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CONTINENTAL V. CANADIAN.

THE WEAK SPOT IN MR. LAURIER'S PROGRAM.

A Review of the Political Situation from the Gallery of the Commons—Is "Continental" Free Trade Good "Canadian" Policy?—Sir John's Right Hand Man is Hon. Mr. Foster.

OTTAWA, May 3.—The debate on Friday, though not yet concluded, has established a number of things: First and foremost that Mr. Laurier and his party have no hope of defeating the Government, and that their program for the present must be one of mere criticism, more or less bitter, with the prospect of the Government's majority starting at 30 on the first division and rising with the bye-elections to nearly 40, if not exceeding that number. That is the first significant fact.

The next is that Hon. G. E. Foster of New Brunswick, Minister of Finance, is not only Sir John's right hand, as far as the seats in the House are concerned, but also in that kind of statesmanship which implies policy, parliamentary tactics, debating power and capacity for leadership. He is the most trusted lieutenant. Mackenzie Bowell, Hon. John Carling and Sir Hector may be strong men in the Cabinet and much consulted in the inner circle by the Old Leader, but where the Cabinet has to make a public appearance, where the most capable and presentable minister has to be put forward, Mr. Foster is the man, and after him Sir John Thompson.

Mr. Foster had no trouble in answering Sir Richard Cartwright, who spoke with his usual incisiveness, but in a way to tire even his own followers. With the debating power at his disposal in Foster, Thompson and Chapleau, Sir John is taking the wise course of leaving the arduous work of defence to these men under his personal direction.

Mr. Laurier is a capable leader and a first-class parliamentarian. He is superior in every respect to Sir Richard Cartwright, who, if Mr. Laurier only knew it, is his Old Man of the Sea that will yet cause him to sink to the depths if he persists in carrying him. Sir Richard, however, has got it into his head that through his control of The Globe he can insist on the use of Laurier's back. Nothing will ever go with Sir Richard Cartwright in it. A friend of his said the other day: "In whist he who hopes to win ought to play to his partner; Sir Richard is so wrapt up in his own ability to win that he never plays to his partner in whist, and certainly never in the political game."

"Continental" Free Trade.

Mr. Laurier told the House on Friday and his papers have told the country that the one policy of his party is "continental" free trade, and for that policy he is prepared to sacrifice everything, even to discrimination against Great Britain. He said time after time that he was a Canadian first, last and always, and that if British connection was to be imperilled by discrimination in favor of the United States in a policy that he considered in the interests of Canada then he was prepared to sever the bond or make any other sacrifice. But where Mr. Laurier's whole fabric of the new material collapses and where certain failure awaits him is just here: that the great majority of Canadians, Canadians who think just as much of Canada as Mr. Laurier professes to think and who would make just as great sacrifices as Mr. Laurier for what they conceived to be the welfare of Canada, the great majority of these Canadians regard Mr. Laurier's plan of "continental" free trade as the very thing that will wipe out Canada forever. And that is just where they imagine Mr. Laurier to be the worst Canadian possible: one ready to give our country over to the United States and ready to wipe the name of Canada from off the map of America. Hence these Canadians say: Yours may be a "continental" policy but it is not a Canadian policy and we can't support it. And they are not supporting it, and as time will show Sir John's policy is a Canadian policy that leans on the Mother Country, and the bulk of Canadians approve of it as such. Mr. Laurier's program is in their estimation a Yankee policy that leans toward the United States. No one has ever denied that it is a "continental" policy. But many question its being a Canadian one. And the more Mr. Laurier professes to be a Canadian and at the same time insists with more and more vehemence on his policy being a "continental" one the more will Canadians suspect him and it. A Canadian policy that set out to absorb the United States might be called a "continental" policy, which at the same time was really and eminently Canadian; but a so-called Canadian policy that means, or in the estimation of Canadians means, the subsumption of Canada under the United States is certainly one to be doubted by all Canadians who believe that their country is here to stay and with a great future before it as Canada. No one doubts that Canada could play an important part as a portion of a greater United States; Canadians all need not to be convinced of that; but it will take much persuasion to make them believe that such a part is to be preferred to independent existence. That unrestricted reciprocity may be "continental" no one denies; that it is Canadian, the Canadians, who are themselves the best judges of the fact, take leave to doubt. And this is where the whole controversy focuses, and where Mr. Laurier comes out at the little end; and the more he seeks assistance in the United States to establish his contention and the more the citizens and journals and politicians of that country agree with him the more suspicious will Canadians be of its Canadian import. Mr. Laurier has declared that he has only one course to steer on, and this word "continental" is the great rock that rises in his path and on which he must shipwreck.

As you sit in the gallery and watch the debate, as you move among the politicians, as you read the Canadian papers, as you peruse the manifesto of Mr. Blake, the truth is forced home that Mr. Laurier is on the wrong track. If "continental" doesn't mean "Canadian" how great is his mistake!

