

pending the termination, on the 1st July, 1885, of the fishery Articles Nos. XVIII to XXV, and No. XXX of the Treaty of Washington.

It is requested that these papers may be returned to the Foreign Office.

I am, &c.
(Signed) P. CURRIE.

No. 62.

The Marquis of Lansdowne to Mr. Currie.—(Received October 2.)

Sir,

Meikleour, Perth, September 30, 1883.

I HAVE the honour to return herewith the papers sent to me from the Foreign Office under cover of Mr. Currie's letter of the 28th instant, and I am much obliged to Lord Granville for having given me an opportunity of seeing them.

I have, &c.
(Signed) LANSDOWNE.

No. 63.

Mr. West to Earl Granville.—(Received October 29.)

(No. 301.)

My Lord,

Washington, October 10, 1883.

I HAVE the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your Lordship's despatch No. 185 of the 24th August, instructing me to bring the matter of the revision of the Fisheries Regulations again before the United States' Government, and to inclose to your Lordship herewith copy of a note which I have addressed to the Secretary of State on this subject.

I have, &c.
(Signed) L. S. SACKVILLE WEST.

Inclosure in No. 63.

Mr. West to Mr. Frelinghuysen.

Sir,

Washington, October 9, 1883.

REFERRING to a communication from Earl Granville, conveyed to me in a despatch, copy of which I had the honour to place in your hands on the 3rd August of last year, respecting the revision of the Fishery Regulations, I have the honour to inform you that his Lordship has requested me again to bring this matter before the United States' Government.

Although notice has been given by the United States' Government of their intention to terminate the fishery Article of the Treaty of Washington in two years' time from the 1st of July last, no further communication has been as yet received by Her Majesty's Government relative to the proposed revision of the Regulations for the protection of the fisheries in Newfoundland waters, and Her Majesty's Government are anxious that in the interval no cause of difference should arise between the fishermen of Newfoundland and of the United States who may resort to those waters. They would be glad, therefore, to know the views of the Government of the United States on the proposed revision. At the same time Her Majesty's Government hope that in the interval before the termination of the fishery Articles in question the Government of the United States will agree to let the disputed question of Treaty rights remain in abeyance, and will unite with Her Majesty's Government in carrying out the revision of the Fishery Regulations in the spirit and with the object indicated by Mr. Evarts in his letter to Mr. Welsh of the 1st August, 1879, in which it is said that "there is no intention on the part of the Government of the United States that privileges should be abused, and no desire that their full and free enjoyment should harm the colonial fishermen. While the different interests and methods of the shore fishery and the vessel fishery makes it impossible that the regulation of the one should be entirely given to the other, yet if the mutual obligations of the Treaty of 1871 are to be maintained, the United States' Government would gladly co-operate with the Government of Her Britannic Majesty in any effort to make those Regulations a matter of reciprocal