

attend. In 1876 he was elected by the medical society of Nova Scotia a representative to the International Medical Congress which met in Philadelphia in September of that year. He is a warm friend of Sunday schools, and has taught a class when not too much pressed with professional business: his impulses are all in the right direction.

In June, 1854, a few months before removing from Barney's river to New Glasgow, Dr. Murray married Mary Ann, daughter of Robert P. Patterson, and they have two sons and two daughters living, and have buried two daughters. Howard, the elder son, is principal of the grammar school at New Glasgow, and a superior scholar, standing when at Dalhousie college, at the head of every class; George R. M. is clerk in the Bank of Nova Scotia, at New Glasgow, and Ella and Bessie are at home.

ANGUS MACGILLIVRAY, M.P.P.

ANTIGONISH, N. S.

THE subject of this biographical sketch is a prominent attorney-at-law in Antigonish, and a member of the House of Assembly for that county. He is a grandson of Angus Macgillivray, who emigrated from Arisaig, Inverness-shire, Scotland, and son of John and Catherine Macgillivray, dating his birth at Bailey's Brook, county of Pictou, on the 22nd of January 1842. When he was quite young the family removed to Antigonish, where his father followed the business of farming. Angus was educated at St. François Xavier college, Antigonish; commenced the study of law with the Hon. Hugh McDonald, now one of the judges of the supreme court of Nova Scotia, and completed his studies with the late firm of Blanchard and Meagher, of Halifax, and was called to the bar of Nova Scotia on the 23rd of July, 1874; he is permitted to practise in all the courts of the province and in the Supreme Court of the Dominion, and is doing a highly remunerative business, being of the firm of McIsaac and McGillivray; he is well read in law, and an earnest and persuasive speaker, and makes a favorable impression on a jury. The father of Lord Beaconsfield states that "enthusiasm is the nurse of genius," and our subject is enthusiastic in the advocacy of any good cause which he espouses. Success is before him.

Mr. Macgillivray is solicitor for the Merchants' Bank of Halifax, for the Antigonish agency and a school trustee for the town, and a school commissioner for the county, taking a lively interest in the cause of education. In April, 1878, he was appointed by the Government one of the commissioners to investigate the claims of laborers and others against contractors on the Eastern Extension Railway.

He was first returned for his present seat in the Legislative Assembly, on the 17th of September, 1878, by acclamation; his is an independent Conservative district, and the principles of that party he has always cherished.

He is on the committees on law amendments, private and local bills, agriculture, railways and temperance; he seconded the motion in 1879 to abolish the Legislative Council, and made an elaborate speech on the occasion; he has also made speeches on the subject of agricultural matters, taking strong ground against cattle running at large on the public highways, etc.

He holds that the Legislative Council is an unnecessary branch of the House of Assembly; also that party politics should not interfere with the deliberations of members of the Provincial Legislature. This can be gathered from the following extracts from his speech in support