

posterior aspects, but on the outer side was firmly attached to the ileum, and below seemed intimately related to the anterior portion of the hip-joint. After being walled off with gauze it was opened and there was an escape of clear viscid fluid, yellowish in color. Lying free in the cavity were five irregularly lobulated, hard cartilaginous masses (Figs. 1, 3). After these had been removed a sixth was found fastened down beneath Poupart's ligament. When this nodule had been taken out a

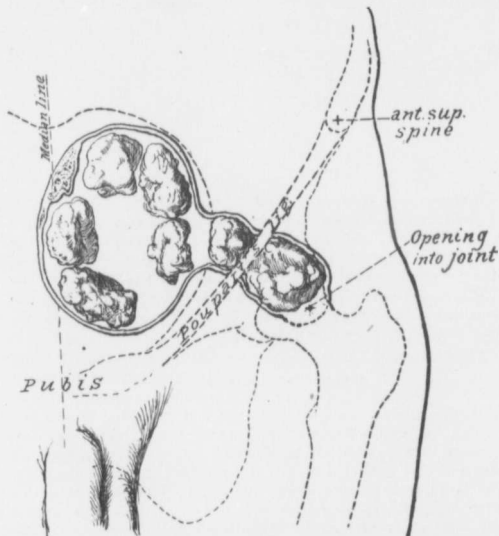


Fig. 1.—A cystic tumor developing from the left iliopectineal bursa containing large free cartilaginous masses and communicating with the hip-joint. Occupying the left half of the pelvis is a cystic tumor which on its outer side was firmly attached to the pelvic wall. The cyst walls were composed chiefly of fibrous tissue. The thickening in certain areas noted in the walls is due to deposits of bone. The cyst cavity was distended with clear yellowish, tenacious fluid and also contained five free and irregular cartilaginous masses. A narrow prolongation of the cyst passed downward and forward beneath Poupart's ligament and opened directly into the hip-joint. Filling this portion of the cyst was a large free cartilaginous mass. All the cartilaginous masses are shown in their natural size in Fig. 3.

finger carried downward and forward passed directly into the hip joint anterior to the head of the femur. The bones of the joint were perfectly smooth. The pelvic sac was gradually dis-