WAS IN A CRITICAL CONDITION.

System was Run Down.

FELT DROWSY AND MISERABLE.

Burdock **Blood Bitters**

BUILT UP THE SYSTEM AND ADDED TEN POUNDS IN WEIGHT.

Mr. Ed. J. Harris, Newbridge, Ont., was in poor health, but has now been restored to full health and vigor. Here is what he writes us: "Last spring I was in a very critical condition, my system was all run down. I felt drowsy and miserable, and thought I would surely die if I did not get something to build me up. After reading one of your almanacs I decided to try Burdeck Blood Bitters, and before I had taken two bottles I had gained ten pounds in weight, and am new in perfect health, and I can certainly recommend Burdeck Blood Bitters to build up the system."

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

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Is the best Spring medicine on the market to-day. You may need one this Spring, if so, get B.B.B.

Money to Loan on Mortgages at 41 and 5 per Cent. FOR SALE-FARM AND CITY PRO-PERTY.

Brick house, two stories, 7 rooms, lot 40 feet front by 208 feet deep,

Frame house, 8 rooms and summer kitchen, lot 60 ft. by 208 ft., good stable, \$1100.00.

House and lot, 9 rooms, \$1050.00.

House and lot, 5 rooms, \$400.00.

Farm in Township of Raleigh, 50 acres. All cleared. Good house and harn, \$3100.00.

acres. All cleared. Good house and barn, \$3100.00.

Farm in Township of Harwich, 200 acres. Large house, barn and out-buildings, \$12,000.00.

Farm in Township of Raleigh, 46 acres. Good house, new stable and granary, \$2250.00.

Ten acres in suburbs of Chatham,

\$1500.00.

Valuable suburban residence, 11 rooms; with seven acres of land. Good stable, \$3000.00.

Apply to
W. F. SMITH,
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The Wood Company, Windson, Ont., Canada, After. Wood's Phosphodine is sold in Chat-ham by C. H. Gunn & Co., Central Drug Store.

MANAGE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF TH

Give your wife a chance and she'll bake bread like that mother used to make.

For rolls and biscuitsthat require to be baked quickly there's nothing like

THE CHATHAM GAS CO Limited. King St. 'Phone 81 **************

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We keep the bash in stock at right

JOHN H. OLDERSFAW. Thames Street, Opposite Police Station...

Minard's Liniment - Lumberman's

LINKED TO THE PAST

LIKEWISE TO BRITISH CROWN BY OFFICE OF LIEUT.-GOVERNOR.

ome Governors Ontario Was Known-Our Military Governors Before Confedera Governor-Curious Incidents That Give Sidelight on Authority Exercised by Early Incumbents.

By the office of Lieutenant-Governor, Ontario is linked to an interesting past, and also to the British Crown. On ordinary occasions the Lieutenant-Governor of the province represents the Dominion Government, but there are times when he ecomes the direct representative of the Sovereign. Such an occasion is the opening or closing of the Legislature, the celebration of the King or Queen's birthday or the holding of an official levee. All bills are assented to "in his Majesty's name," In recognition of this viceregal character it has been decided that the light property is entitled, at Lieutenant-Governor is entitled at

the times mentioned to have six bars of the National Anthem played. The office of Lieutenant-Governor as we have it to-day is a continuaas we have it to-day is a continua-tion and a modification of that of Governor as administered from 1792 by various incumbents. The prerog-ative of mercy was withdrawn at Confederation from the provincial Governors, and their powers were limited to those specially conferred by statute. For their official conduct they are responsible to the Dominion Government, at whose pleasure they hold office.

Our Military Governors In the early days of Ontario, or Upper Canada, as it was then known, the Governor was generally a military officer. His principal duty was that of commander-in-chief of the militia. If he could spare the time he would devote some attention to civil affairs, but it was not un-common for the Governor to treat them as minor matters to be dealt with by subordinates. The Governor was sent out from England, or callod to Canada from some other col-ony. This system resulted in fre-quent interregna, when the office fell to the hands of an administrator, or to the hands of an administrator, or President, as he was known, because he was president of the Privy Council. With only a few of the names of our early Governors and presidents is the average citizen of Ontario now familiar. The subject has been dealt with exhaustively by Mr. D. B. Read, K.C., in his book en-D. B. Read, K.C., in his book entitled, "The Lieutanant-Governors of Upper Canada and Ontario. Sim-coe and Brock, of course, stand out pre-eminent. The latter, who did pre-eminent. The latter, who did not bear the title of Governor, but of president, is enshrined imperishably in the memory of all Canadians. Simcoe is distinguished beians. Simcoe is distinguished be-cause he was the first Governor of Ontario, and laid the foundation of British institutions in this province. To his good judgment we owe the fact that Toronto, then known as York, became the capital of the province. He saw in the situation of this city the prophecy of future greatness. Bu this enterprise a highway to Lake Simcoe was opened up and named Yonge street after Sir George Yonge, Secretary of War in 1791. Governor Simcoe combined the qualities of a soldier and a states-man better than any of his succes-