The Maritime Members.

The Maritime members will be stronger than ever in this parliament. In ability they can more than hold their own. Young Mr. Hazen in moving the address took occasion to resent Sir Richard Cartwright's attack on the "shreds of provinces," bought up and pampered by railway and harbor grants. Even the few Liberals from these provinces resented the insult of Sir Richard. It is not policy to insult people in great masses. It is impolitic enough to attack one man, but to make a sweeping charge against the people of three provinces in a political document, and then to reiterate it in the House with a sneering "hear, hear," is a capital mistake in so far as party tactics is concerned. If Sir Richard was to speak in the same way of the French-Canadians what a row there would be! No party can ever hope to govern Canada without the aid of the Maritime Provinces. And especially ought these provinces to be cultivated when they send so many able men to parliament.

The story got about here on Friday that W. M. German, M.P. for Welland, was evading service in the proceedings instituted to unseat him for that county. Mr. German beat Dr. Ferguson by 447 and says he can do it again if unseated. But he did not evade service. He left Ottawa Thursday night to go to Wellington in the County of Hastings to wind up the estate of his late father and did not even notify the Liberal whip. He knew of the proceedings against him and was preparing a cross petition. He will be here on Monday and accept service.

GOSSIP FROM THE CAPITAL.

George Sandfield Macdonald to Oppose "Big Rory"—Sir John and His Son.

Big Rory Maclennan will have to fight for his seat in Glengarry. George Sandfield Macdonald it is said will run against him if the petition succeeds, and already he has begun organizing the county for the fray. It will be one of the big fights of the bye-elections.

Young Mr. Hazen of St. John is a child of fortune. He started out on his own merits, got himself made mayor of Fredericton, moved to St. John a year and a half ago, was elected M.P. for that city, and had the honor of moving the address. He is, moreover, handsome, and not long ago an old man, a namesake, left his fortune equally between the young M.P. and a lady. The latter thought so well of her co-heir that she insisted on his taking the whole of the fortune and its management with a yearly allowance to herself, and thus does good fortune pursue the young man.

Sir David Macpherson sails for Germany in a few days.

Will there be a revision of the voters' lists this year is asked by all. The probability is that there will be one. There will be no redistribution of seats for a year or two.

Hugh John Macdonald looks a little like a fish out of water in the House of Commons—as if he'd sooner be somewhere else. But the Old Man got up out of his place on Friday night, went back three rows, took one of two vacant seats and motioned for his son and heir to approach and sit beside him. The two thereupon entered into conversation and both began "peaking" their heads to one another in the most surprising manner. Besides the strong facial resemblance the young 'un has the "peak" in his head even more pronounced than the old gentleman. Whether it was fatherly advice that was being imparted and received with through filial unction, or whether it was the bestowal of political pointers, the conversation made an unusual spectacle, the first time witnessed in Canada, though seen in the British House of Commons between Mr. Gladstone and his son Herbert.

There are still rumors about the lobbies that there will be one or more amendments to the address; but the best information I can gain is that the Opposition proposes to talk for a day or two without calling for a division. There is, however, to be another caucus of the Opposition in the morning, at which it is said a definite program will be decided on.

The drawing room last night was attended by about 400. This, besides being a significant society number, is somewhat less than was expected in view of this being the first occasion on which the new Parliament has had an opportunity of meeting His Excellency. The scene was as brilliant as usual, but not marked by any distinctive feature. The Ministers present were Langevin, Tupper, Carling, Dewdney, Chapleau and Smith. Sir John was not present, but Lady Macdonald was. Among present or former residents of Toronto who paid their respects were: Mrs. Edgar, Miss Edgar, Mrs. Hugh J. Macdonald, Mrs. R. Machray, John Herbert Beaty, F. C. Capreol, Arthur R. Dickson, Justice Gwynne, Miss Gwynne, Frank T. Shutt, Mrs. George McMurrich.

The Marine Department yesterday received a telegram from the engineer at the lighthouse and fog station at Cape Race, Newfoundland, stating that the Swedish barque Heiger, 560 tons, became a total wreck on Renews Island, between St. John and Cape Race. But one of the crew was saved.

The session is opening inauspiciously for the members. Sir Adolph Caron was taken suddenly ill at the state dinner on Thursday night and has been confined to his house since, but is expected to be out to-morrow. Laurier and Livingston are both said to be suffering from slight indispositions to-day, but nothing serious. The most severe illness so far is that of Senator Heythorne, who is laid up at the Grand Union with a severe attack of inflammation of the lungs, and whose recovery is no sider-ed doubtful. It appears that he was suffering from a severe cold for some days and on Thursday night took a warm bath, which so weakened him that on returning to his room he fell exhausted on the floor, unable to gain the bed or reach the bell to ring for assistance. He managed to get hold of some of the bedclothes and pulled them over him, but laid helpless for hours and got so severely chilled that inflammation of the lungs set in and he is in a very precarious condition, although reported to be a little easier to-night.

