1.—Cyperus Schweinitzii Torr.: Collected at Oka, P.Q., on the alluvial barrens bordering the Lake of Two-Mountains. It was nitherto known in Canada only from the Great Lakes region, southern Ontario and the Northwest. The limits of this Cyperus are, therefore, considerably extended; it will probably prove to be fairly abundant in the Lower Ottawa Valley, when properly separated from common C. esculentus L. In the field, C. Shaweinitzii can be readily distinguished from

C. esculentus L. by its much more slender culm.

2.—Scirpus Torreyi Olney: Collected at St.-Eustache, P.Q., in the Ottawa River, near the outlet of the Lake of Two-Mountains. This large Bulrush belongs to the group of common Scirpus Americanus Pers. Up to the present time, the northern limit of Scirpus Torreyi was not supposed to intersect the boundary line between Canada and United States. The present discovery would lead us to conclude that it occurs throughout the waterways of western Quebec. Scirpus Torreyi fruits later than any other tall Bulrush in the east. In early August, the St-Eustache specimens were yet poorly developed though sufficiently mature to permit certain identification.

3.—Scirpus pedicellatus Fernald: St-Bruno, P.Q. In clearings, on peat, August, 1912. Recently separated by Prof.

Fernald, of the Gray Herbarium.,

4.—Scirp::s atrocinctus Fernald: Alluvial banks, Lake Nominingue, P.Q., August, 1912. Also recently separated. Will prove abundant in Quebec. Many herbarium specimens labelled S. cyperinus are likely this species.

Scirpus atrocinctus Fernald, var. brachypodus Fernald.
Châteauguay, P.Q., July, 1912. Spikelets in dense, irregular

clusters, the boreal form of the species.

6.—Scirpus cyperinus (L) Kunth, var. pelius Fernald. Alluvial banks, Lake Nominingue, P.Q., August, 1912. Growing intermingled with S. atrocinctus. The very long involucral bracts characterize the species as does the deep colour of the involucels for the variety. The plant begins to fruit when S. atrocinctus is already mature.

7.—Scirpus subterminalis Torr.: Aquatic, nearly submerged species. First collected in 1908, in Megantic Co. (Nat. Can. XXXVI, No. 5; mai, 1909). Found again in a small lake near St-Ierome, Terrebonne Co. This interesting species must range

throughout Ouebec.

That further investigation will add much to our knowledge of the Cyperaceæ in Quebec, is beyond doubt. More material, however, and a close study of collections already made, are necessary before a complete treatment of the subject can be undertaken.