A Slave-! wning Governor. Along with Simcoe came to this province Peter Russell, who was Inspector-General under Governor Simcoe. On the retirement of the latter Russell became administrator. Some years after his term of office he advertised for sale in the Gazette and Oracles "A black woman named Peg. Oracle: "A black woman named Peg-gy, aged 40, and a black boy, her son, aged 15." It seems strange nowadays that a British Governor should own slaves, but though there were anti-slavery laws even in those days, it seems that these particular individuals did not come within their scope, as they were imported prior to the enactments, and the law ap-plied only to the future. One obtains a curious sidelight on

the authority exercised by the early the authority exercised by the early Governors from incidents attributed to Governor Peter Hunter. There had been delay in issuing the patents for land to certain new arriavls. Governor Hunter called the Provincial Secretary, Mr. Jarvis, publicly to account for it. Mr. Jarvis said he had been unable to attend to the he had been unable to attend to the matter owing to pressure of business. "Then," said the Governor, "if they are not forthcoming every one of them by noon on Thursday next (two days hence), by George, I'll undarvis you." Whatever this mysterious threat meant, it had its affect. The same Governor issued a uotice requiring public officials to be in attendance every working day at their offices from ten in the moraing till seven in the evening. It was during his regime that a shortage of lawyers was discovered in the produring his regime that a shortage of lawyers was discovered in the province. Accordingly an Act was passed authorizing the Governor to license without examination persons of talent to practise law. D'Arcy Boulton was one of the appointees who were afterwards dubbed "heaven-descended barristers." Governor Hunter was the first Governor in Ontario to die in office.

tario to die in office. Money Spent Without Authority.

His successor, who was merely a stop-gap, appointed to carry on the province until the next Governor arrived, got into an embarrassing trouble. On becoming administrator Commodore Alexander Grant found in 1805 that a number of salaries, amounting to about 43,000, were unpaid. His predecessor had had these formerly paid out of the balance in the hands of the Receiver-General after other expenses had been paid. As he was only temporarily in office, Mr. Grant followed that precedent, and ordered payment without authority of the Legislature. It caused an uproar and lid to a formal demand by the As-Money Spent Without Authority.

Lame Back for Four Months.

Was Unable to Turn in Bed Without Help.

Plasters and Liniments No Good.

This was the experience of Mr. Benjamir Stewart, Zionville, N.B.

TWO-THIRDS OF A BOX OF

Doan's Kidney Pills CURED HIM.

He tells of his experience in the follow-He tells of his experience in the following words: "For four months I was troubled with a lame back and all this time was unable to turn in bed without help. I tried plasters and liniments of all kinds but with no effect. At last I was induced to try Doan's Kidney Pills, and by the time I had used two-thirds of a box my back was as well and as strong as ever and has kepl so ever since." so ever since.

Backache, Frequent Thirst, Scanty, Cloudy, Thick or Highly Colored Urine, Puffing under the Eyes, Swelling of the Feet and Ankles, are all symptoms of kidney trouble that Doan's Kidney Pills will cure.