A deputation of Montreal steamship owners and agents, consisting of Messrs. J. Allan, Allan Line; D. Torrance, Dominion Line; R. Reford, Reford Line, and J. Thom, Beaver Line, had an interview yesterday with the Ministers of Marine and Agriculture with reference to the new regulations for shipment of cattle. Heretofore the space allowed for each animal has been 2 feet 6 inches, but as the result of the recent investigation the bill which the Government proposes introducing will increase this to two feet eight inches. The shippers are anxious that this regulation should be put into force this year, but the vessel owners object. It is understood that the Government agreed not to enforce the regulations until the bill has been passed. The shipping season begins to-morrow. It is expected that a big deputation of shippers will be here to-morrow or next day to urge the Government to change the regulations at once.

Ireland's Gluten Flour for Diabetes is doing wonders. 1531

KILLED BY THE CORK.

The Peculiar Death of a New York Physician.

NEW YORK, May 3.—After two weeks of unparalleled suffering the Rev. Dr. George W. Bothwell died at the Brooklyn hospital to-night. The accident which resulted in his death was the inhaling of a cork into the bronchial tube. He had removed a cork from a bottle and was holding it in his teeth. The antics of a child amused him and he commenced to laugh when the cork slipped down his throat. Several surgical operations and all that medical skill could do failed to relieve the sufferer.

The People's choice is Bellamy.

Singular Accident.

While Miss Elliott and Miss Barrington, the former a daughter and the latter a cousin of Dr. S. C. Elliott, Heath-street, Deer Park, were out driving Saturday afternoon in the Doctor's village cart they met with a rather serious and very singular accident. Driving down the hill in Avenue-road, the horse, which is a fine animal, stumbled to its knees and performed a complete somersault, breaking the shafts and harness. Miss Elliott was thrown violently from the cart and Miss Barrington's forehead struck against the dashboard with such force as to cause a copious flow of blood. Mr. J. Cottrell and his brother of Harrison-street were driving close behind the ladies when the accident occurred, and succeeded in extricating the horse from its singular predicament. Although receiving painful injuries the young ladies are thankful that they were not killed, and are happily recovered.

Take Bellamy.

Capt. Michie Ill.

The friends of Capt. Forbes Michie of the Royal Grenadiers will learn with regret that he was seized with a paralytic stroke Thursday last and now lies at his residence, Johnstreet, in a very critical condition. Dr. F. P. Cowan is in attendance. If no decided turn for the worse occurs within the next 36 hours his recovery is hoped for.

Ireland's Desiccated Oats in packages are a great luxury. 1531

BRITISH COLONIES AND JEWS.

CAN THE FORMER ABSORB THE WHOLE HEBREW POPULATION?

The Rothschild Syndicate to Withdraw Their Offer of a Loan to Russia—Terrible Midnight Tragedy on a Train—The Nestor's Captain's Jump for Life—General Cable News.

LONDON, May 3.—Sir John Sutton, in addressing a meeting of the Choverel Zion Association to-day, opposed the sending of Russian Jews to America. He said that he preferred the British colonies, which could easily absorb the whole Jewish population of the world. He had reason to believe that the Rothschild syndicate would withdraw their offer of a loan to Russia. It is believed that the Rothschilds authorized Sir John to make this statement.

Australia Doesn't Want Hebrews.

LONDON, May 3.—The Adelaide correspondent of The Chronicle telegraphs that the proposed scheme of Baron Hirsch to transport Hebrews from Poland and the southeast of Europe to Australia is much commented upon by the Australians and that the colonies are strongly hostile against an influx of Russian Jews.

RELIGIOUS RIOT AT ZANTE.

The Jews Attacked and Pillaged Amid Threats to Burn Their Quarter.

ATHENS, May 3.—A despatch from Zante, capital of the Ionian island of that name, brings news of a serious religious riot which has taken place there. To-day is observed by the Greek Christians as the Greek Good Friday, and part of the ceremonies of the day consisted of a procession of Christians which marched through the principal streets. The processionists, however, were not contented with a peaceful demonstration. When they neared the quarter of Zante which is known as the Hebrew quarter the Christians practically besieged that section of the town.

In order to guard against just such an occurrence a cordon of soldiers had been drawn around the Hebrew quarter, and upon the refusal of the Christians to retire in peace the soldiers fired upon them, killing and wounding several people. The Christians, the despatch added, are now pillaging the houses of the Hebrews at Zante and threaten to burn the Jewish quarter of the town. It is supposed that disturbances at Zante have their origin in the disturbance which recently occurred at Corfu.

A TERRIBLE STRUGGLE.

Two Men Shot to Death on a Midnight Train.

