

misrepresenting conditions before the people of Canada. Let us co-operate in the building up of a united Canada from coast to coast and endeavor to see what is good in each of the provinces of the confederation.

Yours faithfully,

(Signed) W. M. MARTIN.

Inconsequent Democracy.

A year ago the United States together with Great Britain and their allies were involved in the most desperate and gigantic war, history has known, against the "barbarous Huns" in order to wrest that unspeakably depraved and murderous nation, given to all sorts of unnatural crimes and debauchery, from the bondage of Kaiserism and serfdom by conferring upon it—so at least we were told—the inestimable boon of democratic self-determination and freedom so plentifully possessed and so felicitously enjoyed by the highly civilized nation of the United States. To accomplish their ideal purpose of freeing the "Hun" the brave troops of the United States did not disdain to fight side by side with the Negro, the Turk, the Indian, the Singhalese, the Hindu. Money was no question. Commerce, trade relations, the market had no bearing whatsoever in the war anyway, as far as the United States were concerned. The war was waged for a noble purpose: for the liberation of the "Huns" from the clutches of the kaiser, commonly known by the patriotic people of the United States as the "Beast of Berlin" or the "Mad dog of Europe". If only the "Hun" was reclaimed to civilization, democracy, political freedom and humanity! If he would only desist from murdering innocent women, plundering and demolishing the monasteries and churches! So we were taught every day; such was the language of the big daily newspapers, a year ago, if we remember rightly, day by day. Finally the monster was overcome. The "Huns" were decisively beaten. The kaiser was dethroned and is now living an exile in Holland.

But lo, what is happening now in the United States! Has this sublime spirit of democracy degenerated? Read what happened in Omaha, Nebr., last week. Are the atrocities of the "Huns" being duplicated in the United States? Under date of Sept. 29, our big dailies reported the following:

"OMAHA, Nebr.—For several hours the lives of more than 100 prisoners in the county jail here yesterday were endangered by flames, when the building was set afire by rioters in their attempt to secure William Brown, a negro, jailed on a charge of attacking a white girl in the city suburbs last week. It was finally necessary to send them all to the roof. Sheriff Clark stood off the angry mob until the flames caused the prisoners themselves to take action. They at first decided among themselves to throw the negro from the roof to the pavement below, and leave him to the destruction of the mob. During an attempt to dissuade the mob, Mayor Smith was seized and dragged through the streets, the men howling to lynch him and hurling other invectives at the city's chief executive. He was rescued and dispatched to a hospital. It was at this movement that the mob gained entrance to the building, pushed past Sheriff Clark and his deputies and forced their way into the cell corridor. Here it was that the negro was turned over to them. Throwing a rope around his neck, these men, about fifty, dragged him through the building to the street. When they appeared at the Harney Street entrance to the court house they were greeted by a howling mob of thousands. Brown was practically dead before his form

was ever strung to the light pole. Two bullets were fired into his body as he was dragged through the crowd. He was never heard to utter a word and he was not given an opportunity to speak before being stretched full length before the gaze of thousands. His body was mutilated beyond recognition. Riddled by a thousand bullets, it was placed over a fire of tarred fagots. It was not permitted to remain there long, however, and was soon being dragged through the streets at the end of a rope pulled by fifty members of the mob. This spectacle did not end until late in the morning hours when what remained of the torso was hung to a trolley pole at one of the most important downtown intersections. The arrival of the federal troops caused a dispersal of the mob. The condition of Mayor Smith was reported by his physicians to be slightly improved today. The mayor, who had received cuts and broken bones, recovered consciousness at noon. He will be unable to give a coherent story of the mob's attack on him. He had been on the roof of the court house and had just come down to ask the mob to obey the law when he was seized."