Price 50 cts. per box or 3 for \$1.25, al

THE DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO.

sembly that the money be replaced in the treasury. The difficulty was finally got around by the Legislature voting the money spent. We are quite familiar with the process now which is carried on by a Governor's warrant. The agitation against the expenditure was, curious-promoted by Mr. Justica against the expenditure was, curiousyenough, promoted by Mr. Justice
Thorpe, who, though on the bench,
led the Opposition. For a long time
he filled the dual positions. Finally
he was removed from office as judge,
and appointed to the bench as Chief
Justice of Sierra Leone, whether he
went, abandoning his Canadian political proposets

litical prospects. A Governor's Libel Suit. When Francis Gore arrived from Bermuda Mr. Grant's term of office as president expired. Mr. Gore en-joyed the distinction of serving two terms as Governor at separate times. He enjoyed another distinc-tion which was less gratifying. One of the high officials, Surveyor-Gener-al Watt, had sided with Mr. Justice Thorpe in his agitation against the Government. Mr. Gore accord-ingly had Mr. Watt, an appointee of the Imperial Government, removed from office. Some time afterwards a libelous pamphlet appeared, attacking Mr. Watt. It was charged that the Governor was the instigator of the pamphlet. A libel suit was entered against him by Mr. Watt. It was not shown that Ma Gore had either written the document, or had it printed, but he was accused of circulating it, inasmuch as he had handed a copy of it to Attorney-General Boulton. The judge declared that the delivery of the pamphlet constituted a libel, and the jury found for the plaintiff. Out of this quarrel grew the attack upon Mr. Gore which was made in the Imperial Parliament on the basis of discontent and oppression in the from office. Some time afterwards a Imperial Parliament on the basis of discontent and oppression in the province. Mr. Gore retired to face his accusers in England. The attack was a failure. In those days the Governors had great powers, but they had many drawbacks, not the least being that they had to defend themselves and their administrations both in Canada and in England.

COUDN'T PUT

HIS COAT ON Remarkable Cure of Dropsy by

Dodd's Kidney Pills George Robertson, of Montreal. Physical Wreck, Restored to Splen-

did Health by the Great Kidney

Remedy.

Montread, May 18.—(Special).—The case of George Robertson, of 392 James street, this city, is looked upon by those interested in medical matters as one of the most interesting on record. Mr. Robertson was a sufferer from Dropsy and was so Gad that tapping was resorted to. Bodd's Kidney Pills cured him.

Interviewed regarding his cure, Mr. Robertson said: "I was troubled with Dropsy and Rheumatism for five years. I was a total wreck before I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. Before I got out of bod in the merning I could hardly put my feet on the floor, they were swollen so much from Dropsy.

"My arms used to swell at times so that I could not put my coat on. Before I had taken two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills I felt greatly relieved. Seven boxes cured me completely. I also had Lumbago, but since I used Dodd's Kidney Pills I felt greatly relieved. Seven boxes cured me completely. I also had Lumbago, but since I used Dodd's Kidney Pills are used.

"Sam" was skeptical, of course, but when at the appointed time next day the sun in the heavens was darkened and the chickens recipred to the South with an eclipse expedition some years ago an eminent Canadian astronomer that at olook after the chickens of the establishment where he was staying. The day before the cclipse took place the Canadian savant in an ide moment called the old man to him and said: "Sam, if to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock you watch your const."

"Sam" was skeptical, of course, but when at the appointed time next day the sun in the heavens was darkened and the chickens recipred to completely. I also had Lumbago, but since I used Dodd's Kidneys. There can be no diseased Kidneys. There can be no diseased Kidneys when Dodd's Kidney Pills are used.

"O, a long time," said the scientist airily.

"O'd you know a year a

Immortality will come to such as are fit for it, and he who would be a great soul in future must be a great soul now.

OUR MUSICAL STATUS.

English Composer, Sir Alex. Mackenzie, wes His' Imp essions-Delighted
With Choruses He Heard Here. "You may say that I was agree-ably astonished at the high standard

ably astonished at the high standard of efficiency attained by the choruses in all the cities we have visited," said Sir Alexander Mackenzie, the English composer, who conducted recently a cycle of musical festivals throughout the Dominion, to the Montreal correspondent of The Toronto News.

In answer to the query, "What do you want me to say?" the correspondent explained that he thought it would be not uninteresting to many

would be not uninteresting to many if Sir Alexander would give his opinion regarding the status of choral music in Canada. "I aving visited a number of our largest circular transfer of the circular transfer of the control of the co ies and towns, you are in a position to say, if you will, how our work compares with similar work in Britain," said the correspondent.