VIENNA, May 3.—A passenger traveling from Cracow to Lemburg in the night express train last night suddenly drew two revolvers and with one in each hand demanded of his three fellow travelers in the same carriage their money and valuables. A frightful struggle ensued in the narrow compartment. Although the men assailed were unarmed they fought to desperation. The ruffian used his revolvers with effect, killing two of the men in succession. The third passenger grappled closely with the assassin, who fired in vain, being unable to touch him. Having emptied all the chambers of his revolver the assassin tore himself from the grasp of his antagonist, burst open the door and jumped from the train while it was going at full speed.

As soon as the alarm could be communicated to the engineer the train was stopped. In the compartment where the tragedy occurred the two passengers were found shot through and through, lying weltering in their blood on the floor. The cushions and lining had been torn up in the struggle, the glass was smashed and the walls were spattered with blood and penetrated with bullets. The survivor was barely able to tell the horrified passengers and guards what had happened.

The train was backed to the vicinity of the spot where it is supposed the assassin jumped out. A search was made but without avail. No trace of the miscreant could be discovered.

FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

An Order Issued for the Winding Up of the Anglo-Austrian Printing Co.

LONDON, May 4.—Discount was firm during the past week at 3¾ per cent. for 3 months and 2¾ for short. During the settlement on the Stock Exchange there was a strong demand for loans, the average rate being 4 per cent. The foreign drain of gold has ceased, and an influx of bullion is expected which promises to ease the money market. On the Stock Exchange there was a holiday after Thursday. The opening of the week was devoted to the settlement, after which business was restricted. The investment business was on the highest scale since last autumn, which further strengthened values.

A sensation has been caused by disclosures arising from the petition for the wind-up of the Anglo-Austrian Printing Company. Evanech Hansard was its promoter and Managing Director Bottomley of Hansard's Union, now a bankrupt, received £88,500 out of £93,022 received from shareholders as part of the price of business it was supposed to have acquired in Austria. In addition Bottomley asked for a total purchase money of £630,000. Sir Horace Davey in applying for an order for the compulsory wind-up of the Anglo-Austrian Company, declared that Bottomley had never any business of any sort in Austria to sell. The directorate of the concern, of which the recent Lord Mayor Isaacs is chairman, in September declared a dividend of 15 per cent., although the company never possessed any business. Bottomley and the directors within a single year divided among themselves the whole share capital subscribed. An enquiry being threatened they formed a committee, which appointed a liquidator controlled by the directorate. The judge before whom the petition was made has ordered a compulsory winding-up of the company's affairs and has dismissed the liquidator. A crop of prosecutions, arising from the affair, is impending.

At Paris on the Bourse during the week business was dull and the tendency was distinctly weak. Adverse rumors continue, affecting several joint stock concerns.

The English Naval Exhibition Opened.

LONDON, May 3.—The Naval Exhibition on the Chelsea Embankment was opened at noon yesterday with great ceremony. The Prince of Wales presided at the opening ceremonies. He wore the uniform of an admiral of the British navy. The entire passageway, an eighth of a mile long, leading to the spot from which the Prince of Wales was to declare the exhibition open, was lined by well-known naval and military officers, to the rear of whom a strong force of blue-jackets and marines presented arms as the royal party passed. The Prince and Princess of Wales were conducted to a dais, after which the Archbishop of Canterbury came forward and uttered a prayer for the success of the exhibition, the prosperity and peace of the country and the health of the royal family. The Prince of Wales then replied to the address of the officers of the exhibition, after which the Princess of Wales turned a tiny switch in front of a miniature model of the Eddystone Lighthouse. There was a flash from the top of the lighthouse, and the exhibition was formally declared to have been opened to the public.

In the British Commons.

LONDON, May 2.—In the House of Commons to-day Baron Henry de Worms said that the Government had not received a communication from the delegates expressing willingness to introduce into the Newfoundland Legislature a domestic coercive measure calculated to avoid the necessity of the passage of the Knutsford bill. Continuing, he said that the Government had no information as to the French authorities having offered any bounty for bait or to otherwise induce the Newfoundland fishermen to break the bait regulations. As to whether the purchase in St. Pierre-Miquelon, of bait illegally brought there would or would not constitute a breach of the declaration of 1783 was a matter of opinion.

The Regent In Sore Distress.

CALCUTTA, May 3.—It is learned that the regent of Manipur has taken the Chasad route in his flight—that the number of his followers has dwindled to 20. The party keep among the hills to prevent pursuit.

Chat From Over the Sea.

The Austro-German treaty has been signed for a period of 12 years, beginning Feb., 1892.

Ex-King Milan of Servia is, it is reported, soon to marry a wealthy French lady. Servia has just paid his 1,000,000 francs.

Four persons were killed and several seriously injured by the collapse of a house in Leipsig Saturday.