Read also the following:

"MONTGOMERY, Ala., Sept. 30.—John Temple, negro, who last night shot and fatally wounded Policeman John Barbare and who was wounded by the officer, was shot to death in a hospital shortly after three o'clock this morning by a small band of white men. He was the third negro to die by lynch-law within a period of twelve hours. Miles Phifer and Robert Crosky, the latter a discharged soldier, having been shot to death by a mob five miles from the city yesterday afternoon. Still another negro, who was with Temple when Barbare was shot, was being sought by a posse and it was believed his capture would result in more violence. Now, who will be good enough to give us the correct definition of democracy? Or has the United States been driving out the devil by Beelzebub?

Industry More Deadly than War

That industry is more deadly than modern war was one of the lessons forcibly brought home by C.W. Price, general manager of the National Safety Council of the United States, in his speech at Wilmington, Del. Of the 2,000,000 American soldiers who went overseas, he said, 50,150 were killed or died from battle wounds during the nineteen months of the war. During precisely the same period, 200,000 workers were injured and

126,654 men, women and children were killed by accidents in our industrial life at home. He further pointed out that every day of the nineteen months 220 men, women and children were, on an average, killed by accident in the United States. "Safety First" is a motto to be taken seriously by employers and employees alike.

A Merited Rebuke.

F. B. Stacey, M.P. for Westminster, B.C., received a rebuke in the Commons on Sept. 11, which he is not likely to forget. Hon. W. S. Fielding was criticizing the need of Canadian Ministers remaining at the Peace Conference.

Mr. Stacey rose to ask: "Did you send any sons overseas?"

"I have little regard," retorted Mr. Fielding, "for the man who

would blow his own horn through the efforts of his sons."

There were cries of "Shame!" and "Order!"

"I don't think anyone should speak of these things," remarked Mr. Fielding, whose voice broke with emotion. "I had only one son, and he enlisted in Aug. 1914, as a private soldier. He has come back and been honorably discharged. He won his commission after two years in the ranks."

The ex-Minister was unable to proceed for the demonstration, members on both sides of the House, irrespective of party, cheering for several minutes, and Mr. D. D. McKenzie shouting "Coward! Coward!" at Mr. Stacey.

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OFFICIAL WEATHER REPORT FOR MUENSTER, SASK.

DATE	1919		1918		1917	
	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum
1. Sept.	72	46	68	35	56	31
2. "	59	32	59	36	62	38
3. "	64	41	56	24	65	39
4. "	71	37	64	40	58	44
5. "	65	47	72	36	64	33
6. "	72	41	79	39	70	37
7. "	69	46	80	40	66	37
8. "	53	43	67	34	46	28
9. "	65	46	57	34	54	21
10. "	73	36	67	30	64	27
11. "	76	44	80	31	71	40
12. "	80	48	78	33	73	46
13. "	55	42	66	40	78	42
14. "	60	27	62	29	72	46
15. "	70	37	54	20	69	44
16. "	68	39	54	26	70	14
17. "	67	45	55	27	77	42
18. "	69	47	53	17	65	36
19. "	66	39	54	19	70	30
20. "	55	40	63	34	72	38
21. "	53	40	65	34	78	44
22. "	67	39	65	35	78	42
23. "	64	36	55	39	83	49
24. "	56	37	62	35	87	41
25. "	52	27	67	35	70	37
26. "	51	32	67	45	84	25
27. "	38	23	72	40	67	43
28. "	41	25	57	29	54	32
29. "	43	27	49	29	52	32
30. "	57	27	54	15	67	32

Remarks for the Month of September 1919.

Highest temperature: 80 (on Sept. 12); lowest temperature: 23 (on Sept. 27). Average temperature: Highest 60, lowest 35. Rain 1.55 in.

The highest average temperature during the Month of Sept. 1918 was 61.70, the lowest 32.40.

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BETWEEN

WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER AND WINNIPEG-TORONTO

WEST BOUND		EAST BOUND	
LEAVE WINNIPEG—Daily	10.10 P.M.	LEAVE WINNIPEG—Daily	2.30 P.M.
ARRIVE VANCOUVER—Daily	7.00 P.M.	ARRIVE TORONTO—Daily	4.30 P.M.

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