"Possibly such a comparison weald, the possibly such a comparison weald, the correspondent to Condiens since you will be a sent to Condiens since you will be sent to condient since you will be sent to condiens since you will be sent to condiens since you will be sent to condiens since you will be se

"Possibly such a comparison wants be unjust to Canadian singers," replied Sir Alexander, "But it a comparative estimate is desired that is certainly the only one I total grand. As this is my first visit to Canada. I cannot say, except f.... see before me, what progress is le-ing made in choral work here. Look-ed at in that light, however, the results are surprisingly good. sults are surprisingly good.

into some of the smaller town,
where choruses had been furned specially for this cycle, I was astounded
to meet, well-trained and exceptionally effective bodies of singers. This

was noteably the case in Moncton,
N. B., and Brantford, Ont."
"What do you think of the quality
of voice produced in Canada?"
"I see very little difference between them and those we have in

tween them and those we have in England. The tone in the aggregate is pretty much the same. Of course, it would be unfair to compare the male voice here with those which participate in choruses in Yorkshire and London; they would simply be drowned out. But otherwise, I have found the choruses characterized by evenness and sweetness of tone with quite sufficient volume for all

ized by evenness and sweetness of tone with quite sufficient volume for all practical purposes."

"What is the most notable defect in our choral singing?"

"It is that perhaps the singers, taking them individually, have not yet become accustomed to the novelty of their position. When that feeling of strangeness passes away I look for results greater than the truly admirable results which have admirable results which have

truly admirable results which have already been attained."
"Do you think that this musical cycle will tend to stimulate an interest in choral singing in Canada."
"Most assuredly it should. I certainly trust that none of the choruses which have been formed for the purposes of the present cycle will be permitted to disband. They should be the appropriate of permanent organbe the neucleus of permanent organ-izations which might at intervals be utilized to give a series of choral works. Thus far we have confined our attention exclusively to music composed by British musicians; next rear the programs might be compopulitan. But I certainly approve most cordially the idea which made the inaugural cycle an all-British one Foreign music had been sufficiently exploited; it was a good thing to let the people know what musicians of British origin were doing."

"Has the cycle proven a success?"
'Inmensely so. The attendance at all our concerts has been exceedingly good. In some of the cities the drill all was utilized: these were filled, and, as you know, that takes a good

many people."
"What style of music, in your opinion, stimulates interest among the masses most readily- choral or orhestral?

chestral?"
"It is perhaps easier to reach the masses through the medium of the cheers. But really the two should go hand in hand. It is impossible to have the one in its highest form without the aid of the other. A good chorus needs a good orchestra to support it properly. No country which does not possess a fine orchestra need ever hope to achieve very great results chorally. Indeed, it is a matter of wonder to me that the leading cities of Canada do not combine to develop orchestras on the co-operative plan. For example, combine to develop ornestras on the co-operative plan. For example, Montreal, Toronto and Ottawa should be in a position to do so without any trouble. It would not cost very much, and the artistic results would be well worth the expense."

sults would be well worth the cappense."

As the reporter was preparing to leave, Sir Alexander gave orders that he should be supplied with a series of the programs used at all concerts which had been given thus far "I am to write a description of the concerts for an English paper," he explained. "Without the programs I would remember nothing: with them before me, the whole scene comes back—I can remember the audience, the chorus; everything!"

"Yes."
"Then dat beats de debil!" ex-laimed the astonished old man.
"Dem chickens weren't hatched a year ago!'

Be not a dreamer of dreams, but a coer of deeds.

GREAT REDUCT

Screen Doors and Windows. Lawn Mowers and Rubber Hose, Garden Rakes and Garden Hoes

SPECIAL VALUE IN-

Pure Ready Mixed Paints, Oils, Varnishes and Paint Brusnes, at

A. H. PATTERSON'S

Three Doors East of the Market.

His goods are new and up-to-date, and he will save you money,

H. PATTERS

Hardware Store,

CHATHAM, ONT.

How Mussels Move.

The general impression is that mussels do not move, They fasten themselves to certain objects or they lie in the mud and sand at the bottom of the water, and there they pass their existence. In proof of this the fact is adduced that mussels are at times buried under the sandy deposit when a rush of water carries a lot of soil with it. A naturalist who has devoted much time to the study of these creatures says that mussels do move slowly, and the movement is accomplished in the following manner:

The mussel opens its shell and pro jects its body to a certain extent from its projecting case. Then it exerts some force whereby it keeps the shell above the soil and uses its body to propel itself along the bottom just in the same way as a land snake gets over the ground. If the sand is examined after the mussel has taken one of these strolls, it will be easy to see two paral-lel lines caused by the edges of the shell touching the ground.