Banker Paul Bast of Stettin has been declared bankrupt. His capital is only 12,000 marks and his debts amount to 1,500,000.

Complete returns from the election in Geestemunde, to fill a vacancy in the Reichstag, show that Prince Bismarck has received 10,544 votes against 5486 for Herr Schmalfeld, the Socialist candidate.

A committee has been formed at Hamburg to organize a festival in celebration of the fourth centenary of the discovery of America. All prominent persons in the empire will be invited in addition to representative Germans in America.

Mr. William O'Brien, during his leisure moments in Galway jail, is engaged in the work of writing a novel. The scene of the story is laid in the west of Ireland and the period in the sixteenth century. The heroine is a portrayal of Grace O'Malley.

Cardinal Rampolla proposes the issuance of a circular addressed to all the bishops throughout the world soliciting funds with which to repair the damages suffered by the Vatican and the various churches in Rome by reason of the recent explosion of the powder magazine at Pozzo-Pantaleo.

Business circles of Genoa were startled Saturday by news of the suicide of Sig. Gilanello of Montevideo, owner of one of the largest warehouses in Genoa and largely interested in the South American trade.

Thomas Quinn, M.P. for Kilkenny County, has written a letter to John Deasey, M.P. for West Mayo, asking the whip of the McCarthyite party, stating that he has seceded from the party headed by Mr. Parnell, and announcing his desire to join the McCarthyites. Mr. Quinn says the main reason for taking this step is the refusal of Mr. Parnell to consent to release the Paris fund in order that the money might be devoted to the use of the evicted tenants.

Two Days in Toronto.

There were registered with the City Clerk last week 100 births, 27 marriages, 59 deaths.

The firemen answered 43 alarms last month. Since Jan. 1 154 alarms have been sounded.

A lamp exploded about 10 o'clock last evening at W. Gordon's, 31 Thompson-street, but the damage was trifling.

J. H. Burnham, formerly a Congregational minister, lectured last night in the Academy in the absence of Charles Watts.

The Persia has arrived to resume the Montreal service, and the Cibola and Chicora will commence business on May 15.

Miss Denison, Rusholme, mourns the loss of a gold watch and chain, lost or stolen on Thursday in Dundas-street west.

Susan McGrath, aged 65, 131 College-street, was arrested on Saturday night charged with trespass, the complainant being Gordon Jones.

The steamer John Hanlan was put on the Brock-street route to the Island on Saturday. The Primrose will not be placed in commission until May 20.

James Fairbanks in the Police Court, Saturday, was fined $25 or 30 days for an aggravated assault on Thomas Reilly, a G.T.R. switchman, on duty.

Mary Ann Wilson, relict of the late George Wilson, Victoria-street, died yesterday, aged 79 years. She had been a resident of Toronto since 9 years of age.

Charles Ainsworth, 52 Salem-avenue, was thrown out of his wagon while driving in St. Patrick-street Saturday and received a bad scalp wound and injured an eye.

A fire broke out yesterday at 5.05 a.m. in W. Millichamp & Sons' show case warerooms, 284 Yonge-street, but was extinguished before doing any damage.

The Police Court is to be the scene this afternoon of the presentation of a $150 gold watch and chain to Inspector Ward, on the occasion of his retirement from the force.

The West York License Commissioners on second thoughts decided to renew the licenses of Alexander Heydon and Charles Kelly, Toronto Junction, and William Burke of Weston.

Five respectable laboring men were arrested last night and locked up in Wilton-avenue Police Station for the heinous offence of walking for a few rods on the G.T.R. tracks.

At 12.50 p.m. yesterday a fire broke out in the basement of J. Brown & Co.'s jewelry establishment, 110 Yonge-street. J. Bland, next door, suffered some loss by smoke. The total damage amounted to about $125.

The district bounded by College, Yonge, Park-crescent and St. Joseph-street, at present served from the main pumping station, is to be connected with the high level pumping station, in order to increase the fire pressure.

The Grand Trunk to-day cancels its noon through train to the Sault, owing to the light business being done. It is expected that the lake navigation will still further cut into it, hence the present action.

The Young Liberal Club will assemble tonight in Richmond Hall to hear Mr. William Houston's address on the Quebec Act of 1774 in its relation to Canadian history and some of our national problems. The meeting will be open to any who wish to attend.

George Watson, 54 Coolmine-avenue; William Lambert and George Donnelly refused to give sub-Inspector Hall their names when he asked for them in Jack Whalen's resort in Centre-street on Saturday night and were placed under arrest.

G. H. Lucas, V.S., of the Toronto Veterinary Dental School opened his office Saturday evening and illustrated to a number of Humane Society members the recent improved methods of operating on the teeth of dumb animals.

There is a bad break in the water main in Shaw-street, south of Queen. It is flooding the road and the water is pouring into the manholes. It was reported last Friday week, but nothing has been done to set matters right.

