far off. Merchants or manufacturers open for suitable business premises in Toronto will find the present a good time to purchase. We have choice value to offer in this line.
R. J. GRIFFITH & CO.,
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OF ONTARIO
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
BANK OF COMMERCE BUILDING
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Capital Authorized - $1,000,000
Capital Subscribed - 600,000
President, Hon. J. C. Aikins, P.C.; Vice-Presidents, Hon. Sir R. J. Cartwright, Hon. S. C. Wood; Manager, A. E. Plummer.
This Company is accepted by the High Court of Justice under sanction of the Ontario Government, and may be appointed to and undertakes all manner of TRUSTS, and acts as GUARDIAN, COMMITTEE, RECEIVER, ASSIGNEE, etc.
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J. SUTCLIFFE & SONS
132 & 134 DRY GOODS 123 CLOTHING
YONGE-ST. KING-ST.
: OUR :
YONGE-ST. STORE
WILL BE CLOSED TO-DAY AT
5 O'CLOCK P.M.
To Enter Stock.
Then look out for bargains. There'll be many lines marked down to clearing prices. It will pay to keep an eye on this store for the balance of January. There'll be bargains. There'll be a slaughtering of Drygoods.

THE
Barber & Ellis
COMPANY
SPECIALTIES
ON HAND:
Plush Papeteries.
The Eldorado Papeterie.
The Celebrated Camden Note.
The Abbotsford Note and Papeterie.
Plashwater Weir Mill Note.
Gossypine Note.
Old English Vellum Note and Colored Tissue Papers. 246
The Barber & Ellis Co'y,
Wholesale Stationers,
43, 45, 47, 49 Bay-street, Toronto

NECKWEAR,
Newest goods, prices keen, at 522 Queen-street west and 93 King-street west.
ROBERT DIXON

M'KENDRY'S

Both far and near the ladies seem to appreciate the advantages offered by our January sale; indeed, 202 seems to be a password amongst them. Although the intense cold of yesterday prevented many from venturing out, still the store kept up its usual throng of purchasers.

A few lines in the Dress Goods claiming attention today, comprising:

Costume cloth, 42 inches wide, at 35c yd, worth 45c.
42-inch colored Henriettas, all shades, 29c yd.
Balance of our 25c Dress Goods—your choice 19c.
43-inch twilled costume cloth, usual price 35c, for 25c.
The dollar black silk plush for 50c.

Single fold Sealette for $1 claims special attention, and when one considers the 200 pieces of English Prints at 5c yard the crowds are accounted for to a certain extent.

Printed Canton at 12½c yd, worth 20c.

25 pieces roller toweling for 5c, usual price of which is 8c.

And Linen Doylies, Cretonnes and Scarfs at half the usual prices.

These bargains bring hundreds of people to

McKENDRY'S
202 YONGE-ST.,
6 Doors North of Queen-st.

CART LOADS
-OF-
McPherson's Remnants
Going at following cuts:
$4.00 SHOES FOR $1.50
$3.00 " " $1.25
$2.50 " " $1.00
$2.00 " " 75c
$1.00 " " 50c
75c " " 25c
GEORGE McPHERSON,
186 YONGE-STREET.
Telephone 2261.

J. H. ROGERS
Offers a large and complete assortment of
SLEIGH ROBES,
FUR COATS,
CAPS AND GAUNTLETS.
JAS. H. ROGERS
Cor. King and Church-sts.
CASH PAID FOR RAW FURS.

DON VALLEY PRESSED BRICKS.
TAYLOR BROTHERS.
Highest Grade Manufactured in America To-day.
Color, shape, shade and density unequaled. Crushing strain 15,000 lbs. to the square inch.
Office: 60 Adelaide-street East, Toronto.
Get samples for comparison before purchasing. 246

TO LET
That desirable Business Stand, S. W. corner Yonge and College-streets, at present occupied by the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Furnace, concrete cellar and every convenience. Rent moderate.
R. GREENWOOD,
Bank of Commerce Buildings,
246 19 King-street west.

HAWTHORN MINERAL WATER
BETHESDA WATER OF CANADA
Fresh daily from the Spring, Thornhill. Sent to any part of the city at Twenty-five Cents per Gallon. Apply to
JOHN LANGSTAFF,
Thornhill.
Orders sent to Telephone 1638 will receive prompt attention. Stone jars furnished at cost price.

DR. BAKER'S
Celebrated Asiatic Cholera Remedy.
This positive cure for cholera was wonderfully successful during the dreadful cholera scourges of 1849 and '54, and has been in constant use since then with unfailing success in curing cholera, cholera morbus, dysentery and all bowel complaints. Prepared and sold wholesale and retail by THE BAKER MEDICINE COMPANY, 12 Gerrard-street west, Toronto. Price 50c. per bottle. For sale by all druggists. 135

TRY
BALA
LICORICE
FOR THE VOICE. 135