Snuff Versus Good Humor Interesting notes on the snuff taking habit are furnished by the German authorities of the district known as the Bavarian forest. The men there consume on an average half a pound of snuff per day, the tobacco being mixed with ground glass "to sting better." The people in this district are much given to violence, and attacks with the knife are of daily occurrence. For years the prison authorities experienced great difficulties with their charges on account of their uniform obstinacy and finally hit upon the plan of depriving them of snuff. They say that after awhile a great change for the better was noticeable, the men becoming tractable and sensible of their degrading inhumanity.

Immortality of Jokes,

Whoever does not believe in immortality, let him turn his eye upon jokes. No joke has ever been known to die. Even the weakest from its very birth lives forever. Now and then a joke will work overtime too consistently and will have to go to the hospital of temporary oblivion for a rest. But it al-ways returns to do business with a clean hill of health and semioccasion ally a new tie or a fresh collar. As a rule, however, it wears the same old celluloid neckband and faded scarf sponged off and benzined by the skillful hands of Time.

Putting Down the Pickle.

"Put down that pickle!" The words were uttered harshly and hurriedly by the sergeant to an ungracious private who, carried away by his hungry passions, had snatched a pickle from the barrel. "An' why should I put down the

pickle?" queries the private mildly. "Put down that pickle, that's all I want of you!" returned the sergeant

determinedly.
"Down it goes, then!" cried be. And stuffing it into his mouth it quickly dis-

Great Presence of Mind. "That woman showed wonderful presence of mind when her horse ran

"Is that what you call it? She threw down the reins and yelled."
"I know she did, and the horse ran straight down the street. If she had held on to the reins, she would have doubtless steered him into the pave-

Smarticus—Hear about Hardink's ex-perience with the automatic electric waiter in N'York?

Sparticus-No. What was it? Smarticus-He picked out his order. decided he'd take a Bermuda onion and dropped in his money. But the confounded machine sprung a leek on

Minard's Limment Cures Diphther-

MR. HAROLD KENNEDY

Quebec Member of the Newly Formet

Mr. Harold Kennedy, who has been appointed a member of the Transportation Commission, is one of the most enterprising of the younger generation of the business men of Quebec. Though only about 35 years



of age, he has had a long experiencein shipping and is thoroughly familiar with the requirements of the porta
of Quebec, and of the whole St.
Lawrence route, from the vessel owners' point of view. He has also been
for several years a member of the
Quebec Harbor Commission, and
has thus gained a practical acquaintance with the improvements that ance with the improvements that have been carried on there. He is now in England, but is expected backshortly. The Dominion Government have placed at the disposal of the commissioners all the assistance required for the work they have undertaken of making a comprehensive report on the railway, inland marine and ocean services of Canada.

When Brigaoff Was Excited: " Brignoli always expected an encore no matter where or what he sang, and if it was not forthcoming he was a rage instantly. In some small fown-he sang his favorite song, "Com e-Gentil," a serenade from Donizetti's "Don Pasquale," with unusual care walked off the stage perfectly satisfied pausing at the wings to listen to this applause. To his utter amazement there was not a sound of approbation. He strode into the dressing room muttering that he would not respond to and encore; he would refuse to sing another. song. Still the house remained silent. "No," he cried to those about him; "La refuse to sing again. I refuse to respond to the encore." Barbagelata, who was more clever

than the ordinary servant, humbly approached and said: "Signor Brignoli, you sang that like

an angel. The people could not appreciate it.'

The old fellow nearly wept.
"Barbagelata," he exclaimed, "give me your hand. I did not know you were such a musician. Tagliapietra, I were such a missician. Tagnapierra, it mast introduce you to Barbagelata, my servant," turning to "Tag." who stood near by. "He is a great musician. He appreciates my singing more than all-those fools."

Fortunate.
Physician—The truth can no longer be hidden, madam. I am obliged to tell you that your little son is er-weak minded—that is—well, it must be said—he is an idiot.

Mrs. Highup—How fortunate it is that we are rich! No one will ever no-

It Did Him Good.

"I am sorry, doctor, you were not? able to attend the supper last night. It would have done you good to be there."
"It has already done me good, madam. I have just prescribed for three of the participants."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neural-