In the two weeks ending April 25 the coal consumed at the main pumping station amounted to 495 tons, against 222,894,642 gals. of water pumped. At high level station 19 tons of coal, 28,218,750 gals. of water; St. Alban's station 46 2-5 tons of coal, 11,560,154 gals. of water.

The weekly returns of contagious diseases from the Medical Health Department show a very satisfactory state of affairs. The health of the city is steadily improving. Last week there were only four cases of typhoid, four of diphtheria and six of scarlet fever registered.

Rev. Father Minnehan gave a stirring sermon on the evils of intemperance in St. Mary's Church, Bathurst-street, at 11 o'clock mass yesterday. Quite a number of the congregation were affected to tears at the sad pictures the preacher drew of the drunkard's home.

The survivors of the Fenian raid of '66 are expected to turn out in full force to-night in the hall of Upper Canada College at 8 o'clock to arrange for decorating the monument in the Queen's Park and further celebrating on June 2 the 25th anniversary of the battle of Ridgeway. Col. Otter will preside.

Bellamy will interest you.

Sounds of the Hammer.

Workmen have commenced to rebuild quinn's burned premises on King-street west. An addition is now being built which will be utilized for offices and entry room. There is yet over seven thousand dollars worth of goods left which must be cleared out regardless of cost before the new goods arrive from England.

Look out for Bellamy.

DECKER'S DOUBLE PLAY.

Soon Tired of His Wife and Then Sued for Another's Affections.

PHILADELPHIA, May 3.—Baseball Player Harry Decker, formerly of Toronto, will appear in a new role at the June term of court, when he must answer as respondent in a divorce suit brought by his wife, Angeline. Detectives found Decker living at the Tremont House, New Haven, and with him and registered as his wife was Mrs. Jessie McCartney. This information was communicated to Mrs. Decker and to Mrs. McCartney's husband, Henry McCartney of No. 319 Spruce-street, and prompted the divorce suits which they have brought.

Mrs. McCartney, who will have the unenviable distinction of being both respondent and co-respondent at the same term of court, was Miss Jessie Dancer, and married McCartney last August, three months afterwards transferring her affections to Decker. There is abundant evidence of the guilt of these two. Mrs. McCartney, who is only about 21 years old, is said to have aspirations for a stage life. Decker was married in Iowa in 1885 and lived happily with his wife until he entered upon his career as an expert baseball player and "masher." Mrs. Decker, a pretty brunet, who is supporting herself by working as a cashier in a Market-street store, is also said to be desirous of becoming an actress. She made her first appearance before an audience on a West Philadelphia stage the other night and was received with marked favor.

DROWNED [illegible]

A Wealthy Flamboro Farmer Commits Suicide While Deranged.

HAMILTON, May 3.—At daylight yesterday George Forbes, a wealthy young farmer of East Flamboro, left his house intending to feed his horses and prepare to visit the city. Subsequently his footprints were traced towards Brown's Pond, a shallow body of water three-quarters of a mile away, and the body of Mr. Forbes was lying near the shore in three feet of water. It was lying face downwards with the hands spread out as if he had fallen or thrown himself forward from the shore. Deceased was about 35 years of age and leaves a widow and three small children. He had a farm on the fourth concession near Waterdown. There is little doubt that he took his own life while suffering from melancholia. Last fall he had a severe illness and has never felt well since.

Drowned in Humphrey's Lake.

RENFREW, Ont., May 3.—M. Buffet and William Deacon went up to Humphrey's Lake, nine miles from Renfrew, on a fishing trip. While examining the nets they were overwhelmed by a wave and the boat upset. Deacon started to swim to shore, but sank and was drowned. Buffet clung to the boat and was tossed about by the waves for an hour, when he reached shore almost perished with cold and completely exhausted.

Drowned in a Cistern.

MILLGROVE, Ont., May 3.—A child belonging to Robert Langton, jr., farmer, was playing about the yard and was not missed for a couple of hours. A search was instituted and the child was found at the bottom of the cistern.

A CIVIC CLERK'S DISHONESTY.

Systematic Pilfering in the Waterworks Office by Clerk William Murray.

HAMILTON, May 3.—About three weeks ago it was discovered that there were irregularities in the accounts of the waterworks. They were all traced to Clerk William Muarray. He had received cash for water rates and kept the money, falling to enter the amounts in the cash book, but entering them in the ledger so as to avoid discovery. His plan was to enter fictitious amounts in the cash book shortly before the examination of the auditors, in order to make the cash book and ledger correspond. This was rendered easy by the fact that no itemized comparison between the two books is made by the auditors, because of the vast number of accounts; only the totals are compared.

When charged with having filched the waterworks money Murray made a confession, but said he did not know what he had done with the money and could not make restitution. The exact amount of Murray's misappropriations is not known, but already his accounts are $1200 short and it is likely that the shortage will not be less than $1500. He has not as yet been arrested.

Says He Will Beat the Detective Home.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 3.—B. P. Hutchinson started for Chicago to-day by himself. He drank considerable beer during the day, but did not appear to be intoxicated. He had been shown various telegrams from Chicago relative to himself and laughed heartily about one from a Chicago detective, who said he would be here to take him home. "I'll beat that fellow home," was his laconic reply.

Changes in the Choir.

Carlton-street Methodist Church is to lose its musical director on March 1. Mr. W. Edgar Buck informed the committee by letter that, as he would be away in Europe during the summer months, he would, of course, resign his position as choir master dating from June 1. The church will be deprived of the services of a capable director and a fine bass soloist. Miss M. C. Fuller, who has gradually taken the place in the front rank of our local contraltos, has also resigned her position as soloist in this church, as she intends going home to Montreal for the summer.

English suspenders. We have now a very large range of fine English suspenders from 25c. to $2.50 per pair. Treble's, 53 King-street west.

Bellamy, the triumph of the 19th century.

A Cat That Dotes on Clothespins.

COLUMBUS, Ind., May 3.—Nate Hawes of Clark County is the owner of a cat that has developed a queer mania. It has turned itself into a clothespin purveyor. It roams about the neighborhood in search of this article, bringing every pin it finds to the Haines household, having thus accumulated several dozen of them. It does not touch the pins at home.

Bellamy will please you.

Killed Himself Because He Stuttered.

NEW YORK, May 3.—Frank Gissel, 20 years old, who lived with his widowed mother at Home-street and Prospect-avenue, committed suicide by shooting himself in the head with a revolver yesterday at the Southern Boulevard, near Hunt's Point Grove. He was despondent because he had an impediment in his speech.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West Shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.55 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m. arriving in Toronto at 10.25 a.m. Sundays leaves Toronto at 12.22 p.m., connecting with through car at Hamilton.

Robust Health enjoyed from Chewing Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum. Sold by all druggists, confectioners and grocers. Five cents.

Michigan for Freer Trade.

LANSING, May 2.—The Michigan Legislature to-day adopted a resolution favoring efforts in the direction of free trade with Canada. The occasion of the resolution was the meeting of the Senate Committee on Relations with Canada, which began its sessions in Detroit.

Catarrh—Hay Fever—Catarrhal Deafness

A New Home Treatment has been discovered whereby the worst cases are permanently cured by a few simple applications made fornightly by the patient at home. Send stamp for circular. J. G. Dixon & Co., 345 West King-street, Toronto.

Try the Hub Cafe Lunch Counter [illegible] acknowledged the finest in the city.

FOR A UNIVERSAL 8-HOUR DAY

300,000 LONDON WORKMEN ATTEND THE HYDE PARK MEETING.

A Procession Miles Long Headed With Bands and Containing Many Banners Marches to the Place of Meeting—Another Monster Meeting in Phœnix Park, Dublin, Passes Like Resolutions.

LONDON, May 3.—The attendance at the labor meeting in High Park to-day is variously estimated at from 200,000 to 300,000. The procession in connection with the meeting included workers at all the trades and was miles long. Its route was by way of Westminster, Victoria Strand, Grosvenor-place. It was interspersed with bands and many banners were carried. Traffic along the line of march was blocked for several hours. John Burns, Thomas Mann, the president of the Dockers' Union, Benjamin Tillett, the Avelings and Mr. Graham, the Socialist member of parliament, were among the speakers, who were assigned to 12 different platforms which had been erected in the park; an identical resolution in favor of a compulsory labor day of eight hours was moved on all platforms.

From various despatches it is ascertained that in general quiet prevailed in continental centres to-day. A number of labor meetings were held in Berlin and resolutions were passed favoring the compulsory eight hour labor day. They were conducted in an orderly manner.

The city was guarded by mounted infantry.

DUBLIN, May 3.—Ten thousand workmen of this city to-day marched in procession to Phœnix Park, where they held a meeting at which a resolution demanding a workday of eight hours was passed.

ROME, May 3.—The galleries of the Chamber of Deputies were crowded to-day with people who came to listen to the debate on the labor troubles. After an animated discussion the debate was adjourned. The indications are that the Government will secure a majority on the question, as many Radicals are supporting Sig. Nicotera, the Minister of the Interior, in his action in the matter.

BERLIN, May 3.—The German Socialist meetings to-day were all thinly attended and not the slightest interest was displayed. The people were intent on enjoyment and it was evident that the movement is losing its vitality.

The principal towns of Germany, Holland and Switzerland were to-day the scenes of demonstrations of workmen in favor of an 8-hour law. In Hamburg 30,000 persons, a tenth of whom were the wives and sweethearts of the workmen, paraded through the suburb of Horn, delegates from the workmen societies keeping excellent order. In the line were many bands and banners and a number of floats. After a short meeting in the public park, at which appropriate resolutions were adopted, the crowd dispersed and devoted the remainder of the day to music and dancing. No disorder was reported anywhere.

In the Belgian mining districts disorder still prevails and many telephone wires have been cut and windows smashed. Meetings were held at Liege, Seraing and other places to denounce the action of the Brussels labor party, which sent delegates to various centres to delay or prevent strikes. At these meetings it was decided to disregard the advice of the union and commence a strike to-morrow. A general siege has been proclaimed in the villages around Liege.

VIENNA, May 3.—Fifteen thousand weavers at Bilitz and 2000 employes at Pesth have been dismissed for being absent from work May day.

THE MAY-DAY RIOTS IN EUROPE.

Details of the Fierce Fight at Fourmies, France—Several Rioters Killed by the Troops.

PARIS, May 3.—Further particulars received here in regard to the labor riot at Fourmies show that early last night a mob of about 1200 people carrying sticks and armed with revolvers surrounded the gendarme, crying: "Down with the masters!" "We want our brethren!" This last cry referred to the men arrested early in the day for intimidating the men who had refused to go out on strike. The mob attacked the Town Hall. The gendarmes fired their revolvers in the air in order to frighten the rioters, but without effect. The troops with fixed bayonets then charged the mob and drove it away from the immediate neighborhood of the town hall. The crowd, however, after being driven backward, retaliated by firing volleys of bricks and pieces of paving stones at the troops, frequently striking the soldiers. The mob subsequently reappeared with increased numbers and made an attack upon the gendarmes. A fierce conflict took place in the rear of a church.

A regiment of infantry was then summoned and an exciting time followed, the crowd fighting hand-to-hand with the police and soldiery. Finally, upon the rioters persisting in their refusal to retire, the soldiers fired, killing three persons outright and wounding a number of others. The soldiers, in order to avoid the taking of life, fired low, with the result that many legs of the rioters have been amputated. After this severe lesson the mob fled. Four of the rioters wounded last night have died.

The fact that six women, several children and eight men were killed on the spot, while 20 were seriously wounded, several fatally, gives the affair the character of a massacre. The soldiers were merely exposed to stones, however, but they replied with successive volleys from their new Lebel rifles, inflicting frightful wounds on their victims. The houses exposed to the fire were riddled and there is every sign that reckless and wanton inhumanity was shown by the troops. The local popular commotion is intense and it finds a response in the growing excitement in every working centre. Fourmies to-night is practically in a state of siege. Cavalry patrol the streets and are everywhere greeted with yells of reprobation from excited groups of men and women.

It is learned that the sub-prefect of Fourmies ordered the firing on the crowd. It would have been still worse had not the Mayor risked his life and rushed between the combatants and implored them to stop fighting. This is the first time that the Lebel rifle had been used against human beings.

ROME May 2.—Two hundred persons have been placed under arrest as a result of the Labor-day disorders here. A gendarme who was wounded yesterday, while the police were quelling the riot, died this morning from the effect of his injuries.

BARCELONA, May 3.—Considerable disorder prevails here. Five petards exploded here last night, causing great alarm and doing much damage. A conflict between the police and strikers has taken place. Pistol shots were exchanged. The ringleaders among the rioters were arrested.

London Labor Affairs.

LONDON, May 3.—The three months' agreement with the men having expired yesterday, the Shipping Federation have notified their employes that they will cease to supply them with food, but will for the present continue to lodge them.

They were also informed that their situation would be permanent for the next two months.

All over the metropolis carpenters are striking for a week of 47 hours and 10 pence an hour (about $0.75).

Wage-Earners' Woes.

The drivers on the Steinway & Hunter's Point street railway cars at Long Island City, N.J., struck yesterday.

Trouble is expected in Denver in connection with the brick moulders' strike.

Ireland's Desiccated Oatlets are the favorite porridge food. 1531

We have in stock all sizes of underwear, from 28 inch to 46: goods that will fit all shapes. A. White, 65 King-street west.

THE BIRD HAD BEEN WARNED

And Fled Before the Arrival of the Detective.

MILTON, May 3.—License Inspector William Dorland Brothers has sued Henry Carrique, Amos Dorland, and Lena Dorland, the last two defendants being his uncle and cousin, for $5000 damages for "assault, false imprisonment and arrest and malicious prosecution" in connection with his recent prosecution by the defendants for alleged complicity in the forging of $5300 in notes, which it is alleged were used by the firm of Joseph Brothers & Sons to induce Amos Dorland to endorse for them to the extent of $5000, which the defendant had to pay on the notes proving worthless. By the way, Detective Murray, who went to San Francisco some time ago to procure the extradition of Joseph Brothers on the same charge, reports that Brothers levanted four days before his (Murray's) arrival at Frisco, and so